HOUSE BILL NO. 5884

June 23, 2020, Introduced by Reps. Sabo, Rabhi, Gay-Dagnogo, Elder, Tate, Ellison, Wittenberg, Guerra, Pohutsky, Kennedy, Yancey, Lasinski, Brixie, Hood, Hertel, Cherry, Hoadley, LaGrand, Manoogian, Stone, Koleszar, Hammoud, Hope, Sneller, Tyrone Carter, Bolden, Garza, Chirkun, Kuppa, Pagan, Haadsma, Warren, Cambensy, Shannon, Brenda Carter, Clemente, Jones and Anthony and referred to the Committee on Government Operations.

A bill to amend 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1, entitled "Michigan employment security act,"

by amending section 27 (MCL 421.27), as amended by 2016 PA 522.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 27. (a) (1) When a determination, redetermination, or
- 2 decision is made that benefits are due an unemployed individual,
- 3 the benefits become payable from the fund and continue to be
- 4 payable to the unemployed individual, subject to the limitations
- 5 imposed by the individual's monetary entitlement, if the individual
- 6 continues to be unemployed and to file claims for benefits, until





- 1 the determination, redetermination, or decision is reversed, a
- 2 determination, redetermination, or decision on a new issue holding
- 3 the individual disqualified or ineligible is made, or, for benefit
- 4 years beginning before October 1, 2000, a new separation issue
- 5 arises resulting from subsequent work.
- **6** (2) Benefits are payable in person or by mail through
- 7 employment security offices in accordance with rules promulgated by
- 8 the unemployment agency.
- 9 (b) (1) Subject to subsection (f), the weekly benefit rate for
- 10 an individual, with respect to benefit years beginning before
- 11 October 1, 2000, is 67% of the individual's average after tax
- 12 weekly wage, except that the individual's maximum weekly benefit
- 13 rate must not exceed \$300.00. However, with respect to for benefit
- 14 years beginning on or after October 1, 2000, the an individual's
- weekly benefit rate is 4.1% of the individual's wages paid in the
- 16 calendar quarter of the base period in which the individual was
- 17 paid the highest total wages, plus \$6.00 for each dependent as
- 18 defined in subdivision (4), up to a maximum of 5 dependents,
- 19 claimed by the individual at the time the individual files a new
- 20 claim for benefits, except that the individual's maximum weekly
- 21 benefit rate must not exceed \$300.00 before April 26, 2002 and
- 22 \$362.00 for claims filed on and after April 26, 2002. The weekly
- 23 benefit rate for an individual claiming benefits on and after April
- 24 26, 2002 must be recalculated subject to the \$362.00 maximum weekly
- 25 benefit rate. For benefit years beginning on or after June 1, 2020,
- 26 an individual's weekly benefit rate is 6.1% of the individual's
- 27 wages paid in the calendar quarter of the base period in which the
- 28 individual was paid the highest total wages, except that the
- 29 individual's maximum weekly benefit rate must not exceed \$542.00.



- 1 Notwithstanding the \$542.00 maximum, an individual shall receive
- 2 \$20.00 per week for each dependent, up to a maximum of 6
- 3 dependents, claimed by the individual at the time the individual
- 4 files a new claim for benefits. The unemployment agency shall
- 5 establish the procedures necessary to verify the number of
- 6 dependents claimed. If a person fraudulently claims a dependent,
- 7 that person is subject to the penalties set forth in sections 54
- 8 and 54c. For benefit years beginning on or after October 2, 1983,
- 9 the weekly benefit rate must be adjusted to the next lower multiple
- **10** of \$1.00.
- 11 (2) For benefit years beginning before October 1, 2000, the
- 12 state average weekly wage for a calendar year is computed on the
- 13 basis of the 12 months ending the June 30 immediately before that
- 14 calendar year.
- 15 (3) For benefit years beginning before October 1, 2000, a
- 16 dependent means any of the following persons who are receiving and
- 17 for at least 90 consecutive days immediately before the week for
- 18 which benefits are claimed, or, in the case of a dependent husband,
- 19 wife, or child, for the duration of the marital or parental
- 20 relationship, if the relationship has existed less than 90 days,
- 21 has received more than 1/2 the cost of his or her support from the
- 22 individual claiming benefits:
- 23 (a) A child, including stepchild, adopted child, or grandchild
- 24 of the individual who is under 18 years of age, or 18 years of age
- 25 or over if, because of physical or mental infirmity, the child is
- 26 unable to engage in a gainful occupation, or is a full-time student
- 27 as defined by the particular educational institution, at a high
- 28 school, vocational school, community or junior college, or college
- 29 or university and has not attained the age of 22.



- 1 (b) The husband or wife of the individual.
- (c) The legal father or mother of the individual if that
 parent is either more than 65 years of age or is permanently
 disabled from engaging in a gainful occupation.
- (d) A brother or sister of the individual if the brother or sister is orphaned or the living parents are dependent parents of an individual, and the brother or sister is under 18 years of age, or 18 years of age or over if, because of physical or mental infirmity, the brother or sister is unable to engage in a gainful occupation, or is a full-time student as defined by the particular educational institution, at a high school, vocational school, community or junior college, or college or university and is less than 22 years of age.
 - (4) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000, a dependent means any of the following persons who received for at least 90 consecutive days immediately before the first week of the benefit year or, in the case of a dependent husband, wife, or child, for the duration of the marital or parental relationship if the relationship existed less than 90 days before the beginning of the benefit year, has received more than 1/2 the cost of his or her support from the individual claiming the benefits:
 - (a) A child, including stepchild, adopted child, or grandchild of the individual who is under 18 years of age, or 18 years of age and over if, because of physical or mental infirmity, the child is unable to engage in a gainful occupation, or is a full-time student as defined by the particular educational institution, at a high school, vocational school, community or junior college, or college or university and has not attained the age of 22.
 - (b) The husband or wife of the individual.



- (c) The legal father or mother of the individual if that
 parent is either more than 65 years of age or is permanently
 disabled from engaging in a gainful occupation.
- (d) A brother or sister of the individual if the brother or 4 5 sister is orphaned or the living parents are dependent parents of 6 an individual, and the brother or sister is under 18 years of age, 7 or 18 years of age and over if, because of physical or mental 8 infirmity, the brother or sister is unable to engage in a gainful 9 occupation, or is a full-time student as defined by the particular 10 educational institution, at a high school, vocational school, 11 community or junior college, or college or university and is less than 22 years of age. 12
- 13 (5) The number of dependents established for an individual at
 14 the beginning of the benefit year shall remain in effect during the
 15 entire benefit year.
- 16 (6) Dependency status of a dependent, child or otherwise, once
 17 established or fixed in favor of a person is not transferable to or
 18 usable by another person with respect to the same week.
 - Failure on the part of an individual, due to misinformation or lack of information, to furnish all information material for determination of the number of the individual's dependents is good cause to issue a redetermination as to the amount of benefits based on the number of the individual's dependents as of the beginning of the benefit year.
 - (c) Subject to subsection (f), all of the following apply to eligible individuals:
- (1) Each eligible individual must be paid a weekly benefit
 rate with respect to the week for which the individual earns or
 receives no remuneration. Notwithstanding the definition of week in



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- 1 section 50, if within 2 consecutive weeks in which an individual
- 2 was not unemployed within the meaning of section 48 there was a
- 3 period of 7 or more consecutive days for which the individual did
- 4 not earn or receive remuneration, that period is considered a week
- 5 for benefit purposes under this act if a claim for benefits for
- 6 that period is filed not later than 30 days after the end of the
- 7 period.
- 8 (2) The weekly benefit rate is reduced with respect to each
- 9 week in which the eligible individual earns or receives
- 10 remuneration at the rate of 40 cents for each whole \$1.00 of
- 11 remuneration earned or received during that week. Beginning October
- 12 1, 2015, an eligible individual's weekly benefit rate is reduced at
- 13 the rate of 50 cents for each whole \$1.00 of remuneration in which
- 14 the eligible individual earns or receives remuneration in that
- 15 benefit week. The weekly benefit rate is not reduced under this
- 16 subdivision for remuneration received for on-call or training
- 17 services as a volunteer firefighter, if the volunteer firefighter
- 18 receives less than \$10,000.00 in a calendar year for services as a
- 19 volunteer firefighter.
- 20 (3) An individual who receives or earns partial remuneration
- 21 may not receive a total of benefits and earnings that exceeds 1-3/5
- 22 times his or her weekly benefit amount. For each dollar of total
- 23 benefits and earnings that exceeds 1-3/5 times the individual's
- 24 weekly benefit amount, benefits are reduced by \$1.00. Beginning
- 25 October 1, 2015, the total benefits and earnings for an individual
- 26 who receives or earns partial remuneration may not exceed 1-1/2
- 27 times his or her weekly benefit amount. The individual's benefits
- 28 are reduced by \$1.00 for each dollar by which the total benefits
- 29 and earnings exceed 1-1/2 times the individual's weekly benefit



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- 2 (4) If the reduction in a claimant's benefit rate for a week 3 in accordance with subdivision (2) or (3) results in a benefit rate 4 greater than zero for that week, the claimant's balance of weeks of 5 benefit payments is reduced by 1 week.
 - (5) All remuneration for work performed during a shift that terminates on 1 day but that began on the preceding day is considered to have been earned by the eligible individual on the preceding day.
- 10 (6) The unemployment agency shall report annually to the 11 legislature the following information with regard to subdivisions 12 (2) and (3):
 - (a) The number of individuals whose weekly benefit rate was reduced at the rate of 40 or 50 cents for each whole \$1.00 of remuneration earned or received over the immediately preceding calendar year.
 - (b) The number of individuals who received or earned partial remuneration at or exceeding the applicable limit of 1-1/2 or 1-3/5 times their weekly benefit amount prescribed in subdivision (3) for any 1 or more weeks during the immediately preceding calendar year.
 - (7) The unemployment agency shall not use prorated quarterly wages to establish a reduction in benefits under this subsection.
 - (d) Subject to subsection (f) and this subsection, the maximum benefit amount payable to an individual in a benefit year for purposes of this section and section 20(d) is the number of weeks of benefits payable to an individual during the benefit year, multiplied by the individual's weekly benefit rate. The number of weeks of benefits payable to an individual shall be calculated by taking 43% of the individual's base period wages and dividing the



- 1 result by the individual's weekly benefit rate. If the quotient is
- 2 not a whole or half number, the result is rounded down to the
- 3 nearest half number. However, for each eligible individual filing
- 4 an initial claim before January 15, 2012, not more than 26 weeks of
- 5 benefits or less than 14 weeks of benefits are payable to an
- 6 individual in a benefit year. For each eligible individual filing
- 7 an initial claim on or after January 15, 2012, not more than 20
- 8 weeks of benefits or less than 14 weeks of benefits are payable to
- 9 an individual in a benefit year. The limitation of total benefits
- 10 set forth in this subsection does not apply to claimants declared
- ${f 11}$ eligible for training benefits in accordance with subsection (g).
- 12 (e) When a claimant dies or is judicially declared insane or
- 13 mentally incompetent, unemployment compensation benefits accrued
- 14 and payable to that person for weeks of unemployment before death,
- 15 insanity, or incompetency, but not paid, become due and payable to
- 16 the person who is the legal heir or quardian of the claimant or to
- 17 any other person found by the commission unemployment agency to be
- 18 equitably entitled to the benefits by reason of having incurred
- 19 expense in behalf of the claimant for the claimant's burial or
- 20 other necessary expenses.
- 21 (f) (1) For benefit years beginning before October 1, 2000, and
- 22 notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of this act, the weekly
- 23 benefit rate of each individual who is receiving or will receive a
- 24 "retirement benefit", as defined in subdivision (4), is adjusted as
- 25 provided in subparagraphs (a), (b), and (c). However, an
- 26 individual's extended benefit account and an individual's weekly
- 27 extended benefit rate under section 64 is established without
- 28 reduction under this subsection unless subdivision (5) is in
- 29 effect. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, all other



provisions of this act continue to apply in connection with the
provisions of those retired persons.

- (a) If and to the extent that unemployment benefits payable under this act would be chargeable to an employer who has contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit yielding a pro rata weekly amount equal to or larger than the claimant's weekly benefit rate as otherwise established under this act, the claimant must not receive unemployment benefits that would be chargeable to the employer under this act.
- (b) If and to the extent that unemployment benefits payable under this act would be chargeable to an employer who has contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit yielding a pro rata weekly amount less than the claimant's weekly benefit rate as otherwise established under this act, then the weekly benefit rate otherwise payable to the claimant and chargeable to the employer under this act is reduced by an amount equal to the pro rata weekly amount, adjusted to the next lower multiple of \$1.00, which the claimant is receiving or will receive as a retirement benefit.
 - (c) If the unemployment benefit payable under this act would be chargeable to an employer who has not contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit, then the weekly benefit rate of the claimant as otherwise established under this act is not reduced due to receipt of a retirement benefit.
 - (d) If the unemployment benefit payable under this act is computed on the basis of multiemployer credit weeks and a portion



- 1 of the benefit is allocable under section 20(e) to an employer who
- 2 has contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which
- 3 the claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit, the
- 4 adjustments required by subparagraph (a) or (b) apply only to that
- 5 portion of the weekly benefit rate that would otherwise be
- 6 allocable and chargeable to the employer.
- 7 (2) If an individual's weekly benefit rate under this act was
- 8 established before the period for which the individual first
- 9 receives a retirement benefit, any benefits received after a
- 10 retirement benefit becomes payable must be determined in accordance
- 11 with the formula stated in this subsection.
- 12 (3) When necessary to assure prompt payment of benefits, the
- 13 commission unemployment agency shall determine the pro rata weekly
- 14 amount yielded by an individual's retirement benefit based on the
- 15 best information currently available to it. In the absence of
- 16 fraud, a determination must not be reconsidered unless it is
- 17 established that the individual's actual retirement benefit in fact
- 18 differs from the amount determined by \$2.00 or more per week. The
- 19 reconsideration applies only to benefits that may be claimed after
- 20 the information on which the reconsideration is based was received
- 21 by the commission.unemployment agency.
- 22 (4)(a) As used in this subsection, "retirement benefit" means
- 23 a benefit, annuity, or pension of any type or that part thereof
- 24 that is described in subparagraph (b) that is both:
- 25 (i) Provided as an incident of employment under an established
- 26 retirement plan, policy, or agreement, including federal social
- 27 security Social Security if subdivision (5) is in effect.
- (ii) Payable to an individual because the individual has
- 29 qualified on the basis of attained age, length of service, or



- 1 disability, whether or not the individual retired or was retired
- 2 from employment. Amounts paid to individuals in the course of
- 3 liquidation of a private pension or retirement fund because of
- 4 termination of the business or of a plant or department of the
- 5 business of the employer involved are not retirement benefits.
- **6** (b) If a benefit as described in subparagraph (a) is payable
- 7 or paid to the individual under a plan to which the individual has
- 8 contributed:
- 9 (i) Less than 1/2 of the cost of the benefit, then only 1/2 of
- 10 the benefit is treated as a retirement benefit.
- 11 (ii) One-half or more of the cost of the benefit, then none of
- 12 the benefit is treated as a retirement benefit.
- 13 (c) The burden of establishing the extent of an individual's
- 14 contribution to the cost of his or her retirement benefit for the
- 15 purpose of subparagraph (b) is upon the employer who has
- 16 contributed to the plan under which a benefit is provided.
- 17 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection,
- 18 for any week that begins after March 31, 1980, and with respect to
- 19 which an individual is receiving a governmental or other pension
- 20 and claiming unemployment compensation, the weekly benefit amount
- 21 payable to the individual for those weeks is reduced, but not below
- 22 zero, by the entire prorated weekly amount of any governmental or
- 23 other pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or any other
- 24 similar payment that is based on any previous work of the
- 25 individual. This reduction is made only if it is required as a
- 26 condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the
- 27 federal unemployment tax act, 26 USC 3301 to 3311.
- 28 (6) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000,
- 29 notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of this act, the weekly



- 1 benefit rate of each individual who is receiving or will receive a
- 2 retirement benefit, as defined in subdivision (4), is adjusted as
- 3 provided in subparagraphs (a), (b), and (c). However, an
- 4 individual's extended benefit account and an individual's weekly
- 5 extended benefit rate under section 64 is established without
- 6 reduction under this subsection, unless subdivision (5) is in
- 7 effect. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, all the
- 8 other provisions of this act apply to the benefit claims of those
- 9 retired persons. However, if the reduction would impair the full
- 10 tax credit against the tax imposed by the federal unemployment tax
- 11 act, 26 USC 3301 to 3311, unemployment benefits are not reduced as
- 12 provided in subparagraphs (a), (b), and (c) for receipt of any
- 13 governmental or other pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity,
- 14 or other similar payment that was not includable in the gross
- 15 income of the individual for the taxable year in which it was
- 16 received because it was a part of a rollover distribution.
- 17 (a) If any base period or chargeable employer has contributed
- 18 to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is
- 19 receiving or will receive a retirement benefit yielding a pro rata
- 20 weekly amount equal to or larger than the claimant's weekly benefit
- 21 rate as otherwise established under this act, the claimant is not
- 22 eligible to receive unemployment benefits.
- 23 (b) If any base period employer or chargeable employer has
- 24 contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which the
- 25 claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit yielding
- 26 a pro rata weekly amount less than the claimant's weekly benefit
- 27 rate as otherwise established under this act, then the weekly
- 28 benefit rate otherwise payable to the claimant is reduced by an
- 29 amount equal to the pro rata weekly amount, adjusted to the next



- 1 lower multiple of \$1.00, which the claimant is receiving or will
 2 receive as a retirement benefit.
- 3 (c) If no base period or separating employer has contributed
 4 to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is
 5 receiving or will receive a retirement benefit, then the weekly
 6 benefit rate of the claimant as otherwise established under this
 7 act shall not be reduced due to receipt of a retirement benefit.
- 8 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, an individual pursuing vocational training or retraining pursuant to 9 10 section 28(2) who has exhausted all benefits available under 11 subsection (d) may be paid for each week of approved vocational training pursued beyond the date of exhaustion a benefit amount in 12 accordance with subsection (c), but not in excess of the 13 14 individual's most recent weekly benefit rate. However, an 15 individual must not be paid training benefits totaling more than 18 times the individual's most recent weekly benefit rate. The 16 expiration or termination of a benefit year does not stop or 17 18 interrupt payment of training benefits if the training for which 19 the benefits were granted began before expiration or termination of 20 the benefit year.
 - (h) A payment of accrued unemployment benefits is not payable to an eligible individual or in behalf of that individual as provided in subsection (e) more than 6 years after the ending date of the benefit year covering the payment or 2 calendar years after the calendar year in which there is final disposition of a contested case, whichever is later.
- (i) Benefits based on service in employment described in
 section 42(8), (9), and (10) are payable in the same amount, on the
 same terms, and subject to the same conditions as compensation



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payable on the basis of other service subject to this act, except
that:

- (1) With respect to service performed in an instructional, 3 research, or principal administrative capacity for an institution 4 5 of higher education as defined in section 53(2), or for an 6 educational institution other than an institution of higher 7 education as defined in section 53(3), benefits are not payable to 8 an individual based on those services for any week of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1977 that commences during the period 9 10 between 2 successive academic years or during a similar period 11 between 2 regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's 12 13 contract, to an individual if the individual performs the service 14 in the first of the academic years or terms and if there is a 15 contract or a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform service in an instructional, research, or principal administrative 16 capacity for an institution of higher education or an educational 17 18 institution other than an institution of higher education in the 19 second of the academic years or terms, whether or not the terms are 20 successive.
 - (2) With respect to service performed in other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an institution of higher education as defined in section 53(2) or for an educational institution other than an institution of higher education as defined in section 53(3), benefits are not payable based on those services for any week of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1977 that commences during the period between 2 successive academic years or terms to any individual if that individual performs the service in the first of the academic years



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- or terms and if there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the service for an institution of higher education or an educational institution other than an institution of higher education in the second of the academic years or terms.
- (3) With respect to any service described in subdivision (1) or (2), benefits are not payable to an individual based upon service for any week of unemployment that commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if the individual performs the service in the period immediately before the vacation period or holiday recess and there is a contract or reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the service in the period immediately following the vacation period or holiday recess.
 - (4) If benefits are denied to an individual for any week solely as a result of subdivision (2) and the individual was not offered an opportunity to perform in the second academic year or term the service for which reasonable assurance had been given, the individual is entitled to a retroactive payment of benefits for each week for which the individual had previously filed a timely claim for benefits. An individual entitled to benefits under this subdivision may apply for those benefits by mail in accordance with R 421.210 of the Michigan Administrative Code as promulgated by the commission.unemployment agency.
 - (5) Benefits based upon services in other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an institution of higher education are not denied for any week of unemployment commencing during the period between 2 successive academic years or terms solely because the individual had performed the service in the first of the academic years or terms and there



- 1 is reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the
- 2 service for an institution of higher education or an educational
- 3 institution other than an institution of higher education in the
- 4 second of the academic years or terms, unless a denial is required
- 5 as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the
- 6 federal unemployment tax act, 26 USC 3301 to 3311.
- 7 (6) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, and
- 8 notwithstanding subdivisions (1), (2), and (3), the denial of
- 9 benefits does not prevent an individual from completing
- 10 requalifying weeks in accordance with section 29(3) nor does the
- 11 denial prevent an individual from receiving benefits based on
- 12 service with an employer other than an educational institution for
- 13 any week of unemployment occurring between academic years or terms,
- 14 whether or not successive, or during an established and customary
- 15 vacation period or holiday recess, even though the employer is not
- 16 the most recent chargeable employer in the individual's base
- 17 period. However, in that case section 20(b) applies to the sequence
- 18 of benefit charging, except for the employment with the educational
- 19 institution, and section 50(b) applies to the calculation of credit
- 20 weeks. When a denial of benefits under subdivision (1) no longer
- 21 applies, benefits are charged in accordance with the normal
- 22 sequence of charging as provided in section 20(b).
- 23 (7) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000,
- 24 and notwithstanding subdivisions (1), (2), and (3), the denial of
- 25 benefits does not prevent an individual from completing
- 26 regualifying weeks in accordance with section 29(3) and does not
- 27 prevent an individual from receiving benefits based on service with
- 28 another base period employer other than an educational institution
- 29 for any week of unemployment occurring between academic years or



- 1 terms, whether or not successive, or during an established and
- 2 customary vacation period or holiday recess. However, if benefits
- 3 are paid based on service with 1 or more base period employers
- 4 other than an educational institution, the individual's weekly
- 5 benefit rate is calculated in accordance with subsection (b) (1) but
- 6 during the denial period the individual's weekly benefit payment is
- 7 reduced by the portion of the payment attributable to base period
- 8 wages paid by an educational institution and the account or
- 9 experience account of the educational institution is not charged
- 10 for benefits payable to the individual. When a denial of benefits
- 11 under subdivision (1) is no longer applicable, benefits are paid
- 12 and charged on the basis of base period wages with each of the base
- 13 period employers including the educational institution.
- 14 (8) For the purposes of this subsection, "academic year" means
- 15 that period, as defined by the educational institution, when
- 16 classes are in session for that length of time required for
- 17 students to receive sufficient instruction or earn sufficient
- 18 credit to complete academic requirements for a particular grade
- 19 level or to complete instruction in a noncredit course.
- 20 (9) In accordance with subdivisions (1), (2), and (3),
- 21 benefits for any week of unemployment are denied to an individual
- 22 who performed services described in subdivision (1), (2), or (3) in
- 23 an educational institution while in the employ of an educational
- 24 service agency. For the purpose of this subdivision, "educational
- 25 service agency" means a governmental agency or governmental entity
- 26 that is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of
- 27 providing the services to 1 or more educational institutions.
- 28 (j) Benefits are not payable to an individual on the basis of
- 29 any base period services, substantially all of which consist of



- 1 participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing
- 2 to participate, for a week that commences during the period between
- 3 2 successive sport seasons or similar periods if the individual
- 4 performed the services in the first of the seasons or similar
- 5 periods and there is a reasonable assurance that the individual
- 6 will perform the services in the later of the seasons or similar
- 7 periods.
- **8** (k) (1) Benefits are not payable on the basis of services
- 9 performed by an alien unless the alien is an individual who was
- 10 lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time the services
- 11 were performed, was lawfully present for the purpose of performing
- 12 the services, or was permanently residing in the United States
- 13 under color of law at the time the services were performed,
- 14 including an alien who was lawfully present in the United States
- 15 under section 212(d)(5) of the immigration and nationality act, 8
- **16** USC 1182.
- 17 (2) Any data or information required of individuals applying
- 18 for benefits to determine whether benefits are payable because of
- 19 their alien status are uniformly required from all applicants for
- 20 benefits.
- 21 (3) If an individual's application for benefits would
- 22 otherwise be approved, a determination that benefits to that
- 23 individual are not payable because of the individual's alien status
- 24 must not be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence.
- 25 (m) (1) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment
- 26 compensation under this act, at the time of filing the claim, shall
- 27 disclose whether the individual owes child support obligations as
- 28 defined in this subsection. If an individual discloses that he or
- 29 she owes child support obligations and is determined to be eligible



- 1 for unemployment compensation, the unemployment agency shall notify
- 2 the state or local child support enforcement agency enforcing the
- 3 obligation that the individual has been determined to be eligible
- 4 for unemployment compensation.
- 5 (2) Notwithstanding section 30, the unemployment agency shall
- 6 deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation payable to
- 7 an individual who owes child support obligations by using whichever
- 8 of the following methods results in the greatest amount:
- 9 (a) The amount, if any, specified by the individual to be
- 10 deducted and withheld under this subdivision.
- 11 (b) The amount, if any, determined pursuant to an agreement
- 12 submitted to the commission unemployment agency under 42 USC
- 13 654(19)(B)(i), by the state or local child support enforcement
- 14 agency.
- 15 (c) Any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld
- 16 from unemployment compensation by legal process, as that term is
- defined in 42 USC 659(i)(5), properly served upon the
- 18 commission.unemployment agency.
- 19 (3) The amount of unemployment compensation subject to
- 20 deduction under subdivision (2) is that portion that remains
- 21 payable to the individual after application of the recoupment
- 22 provisions of section 62(a) and the reduction provisions of
- 23 subsections (c) and (f).
- 24 (4) The unemployment agency shall pay any amount deducted and
- 25 withheld under subdivision (2) to the appropriate state or local
- 26 child support enforcement agency.
- 27 (5) Any amount deducted and withheld under subdivision (2) is
- 28 treated for all purposes as if it were paid to the individual as
- 29 unemployment compensation and paid by the individual to the state



- or local child support enforcement agency in satisfaction of theindividual's child support obligations.
- 3 (6) Provisions concerning deductions under this subsection4 apply only if the state or local child support enforcement agency
- 5 agrees in writing to reimburse and does reimburse the unemployment
- 6 agency for the administrative costs incurred by the unemployment
- 7 agency under this subsection that are attributable to child support
- 8 obligations being enforced by the state or local child support
- 9 enforcement agency. The administrative costs incurred are
- 10 determined by the unemployment agency. The unemployment agency, in
- 11 its discretion, may require payment of administrative costs in
- 12 advance.
- 13 (7) As used in this subsection:
- 14 (a) "Unemployment compensation", for purposes of subdivisions
- 15 (1) to (5), means any compensation payable under this act,
- 16 including amounts payable by the unemployment agency pursuant to an
- 17 agreement under any federal law providing for compensation,
- 18 assistance, or allowances with respect to unemployment.
- 19 (b) "Child support obligations" includes only obligations that
- 20 are being enforced pursuant to a plan described in 42 USC 654 that
- 21 has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services
- 22 under 42 USC 651 to 669b.
- (c) "State or local child support enforcement agency" means
- 24 any agency of this state or a political subdivision of this state
- 25 operating pursuant to a plan described in subparagraph (b).
- 26 (n) Subsection (i)(2) applies to services performed by school
- 27 bus drivers employed by a private contributing employer holding a
- 28 contractual relationship with an educational institution, but only
- 29 if at least 75% of the individual's base period wages with that



employer are attributable to services performed as a school bus 1 driver. Subsection (i)(1) and (2) but not subsection (i)(3) applies 2 to other services described in those subdivisions that are 3 performed by any employees under an employer's contract with an 4 5 educational institution or an educational service agency. 6 (o)(1) For weeks of unemployment beginning after July 1, 1996, 7 unemployment benefits based on services by a seasonal worker 8 performed in seasonal employment are payable only for weeks of 9 unemployment that occur during the normal seasonal work period. 10 Benefits are not payable based on services performed in seasonal 11 employment for any week of unemployment beginning after March 28, 12 1996 that begins during the period between 2 successive normal seasonal work periods to any individual if that individual performs 13 14 the service in the first of the normal seasonal work periods and if 15 there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform 16 the service for a seasonal employer in the second of the normal seasonal work periods. If benefits are denied to an individual for 17 18 any week solely as a result of this subsection and the individual 19 is not offered an opportunity to perform in the second normal 20 seasonal work period for which reasonable assurance of employment had been given, the individual is entitled to a retroactive payment 21 of benefits under this subsection for each week that the individual 22 23 previously filed a timely claim for benefits. An individual may 24 apply for any retroactive benefits under this subsection in 25 accordance with R 421.210 of the Michigan Administrative Code. 26 (2) Not less than 20 days before the estimated beginning date 27 of a normal seasonal work period, an employer may apply to the commission unemployment agency in writing for designation as a 28 29 seasonal employer. At the time of application, the employer shall



- 1 conspicuously display a copy of the application on the employer's
- 2 premises. Within 90 days after receipt of the application, the
- 3 commission—unemployment agency shall determine if the employer is a
- 4 seasonal employer. A determination or redetermination of the
- 5 commission unemployment agency concerning the status of an employer
- 6 as a seasonal employer, or a decision of an administrative law
- 7 judge, the Michigan compensation appellate commission, unemployment
- 8 agency, or the courts of this state concerning the status of an
- 9 employer as a seasonal employer, which has become final, together
- 10 with the record thereof, may be introduced in any proceeding
- 11 involving a claim for benefits, and the facts found and decision
- 12 issued in the determination, redetermination, or decision is
- 13 conclusive unless substantial evidence to the contrary is
- 14 introduced by or on behalf of the claimant.
- 15 (3) If the employer is determined to be a seasonal employer,
- 16 the employer shall conspicuously display on its premises a notice
- 17 of the determination and the beginning and ending dates of the
- 18 employer's normal seasonal work periods. The commission
- 19 unemployment agency shall furnish the notice. The notice must
- 20 additionally specify that an employee must timely apply for
- 21 unemployment benefits at the end of a first seasonal work period to
- 22 preserve his or her right to receive retroactive unemployment
- 23 benefits if he or she is not reemployed by the seasonal employer in
- 24 the second of the normal seasonal work periods.
- 25 (4) The commission—unemployment agency may issue a
- 26 determination terminating an employer's status as a seasonal
- 27 employer on the commission's unemployment agency's own motion for
- 28 good cause, or upon the written request of the employer. A
- 29 termination determination under this subdivision terminates an



- 1 employer's status as a seasonal employer, and becomes effective on
- 2 the beginning date of the normal seasonal work period that would
- 3 have immediately followed the date the commission unemployment
- 4 agency issues the determination. A determination under this
- 5 subdivision is subject to review in the same manner and to the same
- 6 extent as any other determination under this act.
- 7 (5) An employer whose status as a seasonal employer is
- 8 terminated under subdivision (4) may not reapply for a seasonal
- 9 employer status determination until after a regularly recurring
- 10 normal seasonal work period has begun and ended.
- 11 (6) If a seasonal employer informs an employee who received
- 12 assurance of being rehired that, despite the assurance, the
- 13 employee will not be rehired at the beginning of the employer's
- 14 next normal seasonal work period, this subsection does not prevent
- 15 the employee from receiving unemployment benefits in the same
- 16 manner and to the same extent he or she would receive benefits
- 17 under this act from an employer who has not been determined to be a
- 18 seasonal employer.
- 19 (7) A successor of a seasonal employer is considered to be a
- 20 seasonal employer unless the successor provides the commission,
- 21 unemployment agency, within 120 days after the transfer, with a
- 22 written request for termination of its status as a seasonal
- 23 employer in accordance with subdivision (4).
- 24 (8) At the time an employee is hired by a seasonal employer,
- 25 the employer shall notify the employee in writing if the employee
- 26 will be a seasonal worker. The employer shall provide the worker
- 27 with written notice of any subsequent change in the employee's
- 28 status as a seasonal worker. If an employee of a seasonal employer
- 29 is denied benefits because that employee is a seasonal worker, the



- employee may contest that designation in accordance with section32a.
- **3** (9) As used in this subsection:
- 4 (a) "Construction industry" means the work activity designated5 in sector group 23 construction of the North American
- 6 classification system Classification System United States Office
 7 of Management and Budget, 1997 edition.
- 8 (b) "Normal seasonal work period" means that period or those
 9 periods of time determined under rules promulgated by the
 10 unemployment agency during which an individual is employed in
 11 seasonal employment.
- 12 (c) "Seasonal employment" means the employment of 1 or more
 13 individuals primarily hired to perform services during regularly
 14 recurring periods of 26 weeks or less in any 52-week period other
 15 than services in the construction industry.
- 16 (d) "Seasonal employer" means an employer, other than an 17 employer in the construction industry, who applies to the 18 unemployment agency for designation as a seasonal employer and who 19 the unemployment agency determines is an employer whose operations 20 and business require employees engaged in seasonal employment. A 21 seasonal employer designation under this act need not correspond to a category assigned under the North American classification system 22 23 Classification System - United States Office of Management and 24 Budget.
- (e) "Seasonal worker" means a worker who has been paid wagesby a seasonal employer for work performed only during the normalseasonal work period.
- (10) This subsection does not apply if the United StatesDepartment of Labor finds it to be contrary to the federal



- 1 unemployment tax act, 26 USC 3301 to 3311, or the social security
- 2 act, chapter 531, 49 Stat 620, and if conformity with the federal
- 3 law is required as a condition for full tax credit against the tax
- 4 imposed under the federal unemployment tax act, 26 USC 3301 to
- 5 3311, or as a condition for receipt by the commission unemployment
- 6 agency of federal administrative grant funds under the social
- 7 security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat 620.
- 8 (p) Benefits are not payable to an individual based upon his
- 9 or her services as a school crossing guard for any week of
- 10 unemployment that begins between 2 successive academic years or
- 11 terms, if that individual performs the services of a school
- 12 crossing guard in the first of the academic years or terms and has
- 13 a reasonable assurance that he or she will perform those services
- 14 in the second of the academic years or terms.