SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4567

A bill to amend 1994 PA 451, entitled "Natural resources and environmental protection act," by amending sections 47301, 47302, 47303, 47305, 47306, 47307, and 47308 (MCL 324.47301, 324.47302, 324.47303, 324.47305, 324.47306, 324.47307, and 324.47308), sections 47301, 47302, 47305, 47306, 47307, and 47308 as added by 1995 PA 57 and section 47303 as amended by 2004 PA 587, and by adding section 47304.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1

Sec. 47301. As used in this part:

2 (a) "Abandoned gear" means any commercial net, hooks, or other
3 gear found on the waters of this state if a licensee has done any
4 of the following:

5

(i) Discarded, disowned, or dispossessed the gear.





(*ii*) Failed to recover the gear within a reasonable time after
 acquiring knowledge of the gear's location.

3 (*iii*) Intentionally altered or removed the gear's ownership
4 identification tags or similar markings.

5 (*iv*) Failed to immediately restore the gear's lost or destroyed 6 ownership identification tags or similar markings after acquiring 7 knowledge of the absence or destruction of the tags or markings.

8 (b) "Aquatic species" means fish, reptiles, amphibians,
9 mollusks, and crustaceans, including their parts, eggs, and
10 products.

11 (c) "Beach seine net" is a seine net that is used along the12 shoreline with its ends drawn ashore.

13 (d) "Bycatch" means the nontarget, nonlegal, or undersized
14 fish that are inadvertently caught in commercial fishing gear while
15 used to fish for legal commercial fish species.

16 (e) "Commercial" means buying, offering for sale, selling,
17 bartering, giving, or furnishing to others any aquatic species or
18 its parts, including roe, for anything of value.

(f) "Commercial fish species" means those aquatic species thatare explicitly authorized for commercial harvest under this part.

- 21 (g) "Commercial net" means any of the following:
- 22 (i) A fyke net.
- 23 (*ii*) A hoop net.
- 24 (iii) A gill net.
- 25 (*iv*) An impoundment net.
- 26 (v) A pound net.
- 27 (vi) A seine net.
- 28 (vii) A trap net.



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1 (viii) A trawl net.

2 (h) "Department" means the department of natural resources.

3 (i) "Designated offense" means a misdemeanor violation of any4 of the following offenses:

5 (i) Taking, selling, offering for sale, or possessing
6 prohibited fish species.

7

(\ddot{u}) Fishing or taking fish during the closed season.

8 (*iii*) Taking or possessing fish in excess of harvest or bycatch
9 limit.

10 (*iv*) Taking or possessing roe in excess of lawful limits.

11 (v) Taking, selling, offering for sale, or possessing fish
12 under the legal size limit.

13 (vi) Fishing with or taking fish by use of an unlawful device.

14 (vii) Fishing in or taking fish from waters closed to
15 commercial fishing.

16 (viii) Fishing or taking fish in violation of specific license
17 provisions.

18 (*ix*) Selling, purchasing, bartering, or possessing or
19 controlling for purposes of sale or barter any illegal fish.

20 (x) Falsifying catch records or required wholesale records.

(j) "Director" means the director of the department of naturalresources.

(k) "Dressed fish" means a fish with the head and tail
attached but with the gills and the entire gut or viscera removed.
(l) "Dressed headed fish" means dressed fish with the head

26 removed.

27 (m) "Extension measure" means measuring the distances between28 the extreme angles of any single mesh, between and inside the



1 knots, when the mesh is pulled taut by hand.

2 (n) "Fillet" means a cut or slice of edible meat from the side3 of a fish.

4 (o) "Fish" means any fish and, unless the context requires 5 otherwise, includes fish parts, roe, and fish products.

6 (p) "Fish in the round" means a fish that is entirely intact 7 as it was taken out of the water with no part or insides removed.

8 (q) "Fyke net" and "hoop net" mean a long, bag-shaped 9 impoundment net held open by hoops or frames and having 1 or more 10 internal funnel-shaped throats that taper from the mouth of the net 11 toward the pot.

(r) "Game fish" means that term as defined in section 48701.
(s) "Gill net" means a vertical stationary wall of net in
which fish are caught by entanglement.

(t) "Great Lakes" means those portions of Lake Superior, Lake
Michigan, Lake Huron, and Lake Erie, including the bays of those
lakes, that fall within the boundaries of this state.

(u) "Great Lakes connecting waters" means those portions of
Lake St. Clair, the St. Clair River, the St. Marys River, and the
Detroit River that fall within the boundaries of this state.

(v) "Harvest quota" means a specific limit on the amount of fish in pounds that may be harvested by a licensed commercial fisher, established as a condition of the person's license or permit.

(w) "Illegal fish" means any fish taken or possessed in violation of this part or by the laws of the tribes of this state or, if imported, not authorized by the laws of the state, country, or tribal jurisdiction from which imported. Illegal fish includes fish that have not been reported or for which a record has not been



created as required. Species listed as a prohibited transgenic or
 nonnative organism in part 413 may not be possessed or sold live
 and are considered illegal.

4 (x) "Impoundment net" means a net designed to capture fish by 5 deflection and to retain them in a live condition until removed.

6 (y) "Licensed commercial fisher" means a person that has been 7 issued a commercial fishing license under section 47304.

8 (z) "Live car" or "live fish car" means a nonmotorized and 9 nonsteerable floating box or hold that is towed behind the licensed 10 commercial vessel for the exclusive purpose of holding or 11 transporting live fish.

12 (aa) "Locker plant" means a facility with quick freezing13 equipment and rentable food storage lockers.

14 (bb) "Overall vessel length" means the minimum distance
15 between the extreme outside end of the bow and the stern rounded to
16 the nearest whole foot.

17 (cc) "Person" means an individual, firm, company, partnership,18 copartnership, association, or corporation.

(dd) "Pound net" means a stationary impoundment net consisting of a lead, heart, tunnels, and pot, supported by a series of stakes or pilings, that traps fish inside a box-like net enclosure that is open above the surface of the water.

(ee) "Purchase" means to buy, acquire, or obtain or attempt to
buy, acquire, or obtain for exchange of value, goods, or services.

25 (ff) "Purse seine net" means a seine net that is used in open 26 water with its ends and bottom drawn together and up, forming a pen 27 from which fish are removed.

(gg) "Record" includes any material on which information is
recorded or preserved, regardless of physical form, that relates to



the production, storage, transportation, purchase, sale, trade,
 barter, or other acquisition or disposition of fish by a licensed
 commercial fisher or wholesale fish dealer.

4 (hh) "Retail fish dealer" means a person, including, but not
5 limited to, a retail store, locker plant, restaurant, hotel,
6 tavern, meat market, grocery store, or other establishment, or
7 club, that sells fish to the final consumer or sells fish for
8 resale at no reduction in retail price.

9

(ii) "Roe" means the eggs of any species of fish.

10 (jj) "Saginaw Bay" means the area south and west of a straight 11 line from Point Lookout in Arenac County to Sand Point in Huron County and inclusive of an area north and east of Sand Point within 12 13 the following boundaries: commencing at the monument on the 14 westerly end of Sand Point (lat 43.54.58 long 083.24.19), thence 15 easterly to the section line between section 7, T17N, R10E and section 12, T17N, R9E (lat 43.54.81 long 083.21.65); thence on a 16 17 line due north for 2 miles (lat 43.56.55 long 083.21.65); thence on 18 a line due west to a point due north of the monument on Sand Point 19 (lat 43.56.56 long 083.24.19); thence southerly to the point of 20 beginning.

(kk) "Seine net" means a mesh net with weights on 1 edge and floats on the opposite edge that hangs vertically in the water and is used to enclose fish when its ends are either pulled together or drawn ashore.

(11) "Set hook lines" means a long fishing line with a series of hooks on short separate leaders attached to the main line. (mm) "Sport angling equipment" means fishing rod and reel or bow and spear fishing equipment commonly used by recreational anglers to catch fish and that are in a serviceable and working



1 condition.

2 (nn) "Take" and "taking" means to fish for by any method,
3 catch, kill, capture, trap, harvest, or shoot any aquatic species
4 or to attempt to engage in any such activity.

5 (oo) "Trap net" means a stationary impoundment net consisting 6 of a lead, heart, tunnels, and pot, held in place by anchors and 7 floats, that traps fish inside a box-like net enclosure that is not 8 open above the surface of the water.

9 (pp) "Trawl net" means any net that is actively towed through 10 the water by a vessel in order to capture fish.

(qq) "Unattended" means not utilized or lifted and cleared of fish by the licensed commercial fisher for a period of 10 days or containing decayed fish in amounts that indicate a prolonged period without being tended. Unattended does not refer to gear that has been properly reported as lost or has been rendered and properly reported as unfishable as prescribed by the department.

17 (rr) "Undersized fish" means a fish of a smaller than legal
18 size as established by this act, by administrative rule, by order
19 of the director, or as set by specific license condition.

20 (ss) "Unfishable" describes any commercial net, hook, or other 21 gear that has been rendered inoperable as prescribed by the 22 department.

(tt) "Vessel" means every description of watercraft used or
capable of being used as a means of transportation on water,
including, but not limited to, any rowboat, sailboat, powerboat,
motorboat, scow, tug, or launch.

(uu) "Wholesale fish dealer", subject to subdivision (vv),
means a person that buys, barters, obtains, sells, solicits, or
processes fish in any manner, for itself or any other person, for



sale to someone other than the final consumer. Wholesale fish
 dealer includes any of the following:

3 (i) A fish or food broker that acquires, solicits, obtains,
4 buys, sells, or trades fish on behalf of another person.

5 (*ii*) A fish processor that processes fish for itself or another 6 person, for sale or trade by the owner of the fish to someone other 7 than the final consumer.

8 (*iii*) A crew member of a licensed commercial fisher who sells 9 fish received as his or her share of the catch, received as payment 10 for his or her work, or who retains part or all of the sale 11 proceeds.

12

(vv) Wholesale fish dealer does not include:

13 (i) A licensed commercial fisher that sells only the fish that14 it catches.

(*ii*) A retail store or locker plant that sells fish to a
restaurant, hotel, or tavern at no reduction in the retail price
charged to other retail customers.

18 All fish of whatever kind found in the waters of Lakes 19 Superior, Michigan, Huron, and Eric, commonly known as the Great 20 Lakes, the bays of the Great Lakes, and the connecting waters 21 between those lakes within the jurisdiction of this state are the 22 property of the state, and taking the fish from those waters is a privilege. All fish in waters described in this section shall be 23 24 taken, transported, sold, and possessed only in accordance with 25 this part. 26 Sec. 47302. (1) Fish found in the waters of the Great Lakes

27 and the Great Lakes connecting waters are the property of this
28 state, and taking fish from those waters is a privilege. Fish in
29 waters described in this section must be taken, transported, sold,



and possessed only in accordance with this part. This part does not
 apply to sport fishing regulated under part 487.

3

(2) The department may do either of the following:

4 (a) Take fish or issue permits for others to take fish in any manner, in any of the waters described in this part, during any 5 6 season of the year, for the purpose of scientific investigation, 7 fisheries assessment, fisheries utilization, fisheries management, 8 or fish culture; possess ripe and unripe fish; sell some or all of 9 those ripe and unripe fish; direct the sale of those ripe and 10 unripe fish; and devote the proceeds of sales toward defraying the 11 expenses incurred.

12 (b) For the purpose of scientific investigation, fisheries 13 assessment, fisheries utilization, fisheries management, or fish 14 culture, take fish harvested by any person licensed under this part 15 to commercially fish in the waters mentioned in this part. If the department takes fish under this subdivision, the fish must be 16 17 weighed and paid for. The price paid for the fish must be based on 18 the fair market value or be any other price as may be agreed upon 19 by the person or persons taking the fish and the department, plus 20 the cost of transportation, if any.

(3) The department shall not authorize a person licensed under
this part to take fish under any permit issued under section 47103
or part 487 except as provided under section 47304.

(4) A licensed commercial fisher that is licensed on December
31, 2019 has the right to have its licenses renewed by the
department every year after 2019 if the licensed commercial fisher
continues to meet the qualifications set forth in this act and the
qualifications specified in any orders or rules promulgated under
this act, regardless of the determination of the number of licenses



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to be issued under this act.

2 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other part 3 or act, the department, when in the department's opinion it is necessary for the better protection, preservation, management, 4 5 harvesting, and utilization of the fisheries in the waters 6 described in section 47301 may limit the number of fishing licenses 7 to be issued under this part and fix and determine the 8 qualifications of persons to whom licenses are issued. In 9 determining the number of licenses that the department issues 10 during any license year, the department shall consider the number 11 of persons holding licenses, the number of licensees needed to 12 harvest the fish known or believed to be harvestable, the capacity of the boats and equipment owned and used by licensees to harvest 13 14 those fish, and any other facts that may bear upon the allowing of 15 a limited number of licensed persons to engage in commercial 16 fishing in an economical and profitable manner. In determining the 17 qualifications of the licensees, the department shall consider the 18 kind, nature, and condition of the boats and fishing equipment and 19 gear to be used by the applicant, the years of experience the 20 applicant has had in commercial fishing, and the quantity and kinds of fish that the applicant has caught during the previous 5 years, 21 and other facts that may assist the department in determining that 22 23 the applicant is capable of engaging in commercial fishing in a 24 proper and profitable manner and will comply with the laws 25 applicable to commercial fishing. 26 (2) In addition to the requirements of this part and rules promulgated under this part, the license issued by the department 27 may contain provisions that do 1 or more of the following: 28

29

(a) Establish the amount of fish to be taken by species and



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1 kind.

- 2 (b) Designate the areas in which the licensee is permitted to
 3 fish.
- 4 (c) Specify the season when and the depths where the licensee
 5 may conduct commercial fishing operations.
- 6 (d) Specify the methods and gear that the licensee shall use.

7 (c) Specify other conditions, terms, and restrictions that are 8 considered necessary in implementing this part, including, but not 9 limited to, the right to inspect the licensee's fishing operations 10 in the waters, on board, or ashore.

11 (3) All licenses issued by the department pursuant to this 12 part expire on December 31 of the year in which issued.

13 (4) The department may suspend or revoke any license issued

14 under this part if the licensee fails to fulfill or violates any of

15 the conditions, terms, or restrictions of the license. The

16 department shall afford the licensee a hearing in accordance with

17 the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the

18 Public Acts of 1969, being sections 24.201 to 24.328 of the

19 Michigan Compiled Laws. Any person whose license has been suspended

20 or revoked is not eligible to apply for or receive a license for

21 the ensuing 2 calendar years following the suspension or

22 revocation.

(5) Any licensee licensed on November 15, 1968 has the right
to have his or her license renewed from year to year by the
department if the licensee continues to meet the qualifications set
forth in this section and the qualifications specified in any rules
promulgated under this section regardless of the determination of
the number of licenses to be issued under this part. Licenses
described in this section are not transferable without the



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1 permission of the department.

2 Sec. 47303. (1) A person shall not obstruct or interfere in
3 the lawful taking of an aquatic species.

4 (2) A person violates this section if the person intentionally5 or knowingly does any of the following:

6 (a) Operates a vessel or a device designed to be used on the 7 water that does not meet the definition of vessel in a manner 8 likely to significantly alter the behavior of aquatic species in 9 order to hinder or prevent the lawful taking of an aquatic species.

(b) Tosses, drops, or throws any stone, rock, or other inert
material in order to hinder or prevent the lawful taking of an
aquatic species.

13 (c) Drives, herds, or disturbs any aquatic species in order to14 hinder or prevent the lawful taking of an aquatic species.

15 (d) Blocks, impedes, or harasses another person who is engaged16 in the process of lawfully taking an aquatic species.

(e) Uses a natural or artificial visual, aural, olfactory,
gustatory, or physical stimulus to affect animal behavior in order
to hinder or prevent the lawful taking of an aquatic species.

20 (f) Erects barriers to deny ingress or egress to waters where 21 the lawful taking of an aquatic species may occur. This subdivision 22 does not apply to a person who erects barriers to prevent 23 trespassing on his or her property.

(g) Interjects himself or herself into the area where nets or
fishing lines are cast by a person lawfully taking an aquatic
species.

(h) Affects the condition or placement of personal or public
property intended for use in the lawful taking of an aquatic
species in order to impair the usefulness of the property or



1 prevent the use of the property.

2 (i) Enters or remains upon private lands without the
3 permission of the owner or the owner's agent, for the purpose of
4 violating this section.

5 (j) Photographs, videotapes, audiotapes, or otherwise records 6 an individual who is lawfully taking an aquatic species with the 7 intent to harass that individual.

8 (k) Engages in any other act or behavior for the purpose of9 violating this section.

10 (3) Upon petition of an aggrieved person or a person who 11 reasonably may be aggrieved by a violation of this section, a court 12 of competent jurisdiction, upon a showing that a person was engaged 13 in and threatens to continue to engage in illegal conduct under 14 this section, may enjoin that conduct.

15 (4) A person who violates this section is guilty of a 16 misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days or 17 a fine of not less than \$500.00 or more than \$5,000.00, or both, 18 and the costs of prosecution. A person who violates this section a 19 second or subsequent time is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by 20 imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not less than \$1,000.00 or more than \$10,000.00, or both, and the costs of 21 22 prosecution. In addition to the penalties provided in this 23 subsection, if a person violates this section while holding a 24 permit or license issued by the department authorizing the person 25 to take aquatic species, the court shall order that the person's 26 license or permit be suspended for 1 year, or revoked if the 27 remaining term of the license is 1 year or less, and the person is 28 not eligible to apply for or receive another such license for 1 29 year after the conviction. A prosecution under this section does



not preclude prosecution or other action under any other criminal
 or civil statute.

3 (5) This section does not apply to a peace officer while the4 peace officer performs his or her lawful duties.

5 The department shall provide financial remuneration to the 6 state for fish taken for commercial purposes by collection from the 7 licensee of not more than 5% of the price received by the licensee. 8 Money received shall be credited to the game and fish protection 9 account of the Michigan conservation and recreation legacy fund 10 provided for in section 2010 to be used in the development and 11 management of the fisheries resource.

Sec. 47304. (1) A person shall not use any kind of vessel, net or nets, set hook lines, or other commercial device authorized in this section for the purpose of taking or transporting fish for a commercial purpose or for personal use in any of the waters of the state unless the department has issued to the person a commercial fishing license for that activity.

18 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when in the 19 department's opinion it is necessary for the better protection, 20 preservation, management, harvesting, and utilization of the fisheries in the waters described in section 47302(1), the 21 22 department may limit the number of commercial fishing licenses to 23 be issued and determine the qualifications of persons to whom the 24 licenses are issued. In determining the number of commercial 25 fishing licenses to be issued during any license year, the 26 department shall consider all of the following:

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(a) The number of persons holding licenses.

(b) The number of licensees needed to harvest the fish knownor believed to be harvestable.



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(c) The capacity of the vessels and equipment owned and used
 by licensees to harvest those fish.

3 (d) Any other facts that may bear upon allowing a limited
4 number of licensed persons to engage in commercial fishing in an
5 economical and profitable manner.

6 (3) To obtain a commercial fishing license, a person shall 7 submit an application to the department in a format provided for 8 that purpose by the department. The application must be accompanied 9 by the fee required under section 47320. The application must also 10 state the name and residence of the applicant, the manner in which 11 he or she proposes to fish, the name or number of the vessel, the overall vessel length, the name of the primary port from which the 12 13 vessel will operate, the number and kind of nets, hooks, and other 14 gear that he or she intends to use, and any other reasonable and 15 pertinent information required by the department.

16 (4) An applicant for a commercial fishing license shall submit 17 an application annually not less than 30 days before fishing 18 operations are expected to commence or electronically submit the 19 application on or before November 15 of the current license year. 20 In addition to the qualifications in this part, to be eligible for 21 a license an applicant must have been issued a commercial fishing 22 license in this state for the immediately preceding year or have 23 legally been transferred the ownership of a commercial fishing 24 license in this state that was issued for the immediately preceding 25 year.

(5) In addition to the requirements of this part, rules
promulgated under this part, and orders issued under this part, a
license issued by the department may contain provisions that do 1
or more of the following:



(a) Establish the amount of fish to be taken by species and
 kind.

3 (b) Designate the areas where the licensee is authorized to 4 fish. If not specifically designated by license condition, a 5 licensee may fish waters open to commercial fishing within a 6 maximum radius of 50 miles of the home port specified on the 7 license.

8 (c) Specify the season when and the depths where the licensee 9 may conduct commercial fishing operations.

10 (d) Specify the type and amount of gear that the licensee is 11 allowed to use.

(e) Designate the ports where fish may be landed and vessels
must be docked while in the act of commercial fishing. Unless
specifically stated otherwise, all fish must be landed at the ports
listed on the license.

16 (f) Specify the right to inspect the licensee's fishing17 operations in the waters, on board, or ashore.

(g) List the authorized vessels to be used. Single or multiple vessels may be added to a license upon application by the license holder and approval of the director. However, individual vessels may not be listed on more than 1 license at a time.

(h) Specify the time period required for tending or lifting commercial fishing gear. If a commercial fisher cannot tend nets within the specified time frame, the commercial fisher must notify the department of the location of the gear and an estimated lift date.

27 (i) Specify other conditions, terms, and restrictions that are28 considered necessary in implementing this part.

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(6) A commercial fishing license expires on December 31 of the



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1 year the license was issued.

2 (7) A commercial fishing license is not transferable without
3 the permission of the department. In determining the qualifications
4 of any proposed transferee, the department may consider any of the
5 following:

6 (a) Any violations of this act by the transferee during the7 previous 5 years.

8 (b) Any violations of a law of the United States, another 9 state, or another country by the transferee substantially 10 corresponding to a violation of this act during the previous 5 11 years.

(c) Any other facts that may assist the department in determining whether the transferee is capable of engaging in commercial fishing in a proper and profitable manner and will comply with the laws applicable to commercial fishing.

Sec. 47305. (1) The department shall establish a commercial fishing advisory committee, consisting of the following members:

(a) A licensed commercial fisher that holds a license tocommercially fish in Lake Superior.

20 (b) A licensed commercial fisher that holds a license to21 commercially fish in Lake Michigan.

(c) A licensed commercial fisher that holds a license tocommercially fish in Lake Erie.

24 (d) A licensed commercial fisher that holds a license to25 commercially fish in Lake Huron but not in Saginaw Bay.

26 (e) A licensed commercial fisher that holds a license to27 commercially fish in Saginaw Bay.

(f) The president of the Michigan Fish Producers Associationor his or her designee.



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(g) A wholesale fish dealer that is not also a licensed
 commercial fisher.

3

(h) The president of the Michigan Charter Boat Association.

4

(i) An individual representing sport fishing anglers.

5 (j) Not more than 3 individuals, designated by the department,
6 who have technical knowledge regarding the impacts of the
7 commercial fishing industry.

8 (2) The commercial fishing advisory committee shall meet no9 more than 2 times per calendar year.

10 (3) The commercial fishing advisory committee may provide
11 formal recommendations to the department regarding the commercial
12 fishing industry.

13 For the purpose of carrying out this section and sections 14 47302 and 47303, the department may promulgate rules as may be 15 necessary.

Sec. 47306. (1) A person shall not take or catch fish with any
commercial gear from the following waters:

18 (a) In any connecting waters of Lake Superior and Lake Huron
19 and the connecting waters of Lake Huron and Lake Erie. As used in
20 this subdivision:

(i) "Connecting waters of Lake Huron and Lake Erie" means all
of the St. Clair River and all of Lake St. Clair and all of the
Detroit River extending from Fort Gratiot Light in Lake Huron to a
point in the lower Detroit River where the center line of Oak
Street, city of Wyandotte, Wayne County, Michigan, extended due
east, would intersect the international boundary line.

27 (*ii*) "Connecting waters of Lake Superior and Lake Huron" means
28 that part of the straits of the St. Marys River in this state
29 extending from a line drawn from Birch Point Range Front Light to



1 the most westerly point of Round Island, then following the shore 2 of Round Island to its most northerly point, then from the most 3 northerly point of Round Island to Point Aux Pins Light, Ontario, 4 to a line drawn east and west from the most southerly point of 5 Little Lime Island.

6 (b) Around any stream, river, or outlet of an inland lake 7 emptying into the Great Lakes or bays of the Great Lakes, as 8 follows:

9 (i) Within 1/2 mile on either side of the mouth of any stream, 10 river, or outlet capable of supporting navigable vessels drawing 10 11 feet of more, leaving an open channel of 1 mile in width and 12 extending at right angles from the shoreline 1 mile out from shore 13 and 2 miles in width for the second mile from shore, for the free 14 passage of fish and vessel traffic. For the purpose of this 15 subparagraph, the shore commences at the average low-water mark. If 16 the location of the open channel or the average low-water mark is 17 in dispute, the department shall determine the location of the open 18 channel or low-water mark.

19 (\ddot{u}) Within 1/8 mile on either side of the mouth of all 20 remaining rivers, streams, or outlets not covered in subparagraph (i), leaving an open channel of 1/4 mile in width and extending at 21 22 right angles from the shoreline 1/2 mile out from shore for the 23 free passage of fish. For the purpose of this subparagraph, the 24 shore commences at the average low-water mark. If the location of 25 the open channel or the average low-water mark is in dispute, the 26 department shall determine the location of the open channel or low-27 water mark.

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(c) Within a radius of 1/2 mile of any public dock or pier.(d) In the waters of Lake Superior within a radius of 1/2 mile



from the mouth of the Two Hearted River located in T50N, R9W, Luce
 County.

3 (e) In the waters of Lake Michigan within a radius of 2 miles
4 from Charlevoix South Pierhead Light, located at the mouth of the
5 Pine River in Charlevoix County.

6 (f) In the waters of Marquette Bay, beginning with a line from 7 the Presque Isle breakwater on the south southeast period line to 8 the east side of section 8 opposite the mouth of the Chocolay 9 River.

(g) In the waters of the East Bay and West Bay, Grand Marais
Harbor, and in the waters of Lake Superior within 2 miles on either
side of the range lights at the entrance to Grand Marais Harbor,
extending out to 180 feet of water, all in Alger County, Michigan.

(h) In the waters of False Presque Isle Bay west of a line
commencing at the 1/4 post between sections 13 and 24 in T33N, R8E;
then north across the Bay of False Presque Isle to 1/4 post between
sections 12 and 13, T33N, R8E, in Presque Isle County.

(i) In the waters of Presque Isle Harbor and that portion of
Lake Huron within a line between Presque Isle Light in section 8,
T34N, R8E, and South Albany Point in section 22, T34N, R8E, in
Presque Isle County.

(j) In the waters of Thunder Bay west of a line from north
point in section 6, T30N, R10E, to south point in section 26, T29N,
R9E, in Alpena County.

(k) In the waters of Whitney Bay or any waters' tributary tothat bay in the township of Drummond, Chippewa County.

(*l*) In the waters of northern Lake Huron known as Pike Bay and
Island Harbor within a line drawn from the most southerly point of
section 17, T41N, R5E, on Drummond Island to the most westerly



point of Espanore Island; then southerly and easterly along the
 shore to the most southerly point of Espanore Island; then due east
 to the mainland of Drummond Island.

(m) In the waters of that part of the Straits of Mackinac, 4 5 within 1 mile from the shoreline, from a point where the section 6 line between sections 22 and 23, T40N, R4W, intersects the Straits 7 of Mackinac, and running from there easterly to where the west line 8 of the city limits of the city of St. Ignace intersects the Straits 9 of Mackinac, and with 1/2 mile from there easterly and northerly to 10 where the north line of the city of St. Ignace intersects Lake Huron or the Straits of Mackinac. 11

(n) In the waters of Houghton County, commencing at the
northerly entrance to Portage Lake Ship Canal and within 1/2 mile
in all directions from the canal entrance inside of the
breakwaters.

(o) In the waters of Huron Bay. As used in this subdivision,
"waters of Huron Bay" means the area south of an east and west line
beginning at the meander corner between sections 14 and 23, T52N,
R31W, and running west to the meander corner between sections 15
and 22, T52N, R31W, in Baraga County.

(p) In the waters of Duncan Bay, Lake Huron, lying south of a line drawn west from Cheboygan Point Lighthouse on Lighthouse Point to a point where the easterly boundary line of Beau Grand Township meeting the westerly boundary line of the corporate limits of the city of Cheboygan extended due north would intersect the waters of Lake Huron.

(q) In the waters of Munising and Murray Bays of Lake
Superior. As used in this subdivision, "waters of Munising and
Murray Bays of Lake Superior" means those waters of Munising and



1 Murray Bays of Lake Superior lying westerly of a line drawn from 2 Sand Point in section 19, T47N, R18W, to the eastern end of the 3 eighth line dividing lots 1 and 2 in the northeast quarter of 4 section 24, T47N, R19W, and easterly of a line drawn from the 5 southern end of the quarter line between lots 2 and 3 of section 6 22, T47N, R19W, to the northern end of the quarter line between 7 lots 2 and 3 in section 27, T47N, R19W.

8 (r) Lake Superior waters of depth less than 360 feet between 9 the mouth of the Montreal River in section 10, T48N, R49W, Gogebic 10 County, and the mouth of the Fire Steel River in section 1, T52N, 11 R39W, Ontonagon County.

12 (s) Lake Superior waters south of a line from Traverse Point
13 in section 22, T55N, R31W, Houghton County, to the mouth of the
14 Huron River, section 18, T52N, R30W, Marguette County.

15 (t) Lake Superior waters within 4-1/2 miles of the shoreline16 of Isle Royale and surrounding islands.

(u) Lake Superior waters of depths less than 360 feet between
Au Sable Point in section 2, T50N, R15W, Alger County, and Crisp
Point in section 1, T50N, R8W, Luce County, extending to the
international boundary.

(v) Lake Michigan waters south and east of a line from Grand
Traverse Light Station in section 6, T32N, R10W, Leelanau County,
to the village of Good Hart in section 25, T37N, R6W, Emmet County.

(w) Lake Huron waters southwest of a line from Hammond Bay
Harbor Light in section 25, T37N, R2E, to Forty Mile Point Light
Station in section 23, T36N, R4E, Presque Isle County.

27 (x) Lake Huron waters west of a line from Tawas Point in
28 section 34, T22N, R8E, Iosco County, to Point Lookout in section
29 13, T19N, R7E, Arenac County.



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(y) Lake Huron waters in Saginaw Bay, commonly referred to as
 Wild Fowl Bay, east of a line extending from Fish Point, Tuscola
 County, to the westerly point of Heisterman Island, to the westerly
 point of North Island; thence to the westerly end of Sand Point in
 Huron County.

6 (z) From June 10 to September 10, waters of Lake Huron less 7 than 18 feet in depth along that portion of the shore lying between 8 the south line of section 12, T26N, R9E, extended east into the 9 waters of Lake Huron near Harrisville, to the south line of section 10 6, T18N, R7E, extended east into the waters of Lake Huron near Au 11 Gres Point.

12 (2) A person shall not take any of the species of fish known 13 as perch with gill nets, pound nets, trap nets, seine nets, 14 setlines, or set hooks, or any other device except a hook and line, 15 and a person shall not set any nets of any description for the taking of perch within 200 feet of any dock in the waters of 16 17 Northport Harbor and within a line beginning at the extreme 18 southern end of lot 3, section 36, T32N, R11W of Northpoint Point 19 at the water's edge; thence on a line southerly across Northport 20 Bay to Bellows Island; thence southerly on a line from Bellows 21 Island to most northerly point of lot 3, section 25, T31N, R11W; 22 thence due west to the east shore of lot 1, section 25, T31N, R11W; 23 thence northerly following the bay shore to the place of beginning. 24 A person shall not set any trap or pound net in that part of 25 Northport Harbor north of a line beginning at the extreme southern end of lot 3, section 36, T32N, R11W of Northport Point at the 26 27 water's edge and extending west to the town line between 31 north 28 and 32 north in the village of Northport.

29

(3) A person shall not place or set any kind of net or set



hook lines or take or attempt to take any kind of fish with a net or set hook lines, except minnow seine nets, as provided in section 47307, in the connecting waters of Lake Superior and Lake Huron, Whaiska Bay, and also including all waters lying southerly to a line drawn from the most southeasterly point of lot 1, section 32, T47N, R2W, and extending easterly to the most westerly point of Round Island.

8 A person shall not place or set any kind of a net or set hook 9 lines or take or attempt to take any kind of fish with a net or set 10 hook lines, except minnow seines as provided in section 47309, in 11 any of the connecting waters between Lake Superior and Lake Huron and the connecting waters between Lake Huron and Lake Eric. For the 12 13 purposes of this part, the connecting waters between Lake Superior 14 and Lake Huron are all of that part of the straits of St. Mary in 15 this state, extending from a line drawn from Birch point range front light to the most westerly point of Round island, thence 16 17 following the shore of Round island to the most northerly point 18 thereof, thence from the most northerly point of said Round island to Point Aux Pins light, Ontario, to a line drawn east and west 19 20 from the most southerly point of Little Lime island; and the connecting waters of Lake Huron and Lake Erie are all of the St. 21 Clair river and all of lake St. Clair and all of the Detroit river 22 23 extending from fort Gratiot light in Lake Huron to a point in the lower Detroit river where the center line of Oak street, city of 24 25 Wyandotte, Wayne county, Michigan, extended due east, would intersect the international boundary line. The boundary line 26 27 between Lake Michigan and Lake Huron is a line extending due north from old Mackinac point lighthouse across the straits of Mackinac. 28 29 Sec. 47307. (1) Except as otherwise prohibited by law, a



person may use set hook lines to take fish in the waters of the
 Great Lakes if specifically authorized to do so by a commercial
 fishing license.

4 (2) The director may authorize in a commercial fishing license 5 the use of trawls, and regulate their use, including, but not 6 limited to, the kind and size of the trawls, the size of mesh in 7 the trawls, and the areas, depths of water, and time and manner in 8 which the trawls may be used. The director may regulate the use of 9 trawls for taking any commercial fish species the director may 10 designate.

(3) A person shall not possess or use on board any commercial
vessel, in the waters, or on the ice of the Great Lakes any pound
or trap net, gill net, seine net, or any fixed, set, or movable net
of any kind or description, except as follows:

15 (a) Gill nets with meshes from 2-3/8 inches to 3 inches, inclusive, may be set in depths to be determined at the discretion 16 17 of the director for the purpose of taking chubs, menominee, and 18 other commercial species designated by the director. These nets may 19 be used in open waters if their incidental take of game fish will 20 not exceed 10% by weight of the total fish harvested, that 21 percentage to be determined by the department, by inspection of the 22 fish taken in the nets. The department shall remove or cause to be 23 removed any net if the department determines that the net is taking 24 more fish of species other than chubs, menominee, or any other 25 commercial species designated by the director than allowed by this 26 section.

(b) Gill nets with meshes greater than or equal to 8 inches
may be used in the waters of Saginaw Bay for taking carp or other
commercial species to be designated by the director.



1 (c) Pound nets with meshes greater than or equal to 4-1/22 inches in the lifting pot or crib and in the heart and tunnel, and 3 with meshes greater than or equal to 5 inches in the lead, may be used for taking whitefish. In the pound nets, meshes less than or 4 equal to 3-1/2 inches may be used in 1 side of the pot or in the 5 6 back, which is that part of the pot opposite the tunnel entrance. 7 In fishing with the pound nets, or any other pound nets permitted by this part, all of the following apply: 8

9 (i) The crib or pot and hearts and lead must extend to or above 10 the surface of the water.

11 (*ii*) The crib or pot and hearts must be entirely open at the12 top.

13 (*iii*) The sides or walls of the pot or crib and of the hearts 14 must be held vertically as near as possible and have 5 or more 15 stakes driven into the earth at the bottom of the lake to hold the 16 net in place. However, pound nets fished through the ice may be 17 held in place by fastening them to the ice without the use of 18 stakes.

(*iv*) A person shall not set a pound net or any part of the
webbing permitted under this part in water of a depth greater than
80 feet.

(d) Trap nets, fyke nets, and hoop nets with meshes greater 22 23 than or equal to 4-1/2 inches in the lifting pot or crib and in the 24 heart and tunnel and with meshes greater than or equal to 5 inches 25 in the lead may be used for taking whitefish. To shoal fish in trap 26 nets, fyke nets, and hoop nets with meshes greater than or equal to 27 4-1/2 inches in the lifting pot, meshes less than or equal to 3-1/228 inches may be used in that part of the tunnel inside the pot, in 29 the entire front of the pot, and in the front portion of the pot



including the connecting side, top, and bottom walls for a distance
 up to 16 feet, but not to exceed 1/3 of the length of the pot from
 front to back.

4 (e) Beach seine nets having wings with meshes of not less than 5 4 inches, and a pocket or bag with meshes of not less than 2-1/46 inches may be used to take carp, suckers, and other commercial 7 species to be designated by the director. The pocket or bag must be 8 not more than 1/4 the length of the beach seine net. Beach seine 9 nets in use or set along the shores of the Great Lakes, when the 10 owner or user is not present, must have a metal tag securely 11 attached to the beach seine net bearing the commercial fishing license number of the owner or user of the beach seine net. 12

(f) Purse seine nets constructed of 3-1/2 inch mesh with a 3inch bunt section or of meshes as otherwise authorized by the director may be used to take whitefish and other commercial species designated by the director.

17 (4) The size of the mesh of nets or netting used in commercial 18 fishing must be determined by extension measure commonly referred 19 to as stretch mesh. The measurement must be made of meshes 20 irrespective of where the net or netting is found, whether in the 21 water, on vessel, on reel, on dock, or in any other place on land. 22 The net must be wet or wetted before the measuring of the mesh. The 23 mesh size of gill net must be measured with a certified ruler by 24 lining up consecutive knots perpendicular to the float line and 25 measuring on the diamond, inside knot to knot. All other nets must 26 be measured by a wedge-shaped gauge having a taper of 2 centimeters 27 in 8 centimeters and a thickness of 2.3 millimeters, inserted into 28 the meshes under a pressure or pull of 5 kilograms. Stretch mesh 29 must be measured by placing the wedge gauge along the diagonal line



that connects the largest opening between opposite corners of the square. If the majority of 10 or more meshes selected at random by the conservation officer or peace officer designated by the director from any part or parts of any commercial net being measured are found to be unlawful, the net, if found in use or upon any licensed commercial fishing vessel, is considered illegal and must be seized.

8 (5) The director may evaluate and approve the use of 9 commercial gear types in addition to those specifically listed in 10 this part and regulate their use by specific license condition, 11 including, but not limited to, the kind and size of the gear; the 12 size of mesh in the gear; the areas, depths of water, time, and 13 manner in which the gear may be used; and the commercial species of 14 fish that the gear may harvest.

(6) The gear described in this section or approved under subsection (5) must be specifically authorized by license condition for legal use by a licensed commercial fisher. A licensed commercial fisher shall conduct its commercial fishing operation and possess or use on board any commercial vessel or in the waters or on the ice of the Great Lakes only the type and amount of gear specified in the license.

(7) The director may evaluate and specify the depth at which
the commercial gear listed in this section or approved under
subsection (5) may be fished.

25 A person shall not set any net, set hook lines, or other
26 device for the purpose of taking or catching fish within 160 rods
27 on either side of the thread of the stream at the mouth of any
28 river or outlet of an inland lake emptying into Lakes Superior,
29 Michigan, Huron, or Erie, commonly known as the Great Lakes, or the



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1 bays of the Great Lakes, navigable for vessels drawing 10 feet or more, leaving an open channel of 1 mile in width for the free 2 3 passage of fish, extending at right angles from the shoreline as near as may be, 2 miles from shore. However, within the next 1/2 4 5 mile on either side of any such rivers or outlets of inland lakes, 6 nets, set hook lines, or other devices shall not be used for the 7 purpose of taking fish that will extend a greater distance than 1 8 mile from shore. The purpose of the limitations in this section is 9 to leave an open channel of 1 mile in width 1 mile out, and 2 miles 10 in width for the second mile out, for the free passage of fish. No 11 net or other device for taking fish shall be set or used within 40 rods on either side of the thread of the stream at the mouth of any 12 13 other river or the outlet of any other inland lake leaving an open channel of 80 rods in width for the free passage of fish, extending 14 15 at right angles with the shoreline as near as may be 2 miles out 16 from shore. For the purpose of this section, the shore commences at 17 the average low-water mark. If the location of the open channel or 18 the average low-water mark is in dispute, this location shall be 19 determined by the department. Except as provided in sections 47311 20 and 47313, a person may at all times catch any kind of fish in all 21 of the waters named in this part, and from the docks, harbors of 22 refuge, or breakwaters, with a hook and line except largemouth 23 black bass, smallmouth black bass, bluegills, sunfish, brook or 24 speckled trout, rainbow and steelhead trout, brown and Loch Leven 25 trout, northern pike, pike-perch, perch, or muskellunge, which 26 shall only be taken or possessed in the manner and at the time specified by the laws of this state protecting those fish. A person 27 may also spear carp, suckers, mullet, redhorse, sheepshead, lake 28 29 trout, herring, smelt, perch, pike-perch, northern pike,

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1 muskellunge, sturgeon, whitefish, ciscoes, pilot fish or menominee 2 white fish, catfish, dogfish, and garpike through the ice in the 3 connecting waters as defined in this part.

Sec. 47308. A person shall not set or use a net or set hook 4 5 line in any of the waters described in this part without marking 6 its location as provided under the uniform waterway marking system, 7 R 281.1101 to R 281.1114 of the Michigan Administrative Code. If 8 any net or set hook line is set under the ice, its location must be 9 marked by a stake extending not less than 4 feet above the ice at 10 each end of the net or set hook line, and the license number, in 11 legible figures, must be attached to each stake or to the ends of 12 the net or set hook line. A person setting or using a net or hook line in any waters of the state shall provide GPS coordinates of 13 14 that gear to the department, and the department shall provide these 15 coordinates on its website. This information must be updated every 16 time the gear is lifted or moved. Except as otherwise provided by 17 law, a person may use in the waters of Lakes Michigan, Superior, 18 Huron, and Eric, and the bays of those lakes, within the jurisdiction of this state, set hook lines or spears for the 19 20 purpose of taking fish; and for the purpose of securing bait for use in baiting said hook lines, a person may use gill nets as 21 22 provided in section 47309. However, a person shall not market or 23 possess for the purpose of marketing any fish taken in bait nets. All unused bait, fresh or old, shall be taken ashore. 24 25 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect

26 unless all of the following bills of the 100th Legislature are 27 enacted into law:

- **28** (a) House Bill No. 4568.
- **29** (b) House Bill No. 4569.



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