SENATE BILL No. 668

August 1, 2007, Introduced by Senators HARDIMAN, JANSEN, JACOBS, KAHN and BIRKHOLZ and referred to the Committee on Families and Human Services.

A bill to amend 1939 PA 288, entitled "Probate code of 1939," by amending section 19b of chapter XIIA (MCL 712A.19b), as amended by 2000 PA 232.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

CHAPTER XIIA

SENATE BILL No. 668

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Sec. 19b. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4), if a child remains in foster care in the temporary custody of the court following a review hearing under section 19(3) of this chapter or a permanency planning hearing under section 19a of this chapter or if a child remains in the custody of a guardian or limited guardian, 7 upon petition of the prosecuting attorney, whether or not the prosecuting attorney is representing or acting as legal consultant to the agency or any other party, or petition of the child,

1 guardian, custodian, concerned person as defined in subsection (6), 2 agency, or children's ombudsman as authorized in section 7 of the children's ombudsman act, 1994 PA 204, MCL 722.927, the court shall 3 4 hold a hearing to determine if the parental rights to a child 5 should be terminated and, if all parental rights to the child are 6 terminated, the child placed in permanent custody of the court. The court shall state on the record or in writing its findings of fact 7 and conclusions of law with respect to whether or not parental 8 9 rights should be terminated. The court shall issue an opinion or 10 order regarding a petition for termination of parental rights 11 within 70 days after the commencement of the initial hearing on the 12 petition. However, the THE court's failure to issue an opinion 13 within 70 days does not dismiss the petition.

14 (2) Not less than 14 days before a hearing to determine if the
15 parental rights to a child should be terminated, written notice of
16 the hearing shall be served upon all of the following:

17 (a) The agency. The agency shall advise the child of the18 hearing if the child is 11 years of age or older.

19 (b) The child's foster parent or custodian.

20 (c) The child's parents.

(d) If the child has a guardian, the child's guardian.

(e) If the child has a guardian ad litem, the child's guardianad litem.

24 (f) If tribal affiliation has been determined, the Indian25 tribe's elected leader.

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(g) The child's attorney and each party's attorney.

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(h) If the child is 11 years of age or older, the child.

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(i) The prosecutor.

2 (3) The court may terminate a parent's parental rights to a
3 child if the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, 1 or
4 more of the following:

5 (a) The child has been deserted under any of the following6 circumstances:

7 (i) The child's parent is unidentifiable, has deserted the
8 child for 28 or more days, and has not sought custody of the child
9 during that period. For the purposes of this section, a parent is
10 unidentifiable if the parent's identity cannot be ascertained after
11 reasonable efforts have been made to locate and identify the
12 parent.

13 (*ii*) The child's parent has deserted the child for 91 or more14 days and has not sought custody of the child during that period.

15 (*iii*) The child's parent voluntarily surrendered the child to an 16 emergency service provider under chapter XII and did not petition 17 the court to regain custody within 28 days after surrendering the 18 child.

(b) The child or a sibling of the child has suffered physical
injury or physical or sexual abuse under 1 or more of the following
circumstances:

(i) The parent's act caused the physical injury or physical or
sexual abuse and the court finds that there is a reasonable
likelihood that the child will suffer from injury or abuse in the
foreseeable future if placed in the parent's home.

26 (*ii*) The parent who had the opportunity to prevent the physical27 injury or physical or sexual abuse failed to do so and the court

1 finds that there is a reasonable likelihood that the child will
2 suffer injury or abuse in the foreseeable future if placed in the
3 parent's home.

4 (*iii*) A nonparent adult's act caused the physical injury or
5 physical or sexual abuse and the court finds that there is a
6 reasonable likelihood that the child will suffer from injury or
7 abuse by the nonparent adult in the foreseeable future if placed in
8 the parent's home.

9 (c) The parent was a respondent in a proceeding brought under 10 this chapter, 182 or more days have elapsed since the issuance of 11 an initial dispositional order, and the court, by clear and 12 convincing evidence, finds either of the following:

13 (i) The conditions that led to the adjudication continue to 14 exist and there is no reasonable likelihood that the conditions 15 will be rectified within a reasonable time considering the child's 16 age.

(ii) Other conditions exist that cause the child to come within 17 18 the court's jurisdiction, the parent has received recommendations 19 to rectify those conditions, the conditions have not been rectified 20 by the parent after the parent has received notice and a hearing 21 and has been given a reasonable opportunity to rectify the 22 conditions, and there is no reasonable likelihood that the 23 conditions will be rectified within a reasonable time considering 24 the child's age.

(d) The child's parent has placed the child in a limited
guardianship under section 5205 of the estates and protected
individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5205, and has substantially

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1 failed, without good cause, to comply with a limited guardianship 2 placement plan described in section 5205 of the estates and 3 protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5205, regarding 4 the child to the extent that the noncompliance has resulted in a 5 disruption of the parent-child relationship.

6 (e) The child has a guardian under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8102, and the 7 parent has substantially failed, without good cause, to comply with 8 a court-structured plan described in section 5207 or 5209 of the 9 10 estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5207 11 and 700.5209, regarding the child to the extent that the 12 noncompliance has resulted in a disruption of the parent-child 13 relationship.

14 (f) The child has a guardian under the estates and protected 15 individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8102, and both 16 of the following have occurred:

(i) The parent, having the ability to support or assist in supporting the minor, has failed or neglected, without good cause, to provide regular and substantial support for the minor for a period of 2 years or more before the filing of the petition or, if a support order has been entered, has failed to substantially comply with the order for a period of 2 years or more before the filing of the petition.

(*ii*) The parent, having the ability to visit, contact, or
communicate with the minor, has regularly and substantially failed
or neglected, without good cause, to do so for a period of 2 years
or more before the filing of the petition.

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(g) The parent, without regard to intent, fails to provide
 proper care or custody for the child and there is no reasonable
 expectation that the parent will be able to provide proper care and
 custody within a reasonable time considering the child's age.

5 (h) The parent is imprisoned for such a period that the child 6 will be deprived of a normal home for a period exceeding 2 years, 7 and the parent has not provided for the child's proper care and 8 custody, and there is no reasonable expectation that the parent 9 will be able to provide proper care and custody within a reasonable 10 time considering the child's age.

(i) Parental rights to 1 or more siblings of the child have been terminated due to serious and chronic neglect or physical or sexual abuse, and prior attempts to rehabilitate the parents have been unsuccessful.

(j) There is a reasonable likelihood, based on the conduct or capacity of the child's parent, that the child will be harmed if he or she is returned to the home of the parent.

18 (k) The parent abused the child or a sibling of the child and19 the abuse included 1 or more of the following:

20 (*i*) Abandonment of a young child.

21 (*ii*) Criminal sexual conduct involving penetration, attempted
22 penetration, or assault with intent to penetrate.

23 (*iii*) Battering, torture, or other severe physical abuse.

24 (*iv*) Loss or serious impairment of an organ or limb.

- 25 (v) Life threatening injury.
- 26 (vi) Murder or attempted murder.

27 (*vii*) Voluntary manslaughter.

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(viii) Aiding and abetting, attempting to commit, conspiring to
 commit, or soliciting murder or voluntary manslaughter.

3 (1) The parent's rights to another child were terminated as a
4 result of proceedings under section 2(b) of this chapter or a
5 similar law of another state.

6 (m) The parent's rights to another child were voluntarily
7 terminated following the initiation of proceedings under section
8 2(b) of this chapter or a similar law of another state.

9 (n) The parent is convicted of 1 or more of the following, and 10 the court determines that termination is in the child's best 11 interests because continuing the parent-child relationship with the 12 parent would be harmful to the child:

(i) A violation of section 316, 317, 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, or
520g of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.316, 750.317,
750.520b, 750.520c, 750.520d, 750.520e, and 750.520g.

16 (*ii*) A violation of a criminal statute - THAT INCLUDES AS an
17 element of which is the use of force or the threat of force - and
18 which THAT subjects the parent to sentencing under section 10, 11,
19 or 12 of chapter IX of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175,
20 MCL 769.10, 769.11, and 769.12.

(*iii*) A federal law or law of another state with provisions
substantially similar to a crime or procedure listed or described
in subparagraph (*i*) or (*ii*).

(4) If a petition to terminate the parental rights to a child
is filed, the court may enter an order terminating parental rights
under subsection (3) at the initial dispositional hearing. If a
petition to terminate parental rights to a child is filed, THE

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1 COURT MAY SUSPEND parenting time for a parent who is a subject of 2 the petition. is automatically suspended and, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, remains suspended at least until a 3 4 decision is issued on the termination petition. If a parent whose 5 parenting time is suspended under this subsection establishes, and 6 the court determines, that parenting time will not harm the child, the court may order parenting time in the amount and under the 7 8 conditions the court determines appropriate.

(5) If the court finds that there are grounds for termination 9 of parental rights, THAT TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS IS IN THE 10 11 CHILD'S BEST INTERESTS, AND THAT TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS IS 12 IN ACCORDANCE WITH A COURT-APPROVED PERMANENCY PLAN, the court shall order termination of parental rights and order that 13 additional efforts for reunification of the child with the parent 14 15 not be made. , unless the court finds that termination of parental rights to the child is clearly not in the child's best interests. 16

17 (6) As used in this section, "concerned person" means a foster 18 parent with whom the child is living or has lived who has specific 19 knowledge of behavior by the parent constituting grounds for 20 termination under subsection (3)(b) or (g) and who has contacted 21 the family independence agency, the prosecuting attorney, the child's attorney, and the child's guardian ad litem, if any, and is 22 23 satisfied that none of these persons intend to file a petition under this section. 24

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