SENATE BILL No. 124

January 30, 2007, Introduced by Senators PATTERSON, WHITMER and PAPPAGEORGE and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1956 PA 218, entitled

"The insurance code of 1956,"

by amending section 3135 (MCL 500.3135), as amended by 2002 PA 697.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 3135. (1) A person remains subject to tort liability for 2 noneconomic loss caused by his or her ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle only if the injured person has suffered 3 4 death, serious impairment of body function, or permanent serious 5 disfigurement.

(2) For a cause of action for damages pursuant to subsection (1) filed on or after July 26, 1996, all of the following apply:

(a) The issues of whether an injured person has suffered 8 9 serious impairment of body function or permanent serious disfigurement are questions of law for the court if the court finds

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1 either of the following:

2 (i) There is no factual dispute concerning the nature and
3 extent of the person's injuries.

4 (ii) There is a factual dispute concerning the nature and 5 extent of the person's injuries, but the dispute is not material to the determination as to whether the person has suffered a serious 6 7 impairment of body function or permanent serious disfigurement. However, for a closed-head injury, a question of fact for the jury 8 9 is created if a licensed allopathic or osteopathic physician who 10 regularly diagnoses or treats closed-head injuries testifies under 11 oath that there may be a serious neurological injury.

12 (b) Damages shall be assessed on the basis of comparative
13 fault, except that damages shall not be assessed in favor of a
14 party who is more than 50% at fault.

(c) Damages shall not be assessed in favor of a party who was operating his or her own vehicle at the time the injury occurred and did not have in effect for that motor vehicle the security required by section 3101 at the time the injury occurred.

19 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, tort liability 20 arising from the ownership, maintenance, or use within this state 21 of a motor vehicle with respect to which the security required by 22 section 3101 was in effect is abolished except as to:

(a) Intentionally caused harm to persons or property. Even
though a person knows that harm to persons or property is
substantially certain to be caused by his or her act or omission,
the person does not cause or suffer that harm intentionally if he
or she acts or refrains from acting for the purpose of averting

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injury to any person, including himself or herself, or for the
 purpose of averting damage to tangible property.

3 (b) Damages for noneconomic loss as provided and limited in4 subsections (1) and (2).

(c) Damages for allowable expenses, work loss, and survivor's
loss as defined in sections 3107 to 3110 in excess of the daily,
monthly, and 3-year limitations contained in those sections. The
party liable for damages is entitled to an exemption reducing his
or her liability by the amount of taxes that would have been
payable on account of income the injured person would have received
if he or she had not been injured.

(d) Damages for economic loss by a nonresident in excess of the personal protection insurance benefits provided under section 3163(4). Damages under this subdivision are not recoverable to the extent that benefits covering the same loss are available from other sources, regardless of the nature or number of benefit sources available and regardless of the nature or form of the benefits.

(e) Damages up to \$500.00 to motor vehicles, to the extent that the damages are not covered by insurance. An action for damages pursuant to this subdivision shall be conducted in compliance with subsection (4).

(4) In an action for damages pursuant to subsection (3)(e):
(a) Damages shall be assessed on the basis of comparative
fault, except that damages shall not be assessed in favor of a
party who is more than 50% at fault.

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(b) Liability shall not be a component of residual liability,

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as prescribed in section 3131, for which maintenance of security is
 required by this act.

3 (5) Actions under subsection (3) (e) shall be commenced,
4 whenever legally possible, in the small claims division of the
5 district court or the municipal court. If the defendant or
6 plaintiff removes the action to a higher court and does not
7 prevail, the judge may assess costs.

8 (6) A decision of a court made pursuant to subsection (3) (e)
9 is not res judicata in any proceeding to determine any other
10 liability arising from the same circumstances as gave rise to the
11 action brought pursuant to subsection (3) (e).

12 (7) As used in this section, "serious impairment of body 13 function" means an objectively manifested impairment of INJURY 14 INVOLVING an important body function that, affects the IN SOME WAY 15 AND FOR SOME TIME, AFFECTED THE INJURED person's general ability to 16 lead his or her normal life.

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