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HOUSE BILL No. 5625

May 15, 2012, Introduced by Reps. Ananich, Cavanagh, Tlaib, Irwin, Barnett, Brown, Hovey-Wright and Stanley and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

A bill to require employers to provide paid sick leave to certain employees; to specify the conditions for accruing and using paid sick leave; to prohibit retaliation against an employee for requesting, exercising, or enforcing rights granted in this act; to prescribe powers and duties of certain state departments, agencies, and officers; to provide for promulgation of rules; and to provide remedies and sanctions.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "paid sick leave act".
 - Sec. 2. As used in this act:
 - (a) "Department" means the department of licensing and regulatory affairs.
 - (b) "Director" means the director of the department of

- 1 licensing and regulatory affairs or his or her designee.
- 2 (c) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as provided in
- 3 section 1 of 1978 PA 389, MCL 400.1501.
- 4 (d) "Employee" means an individual engaged in service to an
- 5 employer in the business of the employer.
- 6 (e) "Employer" means any person, firm, business, educational
- 7 institution, nonprofit agency, corporation, limited liability
- 8 company, or other entity that employs 1 or more individuals.
- 9 (f) "Family member" includes all of the following:
- 10 (i) A biological, adopted or foster child, stepchild or legal
- 11 ward, a child of a domestic partner, or a child to whom the
- 12 employee stands in loco parentis.
- 13 (ii) A biological parent, foster parent, stepparent, or
- 14 adoptive parent or a legal guardian of an employee or an employee's
- 15 spouse or domestic partner or a person who stood in loco parentis
- 16 when the employee was a minor child.
- 17 (iii) A person to whom the employee is legally married under the
- 18 laws of this state.
- (iv) A grandparent or spouse or domestic partner of a
- 20 grandparent.
- (v) A grandchild.
- 22 (vi) A biological, foster, or adopted sibling or spouse or
- 23 domestic partner of a biological, foster, or adopted sibling.
- 24 (vii) Any other individual related by blood or affinity whose
- 25 close association with the employee is the equivalent of a family
- 26 relationship.
- 27 (g) "Retaliatory personnel action" means any of the following:

- 1 (i) Denial of any right quaranteed under this act.
- 2 (ii) A threat, discharge, suspension, demotion, or other
- 3 adverse action against an employee for exercise of a right
- 4 quaranteed under this act.
- 5 (iii) Sanctions against an employee who is a recipient of public
- 6 benefits for exercise of a right guaranteed under this act.
- 7 (iv) Interference with, or punishment for, an employee's
- 8 participation in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or
- 9 hearing under this act.
- 10 (h) "Sexual assault" means any act that constitutes a
- 11 violation of section 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, 520f, or 520g of the
- 12 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.520b, 750.520c, 750.520d,
- 13 750.520e, 750.520f, and 750.520g.
- 14 (i) "Small business" means a private employer that is an
- 15 individual, firm, partnership, institution, corporation, or
- 16 association for which fewer than 10 individuals work for
- 17 compensation during a given week. In determining the number of
- 18 individuals performing work for compensation during a given week,
- 19 all individuals performing work for compensation on a full-time,
- 20 part-time, or temporary basis shall be counted, including
- 21 individuals made available to work through the services of a
- 22 temporary services or staffing agency or similar entity. An
- 23 employer is not a small business if it maintained 10 or more
- 24 employees on the payroll during any 20 or more calendar workweeks
- 25 in either the current or the preceding calendar year.
- 26 Sec. 3. (1) Each employer shall provide paid sick leave
- 27 annually to each of the employer's employees in this state. Paid

- 1 sick leave shall accrue beginning January 1, 2013, at a rate of 1
- 2 hour of paid sick leave for each 30 hours worked. Paid sick leave
- 3 shall accrue in 1-hour increments up to a minimum of 40 hours per
- 4 calendar year for employees of a small business and 72 hours for
- 5 all other employees. However, a small business employer is not
- 6 required to permit an employee to use more than 40 hours, and other
- 7 employers are not required to permit an employee to use more than
- 8 72 hours, of accrued paid sick leave in a single year.
- 9 (2) An employee may use accrued paid sick leave as accrued,
- 10 except that an employer may require an employee hired after January
- 11 1, 2013 to complete 90 days of service before using accrued paid
- 12 sick leave.
- 13 (3) For purposes of paid sick leave accrual under this act, an
- 14 employee who is exempt from overtime requirements under section
- 15 13(a)(1) of the fair labor standards act, 29 USC 213(a)(1), is
- 16 assumed to work 40 hours in each workweek unless the employee's
- 17 normal work week is less than 40 hours, in which case paid sick
- 18 leave accrues based upon that normal workweek.
- 19 (4) An employer is in compliance with this section if the
- 20 employer provides any paid leave, or combination of paid leave,
- 21 that may be used for the same purposes and under the same
- 22 conditions provided in sections 4 and 6 and that is accrued in
- 23 total at a rate equal to or greater than the rate described in
- 24 subsection (1). For the purposes of this subsection, "paid leave"
- 25 includes, but is not limited to, paid vacation, personal days, and
- 26 paid time off.
- 27 (5) An employer shall pay each employee using paid sick leave

- 1 at a pay rate equal to the greater of either the normal hourly wage
- 2 for that employee or the minimum wage established under the minimum
- 3 wage law of 1964, 1964 PA 154, MCL 408.381 to 408.398, but not less
- 4 than the minimum wage rate established in section 4 of the minimum
- 5 wage law of 1964, 1964 PA 154, MCL 408.384. For any employee whose
- 6 hourly wage varies depending on the work performed, the "normal
- 7 hourly wage" means the average hourly wage of the employee in the
- 8 pay period immediately prior to the pay period in which the
- 9 employee used paid sick leave.
- 10 (6) An employer shall not require an employee to search for or
- 11 secure a replacement worker as a condition for using paid sick
- 12 leave.
- Sec. 4. (1) An employer shall permit an employee to use the
- 14 paid sick leave accrued under section 3 for any of the following:
- (a) The employee's illness, injury, or health condition;
- 16 medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of the employee's mental
- 17 illness or physical illness, injury, or health condition; or
- 18 preventative medical care for the employee.
- 19 (b) For the employee's family member's illness, injury, or
- 20 health condition; medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of the
- 21 employee's family member's mental or physical illness, injury, or
- 22 health condition; or preventative medical care for a family member
- 23 of the employee.
- (c) If the employee or the employee's family member is a
- 25 victim of domestic violence or sexual assault, for medical care or
- 26 psychological or other counseling for physical or psychological
- 27 injury or disability; to obtain services from a victim services

- 1 organization; to relocate due to domestic violence or sexual
- 2 assault; or to participate in any civil or criminal proceedings
- 3 related to or resulting from the domestic violence or sexual
- 4 assault.
- 5 (2) If the employee's need to use paid sick leave is
- 6 foreseeable, an employer may require advance notice, not to exceed
- 7 days prior to the date the leave is to begin, of the intention to
- 8 use the leave. If the employee's need for the leave is not
- 9 foreseeable, an employer may require the employee to give notice of
- 10 the intention as soon as practicable.
- 11 (3) For paid sick leave of more than 3 consecutive days, an
- 12 employer may require reasonable documentation that the sick leave
- 13 has been used for a purpose described in subsection (1).
- 14 Documentation signed by a health care professional indicating that
- 15 sick leave is necessary shall be considered reasonable
- 16 documentation. A police report indicating that the employee or the
- 17 employee's family member was a victim of domestic violence or
- 18 sexual assault; a court order; or a signed statement from a victim
- 19 and witness advocate affirming that the employee is involved in
- 20 legal action related to domestic violence or sexual assault shall
- 21 be considered reasonable documentation. An employer shall not
- 22 require that the documentation explain the nature of the illness or
- 23 the details of the violence. If an employer chooses to require
- 24 documentation for sick leave and the employee does not have health
- 25 insurance, the employer is responsible for paying all out-of-pocket
- 26 expenses the employee incurs in obtaining the documentation. If the
- 27 employee does have health insurance, the employer is responsible

- 1 for paying any costs charged to the employee by the health care
- 2 provider for providing the specific documentation required by the
- 3 employer.
- 4 (4) An employer shall not require disclosure of details
- 5 relating to domestic violence or sexual assault or the details of
- 6 an employee's or an employee's family member's medical condition as
- 7 a condition of providing paid sick leave under this act. If an
- 8 employer possesses health information or information pertaining to
- 9 domestic violence or sexual assault about an employee or employee's
- 10 family member, that information shall be treated as confidential
- 11 and shall not be disclosed except to the affected employee or with
- 12 the permission of the affected employee.
- 13 (5) Nothing in sections 3 to 6 requires an employer to provide
- 14 paid sick leave for any purposes other than as described in this
- 15 section.
- Sec. 5. (1) If an employee is transferred to a separate
- 17 division, entity, or location, but remains employed by the same
- 18 employer, the employee shall retain all paid sick leave that was
- 19 accrued at the prior division, entity, or location and may use all
- 20 accrued paid sick leave as provided in section 4. If an employee
- 21 separates from employment and is rehired by the same employer
- 22 within 6 months of the separation, the employer shall reinstate
- 23 previously accrued paid sick leave that has not been used and the
- 24 reinstated employee shall be entitled to use accrued paid sick
- 25 leave and accrue additional paid sick leave upon reinstatement.
- 26 (2) Nothing in this section or section 4 shall be construed to
- 27 require an employer to provide financial or other reimbursement to

- 1 an employee for accrued paid sick leave that has not been used upon
- 2 the employee's termination, resignation, retirement, or other
- 3 separation from employment.
- 4 Sec. 6. (1) An employer or any other person shall not
- 5 interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of, or the attempt
- 6 to exercise, any right protected under this act.
- 7 (2) An employer shall not take retaliatory personnel action or
- 8 discriminate against an employee because the employee has exercised
- 9 a right protected under this act. Rights protected by this act
- 10 include, but are not limited to, the right to use paid sick leave
- 11 pursuant to this act, the right to file a complaint or inform any
- 12 person about any employer's alleged violation of this act, the
- 13 right to cooperate with the department in its investigations of
- 14 alleged violations of this act, and the right to inform any person
- 15 of his or her rights under this act.
- 16 (3) An employer's absence control policy shall not treat paid
- 17 sick leave taken under this act as an absence that may lead to or
- 18 result in discipline, discharge, demotion, suspension, or any other
- 19 adverse action.
- 20 (4) The protections in this section apply to any person who
- 21 mistakenly but in good faith alleges a violation of this section.
- 22 (5) There is a rebuttable presumption of a violation of this
- 23 section if an employer takes retaliatory personnel action against a
- 24 person within 90 days after that person does any of the following:
- 25 (a) Files a complaint with the department or a court alleging
- 26 a violation of this section.
- (b) Informs any person about an employer's alleged violation

- 1 of this section.
- 2 (c) Cooperates with the department or another person in the
- 3 investigation or prosecution of any alleged violation of this
- 4 section.
- 5 (d) Opposes any policy, practice, or act that is prohibited
- 6 under this section.
- 7 (e) Informs any person of his or her rights under this
- 8 section.
- 9 Sec. 7. (1) If an employer violates this act, the employee
- 10 affected by the violation, at any time within 3 years after the
- 11 violation, may do any of the following:
- 12 (a) Bring a civil action for appropriate relief, including
- 13 payment for used sick leave; rehiring or reinstatement to the
- 14 employee's previous job; payment of back wages; reestablishment of
- 15 employee benefits to which the employee otherwise would have been
- 16 eligible if the employee had not been subjected to retaliatory
- 17 personnel action or discriminated against; and an equal additional
- 18 amount as liquidated damages together with costs and reasonable
- 19 attorney fees as the court allows.
- 20 (b) File a claim with the department, which shall investigate
- 21 the claim.
- 22 (2) If the director determines that there is reasonable cause
- 23 to believe that an employer violated this act and the department is
- 24 subsequently unable to obtain voluntary compliance by the employer
- 25 within a reasonable time, the department shall bring a civil action
- 26 as provided in subsection (1)(a) on behalf of the employee. The
- 27 department may investigate and file a civil action under subsection

- 1 (1)(a) on behalf of all employees of that employer who are
- 2 similarly situated at the same work site and who have not brought a
- 3 civil action under subsection (1)(a). A contract or agreement
- 4 between the employer and the employee or any acceptance by the
- 5 employee of a paid leave policy that provides fewer rights or
- 6 benefits is not a bar to the action.
- 7 (3) In addition to liability for civil remedies described in
- 8 this section, an employer who fails to offer paid sick leave in
- 9 violation of this act is subject to a civil fine of not more than
- **10** \$1,000.00.
- 11 Sec. 8. (1) An employer subject to the provisions of this act
- 12 shall provide notice to each employee at the time of hiring of all
- 13 of the following:
- 14 (a) The amount of sick leave required to be provided to an
- 15 employee under this act.
- 16 (b) The terms under which sick leave may be used.
- 17 (c) That retaliation by the employer against an employee for
- 18 requesting or using sick leave for which the employee is eligible
- 19 is prohibited.
- 20 (d) The employee's right to file a complaint with the
- 21 department for any violation of this section or of sections 3 to 6.
- 22 (2) An employer shall display a poster at the employer's place
- 23 of business, in a conspicuous place that is accessible to
- 24 employees, that contains the information in subsection (1) in both
- 25 English and Spanish.
- 26 (3) The department shall create and make available to
- 27 employers posters that contain the information required under

- 1 subsection (1) for employers' use in complying with this section.
- 2 Posters shall be provided in both English and Spanish
- 3 Sec. 9. The department shall develop and implement a
- 4 multilingual outreach program to inform employees, parents, and
- 5 persons who are under the care of a health care provider about the
- 6 availability of paid sick leave under this act. This program shall
- 7 include distribution of notices and other written materials in
- 8 English and in other languages to all child care and elder care
- 9 providers, domestic violence shelters, schools, hospitals,
- 10 community health centers, and other health care providers.
- 11 Sec. 10. An employer shall retain for 5 years records
- 12 documenting the hours worked and paid sick leave taken by
- 13 employees. To monitor compliance with the requirements of this act,
- 14 an employer shall allow the department access to those records,
- 15 with appropriate notice and at a mutually agreeable time. If a
- 16 question arises as to whether an employer has violated an
- 17 employee's right to paid sick leave under this act and the employer
- 18 does not maintain or retain adequate records documenting the hours
- 19 worked and paid sick leave taken by the employee or does not allow
- 20 the department reasonable access to those records, there is a
- 21 presumption that the employer has violated the act, which can be
- 22 rebutted only by clear and convincing evidence.
- 23 Sec. 11. (1) This act provides minimum requirements pertaining
- 24 to paid sick leave and shall not be construed to preempt, limit, or
- 25 otherwise affect the applicability of any other law, regulation,
- 26 requirement, policy, or standard that provides for greater accrual
- 27 or use of time off, whether paid or unpaid, or that extends other

- 1 protections to employees.
- 2 (2) Nothing in sections 3 to 6 shall be construed to prevent
- 3 an employer from providing more paid sick leave than is required
- 4 under this act, to diminish any rights provided to any employee
- 5 under a collective bargaining agreement, or to preempt or override
- 6 the terms of any collective bargaining agreement in effect prior to
- 7 January 1, 2013.
- 8 (3) Nothing in sections 3 to 6 shall be construed to prohibit
- 9 an employer from establishing a policy that permits an employee to
- 10 donate unused accrued paid sick leave to another employee.
- 11 Sec. 12. The director may promulgate rules in accordance with
- 12 the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201
- 13 to 24.328, as necessary to administer this act.
- 14 Enacting section 1. This act takes effect January 1, 2013.

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