## HOUSE RESOLUTION NO.221

Reps. Anthony, Cynthia Johnson, Brabec, Hood, Rogers, Brixie, Scott, Breen, Hope, Peterson, Steckloff, Garza and Tyrone Carter offered the following resolution:

- A resolution to declare youth violence in Michigan a public
  health epidemic.
- 3 Whereas, Youth violence is defined by the Centers for Disease
- 4 Control and Prevention (CDC) as the intentional use of physical
- 5 force or power by young people ages 10 to 24 to threaten or harm
- 6 others, generally within the same age or peer group. Youth violence
- 7 negatively impacts all types of communities, though the extent and
- 8 types of youth violence vary; and
- 9 Whereas, Evidence shows that youth violence is relatively
- 10 common in the United States. According to the CDC, nearly 1 in 5
- 11 high school students reported being bullied on school property in

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- 1 the last year, and about 1 in 7 were bullied electronically.
- 2 Homicide remains the third leading cause of death for people ages
- 3 10 to 24. Nationally each day, about 13 young people are victims of
- 4 homicide and about 1,100 are treated in emergency departments for
- 5 nonfatal assault-related injuries; and
- 6 Whereas, Youth violence impacts communities across the state
- 7 of Michigan. According to the National Center for Education
- 8 Statistics, 22 percent of public school students in grades 9
- 9 through 12 in Michigan reported having been bullied on school
- 10 property or electronically in 2017, while 24 percent reported
- 11 having been in at least one physical fight. In addition, some law
- 12 enforcement agencies in Michigan have reported an increase in
- 13 violent incidents among youth since the start of the COVID-19
- 14 Pandemic; and
- 15 Whereas, Gun violence in particular has a devastating effect
- 16 on youth in Michigan. According to the organization Every Town for
- 17 Gun Safety, guns are the second leading cause of death among
- 18 children and teens in Michigan. In addition, an average of 89
- 19 children and teens die by guns every year in Michigan, and 52
- 20 percent of these deaths are homicides; and
- 21 Whereas, Youth violence can negatively impact the physical and
- 22 mental health of young people. Youth violence has been shown to
- 23 lead to many long-term negative health and behavioral outcomes
- 24 including higher rates of smoking, substance use, obesity, high-
- 25 risk sexual behavior, depression, academic difficulty, school drop-
- 26 out, and suicide. In addition, those involved in youth violence are
- 27 more likely to become both perpetrators and victims of violence in
- 28 the future; and
- 29 Whereas, The negative effect of youth violence extends to the

- 1 entire community. Violence generally increases healthcare costs,
- 2 decreases property value, and disrupts social services by straining
- 3 community resources. In addition, youth violence can impact the
- 4 perceived and actual safety within a community, which can then
- 5 lessen participation in community events and decrease the viability
- 6 of local businesses; now, therefore, be it
- 7 Resolved by the House of Representatives, That we recognize
- 8 the magnitude of the crisis of youth violence in Michigan and
- 9 declare it to be a public health epidemic.