Act No. 260
Public Act of 1989
December 28, 1989
Filed by the Secretary of State
December 28, 1989

STATE OF MICHIGAN 85TH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION OF 1989

Introduced by Rep. Varga

ENROLLED HOUSE BILL No. 4696

AN ACT to amend section 207 of Act No. 350 of the Public Acts of 1980, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of nonprofit health care corporations; to provide their rights, powers, and immunities; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state officers relative to the exercise of those rights, powers, and immunities; to prescribe certain conditions for the transaction of business by those corporations in this state; to define the relationship of health care providers to nonprofit health care corporations and to specify their rights, powers, and immunities with respect thereto; to provide for the regulation and supervision of nonprofit health care corporations by the commissioner of insurance; to prescribe powers and duties of certain other state officers with respect to the regulation and supervision of nonprofit health care corporations; to regulate the merger or consolidation of certain corporations; to prescribe an expeditious and effective procedure for the maintenance and conduct of certain administrative appeals relative to provider class plans; to provide for certain administrative hearings relative to rates for health care benefits; to provide for certain causes of action; to prescribe penalties and to provide civil fines for violations of this act; and to repeal certain acts and parts of acts," being section 550.1207 of the Michigan Compiled Laws; and to add section 410a.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

Section 1. Section 207 of Act No. 350 of the Public Acts of 1980, being section 550.1207 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is amended and section 410a is added to read as follows:

Sec. 207. (1) A health care corporation, subject to any limitation provided in this act, in any other statute of this state, or in its articles of incorporation, may do any or all of the following:

- (a) Contract to provide computer services and other administrative consulting services to 1 or more providers or groups of providers, if the services are primarily designed to result in cost savings to subscribers.
- (b) Engage in experimental health care projects to explore more efficient and economical means of implementing the corporation's programs, or the corporation's goals as prescribed in section 504 and the purposes of this act, to develop incentives to promote alternative methods and alternative providers, including nurse midwives, nurse anesthetists and nurse practitioners, for delivering health care, including preventive care and home health care.
- (c) For the purpose of providing health care services to employees of this state, the United States, or an agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision of this state or the United States, or for the purpose of providing all or part of the costs of health care services to disabled, aged, or needy persons, contract with this state, the United States, or an agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision of this state or the United States.
- (d) For the purpose of administering any publicly supported health benefit plan, accept and administer funds, directly or indirectly, made available by a contract authorized under subdivision (c), or made available by or received from any private entity.

- (e) For the purpose of administering any publicly supported health benefit plan, subcontract with any organization which has contracted with this state, the United States, or an agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision of this state or the United States, for the administration or furnishing of health services or any publicly supported health benefit plan.
- (f) Provide administrative services only and cost-plus arrangements for the federal medicare program established by parts A and B of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395c to 1395w; for the federal medicaid program established under title XIX of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396k; for the child health act of 1967, 42 U.S.C. 701 to 716; for the program of medical and dental care established by the military medical benefits amendments of 1966, Public Law 85-861, 80 Stat. 862; for the Detroit maternity and infant care—preschool, school, and adolescent project; and for any other health benefit program established under state or federal law.
- (g) Provide administrative services only and cost-plus arrangements for any health benefit plan established by a subscriber group, subject to the requirements of section 211.
- (h) Establish, own, and operate a health maintenance organization, subject to the requirements of the public health code, Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, being sections 333.1101 to 333.25211 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (i) Guarantee loans for the education of persons who are planning to enter or have entered a profession that is licensed, or certified, or registered under parts 161 to 182 of Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, being sections 333.16101 to 333.18237 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and has been identified by the commissioner, with the consultation of the office of health and medical affairs in the department of management and budget, as a profession whose practitioners are in insufficient supply in this state or specified areas of this state and who agree, as a condition of receiving a guarantee of a loan, to work in this state, or an area of this state specified in a listing of shortage areas for the profession issued by the commissioner, for a period of time determined by the commissioner.
 - (j) Receive donations to assist or enable the corporation to carry out its purposes, as provided in this act.
 - (k) Bring an action against an officer or director of the corporation.
- (l) Designate and maintain a registered office and a resident agent in that office upon whom service of process may be made.
- (m) Sue and be sued in all courts and participate in actions and proceedings, judicial, administrative, arbitrative, or otherwise, in the same cases as natural persons.
- (n) Have a corporate seal, alter the seal, and use it by causing the seal or a facsimile to be affixed, impressed, or reproduced in any other manner.
- (o) Invest and reinvest its funds and, for investment purposes only, purchase, take, receive, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, vote, employ, sell, lend, lease, exchange, transfer, or otherwise dispose of, mortgage, pledge, use, and otherwise deal in and with, bonds and other obligations, shares, or other securities or interests issued by entities other than domestic, foreign, or alien insurers, as defined in sections 106 and 110 of the insurance code of 1956, Act No. 218 of the Public Acts of 1956, being sections 500.106 and 500.110 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, whether engaged in a similar or different business, or governmental or other activity, including banking corporations or trust companies. However, a health care corporation may purchase, take, receive, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, vote, employ, sell, lend, lease, exchange, transfer, or otherwise dispose of bonds or other obligations, shares, or other securities or interests issued by a domestic, foreign, or alien insurer, so long as the activity meets all of the following:
 - (i) Is determined by the attorney general to be lawful under section 202.
- (ii) Is approved in writing by the commissioner as being in the best interests of the health care corporation and its subscribers.
- (iii) Will not result in the health care corporation owning or controlling 10% or more of the voting securities of the insurer. Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as expanding the lawful purposes of a health care corporation under this act. Except where expressly authorized by statute, a health care corporation shall not indirectly engage in any investment activity which it may not engage in directly. A health care corporation shall not guarantee or become surety upon a bond or other undertaking securing the deposit of public money.
- (p) Purchase, receive, take by grant, gift, devise, bequest or otherwise, lease, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, improve, employ, use and otherwise deal in and with, real or personal property, or an interest therein, wherever situated.
- (q) Sell, convey, lease, exchange, transfer or otherwise dispose of, or mortgage or pledge, or create a security interest in, any of its property, or an interest therein, wherever situated.
- (r) Borrow money and issue its promissory note or bond for the repayment of the borrowed money with interest.

- (s) Make donations for the public welfare, including hospital, charitable, or educational contributions which do not significantly affect rates charged to subscribers.
- (t) Participate with others in any joint venture with respect to any transaction which the health care corporation would have the power to conduct by itself.
 - (u) Cease its activities and dissolve, subject to the commissioner's authority under section 606(2).
- (v) Make contracts, transact business, carry on its operations, have offices, and exercise the powers granted by this act in any jurisdiction, to the extent necessary to carry out its purposes under this act.
- (w) Have and exercise all powers necessary or convenient to effect any purpose for which the corporation was formed.
- (2) In order to ascertain the interests of senior citizens regarding the provision of medicare supplemental coverage, as described in section 202(1)(d)(v), and to ascertain the interests of senior citizens regarding the administration of the federal medicare program when acting as fiscal intermediary in this state, as described in section 202(1)(d)(vi), a health care corporation shall consult with the office of services to the aging and with senior citizens' organizations in this state.
- (3) An act of a health care corporation, otherwise lawful, is not invalid because the corporation was without capacity or power to do the act. However, the lack of capacity or power may be asserted:
- (a) In an action by a director or a member of the corporate body against the corporation to enjoin the doing of an act.
- (b) In an action by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor against an incumbent or former officer or director of the corporation for loss or damage due to an unauthorized act of that officer or director
- (c) In an action or special proceeding by the attorney general to enjoin the corporation from the transacting of unauthorized business, to set aside an unauthorized transaction, or to obtain other equitable relief.
- Sec. 410a. (1) A group certificate that is issued or renewed in this state after December 31, 1990 shall include provisions consistent with this section.
- (2) If an individual subscriber has been continuously covered under a group certificate for at least 3 months immediately prior to termination, the individual subscriber and his or her covered spouse and dependents may elect coverage under a group conversion certificate upon termination. As used in this section, termination includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Discontinuance of a group certificate in its entirety or with respect to a covered class.
- (b) Loss of coverage due to voluntary or involuntary termination of employment except for termination of employment because of gross misconduct.
 - (c) For a surviving spouse or dependent, death of an individual subscriber covered under a group certificate.
- (d) An event that causes a person, who is a spouse or dependent of an individual subscriber at the time of the event, to cease to be a qualified family member under a group certificate.
- (3) Coverage under a group conversion certificate shall take effect immediately upon the termination of coverage under the group certificate.
 - (4) Notification of the conversion privilege shall be included in each certificate of coverage.
- (5) A master certificate holder shall give written notice to an individual subscriber of the option to elect a group conversion certificate within 14 days after the occurrence of subsection (2)(a) or (b).
- (6) An individual subscriber shall notify the health care corporation of his or her election to convert to a group conversion certificate not later than 30 days after termination of coverage. The first premium shall be paid to the health care corporation at the time the individual elects to convert to a group conversion certificate.
 - (7) A group conversion certificate under this section:
 - (a) Shall be issued without evidence of insurability.
 - (b) Shall not use conditions pertaining to health as a basis for classification.
- (c) Shall not exclude a preexisting condition that is not excluded by the group certificate solely because it is a preexisting condition.
- (d) May provide that benefits may be reduced by the amount of benefits paid for a specific covered service pursuant to the group certificate that has been terminated.
- (8) The premium for a group conversion certificate under this section shall be determined using the aggregate experience for all such certificates issued in this state by the health care corporation and in accordance with premium rates applicable to the age, class of risk, and the type and amount of coverage provided. The experience of an individual under a group conversion certificate shall not be an acceptable basis for establishing that individual's rate for his or her group conversion certificate.

- (9) A health care corporation is not required to issue a group conversion certificate under this section if any of the following circumstances apply:
- (a) The individual is covered for similar benefits and to a similar extent by another expense-incurred hospital, medical, surgical, or sick-care insurance policy or certificate, hospital or medical service subscriber contract, medical practice or other prepayment plan, or other expense-incurred plan or program.
- (b) The individual is covered under title XVIII of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1395b, 1395b-2, 1395c to 1395i, 1395i-1a to 1395i-3, 1395j to 1395dd, 1395ff to 1395mm, and 1395oc to 1395ccc.
- (c) If termination of an individual's coverage under a group certificate occurred because of any of the following:
 - (i) The individual failed to pay any required contribution.
 - (ii) Discontinued group coverage was replaced by group coverage.
 - (iii) The individual acted to defraud the health care corporation.
- (10) A group conversion certificate under this section delivered outside this state for a group certificate that was issued and delivered in this state shall comply with this section.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

	Clerk of the House of Representatives.
	Secretary of the Senate.
	Socretary of the socialist
Approved	
Governor.	

