

(iv) In the trustee's discretion, the trustee may provide a statement of account and other information to any beneficiary.

(c) If the settlor requests or directs the trustee in the trust instrument to provide accounts and information to less than all interested trust beneficiaries, the trustee shall provide statements of account and information as provided in the trust instrument. At the court's direction, the trustee shall provide statements of account and other information to persons excluded by the settlor's request or direction to the extent and in the manner the court directs.

(d) A statement of account under this section is a report by the trustee that shall, at a minimum, list the trust assets, if feasible giving their market values, the trust liabilities, receipts, and disbursements, and state the source and amount of the trustee's compensation. A particular format or formality is not required for a report or statement of account under this section unless a court specifies its content and manner of presentation.

700.7307 Limitations on proceedings against trustees.

Sec. 7307. (1) A beneficiary is barred from commencing a proceeding against a trustee for breach of trust if the proceeding is not commenced within 1 year after the date the beneficiary or a representative of the beneficiary is sent a report that adequately discloses the existence of a potential claim for breach of trust and informs the beneficiary of the time allowed for commencing a proceeding. A beneficiary may also be barred from commencing a proceeding against a trustee for breach of trust by adjudication, consent, ratification, estoppel, or other limitation.

(2) Persons barred under subsection (1) include all of the following:

(a) A beneficiary when an interested trust beneficiary possessing the same interest preceding that of the beneficiary receives the report.

(b) An object, taker in default, or another who may receive property by virtue of the exercise of or failure to exercise a presently exercisable or testamentary general or special power of appointment if the person possessing the power of appointment receives the report.

(c) A person described in section 1403(b) as bound by another if that other receives the report.

(3) A report adequately discloses the existence of a potential claim for breach of trust if it provides sufficient information so that the beneficiary or representative knows of the potential claim or should have inquired into its existence.

(4) If subsection (1) does not apply, a proceeding by a beneficiary against a trustee for breach of trust shall be commenced within 5 years of the first of the following to occur:

(a) The removal, resignation, or death of the trustee.

(b) The termination of the beneficiary's interest in the trust.

(c) The termination of the trust.

700.7406 Powers exercisable by 1 or more trustees.

Sec. 7406. (1) If there are 2 or more trustees and the trust instrument expressly makes provision for the execution of any of the trustees' powers by both or all of them or by any 1 or more of them, the provisions of the trust instrument govern.

(2) If there is no governing provision in the trust instrument, cotrustees may provide, by written agreement signed by all of them and filed with and approved by the court

where the trust would be registered, as determined in accordance with section 7101, that any 1 or more of the powers designated in section 7401 may be exercised by any designated 1 or more of the trustees.

(3) Subject to subsection (1), if 2 or more trustees own securities, their acts with respect to voting have 1 of the following effects:

(a) If only 1 trustee votes, in person or by proxy, that trustee's act binds all of the trustees.

(b) If more than 1 trustee votes, in person or by proxy, the act of the majority so voting binds all of the trustees.

(c) If more than 1 trustee votes, in person or by proxy, but the vote is evenly split on a particular matter, each faction is entitled to vote the securities proportionately.

(4) Subject to subsections (1) to (3), all other acts and duties shall be performed by both of the trustees if there are 2 or by a majority of the trustees if there are more than 2. A trustee who has not joined in exercising a power is not liable to a beneficiary or another person for the consequences of the exercise of that power. A dissenting trustee is not liable for the consequences of an act in which the dissenting trustee joins at the direction of the other trustees, if the dissenting trustee expressed dissent in writing to a cotrustee at or before the time of joinder.

(5) A trustee is not relieved of liability by entering into an agreement under this section.

700.7408 Trustee authority regarding tax matters.

Sec. 7408. (1) A trustee may do any of the following in connection with a tax matter:

(a) Make, revise, or revoke an available allocation, consent, or election affecting a tax that is appropriate in order to carry out the settlor's estate planning objectives and to reduce the overall burden of taxation, both in the present and in the future. This authority includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:

(i) Electing to take expenses as estate tax or income tax deductions.

(ii) Electing to allocate the exemption from the tax on generation skipping transfers among transfers subject to estate or gift tax.

(iii) Electing to have all or a portion of a transfer for a spouse's benefit qualify for the marital deduction.

(iv) Electing the date of death or an alternate valuation date for federal estate tax purposes.

(b) Exclude or include property from the gross estate for federal estate tax purposes.

(c) Value property for federal estate tax purposes.

(d) Join with the surviving spouse or the surviving spouse's personal representative in the execution and filing of joint income tax return and consenting to a gift tax return filed by the surviving spouse or the surviving spouse's personal representative.

(2) A trustee's decision on a matter described in subsection (1)(a) binds all beneficiaries.

(3) After making a decision described in subsection (1)(a), a trustee may make compensating adjustments between principal and income in the manner provided by the uniform principal and income act.

700.7410 Improper distribution or payment.

Sec. 7410. Unless the distribution or payment can no longer be questioned because of adjudication, estoppel, or other limitation, a distributee or claimant that receives property

that is improperly distributed or paid from a trust shall return the property and any income and gain from the property since distribution, if the recipient has the property. If the recipient does not have the property, the recipient shall pay the value of the property as of the date of distribution or payment and any income and gain from the property since distribution.

Effective date.

Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect September 1, 2004.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 315]

(SB 1228)

AN ACT to amend 1973 PA 116, entitled “An act to provide for the protection of children through the licensing and regulation of child care organizations; to provide for the establishment of standards of care for child care organizations; to prescribe powers and duties of certain departments of this state and adoption facilitators; to provide penalties; and to repeal acts and parts of acts,” by amending sections 5 and 9a (MCL 722.115 and 722.119a), section 5 as amended by 1998 PA 519 and section 9a as added by 1980 PA 232.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

722.115 License or certificate of registration required; application; forms; investigations; on-site visit; issuance or renewal of license; “good moral character” defined; issuance of certificate of registration; certifying compliance, services, and facilities; orientation session; limitations on certificate; investigation and certification of foster family home or group home; placement of children in foster family home, family group home, unlicensed residence, adult foster care family home, or adult foster care small group home; certification; supervisory responsibility; records; exceptions; receipt of completed application; issuance of license within certain period of time; inspections; report; “completed application” defined.

Sec. 5. (1) A person, partnership, firm, corporation, association, or nongovernmental organization shall not establish or maintain a child care organization unless licensed or registered by the department. Application for a license or certificate of registration shall be made on forms provided, and in the manner prescribed, by the department. Before issuing or renewing a license, the department shall investigate the applicant’s activities and proposed standards of care and shall make an on-site visit of the proposed or established organization. If the department is satisfied as to the need for a child care organization, its financial stability, the applicant’s good moral character, and that the services and facilities are conducive to the welfare of the children, the department shall issue or renew the license. As used in this subsection, “good moral character” means that term as defined in and determined under 1974 PA 381, MCL 338.41 to 338.47. If a county juvenile agency as defined in section 2 of the county juvenile agency act, 1998 PA 518,

MCL 45.622, certifies to the department that it intends to contract with an applicant for a new license, the department shall issue or deny the license within 60 days after it receives a complete application as provided in section 5b.

(2) The department shall issue a certificate of registration to a person who has successfully completed an orientation session offered by the department and who certifies to the department that the family day care home has complied with and will continue to comply with the rules promulgated under this act and will provide services and facilities, as determined by the department, conducive to the welfare of children. The department shall make available to applicants for registration an orientation session to applicants for registration regarding this act, the rules promulgated under this act, and the needs of children in family day care before issuing a certificate of registration. The department shall issue a certificate of registration to a specific person at a specific location. A certificate of registration is nontransferable and remains the property of the department. Within 90 days after initial registration, the department shall make an on-site visit of the family day care home.

(3) The department may authorize a licensed child placing agency or an approved governmental unit to investigate a foster family home or a foster family group home according to subsection (1) and to certify that the foster family home or foster family group home meets the licensing requirements prescribed by this act. A foster family home or a foster family group home shall be certified for licensing by the department by only 1 child placing agency or approved governmental unit. Other child placing agencies may place children in a foster family home or foster family group home only upon the approval of the certifying agency or governmental unit.

(4) The department may authorize a licensed child placing agency or an approved governmental unit to place a child who is 16 or 17 years of age in his or her own unlicensed residence, or in the unlicensed residence of an adult who has no supervisory responsibility for the child, if a child placing agency or governmental unit retains supervisory responsibility for the child.

(5) A licensed child placing agency, child caring institution, and an approved governmental unit shall provide the state court administrative office and a local foster care review board established under 1984 PA 422, MCL 722.131 to 722.139a, those records requested pertaining to children in foster care placement for more than 6 months.

(6) The department may authorize a licensed child placing agency or an approved governmental unit to place a child who is 16 or 17 years old in an adult foster care family home or an adult foster care small group home licensed under the adult foster care facility licensing act, 1979 PA 218, MCL 400.701 to 400.737, if a licensed child placing agency or approved governmental unit retains supervisory responsibility for the child and certifies to the department all of the following:

(a) The placement is in the best interests of the child.

(b) The child's needs can be adequately met by the adult foster care family home or small group home.

(c) The child will be compatible with other residents of the adult foster care family home or small group home.

(d) The child placing agency or approved governmental unit will periodically reevaluate the placement of a child under this subsection to determine that the criteria for placement in subdivisions (a) through (c) continue to be met.

(7) On an exception basis, the director of the department, or his or her designee, may authorize a licensed child placing agency or an approved governmental unit to place an

adult in a foster family home if a licensed child placing agency or approved governmental unit certifies to the department all of the following:

(a) The adult is a person with a developmental disability as defined by section 100a of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1100a, or a person who is otherwise neurologically disabled and is also physically limited to a degree that requires complete physical assistance with mobility and activities of daily living.

(b) The placement is in the best interests of the adult and will not adversely affect the interests of the foster child or children residing in the foster family home.

(c) The identified needs of the adult can be met by the foster family home.

(d) The adult will be compatible with other residents of the foster family home.

(e) The child placing agency or approved governmental unit will periodically reevaluate the placement of an adult under this subsection to determine that the criteria for placement in subdivisions (a) through (d) continue to be met and document that the adult is receiving care consistent with the administrative rules for a child placing agency.

(8) On an exception basis, the director of the department, or his or her designee, may authorize a licensed child placing agency or an approved governmental unit to place a child in an adult foster care family home or an adult foster care small group home licensed under the adult foster care licensing act, 1979 PA 218, MCL 400.701 to 400.737, if the licensed child placing agency or approved governmental unit certifies to the department all of the following:

(a) The placement is in the best interests of the child.

(b) The placement has the concurrence of the parent or guardian of the child.

(c) The identified needs of the child can be met adequately by the adult foster care family home or small group home.

(d) The child's psychosocial and clinical needs are compatible with those of other residents of the adult foster care family home or small group home.

(e) The clinical treatment of the child's condition is similar to that of the other residents of the adult foster care family home or small group home.

(f) The child's cognitive level is consistent with the cognitive level of the other residents of the adult foster care family home or small group home.

(g) The child is neurologically disabled and is also physically limited to such a degree as to require complete physical assistance with mobility and activities of daily living.

(h) The child placing agency or approved governmental unit will periodically reevaluate the placement of a child under this subsection to determine that the criteria for placement in subdivisions (a) to (g) continue to be met.

(9) Beginning the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection, except as provided in subsection (1) and section 5b, the department shall issue an initial or renewal license or registration under this act for child care centers, group day care homes, and family day care homes not later than 6 months after the applicant files a completed application. Receipt of the application is considered the date the application is received by any agency or department of this state. If the application is considered incomplete by the department, the department shall notify the applicant in writing or make notice electronically available within 30 days after receipt of the incomplete application, describing the deficiency and requesting additional information. This subsection does not affect the time period within which an on-site visit to a family day care home shall be made. If the department identifies a deficiency or requires the fulfillment of a corrective action plan, the 6-month period is tolled until either of the following occurs:

(a) Upon notification by the department of a deficiency, until the date the requested information is received by the department.

(b) Upon notification by the department that a corrective action plan is required, until the date the department determines the requirements of the corrective action plan have been met.

(10) The determination of the completeness of an application is not an approval of the application for the license and does not confer eligibility on an applicant determined otherwise ineligible for issuance of a license.

(11) Except as provided in subsection (1) and section 5b, if the department fails to issue or deny a license or registration to a child care center, group day care home, or family day care home within the time required by this section, the department shall return the license or registration fee and shall reduce the license or registration fee for the applicant's next renewal application, if any, by 15%. Failure to issue or deny a license to a child care center, group day care home, or family day care home within the time period required under this section does not allow the department to otherwise delay the processing of the application. A completed application shall be placed in sequence with other completed applications received at that same time. The department shall not discriminate against an applicant in the processing of an application based on the fact that the application fee was refunded or discounted under this subsection.

(12) If, on a continual basis, inspections performed by a local health department delay the department in issuing or denying licenses or registrations for child care centers, group day care homes, and family day care homes under this act within the 6-month period, the department may use department staff to complete the inspections instead of the local health department causing the delays.

(13) Beginning October 1, 2008, the director of the department shall submit a report by December 1 of each year to the standing committees and appropriations subcommittees of the senate and house of representatives concerned with human services and children's issues. The director shall include all of the following information regarding applications for licenses and registrations only for child care centers, group day care homes, and family day care homes filed under this act in the report concerning the preceding fiscal year:

(a) The number of initial and renewal applications the department received and completed within the 6-month time period described in subsection (9).

(b) The number of applications requiring a request for additional information.

(c) The number of applications rejected.

(d) The number of licenses and registrations not issued within the 6-month period.

(e) The average processing time for initial and renewal licenses and registrations granted after the 6-month period.

(14) As used in this section, "completed application" means an application complete on its face and submitted with any applicable licensing or registration fees as well as any other information, records, approval, security, or similar item required by law or rule from a local unit of government, a federal agency, or a private entity but not from another department or agency of this state. A completed application does not include a health inspection performed by a local health department.

722.119a Certificate of registration; duration; renewal; contents; assessing compliance; on-site visits.

Sec. 9a. (1) A certificate of registration shall be in force for 3 years unless revoked under section 11. A renewal certificate of registration shall be issued in the same manner as provided in section 5(2), (9), and (11) for the initial issuance of the certificate, except that an on-site visit of the family day care home and the orientation session are not

required. The certificate shall state that the registrant may operate a family day care home and the number and the ages of the children that may be received and maintained.

(2) This section does not limit the right or the duty of the department to assess periodically, randomly, or at the time of renewal, the continued compliance with this act and rules promulgated under this act. The department shall make on-site visits as provided in this act to a 10% sample of the family day care homes in each county each year, or when a complaint about a family day care home or registrant is received by the department.

Effective date.

Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect October 1, 2007.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 316]

(SB 1261)

AN ACT to amend 1956 PA 218, entitled “An act to revise, consolidate, and classify the laws relating to the insurance and surety business; to regulate the incorporation or formation of domestic insurance and surety companies and associations and the admission of foreign and alien companies and associations; to provide their rights, powers, and immunities and to prescribe the conditions on which companies and associations organized, existing, or authorized under this act may exercise their powers; to provide the rights, powers, and immunities and to prescribe the conditions on which other persons, firms, corporations, associations, risk retention groups, and purchasing groups engaged in an insurance or surety business may exercise their powers; to provide for the imposition of a privilege fee on domestic insurance companies and associations and the state accident fund; to provide for the imposition of a tax on the business of foreign and alien companies and associations; to provide for the imposition of a tax on risk retention groups and purchasing groups; to provide for the imposition of a tax on the business of surplus line agents; to provide for the imposition of regulatory fees on certain insurers; to provide for assessment fees on certain health maintenance organizations; to modify tort liability arising out of certain accidents; to provide for limited actions with respect to that modified tort liability and to prescribe certain procedures for maintaining those actions; to require security for losses arising out of certain accidents; to provide for the continued availability and affordability of automobile insurance and homeowners insurance in this state and to facilitate the purchase of that insurance by all residents of this state at fair and reasonable rates; to provide for certain reporting with respect to insurance and with respect to certain claims against uninsured or self-insured persons; to prescribe duties for certain state departments and officers with respect to that reporting; to provide for certain assessments; to establish and continue certain state insurance funds; to modify and clarify the status, rights, powers, duties, and operations of the nonprofit malpractice insurance fund; to provide for the departmental supervision and regulation of the insurance and surety business within this state; to provide for regulation over worker’s compensation self-insurers; to provide for the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of unsound or insolvent insurers; to provide for the protection of policyholders, claimants, and creditors of unsound or insolvent insurers; to provide for associations of insurers to protect policyholders and claimants in the event of insurer insolvencies; to prescribe educational

requirements for insurance agents and solicitors; to provide for the regulation of multiple employer welfare arrangements; to create an automobile theft prevention authority to reduce the number of automobile thefts in this state; to prescribe the powers and duties of the automobile theft prevention authority; to provide certain powers and duties upon certain officials, departments, and authorities of this state; to provide for an appropriation; to repeal acts and parts of acts; and to provide penalties for the violation of this act,” by amending section 6111 (MCL 500.6111), as added by 1992 PA 174.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

500.6111 Automobile theft prevention authority; report.

Sec. 6111. By July 1 of every odd numbered year, the automobile theft prevention authority shall prepare a report that details the theft of automobiles occurring in this state for the previous 2 years, assesses the impact of the thefts on rates charged for automobile insurance, summarizes prevention programs, and outlines allocations made by the authority. The director of the department of state police, insurers, and the commissioner shall cooperate in the development of the report as requested by the automobile theft prevention authority and shall make available records and statistics concerning automobile thefts, including the number of automobile thefts, number of prosecutions and convictions involving automobile thefts, and automobile theft recidivism. The automobile theft prevention authority shall evaluate the impact automobile theft has on the citizens of this state and the costs incurred by the citizens through insurance, police enforcement, prosecution, and incarceration due to automobile thefts. The report required by this section shall be submitted to the senate and house of representatives standing committees on insurance issues and the commissioner.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 317]

(SB 1262)

AN ACT to amend 1974 PA 258, entitled “An act to codify, revise, consolidate, and classify the laws relating to mental health; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state and local agencies and officials and certain private agencies and individuals; to regulate certain agencies and facilities providing mental health services; to provide for certain charges and fees; to establish civil admission procedures for individuals with mental illness or developmental disability; to establish guardianship procedures for individuals with developmental disability; to establish procedures regarding individuals with mental illness or developmental disability who are in the criminal justice system; to provide for penalties and remedies; and to repeal acts and parts of acts,” by amending section 422 (MCL 330.1422), as added by 1995 PA 290.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

330.1422 Receipt and detention of individuals under MCL 330.1427 or 330.1428; designation of hospitals.

Sec. 422. (1) Each community mental health services program shall designate the hospitals with which it has a contract to receive and detain individuals under section 427 or 428.

(2) Each community mental health services program shall give notice of the hospitals designated under subsection (1) to the department and to the probate court of each county in the program's service area.

(3) The department shall designate those hospitals that are required to receive and detain individuals presented for examination under section 427 or 428.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 318]

(SB 1263)

AN ACT to amend 1927 PA 175, entitled "An act to revise, consolidate, and codify the laws relating to criminal procedure and to define the jurisdiction, powers, and duties of courts, judges, and other officers of the court under the provisions of this act; to provide laws relative to the rights of persons accused of criminal offenses and ordinance violations; to provide for the arrest of persons charged with or suspected of criminal offenses and ordinance violations; to provide for bail of persons arrested for or accused of criminal offenses and ordinance violations; to provide for the examination of persons accused of criminal offenses; to regulate the procedure relative to grand juries, indictments, informations, and proceedings before trial; to provide for trials of persons complained of or indicted for criminal offenses and ordinance violations and to provide for the procedure in those trials; to provide for judgments and sentences of persons convicted of criminal offenses and ordinance violations; to establish a sentencing commission and to prescribe its powers and duties; to provide for procedure relating to new trials and appeals in criminal and ordinance violation cases; to provide a uniform system of probation throughout this state and the appointment of probation officers; to prescribe the powers, duties, and compensation of probation officers; to provide penalties for the violation of the duties of probation officers; to provide for procedure governing proceedings to prevent crime and proceedings for the discovery of crime; to provide for fees of officers, witnesses, and others in criminal and ordinance violation cases; to set forth miscellaneous provisions as to criminal procedure in certain cases; to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions of this act; and to repeal all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or contravening any of the provisions of this act," by amending section 1 of chapter IV (MCL 764.1), as amended by 1990 PA 41.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

CHAPTER IV

764.1 Issuance of processes; authorization for issuance of warrant; exception; making complaint for arrest warrant by electronic or electromagnetic means; proof.

Sec. 1. (1) For the apprehension of persons charged with a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation, a magistrate may issue processes to implement this chapter, except that a magistrate shall not issue a warrant for other than a minor offense unless an authorization in writing allowing the issuance of the warrant is filed with the magistrate and, except as otherwise provided in this act, the authorization is signed by the prosecuting attorney, or unless security for costs is filed with the magistrate.

(2) A magistrate shall not issue a warrant for a minor offense unless an authorization in writing allowing the issuance of the warrant is filed with the magistrate and signed by the prosecuting attorney, or unless security for costs is filed with the magistrate, except if the warrant is requested by any of the following officials for the following offenses:

(a) Agents of the state transportation department, a county road commission, or the public service commission for violations of the motor carrier act, 1933 PA 254, MCL 475.1 to 479.43, or the motor carrier safety act of 1963, 1963 PA 181, MCL 480.11 to 480.22, the enforcement of which has been delegated to them.

(b) The director of the department of natural resources, or a special assistant or conservation officer appointed by the director and declared by statute to be a peace officer, for a violation of a law that provides for the protection of wild game or fish.

(3) A complaint for an arrest warrant may be made by any electronic or electromagnetic means of communication, if all of the following occur:

(a) The prosecuting attorney authorizes the issuance of the warrant. Authorization may consist of an electronically or electromagnetically transmitted facsimile of the signed authorization.

(b) The judge orally administers the oath or affirmation to an applicant for an arrest warrant who submits a complaint under this subsection.

(c) The applicant signs the complaint. Proof that the applicant has signed the complaint may consist of an electronically or electromagnetically transmitted facsimile of the signed complaint.

(4) The person or department receiving an electronically or electromagnetically issued arrest warrant shall receive proof that the issuing judge has signed the warrant before the warrant is executed. Proof that the issuing judge has signed the warrant may consist of an electronically or electromagnetically transmitted facsimile of the signed warrant.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 319]

(SB 1274)

AN ACT to amend 1975 PA 228, entitled "An act to provide for the imposition, levy, computation, collection, assessment and enforcement, by lien or otherwise, of taxes on certain commercial, business, and financial activities; to prescribe the manner and times of making certain reports and paying taxes; to prescribe the powers and duties of public officers and state departments; to permit the inspection of records of taxpayers; to provide for interest and penalties on unpaid taxes; to provide exemptions, credits, and refunds; to provide penalties; to provide for the disposition of funds; to provide for the interrelation of this act with other acts; and to provide an appropriation," (MCL 208.1 to 208.145) by adding section 37f.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

208.37f Tax credit; payment to employees performing created jobs.

Sec. 37f. (1) For tax years that begin after December 31, 2004 and before January 1, 2006, a taxpayer with gross receipts of \$10,000,000.00 or less for a tax year may claim a credit against the tax imposed by this act equal to the following percentages of compensation

paid by the taxpayer to employees who perform created jobs, as determined under subsection (2), for that tax year in the following circumstances:

(a) If the taxpayer makes capital investment in this state of less than \$150,000.00 in the tax year, 0.50%.

(b) If the taxpayer makes capital investment in this state of \$150,000.00 or more but less than \$750,000.00, 1.5%.

(c) If the taxpayer makes capital investment in this state of \$750,000.00 or more in the tax year, 2.0%.

(2) Compensation paid to employees who perform created jobs for purposes of subsection (1) is determined as follows:

(a) For tax years that begin in 2004 and 2005, determine for each tax year the full-time equivalent job for each employee, which shall be the lesser of the following:

(i) An employment period ratio, which is equal to the employee's weeks worked in the tax year divided by 52.

(ii) An hours worked ratio, which is equal to the employee's hours worked during the tax year divided by the full-time equivalent annual hours of work set by the taxpayer. Each taxpayer shall set a full-time equivalent annual hours of work standard which shall be not less than 1,750 hours and not more than 2,080 hours.

(b) For the tax year that begins in 2005, determine the average compensation for full-time equivalent new jobs that perform high-technology activity or manufacturing jobs as follows:

(i) For the tax year that begins in 2005, calculate the sum of full-time equivalent jobs calculated in subdivision (a) for employees who perform high-technology activity or manufacturing jobs and who were hired in the tax year.

(ii) Determine the total compensation, not to exceed \$85,000.00 per employee, paid for all jobs under subparagraph (i).

(iii) Divide the amount determined under subparagraph (ii) by the number determined under subparagraph (i).

(c) Determine the number of created jobs, which shall be determined as follows:

(i) For the tax year that begins in 2004, calculate the sum of the number of full-time equivalent jobs calculated under subdivision (a) for all employees.

(ii) For the tax year that begins in 2005, calculate the sum of the number of full-time equivalent jobs calculated under subdivision (a) for all employees.

(iii) Subtract the number under subparagraph (i) from the number under subparagraph (ii).

(iv) Determine the lesser of (b)(i) and (c)(iii).

(d) Multiply the number under subdivision (c)(iv) by the 2005 average compensation under subdivision (b)(iii).

(3) If the credit allowed under this section for the tax year and any unused carryforward of the credit allowed under this section exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, the excess shall not be refunded, but may be carried forward as an offset to the tax liability in subsequent tax years for 10 tax years or until the excess credit is used up, whichever occurs first.

(4) A member of an affiliated group as defined in this act, a controlled group of corporations as defined in section 1563 of the internal revenue code and further described in 26 CFR 1.414(b)-1 and 1.414(c)-1 to 1.414(c)-5, or an entity under common control as defined by the internal revenue code shall determine gross receipts for purposes of this section on a consolidated basis.

(5) For purposes of determining compensation paid to employees, the taxpayer shall not include compensation paid to a spouse, parent, sibling, child, stepchild, adopted child, or step-parent of an active shareholder or officer, a shareholder of an S corporation, a partner of a partnership, a member of a limited liability company, or an individual who is a sole proprietor.

(6) The capital investment threshold for purposes of subsection (1) must be met at the principal place of employment of any employee of the taxpayer who performs a created job.

(7) For purposes of the credit under this section, leased employees are considered employees of the entity whose employment operations are managed by a professional employer organization.

(8) As used in this section:

(a) “Active shareholder” and “officer” mean those terms as defined in section 36.

(b) “Capital investment” means investment that can be used to calculate a credit under section 35a.

(c) “Created jobs” means jobs that meet all of the following criteria:

(i) Are jobs that perform high-technology activity or manufacturing jobs.

(ii) Did not exist in this state in the immediately preceding tax year.

(iii) Represent an overall increase in full-time equivalent jobs of the taxpayer in this state for the tax year above the total number of full-time equivalent jobs of the taxpayer in the immediately preceding tax year.

(iv) Is not a job into which an employee transfers if the employee worked in this state for the taxpayer, a related entity of the taxpayer, or an entity with which the taxpayer files a consolidated return under section 77 in another job prior to beginning the created job.

(v) The benefits for the employee in the created job include coverage under health and welfare and noninsured benefit plans, including, but not limited to, prescription coverage, primary health care coverage, and hospitalization that is not limited to emergency room services or subject to dollar limits, deductibles, and coinsurance provisions that are not less favorable than those for physical illness generally.

(vi) Is not a qualified new job used to calculate a credit under section 37c or 37d.

(d) “High-technology activity” means that term as defined in section 3 of the Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.803.

(e) “Manufacturing jobs” are jobs for a company that has a classification under sector 33, subsector 321, or subsector 322 of the North American industrial classification system (NAICS).

(f) “Related entity” means an entity that meets any of the following criteria:

(i) More than 1% is owned by 1 of the following:

(A) Another entity.

(B) An entity that owns more than 1% of another entity.

(ii) It owns more than 1% of another entity.

(iii) It markets itself under a common name or trademark with any other entity or receives payroll, human resources, administrative, or other similar services from a company that provides those services to another entity.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 320]**(SB 1297)**

AN ACT to authorize the state administrative board to convey certain parcels of state owned property in various counties; to prescribe conditions for the conveyances; to provide for the disposal of certain buildings; to provide for certain powers and duties of certain state departments in regard to the parcels of property; to provide for disposition of revenue derived from the conveyances; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

Conveyance of property under jurisdiction of department of state police and located in city of Mount Pleasant, Isabella county; offer to local unit of government; use; appraisal; conduct of sale; notice; adjustment of description; disposition of net revenue; quitclaim deed; reservation of mineral rights; failure to sell property.

Sec. 1. (1) The state administrative board, on behalf of the state, may convey, for not less than fair market value, all or portions of state owned property now under the jurisdiction of the department of state police and located in the city of Mount Pleasant, Isabella county, Michigan, and further described as follows: Commencing at a point 445.85 feet North of the intersection of the North line of Pickard Street and the West line of Mission street thence Southerly along the West line of Mission Street one hundred feet (100 feet) thence West one hundred thirty two feet (132 feet) thence North one hundred feet (100 feet) thence East about one hundred thirty two feet (132 feet) to the place of beginning.

(2) Before offering the property described in subsection (1) for public sale, the director of the department of management and budget shall first offer the property for sale to the local units of government in which the property is located. An offer to a local unit of government may be for less than fair market value. In order to exercise its right to purchase the property under this subsection, a local government must enter into a purchase agreement within 60 days after the date of the offer and must complete the purchase within 120 days after the date of the offer. If a local unit of government purchases the property and, within 1 year after the date of that purchase, conveys the property for use other than for public purposes, the local unit of government shall pay to the state both of the following amounts:

(a) An amount equal to the fair market value of the property at the time it was sold to the local unit of government by the state, less the price the local unit of government paid to the state for the property.

(b) An amount equal to 50% of the price paid by the subsequent purchaser to the local unit of government for the property, less the fair market value of the property at the time it was sold to the local unit of government by the state.

(3) Any conveyance to a local unit of government authorized by subsection (2) shall provide that the property shall be used exclusively for public purposes and if any fee, term, or condition for the use of the property is imposed on members of the public, or if any of those fees, terms, or conditions are waived for use of this property, resident and nonresident members of the public shall be subject to the same fees, terms, conditions, and waivers.

(4) The fair market value of the property described in subsection (1) shall be determined by an appraisal prepared by an independent appraiser.

(5) If the property described in subsection (1) is offered for sale at not less than fair market value, the sale shall be conducted in a manner designed to realize the highest price from the sale or the highest value to the state. The sale of this property shall be done in an open manner that utilizes 1 or more of the following:

- (a) A competitive sealed bid.
- (b) Real estate brokerage services.
- (c) A public auction.

(6) A notice of a sealed bid, public auction sale, or use of broker services regarding the property described in subsection (1) shall be published at least once in a newspaper as defined in section 1461 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.1461, not less than 10 business days before the sale. A notice shall describe the general location and size of the property to be offered, highlights of the general terms of the offer, and directions on how to get further information about the property, as available, prior to the sale. The notice shall also list the date, time, and place of the sale or bid opening.

(7) The description of the parcel in subsection (1) is approximate and for purposes of the conveyance is subject to adjustments as the state administrative board or the attorney general considers necessary by survey or other legal description.

(8) The net revenue received under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund. As used in this subsection, “net revenue” means the proceeds from the sale of the property less reimbursement for any costs to the department of management and budget associated with the sale of the property, including the cost of securing discharge of liens or encumbrances. If the revenue received under this section is insufficient to reimburse the department of management and budget for its costs of using outside vendors in surveying, appraising, and closing the sale of the property offered in this section, those costs shall be reimbursed by the department of state police within 30 days after being presented an itemized bill for those costs.

(9) The conveyance authorized by this section shall be by quitclaim deed prepared and approved by the attorney general, subject to easements and other encumbrances of record. The quitclaim deed shall provide that the state shall reserve all rights in aboriginal antiquities, including mounds, earthworks, forts, burial and village sites, mines, or other relics, including the right to explore and excavate for the aboriginal antiquity by the state or its authorized agents.

(10) The state shall not reserve the mineral rights to the property conveyed under this section. However, the conveyance authorized under this section shall provide that, if the purchaser or any grantee develops any minerals found on, within, or under the conveyed property, the purchaser or any grantee shall pay 1/2 of the gross revenue generated from the development of the minerals to the state, for deposit in the state general fund.

(11) If the property described in subsection (1) is not sold pursuant to subsection (2) and fails to sell at a public sale for fair market value, the director of the department of management and budget with the concurrence of the state administrative board may do any of the following:

- (a) Order a reappraisal of the property.
- (b) Withdraw the property from sale.
- (c) Offer the property for sale for less than fair market value in an open manner that utilizes 1 or more of the following:
 - (i) A competitive sealed bid.
 - (ii) Real estate brokerage services.
 - (iii) A public auction.

Conveyance of property located in Calumet, Houghton county, from department of state police to township of Calumet; consideration; description; provisions; sale; appraisal; notice; adjustment; disposition of net revenue; quitclaim deed; reservation of mineral rights; failure to sell property.

Sec. 2. (1) The state administrative board, on behalf of the state, may convey to the township of Calumet, in Houghton county, for consideration of \$1.00, property now under the jurisdiction of the department of state police and located in the township of Calumet, Houghton county, Michigan, and further described as follows:

Lots thirty-two (32), thirty-three (33), and forty-two (42) Plat of Calumet Avenue Estates, Calumet Township, Houghton County, Michigan as recorded in Liber I, pages 94 and 95.

Excepting and reserving, however, to a previous Grantor (UOP Inc., City of Des Plaines, Cook County, Illinois), its successors and assigns forever, all ores, metals, and minerals in, on, or under the said described parcels of land and the right to mine the same to within fifteen (15) feet of the surface of the rock, and the right at all times to carry on mining operations of all kinds under and beneath the said parcels of land and to within fifteen (15) feet of the surface of the rock; and further expressly saving, reserving, and excepting to the said Grantor, its successors and assigns, the right to cause subsidence of the said premises by the withdrawal of lateral or subjacent support, whether through the conduct of mining operations, or otherwise.

(2) The conveyance authorized by this section shall provide for all of the following:

(a) The property shall be used exclusively for public purposes and if any fee, term, or condition for the use of the property is imposed on members of the public, or if any of those fees, terms, or conditions are waived for use of the property, resident and nonresident members of the public shall be subject to the same fees, terms, conditions, and waivers.

(b) Upon termination of the public purpose use described in subdivision (a) or in the event of use for any nonpublic purpose, the state may reenter and repossess the property, terminating the grantee's estate in the property.

(c) If the grantee disputes the state's exercise of its right of reentry and fails to promptly deliver possession of the property to the state, the attorney general, on behalf of the state, may bring an action to quiet title to, and regain possession of, the property.

(3) If the property described in subsection (1) is not sold to the township of Calumet under subsection (1), the director of management and budget may offer the property for sale, for a public purpose, to the government of the United States or its subdivisions, under the same conditions. If the property described in subsection (1) is not sold to either the township of Calumet or the government of the United States or its subdivisions, the property may be offered for not less than fair market value pursuant to subsections (4) to (6).

(4) The fair market value of the property described in subsection (1) shall be determined by an appraisal prepared by an independent appraiser.

(5) If the property is offered for sale at not less than fair market value, the sale shall be conducted in a manner designed to realize the highest price from the sale or the highest value to the state. The sale of this property shall be done in an open manner that utilizes 1 or more of the following:

(a) A competitive sealed bid.

(b) Real estate brokerage services.

(c) A public auction.

(6) A notice of a sealed bid, public auction sale, or use of broker services regarding the property described in this section shall be published at least once in a newspaper as

defined in section 1461 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.1461, not less than 10 business days before the sale. A notice shall describe the general location and size of the property to be offered, highlights of the general terms of the offer, and directions on how to get further information about the property, as available, prior to the sale. The notice shall also list the date, time, and place of the sale or bid opening.

(7) The description of the parcel in subsection (1) is approximate and for purposes of the conveyance is subject to adjustments as the state administrative board or the attorney general considers necessary by survey or other legal description.

(8) The net revenue received under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund. As used in this subsection, "net revenue" means the proceeds from the sale of the property less reimbursement for any costs to the department of management and budget associated with the sale of the property, including the cost of securing discharge of liens or encumbrances. If the revenue received under this section is insufficient to reimburse the department of management and budget for its costs of using outside vendors in surveying, appraising, and closing the sale of the property offered in this section, those costs shall be reimbursed by the department of state police within 30 days of being presented an itemized bill for those costs.

(9) The conveyance authorized by this section shall be by quitclaim deed prepared and approved by the attorney general, subject to easements and other encumbrances of record. The quitclaim deed shall provide for both of the following:

(a) If the property is reentered and repossessed by the state, the state shall have no liability for any improvements made on the property.

(b) The state shall reserve all rights in aboriginal antiquities, including mounds, earthworks, forts, burial and village sites, mines, or other relics, including the right to explore and excavate for the aboriginal antiquity by the state or its authorized agents.

(10) The state shall not reserve the mineral rights to the property conveyed under this section. However, the conveyance authorized under this section shall provide that, if the purchaser or any grantee develops any minerals found on, within, or under the conveyed property, the purchaser or any grantee shall pay 1/2 of the gross revenue generated from the development of the minerals to the state, for deposit in the state general fund.

(11) If the property described in subsection (1) is not sold pursuant to subsection (2) or (3) and fails to sell at a public sale for fair market value, the director of the department of management and budget with the concurrence of the state administrative board may do any of the following:

(a) Order a reappraisal of the property.

(b) Withdraw the property from sale.

(c) Offer the property for sale for less than fair market value in an open manner that utilizes 1 or more of the following:

(i) A competitive sealed bid.

(ii) Real estate brokerage services.

(iii) A public auction.

Conveyance of property under jurisdiction of department of management and budget and located in city of Detroit, Wayne county; description; appraisal; sale; notice; adjustment; disposition of net revenue; quitclaim deed; failure to sell property.

Sec. 3. (1) The state administrative board, on behalf of the state and subject to the terms stated in this section, may convey for not less than fair market value all or portions of certain state owned property now under the jurisdiction of the department of management

and budget and located in the city of Detroit, Wayne county, Michigan, commonly known as the Michigan labor building and land, and more particularly described as:

PARCEL A:

All of Lots 1 through 9, inclusive, the strip of land twenty (20) feet in width lying between the east line of said Lots 1 and 2 and the west line of said Lot 3, being the alley vacated by the Common Council of the City of Detroit by resolution adopted October 22, 1912, and the West 11.80 feet of Lot 10, Atkinson's Subdivision of the South Part of Lot One of the Subdivision of Quarter Section Fifty Seven, Ten Thousand Acre Tract, Township of Hamtramck (now City of Detroit), Wayne County, Michigan, as recorded in Plat Liber 7, Page 33, Wayne County Records, and the Southerly 27-1/2 feet and the Easterly 155 feet of the North 80 feet of Lot 1, Bagg's Subdivision of part of Lot 1 in Quarter Section 57, Ten Thousand Acre Tract, Town 1 South, Range 12 East, as recorded in Plat Liber 7, Page 33, Wayne County Records, said parcel of land being more particularly described as:

BEGINNING at the northeast corner of Woodward Avenue and East Grand Boulevard at the southwest corner of said Lot 1 of said Atkinson's Subdivision; thence N25 degrees 59 minutes 43 seconds W 145.04 feet along the northeasterly line of said Woodward Avenue to the southerly line of said Southerly 27-1/2 feet of said Lot 1 of said Bagg's Subdivision; thence N63 degrees 57 minutes 05 seconds E 65.00 feet along said southerly line; thence N25 degrees 59 minutes 43 seconds W 80.03 feet to the southeasterly line of Horton Avenue; thence N63 degrees 57 minutes 39 seconds E 155.00 feet along said southeasterly line to the easterly line of said Lot 1 of said Bagg's Subdivision and the west line of a 20 foot wide public alley; thence S25 degrees 59 minutes 43 seconds E 107.5 feet to the southeasterly line of a 15 foot wide public alley; thence N63 degrees 57 minutes 05 seconds E 361.41 feet along said southeasterly line and northwesterly line of said Lots 3 through 10 to the southwesterly line of John R Street; thence S25 degrees 46 minutes 52 seconds E 109.95 feet along said southwesterly line to the northwest corner of said John R Street and East Grand Boulevard; thence S63 degrees 56 minutes 30 seconds W 581.00 feet along the northwesterly line of East Grand Boulevard to the Point of Beginning, containing 1.928 acres and being subject to easements and restrictions of record.

PARCEL B:

The East 10 feet of Lot 2, all of Lots 3 through 13, inclusive, and the West 1.80 feet of Lot 14, Bagg's Subdivision of Part of Lot 1 in Quarter Section 57, Ten Thousand Acre Tract, Town 1 South, Range 12 East, as recorded in Plat Liber 7, Page 33, Wayne County Records; said parcel of land being more particularly described as:

BEGINNING at the southwest corner of Horton Avenue and John R Street at the northeast corner of said West 1.80 feet of Lot 14 of said Bagg's Subdivision; thence S25 degrees 46 minutes 52 seconds E 99.95 feet along the southwesterly line of said John R Street to the northwesterly line of a 15 foot wide public alley; thence S63 degrees 57 minutes 05 seconds W 341.47 feet along said northwesterly line and southeasterly line of said Lots 3 through 13 to the northeasterly line of a 20 foot wide public alley; thence N25 degrees 59 minutes 43 seconds W 100.00 feet to the southeasterly line of Horton Avenue; thence N63 degrees 57 minutes 39 seconds E 341.80 feet along said southeasterly line to the Point of Beginning, containing 0.784 of an acre and being subject to easements and restrictions of record.

PARCEL C:

All of Lots 88, 89, and the Northerly 53 feet of Lot 90, Hibbard Baker's Subdivision of Lot No. 2 of the Subdivision of 1/4 Section 57, Ten Thousand Acre Tract, Hamtramck (now

City of Detroit), Town 1 South, Range 12 East, as recorded in Plat Liber 7, Page 90, Wayne County Records, said parcel of land being more particularly described as:

BEGINNING at the southeast corner of said Lot 89 on the northwesterly line of Horton Avenue which is S63 degrees 57 minutes 39 seconds W 31.82 feet from the southeast corner of Horton Avenue and John R Street at the northwest corner of said Lot 90 of said Hibbard Baker's Subdivision; thence continuing along said northwesterly line of Horton Avenue S63 degrees 57 minutes 39 seconds E 60.03 feet to the southwest corner of said Lot 88; thence N25 degrees 48 minutes 16 seconds W 124.95 feet to the southeasterly line of a 20 foot wide public alley; thence N63 degrees 56 minutes 35 seconds E 91.90 feet along said line to the northeast corner of said Lot 90; thence S25 degrees 46 minutes 52 seconds E 53.00 feet to the southerly line of said Northerly 53 feet of Lot 90; thence S63 degrees 56 minutes 35 seconds W 31.83 feet along said line to the southwesterly line of said Lot 90; thence S63 degrees 47 minutes 36 seconds E 71.97 feet along the northeasterly line of said Lot 89 to the Point of Beginning, containing 0.211 of an acre and being subject to easements and restrictions of record.

PARCEL D:

All of Lots 61 and 62, Hibbard Baker's Subdivision of Lot No. 2 of the Subdivision of 1/4 Section 57, Ten Thousand Acre Tract, Hamtramck (now City of Detroit), Town 1 South, Range 12 East, as recorded in Plat Liber 7, Page 90, Wayne County Records, said parcel of land being more particularly described as:

BEGINNING at the southwest corner of Custer Avenue and John R Street at the northeast corner of said Lot 61 of said Hibbard Baker's Subdivision; thence S25 degrees 46 minutes 52 seconds E 124.98 feet to the southeasterly line of a 20 foot wide public alley; thence S63 degrees 56 minutes 35 seconds W 61.89 feet along said line to the southwest corner of said Lot 62; thence N25 degrees 48 minutes 16 seconds W 124.96 feet along the southeasterly line of said Lot 62 to the southeasterly line of said Horton Avenue; thence N63 degrees 55 minutes 31 seconds E 61.94 feet along said line to the Point of Beginning, containing .0178 of an acre and being subject to easements and restrictions of record.

PARCEL E:

The West 10 feet of Lot 287 and all of Lots 288 and 289, except that part taken for East Grand Boulevard, Frisbie and Foxen's Subdivision of Part of Fractional Section 31 and Lot 18 of Theodore J. and Denis J. Campau's Subdivision of Fractional Sections 29 and 32, T 1 S, R. 12 E, Detroit, Wayne County, Michigan, as recorded in Plat Liber 6, Page 78, Wayne County Records, said parcel of land being more particularly described as:

BEGINNING at the northwest corner of said Lot 289 of said Frisbie and Foxen's Subdivision; thence N63 degrees 59 minutes 51 seconds E 70.00 feet to the northeast corner of said West 10 feet of said Lot 287; thence S25 degrees 44 minutes 45 seconds E 175.32 feet to the southeast corner of said West 10 feet of said Lot 287; thence S63 degrees 59 minutes 51 seconds W 70.00 feet along the southeasterly line of said Lots 287 to 289 to the southwest corner of said Lot 289; thence N25 degrees 44 minutes 45 seconds W 175.32 feet along the southwesterly line of said Lot 289 to the Point of Beginning, containing 0.282 of an acre and being subject to easements and restrictions of record.

(2) The fair market value of the parcels of property described in subsection (1) shall be determined by an appraisal prepared by an independent appraiser.

(3) If the property is offered for sale at not less than fair market value, the sale shall be conducted in a manner designed to realize the highest price from the sale or the highest value to the state. The sale of this property shall be done in an open manner that utilizes 1 or more of the following:

- (a) A competitive sealed bid.

(b) Real estate brokerage services.

(c) A public auction.

(4) A notice of a sealed bid, public auction sale, or use of broker services regarding the property described in this section shall be published at least once in a newspaper as defined in section 1461 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.1461, not less than 10 business days before the sale. A notice shall describe the general location and size of the property to be offered, highlights of the general terms of the offer, and directions on how to get further information about the property, as available, prior to the sale. The notice shall also list the date, time, and place of the sale or bid opening.

(5) The descriptions of the parcels of property in subsection (1) are approximate and for purposes of the conveyance are subject to adjustments as the state administrative board or the attorney general considers necessary by survey or other legal description.

(6) The net revenue received under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund. As used in this subsection, “net revenue” means the proceeds from the sale of the property less reimbursement for any costs to the department of management and budget associated with the sale of the property, including the cost of securing discharge of liens or encumbrances.

(7) The conveyance authorized by this section shall be by quitclaim deed prepared and approved by the attorney general, subject to easements and other encumbrances of record. The quitclaim deed shall not reserve mineral rights to the state.

(8) If the property described in subsection (1) fails to sell at a public sale for fair market value, the director of the department of management and budget with the concurrence of the state administrative board may do any of the following:

(a) Order a reappraisal of the property.

(b) Withdraw the property from sale.

(c) Offer the property for sale for less than fair market value in an open manner that utilizes 1 or more of the following:

(i) A competitive sealed bid.

(ii) Real estate brokerage services.

(iii) A public auction.

Disposal of surplus building known as “The Grounds Shop.”

Sec. 4. The department of management and budget may demolish, dismantle, or otherwise dispose of the surplus building known as “The Grounds Shop”, which is under the jurisdiction of the department of management and budget and is located due west of, and directly behind, the Lewis Cass building, in the city of Lansing, Michigan.

Conveyance of property located in county of Marquette; quitclaim deed; description; reservation of mineral rights and aboriginal antiquities; disposition of revenue.

Sec. 5. (1) The state administrative board may accept from the county of Marquette a parcel of real property described in subsection (3), which the state conveyed to the county of Marquette on or about December 31, 1982, pursuant to section 36 of 1982 PA 280.

(2) The state administrative board may quitclaim the property described in subsection (3) to teaching family homes of upper Michigan, a nonprofit organization, for fair market value.

(3) The property is described as follows:

All that part of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (SW1/4-SE1/4), Excepting the East Five-hundred and thirty feet (530.00); and the East Five-hundred and

forty-one feet (541.00) of the Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (SE1/4-SW1/4) of Section Eleven (11), in T.47 N., R.25 W, in Sands Township, Marquette Co., Michigan. Said parcel subject to a One Hundred-fifty feet (150') wide right of way which crosses said parcel whose centerline is described as follows: Commencing at the SW Corner of said Section 11; thence S 89°40'05"E 659.77 feet (along the South Section Line); thence N 0°13'05"E 945.51 feet, (along the East Line of W1/2-SW1/4-SW1/4 and a point of curvature) and the Point of Beginning of said C/L; thence 526.29 feet along a curve to the right (D=21°03'06", R=1432.39 feet, L.C. bears S 70°47'08"E 523.33 feet); thence S 60°15'35"E 208.34 feet; thence 323.65 feet on a curve to the left (D=37°51'14", R=489.87 feet), L.C. bears S 79°11'12"E 317.79 feet); thence N 81°53'11"E 193.51 feet; thence 599.14 feet on a curve to the right (D=53°33'30", R=640.94 feet, L.C. bears S 71°20'04"E 577.56 feet); thence 352.49 feet on a curve to the left (D=12°58'17", R=1556.98 feet, L.C. bears S 51°02'27"E 351.73 feet); thence S 57°31'35"E 590.74 feet; thence 299.01 feet on a curve to the left (D=52°21'08", R=327.25 feet, L.C. bears S 83°42'09"E 288.72 feet); thence 155.80 feet on a curve to the right (D=10°51'13", R=822.48 feet, L.C. bears N 75°32'53"E 155.57 feet), to the West end of Silver Creek Road, and Point of Ending. Also subject to all conditions and reservations contained in the recorded chain of title to said land. Said parcel contains 40.0± acres including right of ways.

(4) The state shall retain and reserve all mineral, coal, oil, and gas on, within, or beneath the property.

(5) The state shall reserve all aboriginal antiquities including mounds, earthworks, forts, burial and village sites, mines, or other relics, including the right to explore and excavate for the aboriginal antiquity of the state or its authorized agents.

(6) The conveyance authorized by subsection (2) shall be by quitclaim deed, prepared and approved by the department of attorney general.

(7) Any revenue received pursuant to the conveyance authorized by subsection (2) shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

Conveyance of property from department of natural resources located in Rose Lake township, Osceola county, to Osceola county; consideration; description; adjustments; provisions; quitclaim deed; disposition of revenue.

Sec. 6. (1) The department of natural resources, on behalf of the state, may convey to Osceola county, for consideration of \$1.00, certain property under the jurisdiction of the department of natural resources and located in Rose Lake township, Osceola county, Michigan, commonly known as Sunrise Lake park, and further described as follows:

A parcel of land located in Section 24, T19N, R9W, Rose Lake Township, Osceola county, containing 72.4 acres, more or less.

(2) The description of the property in subsection (1) is approximate and for purposes of the conveyance is subject to adjustments as the state administrative board or the attorney general considers necessary by survey or other legal description.

(3) The conveyance authorized by this section shall provide for all of the following:

(a) The property shall be used exclusively for public recreational purposes and if any fee, term, or condition for the use of the property is imposed on members of the public, or if any of those fees, terms, or conditions are waived for use of this property, resident and nonresident members of the public shall be subject to the same fees, terms, conditions, and waivers.

(b) Upon termination of the use described in subdivision (a) or use for any other purpose, the state may reenter and repossess the property, terminating the grantee's estate in the property.

(c) If the grantee disputes the state's exercise of its right of reentry and fails to promptly deliver possession of the property to the state, the attorney general, on behalf of the state, may bring an action to quiet title to, and regain possession of, the property.

(4) The conveyance authorized by this section shall be by quitclaim deed approved by the attorney general and shall reserve mineral rights to the state.

(5) The revenue received under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

Repeal of sections 1 to 7 of 2003 PA 116.

Enacting section 1. Sections 1 to 7 of 2003 PA 166 are repealed.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 321]

(SB 1302)

AN ACT to amend 1984 PA 385, entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of technology park districts in local governmental units; to provide certain facilities located in technology park districts an exemption from certain taxes; to levy and collect a specific tax upon the owners of certain facilities; to provide for the disposition of the tax; to provide for the obtaining and transferring of an exemption certificate and to prescribe the contents of those certificates; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state agencies and officers and certain officers of local governmental units; and to provide remedies and penalties," by amending section 12 (MCL 207.712), as amended by 1996 PA 445.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

207.712 Technology park facilities tax; levy; amount; collection, disbursement, and assessment of tax; payment; copy of amount of disbursement; facility located in renaissance zone; facility of qualified start-up business.

Sec. 12. (1) Except as provided in subsections (8) and (9), there is levied upon every owner of record and every user or occupant, if known, of a facility to which a certificate is issued, a specific tax to be known as a technology park facilities tax.

(2) The amount of the technology park facilities tax in each year shall be determined by multiplying the state equalized valuation of the facility excluding the land and the inventory personal property by the sum of 1/2 of the total mills levied as ad valorem taxes for that year by all taxing units within which the facility is located other than mills levied by a local or intermediate school district within which the facility is located for school operating purposes or mills levied under the state education tax act, 1993 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906, plus 1/2 of the number of mills levied for school operating purposes in 1993.

(3) The technology park facilities tax shall be collected, disbursed, and assessed in accordance with this act.

(4) The technology park facilities tax shall be an annual tax payable at the same time, in the same manner, and to the same officer or officers as taxes imposed under the general

property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.1 to 211.157, are payable. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the officer or officers shall disburse technology park facilities tax payments received each year to the state, cities, townships, villages, school districts, counties, community and junior colleges, and authorities, at the times and in the proportions required by law for the disbursement of taxes collected under the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.1 to 211.157. To determine the proportion for the disbursement of taxes under this subsection and for attribution of taxes under subsection (6) for taxes collected pursuant to technology park facilities exemption certificates issued before January 1, 1994, the number of mills levied for local school district operating purposes to be used in the calculation shall equal the number of mills for local school district operating purposes levied in 1993 minus the number of mills levied under the state education tax act, 1993 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906, for the year for which the disbursement is calculated.

(5) Except as provided in subsection (6), all or a portion of the amount to be disbursed to intermediate school districts receiving state aid under sections 56, 62, and 81 of the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1656, 388.1662, and 388.1681, as determined on the basis of the tax rates being utilized to compute the amount of state aid, shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to the state school aid fund established by section 11 of article IX of the state constitution of 1963.

(6) For technology park facilities taxes levied after 1993 for school operating purposes, the amount to be disbursed to a local school district shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to the state school aid fund established by section 11 of article IX of the state constitution of 1963.

(7) The officer or officers shall send a copy of the amount of disbursement made to each unit under this section to the department on a form provided by the department.

(8) A facility located in a renaissance zone under the Michigan renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2681 to 125.2696, is exempt from the technology park facilities tax levied under this act to the extent and for the duration provided pursuant to the Michigan renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2681 to 125.2696, except for that portion of the technology park facilities tax attributable to a special assessment or a tax described in section 7ff(2) of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff. The technology park facilities tax calculated under this subsection shall be disbursed proportionately to the local taxing unit or units that levied the special assessment or the tax described in section 7ff(2) of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff.

(9) Upon application for an exemption under this subsection by a qualified start-up business, the governing body of a local tax collecting unit may adopt a resolution to exempt a facility of a qualified start-up business from the collection of the technology park facilities tax levied under this act in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions as provided for the exemption in section 7hh of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7hh. The clerk of the local tax collecting unit shall notify in writing the assessor of the local tax collecting unit and the legislative body of each taxing unit that levies ad valorem property taxes in the local tax collecting unit. Before acting on the resolution, the governing body of the local tax collecting unit shall afford the assessor and a representative of the affected taxing units an opportunity for a hearing. If a resolution authorizing the exemption is adopted in the same manner as provided in section 7hh of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7hh, the facility owned or operated by a qualified start-up business is exempt from the technology park facilities tax levied under this act, except for that portion of the technology park facilities tax attributable to a special assessment or a tax described in section 7ff(2) of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff, for the year in which the resolution is adopted. A qualified start-up business is not eligible for an exemption under this subsection for more than 5 years.

A qualified start-up business may receive the exemption under this subsection in non-consecutive years. The technology park facilities tax calculated under this subsection shall be disbursed proportionately to the taxing unit or units that levied the special assessment or the tax described in section 7ff(2) of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff. As used in this subsection, “qualified start-up business” means that term as defined in section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 322]

(SB 1303)

AN ACT to amend 1990 PA 100, entitled “An act to permit the imposition, revival, and continued collection by cities of a population of 750,000 or more of a utility users tax; to provide the procedure for, and to require the adoption of a prescribed uniform city utility users tax ordinance by cities desiring to impose and collect such a tax; to limit the rate of such tax; to prescribe the powers and duties of the state commissioner of revenue; and to provide for appeals,” by amending section 5 of chapter 1 (MCL 141.1155), as amended by 1998 PA 241.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

CHAPTER 1

141.1155 Applicability; exemption; qualified start-up business.

Sec. 5. (1) The uniform city utility users tax ordinance does not apply to a person or corporation as to whom or which it is beyond the power of the city to impose the tax provided for in the uniform city utility users tax ordinance.

(2) For tax years beginning after December 31, 1996, a person or corporation, except a casino, is exempt from the tax imposed under this ordinance for public utility services provided in a renaissance zone to the extent and for the duration provided pursuant to the Michigan renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2681 to 125.2696. As used in this subsection, “casino” means a casino or a parking lot, hotel, motel, or retail store owned or operated by a casino, an affiliate, or an affiliated company, regulated by this state pursuant to the Michigan gaming control and revenue act, the Initiated Law of 1996, MCL 432.201 to 432.216.

(3) For tax years beginning after December 31, 2004, a qualified start-up business is exempt from the tax imposed under this ordinance for the 12-month period beginning November 1 for each tax year in which all of the following occur:

(a) The qualified start-up business applies for the exemption as provided in subsection (4).

(b) The governing body of the city adopts a resolution approving the exemption as provided in subsection (5).

(4) A qualified start-up business may claim the exemption under subsection (3) by filing an exemption affidavit claiming the exemption with the treasurer of the city that

imposes the tax under this ordinance on a form prescribed by the city. The affidavit under this subsection shall be filed on or before September 1 of each year that a taxpayer claims the exemption under subsection (3) and shall include all of the following:

(a) A statement that the qualified start-up business was eligible for and claimed the credit allowed under section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a, in the tax year that ended immediately before the November 1 in which the exemption under subsection (3) will be claimed.

(b) A copy of the qualified start-up business's annual return required under the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.1 to 208.145, for the year in which the credit was claimed under section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a, upon which the exemption under subsection (3) is based.

(c) A statement authorizing the department of treasury to release information contained in the qualified start-up business's annual return filed under the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.1 to 208.145, that pertains to the qualified start-up business credit claimed under section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a, upon which an exemption under subsection (3) is based to the city.

(5) An exemption under subsection (3) is not allowed unless the governing body of the city that collects the tax under this act adopts a resolution approving the exemption. Exemptions under subsection (3) shall be approved at the last official meeting of the governing body of the city in September of each year. The resolution adopted by the governing body of the city may approve the exemption provided in subsection (3) for 1 or more of the qualified start-up businesses that claim the exemption under subsection (3) by filing an affidavit on or before September 1 as provided in subsection (4).

(6) A qualified start-up business shall not receive the exemption under subsection (3) for more than a total of 5 tax years. A qualified start-up business may receive the exemption under subsection (3) in nonconsecutive tax years.

(7) As used in this section, "qualified start-up business" means that term as defined in section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 323]

(SB 1304)

AN ACT to amend 1974 PA 198, entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of plant rehabilitation districts and industrial development districts in local governmental units; to provide for the exemption from certain taxes; to levy and collect a specific tax upon the owners of certain facilities; to impose and provide for the disposition of an administrative fee; to provide for the disposition of the tax; to provide for the obtaining and transferring of an exemption certificate and to prescribe the contents of those certificates; to prescribe the powers and duties of the state tax commission and certain officers of local governmental units; and to provide penalties," by amending section 11 (MCL 207.561), as amended by 2001 PA 157.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

207.561 Industrial facility tax; payment; disbursements; allocation; receipt or retention of tax payment by local or intermediate school district; disposition of amount disbursed to local school district; facility located in renaissance zone; building or facility owned or operated by qualified start-up business.

Sec. 11. (1) Except as provided in subsections (6) and (7), there is levied upon every owner of a speculative building, a new facility, or a replacement facility to which an industrial facilities exemption certificate is issued a specific tax to be known as the industrial facility tax and an administrative fee calculated in the same manner and at the same rate that the local tax collecting unit imposes on ad valorem taxes collected under the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.1 to 211.157.

(2) The industrial facility tax and administrative fee are to be paid annually, at the same times, in the same installments, and to the same officer or officers as taxes and administrative fees, if any, imposed under the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.1 to 211.157, are payable. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the officer or officers shall disburse the industrial facility tax payments received each year to and among the state, cities, townships, villages, school districts, counties, and authorities, at the same times and in the same proportions as required by law for the disbursement of taxes collected under the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.1 to 211.157. To determine the proportion for the disbursement of taxes under this subsection and for attribution of taxes under subsection (5) for taxes collected under industrial facilities exemption certificates issued before January 1, 1994, the number of mills levied for local school district operating purposes to be used in the calculation shall equal the number of mills for local school district operating purposes levied in 1993 minus the number of mills levied under the state education tax act, 1993 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906, for the year for which the disbursement is calculated.

(3) Except as provided by subsections (4) and (5), for an intermediate school district receiving state aid under section 56, 62, or 81 of the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1656, 388.1662, and 388.1681, of the amount that would otherwise be disbursed to or retained by the intermediate school district, all or a portion, to be determined on the basis of the tax rates being utilized to compute the amount of the state school aid, shall be paid instead to the state treasury to the credit of the state school aid fund established by section 11 of article IX of the state constitution of 1963. If the sum of any commercial facilities taxes prescribed by the commercial redevelopment act, 1978 PA 255, MCL 207.651 to 207.668, and the industrial facility taxes paid to the state treasury to the credit of the state school aid fund that would otherwise be disbursed to the local or intermediate school district, under section 12 of the commercial redevelopment act, 1978 PA 255, MCL 207.662, and this section, exceeds the amount received by the local or intermediate school district under sections 56, 62, and 81 of the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1656, 388.1662, and 388.1681, the department of treasury shall allocate to each eligible local or intermediate school district an amount equal to the difference between the sum of the commercial facilities taxes and the industrial facility taxes paid to the state treasury to the credit of the state school aid fund and the amount the local or intermediate school district received under sections 56, 62, and 81 of the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1656, 388.1662, and 388.1681. This subsection does not apply to taxes levied for either of the following:

(a) Mills allocated to an intermediate school district for operating purposes as provided for under the property tax limitation act, 1933 PA 62, MCL 211.201 to 211.217a.

(b) An intermediate school district that is not receiving state aid under section 56 or 62 of the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1656 and 388.1662.

(4) For industrial facilities taxes levied before 1994, a local or intermediate school district shall receive or retain its industrial facility tax payment that is levied in any year and becomes a lien before December 1 of the year if the district files a statement with the state treasurer not later than June 30 of the year certifying that the district does not expect to receive state school aid payments under section 56, 62, or 81 of the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1656, 388.1662, and 388.1681, in the state fiscal year commencing in the year this statement is filed and if the district did not receive state school aid payments under section 56, 62, or 81 of the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1656, 388.1662, and 388.1681, for the state fiscal year concluding in the year the statement required by this subsection is filed. However, if a local or intermediate school district receives or retains its summer industrial facility tax payment under this subsection and becomes entitled to receive state school aid payments under section 56, 62, or 81 of the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1656, 388.1662, and 388.1681, in the state fiscal year commencing in the year in which it filed the statement required by this subsection, the district immediately shall pay to the state treasury to the credit of the state school aid fund an amount of the summer industrial facility tax payments that would have been paid to the state treasury to the credit of the state school aid fund under subsection (3) had not this subsection allowed the district to receive or retain the summer industrial facility tax payment.

(5) For industrial facilities taxes levied after 1993, the amount to be disbursed to a local school district, except for that amount of tax attributable to mills levied under section 1211(2) or 1211c of the revised school code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.1211 and 380.1211c, and mills that are not included as mills levied for school operating purposes under section 1211 of the revised school code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.1211, shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to the state school aid fund established by section 11 of article IX of the state constitution of 1963.

(6) A speculative building, a new facility, or a replacement facility located in a renaissance zone under the Michigan renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2681 to 125.2696, is exempt from the industrial facility tax levied under this act to the extent and for the duration provided pursuant to the Michigan renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2681 to 125.2696, except for that portion of the industrial facility tax attributable to a special assessment or a tax described in section 7ff(2) of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff. The industrial facility tax calculated under this subsection shall be disbursed proportionately to the local taxing unit or units that levied the special assessment or the tax described in section 7ff(2) of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff.

(7) Upon application for an exemption under this subsection by a qualified start-up business, the governing body of a local tax collecting unit may adopt a resolution to exempt a speculative building, a new facility, or a replacement facility of a qualified start-up business from the collection of the industrial facility tax levied under this act in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions as provided for the exemption in section 7hh of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7hh. The clerk of the local tax collecting unit shall notify in writing the assessor of the local tax collecting unit and the legislative body of each taxing unit that levies ad valorem property taxes in the local tax collecting unit. Before acting on the resolution, the governing body of the local tax collecting unit shall afford the assessor and a representative of the affected taxing units an opportunity for a hearing. If a resolution authorizing the exemption is adopted in the same manner as provided in section 7hh of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206,

MCL 211.7hh, a speculative building, a new facility, or a replacement facility owned or operated by a qualified start-up business is exempt from the industrial facility tax levied under this act, except for that portion of the industrial facility tax attributable to a special assessment or a tax described in section 7ff(2) of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff, for the year in which the resolution is adopted. A qualified start-up business is not eligible for an exemption under this subsection for more than 5 years. A qualified start-up business may receive the exemption under this subsection in nonconsecutive years. The industrial facility tax calculated under this subsection shall be disbursed proportionately to the taxing unit or units that levied the special assessment or the tax described in section 7ff(2) of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff. As used in this subsection, “qualified start-up business” means that term as defined in section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 324]

(SB 1305)

AN ACT to amend 1953 PA 189, entitled “An act to provide for the taxation of lessees and users of tax-exempt property,” (MCL 211.181 to 211.182) by adding section 1a.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

211.181a Real and personal property of qualified start-up business; exemption from tax.

Sec. 1a. (1) Notwithstanding the tax day provided in section 2 of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.2, and except as limited in subsection (5) and otherwise provided in subsection (7), for taxes levied after December 31, 2004, real and personal property of a qualified start-up business is exempt from taxes levied under this act for each tax year in which all of the following occur:

(a) The qualified start-up business applies for the exemption as provided in subsection (2) or (3).

(b) The governing body of the local tax collecting unit adopts a resolution approving the exemption as provided in subsection (4).

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), a qualified start-up business may claim the exemption under this section by filing an affidavit on or before May 1 in each tax year with the assessor of the local tax collecting unit. The affidavit shall be in a form prescribed by the state tax commission. The affidavit shall state that the qualified start-up business was eligible for and claimed the qualified start-up business credit under section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a, for the applicant’s last tax year ending before May 1. The affidavit shall include all of the following:

(a) A copy of the qualified start-up business’s annual return filed under the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.1 to 208.145, in which the qualified start-up business claimed the qualified start-up business credit under section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a.

(b) A statement authorizing the department of treasury to release information contained in the qualified start-up business's annual return filed under the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.1 to 208.145, that pertains to the qualified start-up business credit claimed under section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a.

(3) If a qualified start-up business applies for an extension for filing its annual single business tax return under section 73 of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.73, the qualified start-up business may claim the exemption under this section after May 1 if all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The governing body of the local tax collecting unit adopts a resolution under subsection (4)(b) approving the exemption for all qualified start-up businesses that apply for an extension for filing the annual single business tax return under section 73 of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.73.

(b) The qualified start-up business submits a copy of its application for an extension for filing its annual single business tax return under section 73 of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.73, and the affidavit described in subsection (2) to the December board of review provided in section 53b of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.53b. For purposes of section 53b of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.53b, an exemption granted under this subsection shall be considered the correction of a clerical error.

(4) On or before its last meeting in May in each tax year, the governing body of a local tax collecting unit may adopt a resolution approving the exemption provided in this section. The clerk of the local tax collecting unit shall notify in writing the assessor of the local tax collecting unit and the legislative body of each taxing unit that levies ad valorem property taxes in the local tax collecting unit. Before acting on the resolution, the governing body of the local tax collecting unit shall afford the assessor and a representative of the affected taxing units an opportunity for a hearing. A resolution approving the exemption provided in this section may be for 1 or both of the following:

(a) One or more of the individual qualified start-up businesses that claim the exemption under this section by filing an affidavit on or before May 1 as provided in subsection (2).

(b) All qualified start-up businesses that claim the exemption under this section after May 1 as provided in subsection (3).

(5) A qualified start-up business shall not receive the exemption under this section for more than a total of 5 tax years. A qualified start-up business may receive the exemption under this section in nonconsecutive tax years.

(6) If an exemption under this section is erroneously granted, the tax rolls shall be corrected for the current tax year and the 3 immediately preceding tax years. The property that had been subject to that exemption shall be immediately placed on the tax roll by the local tax collecting unit if the local tax collecting unit has possession of the tax roll or by the county treasurer if the county has possession of the tax roll as though the exemption had not been granted. A corrected tax bill shall be issued for the tax year being adjusted by the local tax collecting unit if the local tax collecting unit has possession of the tax roll or by the county treasurer if the county has possession of the tax roll. If an owner pays the corrected tax bill issued under this subsection within 60 days after the corrected tax bill is issued, that owner is not liable for any penalty or interest on the additional tax. If an owner pays a corrected tax bill issued under this subsection more than 60 days after the corrected tax bill is issued, the owner is liable for the penalties and interest that would have accrued if the exemption had not been granted from the date the taxes were originally levied.

(7) Real and personal property of a qualified start-up business is not exempt from collection of the following:

(a) A special assessment levied by the local tax collecting unit in which the property is located.

(b) Ad valorem property taxes specifically levied for the payment of principal and interest of obligations approved by the electors or obligations pledging the unlimited taxing power of the local governmental unit.

(c) A tax levied under section 705 or 1212 of the revised school code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.705 and 380.1212.

(8) As used in this section, “qualified start-up business” means that term as defined in section 31a of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.31a.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved August 27, 2004.

Filed with Secretary of State August 27, 2004.

[No. 325]

(HB 5876)

AN ACT to amend 1994 PA 451, entitled “An act to protect the environment and natural resources of the state; to codify, revise, consolidate, and classify laws relating to the environment and natural resources of the state; to regulate the discharge of certain substances into the environment; to regulate the use of certain lands, waters, and other natural resources of the state; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state and local agencies and officials; to provide for certain charges, fees, and assessments; to provide certain appropriations; to prescribe penalties and provide remedies; to repeal certain parts of this act on a specific date; and to repeal certain acts and parts of acts,” by amending sections 3104, 3503, 4105, 6516, 6517, 6521, 8310, 8504, 9112, 11509, 11511, 11512, 11516, 11542, 11703, 11704, 11709, 30104, 30105, 30113, 30304, 30307, 31509, 31512, 32312, 32503, 32515, 35304, 36505, 40116, 41702, 41709, 42101, 42501, 42702, 44513, 44517, 45503, 45902, 45903, 45906, 61525, 62509, 63103a, 63103c, 63514, 63524, 63525, 63704, 63708, 72108, 76105, 76109, 76504, and 80159 (MCL 324.3104, 324.3503, 324.4105, 324.6516, 324.6517, 324.6521, 324.8310, 324.8504, 324.9112, 324.11509, 324.11511, 324.11512, 324.11516, 324.11542, 324.11703, 324.11704, 324.11709, 324.30104, 324.30105, 324.30113, 324.30304, 324.30307, 324.31509, 324.31512, 324.32312, 324.32503, 324.32515, 324.35304, 324.36505, 324.40116, 324.41702, 324.41709, 324.42101, 324.42501, 324.42702, 324.44513, 324.44517, 324.45503, 324.45902, 324.45903, 324.45906, 324.61525, 324.62509, 324.63103a, 324.63103c, 324.63514, 324.63524, 324.63525, 324.63704, 324.63708, 324.72108, 324.76105, 324.76109, 324.76504, and 324.80159), sections 3104, 30104, and 32312 as amended by 2003 PA 163, sections 3503, 6521, and 8504 as added by 1995 PA 60, sections 6516 and 6517 as amended by 1996 PA 166, section 8310 as amended by 2002 PA 418, section 9112 as amended by 2000 PA 504, sections 11509 and 11511 as amended by 1996 PA 358, sections 11512 and 11516 as amended by 2003 PA 153, section 11542 as amended by 1996 PA 359, section 30105 as amended by 1999 PA 106, section 30113 as amended by 2004 PA 246, sections 30304, 31509, 31512, 32515, and 35304 as added by 1995 PA 59, section 30307 as amended by 1998 PA 228, section 32503 as amended by 2002 PA 148, section 36505 as amended by 1998 PA 470, section 40116 as amended by 1996 PA 154, section 41702 as amended by 2001 PA 23, sections 41709, 42101, 42501, 44513, 44517, 45503, 45903, 63514, 63525, 63704, and 63708 as

added by 1995 PA 57, section 42702 as amended by 2000 PA 191, section 45902 as amended by 1996 PA 200, section 45906 as amended by 2003 PA 270, section 61525 as amended by 1998 PA 303, section 62509 as amended by 1998 PA 467, sections 63103a and 63103c as added by 1997 PA 149, sections 63524 and 76504 as amended by 2001 PA 78, sections 72108 and 80159 as added by 1995 PA 58, and sections 76105 and 76109 as amended by 2001 PA 75, and by adding sections 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, and 1311.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

324.1301 Definitions.

Sec. 1301. As used in this part:

(a) “Application period” means the period beginning when an application for a permit is received by the state and ending when the application is considered to be administratively complete under section 1305 and any applicable fee has been paid.

(b) “Department” means the department, agency, or officer authorized by this act to approve or deny an application for a particular permit.

(c) “Director” means the director of the state department authorized under this act to approve or deny an application for a particular permit or the director’s designee.

(d) “Permit” means a permit or operating license required by any of the following sections or by rules promulgated thereunder, or, in the case of section 9112, by an ordinance or resolution adopted thereunder:

(i) Section 3104, floodplain alteration permit.

(ii) Section 3503, permit for use of water in mining iron ore.

(iii) Section 4105, sewerage system construction permit.

(iv) Section 6516, vehicle testing license.

(v) Section 6521, motor vehicle fleet testing permit.

(vi) Section 8310, restricted use pesticide dealer business location license.

(vii) Section 8504, license to manufacture or distribute fertilizer.

(viii) Section 9112, local soil erosion and sedimentation control permit.

(ix) Section 11509, solid waste disposal area construction permit.

(x) Section 11512, solid waste disposal area operating license.

(xi) Section 11542, municipal solid waste incinerator ash landfill operating license amendment.

(xii) Section 11703, septage waste servicing license.

(xiii) Section 11704, septage waste vehicle license.

(xiv) Section 11709, septage waste disposal permit.

(xv) Section 30104, inland lakes and streams project permit.

(xvi) Section 30304, state permit for dredging, filling, or other activity in wetland.

(xvii) Section 31509, dam construction, repair, removal permit.

(xviii) Section 32312, flood risk, high risk, or environmental area permit.

(xix) Section 32503, permit for dredging and filling bottomland.

(xx) Section 35304, department permit for critical dune area use.

(xxi) Section 36505, endangered species permit.

(xxii) Section 41702, game bird hunting preserve license.

- (*xxiii*) Section 42101, dog training area permit.
- (*xxiv*) Section 42501, fur dealer's license.
- (*xxv*) Section 42702, game dealer's license.
- (*xxvi*) Section 44513, charter boat operating permit under reciprocal agreement.
- (*xxvii*) Section 44517, boat livery operating permit.
- (*xxviii*) Section 45503, permit to take frogs for scientific use.
- (*xxix*) Section 45902, game fish propagation license.
- (*xxx*) Section 45906, game fish import license.
- (*xxxi*) Section 61525, oil or gas well drilling permit.
- (*xxxii*) Section 62509, brine, storage, or waste disposal well drilling or conversion permit or test well drilling permit.
- (*xxxiii*) Section 63103a, metallic mineral mining permit.
- (*xxxiv*) Section 63514 or 63525, surface coal mining and reclamation permit or revision of the permit during the term of the permit, respectively.
- (*xxxv*) Section 63704, sand dune mining permit.
- (*xxxvi*) Section 72108, use permits for Michigan trailway.
- (*xxxvii*) Section 76109, sunken aircraft or watercraft abandoned property recovery permit.
- (*xxxviii*) Section 76504, Mackinac Island motor vehicle and land use permits.
- (*xxxix*) Section 80159, buoy or beacon permit.
- (e) "Processing deadline" means the last day of the processing period.
- (f) "Processing period" means the following time period after the close of the application period, for the following permit, as applicable:
- (i) Thirty days for a permit under section 9112.
- (ii) Thirty days after the department consults with the underwater salvage and preserve committee created under section 76103, for a permit under section 76109.
- (iii) Sixty days, for a permit under section 30104 for a minor project as established by rule under section 30105(6) or for a permit under section 32312.
- (iv) Sixty days or, if a hearing is held, 90 days for a permit under section 35304.
- (v) Sixty days or, if a hearing is held, 120 days for a permit under section 30104, other than a permit for a minor project as established by rule under section 30105(6), or for a permit under section 31509.
- (vi) Twenty days for a permit under section 61525 or 62509.
- (vii) Ninety days for a permit under section 11512, a revision of a surface coal mining and reclamation permit during the term of the permit under section 63525, or a permit under section 72108.
- (viii) Ninety days or, if a hearing is held, 150 days for a permit under section 3104, 30304, or 32503.
- (ix) One hundred and twenty days for a permit under section 11509, 11542, 63103a, 63514, or 63704.
- (x) One hundred fifty days for a permit under section 36505. However, if a site inspection or federal approval is required, the 150-day period is tolled pending completion of the inspection or receipt of the federal approval.

(xi) For any other permit, 150 days or, if a hearing is held, 90 days after the hearing, whichever is later.

324.1303 Permit application; format; documents.

Sec. 1303. (1) An application for a permit shall be submitted to the department in a format to be developed by the department, except as provided in section 30307 with respect to a state wetland permit.

(2) The department shall, upon request and without charge, provide a person a copy of all of the following:

- (a) A blank permit application form.
- (b) In concise form, any instructions necessary to complete the application.
- (c) A complete, yet concise, explanation of the permit review process.
- (3) The department shall post the documents described in subsection (2) on its website.

324.1305 Receipt of permit application; notice of incomplete application; time period.

Sec. 1305. (1) Effective 30 days after the state receives an application for a permit, the application shall be considered to be administratively complete unless the department proceeds as provided under subsection (2).

(2) If, before the expiration of the 30-day period under subsection (1), the department notifies the applicant that the application is not administratively complete, specifying the information necessary to make the application administratively complete, or notifies the applicant that a fee required to accompany the application has not been paid, specifying the amount due, the running of the 30-day period under subsection (1) is tolled until the applicant submits to the department the specified information or fee amount due. The notice shall be given in writing or by electronic notification.

324.1307 Approval or denial of permit application; extension of processing period; explanation of reasons for permit denial; failure of department to satisfy requirements of subsection (1); effect.

Sec. 1307. (1) By the processing deadline, the department shall approve or deny an application for a permit. If requested by the permit applicant, the department may extend the processing period for a permit by not more than 20%. Approval of an application for a permit may be granted with conditions or modifications necessary to achieve compliance with the part or parts of this act under which the permit is issued.

(2) A denial of an application for a permit shall include an explanation of the reasons for denial and make specific reference to provisions of this act or rules promulgated under this act providing the basis for denial.

(3) Except for permits described in subsection (4), if the department fails to satisfy the requirements of subsection (1) with respect to an application for a permit, the department shall pay the applicant an amount equal to 15% of the greater of the following, as applicable:

- (a) The amount of the application fee for that permit.
- (b) If an assessment or other fee is charged on an annual or other periodic basis by the department to a person holding the permit for which the application was submitted, the amount of the first periodic charge of that assessment or other fee for that permit.
- (4) If the department fails to satisfy the requirements of subsection (1) with respect to a permit under section 11509, 11512, or 30307, the application shall be considered to be

approved and the department shall be considered to have made any determination required for approval.

(5) The failure of the department to satisfy the requirements of subsection (1) or the fact that the department is required to make a payment under subsection (3) or is considered to have approved a permit under subsection (4) shall not be used by the department as the basis for discriminating against the applicant. If the department is required to make a payment under subsection (3), the application shall be processed in sequence with other applications for the same type of permit, based on the date on which the processing period began, unless the director determines on an application-by-application basis that the public interest is best served by processing in a different order.

(6) If the department fails to satisfy the requirements of subsection (1), the director shall notify the appropriations committees of the senate and house of representatives of the failure. The notification shall be in writing and shall include both of the following:

(a) An explanation of the reason for the failure.

(b) A statement of the amount the department was required to pay the applicant under subsection (3) or a statement that the department was required to consider the application to be approved under subsection (4), as applicable.

324.1309 Submissions of applications for more than 1 type of permit.

Sec. 1309. If a person submits applications for more than 1 type of permit for a particular development or project, the department or departments shall process the applications in a coordinated fashion to the extent feasible given procedural requirements applicable to individual permits and, at the request of an applicant, appoint a primary contact person to assist in communications with the department or departments.

324.1311 Report; information.

Sec. 1311. The director of the department shall submit a report by December 1, 2005 and each year thereafter to the standing committees and appropriations subcommittees of the senate and house of representatives with primary responsibility for issues under the jurisdiction of that department. The department shall post the current report on its website. The report shall include all of the following information for each type of permit for the preceding fiscal year:

(a) The number of applications for permits the department received.

(b) The number of applications approved, the number of applications approved by the processing deadline, the number of applications approved after the processing deadline, and the average time for the department to determine administrative completeness and to approve or disapprove applications.

(c) The number of applications denied, the number of applications denied by the processing deadline, and the number of applications denied after the processing deadline.

(d) The number of applications approved or denied after the processing deadline that, based on the director's determination of the public interest, were not processed in sequence as otherwise required by section 1307(5).

(e) The number of applications that were not administratively complete when received.

(f) The amount of money refunded and discounts granted under section 1307.

(g) The number of applications processed as provided in section 1309.

324.3104 Cooperation and negotiation with other governments as to water resources; alteration of watercourses; federal assistance; report; requests for appropriations; recommendations; permit to alter floodplain; application; fees; disposition of fees; other acts subject to single highest permit fee.

Sec. 3104. (1) The department is designated the state agency to cooperate and negotiate with other governments, governmental units, and governmental agencies in matters concerning the water resources of the state, including, but not limited to, flood control, beach erosion control, and water quality control planning, development, and management. The department shall have control over the alterations of natural or present watercourses of all rivers and streams in the state to assure that the channels and the portions of the floodplains that are the floodways are not inhabited and are kept free and clear of interference or obstruction that will cause any undue restriction of the capacity of the floodway. The department may take steps as may be necessary to take advantage of any act of congress that may be of assistance in carrying out the purposes of this part, including the water resources planning act, 42 USC 1962 to 1962d-3, and the federal water pollution control act, 33 USC 1251 to 1387.

(2) The department shall report to the governor and to the legislature at least annually on any plans or projects being implemented or considered for implementation. The report shall include requests for any legislation needed to implement any proposed projects or agreements made necessary as a result of a plan or project, together with any requests for appropriations. The department may make recommendations to the governor on the designation of areawide water quality planning regions and organizations relative to the governor's responsibilities under the federal water pollution control act, 33 USC 1251 to 1387.

(3) A person shall not alter a floodplain except as authorized by a floodplain permit issued by the department pursuant to part 13. An application for a permit shall include information that may be required by the department to assess the proposed alteration's impact on the floodplain. If an alteration includes activities at multiple locations in a floodplain, 1 application may be filed for combined activities.

(4) Except as provided in subsections (5), (6), and (8), until October 1, 2008, an application for a floodplain permit shall be accompanied by a fee of \$500.00. Until October 1, 2008, if the department determines that engineering computations are required to assess the impact of a proposed floodplain alteration on flood stage or discharge characteristics, the department shall assess the applicant an additional \$1,500.00 to cover the department's cost of review.

(5) Until October 1, 2008, an application for a floodplain permit for a minor project category shall be accompanied by a fee of \$100.00. Minor project categories shall be established by rule and shall include activities and projects that are similar in nature and have minimal potential for causing harmful interference.

(6) If work has been done in violation of a permit requirement under this part and restoration is not ordered by the department, the department may accept an application for a permit for that work if the application is accompanied by a fee equal to 2 times the permit fee required under subsection (4) or (5).

(7) The department shall forward fees collected under this section to the state treasurer for deposit in the land and water management permit fee fund created in section 30113.

(8) A project that requires review and approval under this part and 1 or more of the following is subject to only the single highest permit fee required under this part or the following:

- (a) Part 301.
- (b) Part 303.

(c) Part 323.

(d) Part 325.

(e) Section 117 of the land division act, 1967 PA 288, MCL 560.117.

324.3503 Operation of low-grade iron ore mining property; draining, diverting, controlling, or using water; permit required; application; contents; hearing; notice; publication; findings.

Sec. 3503. A person shall not drain, divert, control, or use water for the operation of a low-grade iron ore mining property except as authorized by a permit issued by the department pursuant to part 13. An application for a permit shall include information and data as may be prescribed by the department in its rules and regulations. Not later than 60 days following receipt of an application, the department shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the application and shall publish notice of the hearing. The notice shall be published twice in each county involved in at least 1 newspaper of general circulation in the county. At the hearing, the applicant and any other interested party may appear, present witnesses, and submit evidence. Following the hearing, the department may grant the permit and publish notice of the granting of the permit, in the manner provided for publication of notice of hearing, upon finding the following conditions:

(a) That the proposed drainage, diversion, control, or use of waters is necessary for the mining of substantial deposits of low-grade iron ore, and that other feasible and economical methods of obtaining a continuing supply of water for that purpose are not available to the applicant.

(b) That the proposed drainage, diversion, control, or use of waters will not unreasonably impair the interests of the public or of riparians in lands or waters or the beneficial public use of lands, and will not endanger the public health or safety.

324.4105 Sewerage systems; plans and specifications generally; rules; permit for construction; misdemeanor.

Sec. 4105. (1) The mayor of each city, the president of each village, the township supervisor of each township, the responsible executive officer of a governmental agency, and all other persons operating sewerage systems in this state shall file with the department a true copy of the plans and specifications of the entire sewerage system owned or operated by that person, including any filtration or other purification plant or treatment works as may be operated in connection with the sewerage system, and also plans and specifications of all alterations, additions, or improvements to the systems that may be made. The plans and specifications shall, in addition to all other requirements, show all the sources through or from which water is or may be at any time pumped or otherwise permitted to enter into the sewerage system, and the drain, watercourse, river, or lake into which sewage is to be discharged. The plans and specifications shall be certified by the mayor of a city, the president of a village, a responsible member of a partnership, an individual owner, or the proper officer of any other person that operates a sewerage system, as well as by the engineer, if any are employed by any such operator. The department may promulgate and enforce rules regarding the preparation and submission of plans and specifications and for the issuance and period of validity of construction permits for the work.

(2) A person shall not construct a sewerage system or any filtration or other purification plant or treatment works in connection with a sewerage system except as authorized by a construction permit issued by the department pursuant to part 13. A person shall not issue a voucher or check or otherwise expend money for such construction

unless such a permit has been issued. An application for a permit shall be submitted by the mayor of a city, the president of a village, a responsible member of a partnership, an individual owner, or the proper officer of any other person proposing the construction. An application for a permit shall include plans and specifications as described in subsection (1).

(3) A municipal officer or an officer or agent of a governmental agency, corporation, association, partnership, or individual who permits or allows construction to proceed on a sewerage works without a valid permit, or in a manner not in accordance with the plans and specifications approved by the department, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$500.00 or imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or both.

324.6516 Inspection of motor vehicles; license to operate testing station; separate license and fee; mobile or temporary location; remote sensing devices; use of other instruments; display of license.

Sec. 6516. (1) A person shall not engage in the business of inspecting motor vehicles under this part except as authorized by a license to operate a testing station issued by the department pursuant to part 13.

(2) A person shall not be licensed to operate a testing station unless the person has an established place of business where inspections are to be performed during regular business hours, where records required by this part and the rules promulgated under this part are to be maintained, and that is equipped with an instrument or instruments of a type that comply with and are capable of performing inspections of motor vehicles under this part.

(3) A person licensed as a testing station shall perform inspections under this part at the established place of business for which the person is licensed. A person shall inform the department immediately of a change in the address of an established place of business at which the person is licensed as a testing station.

(4) A person shall obtain a separate license and pay a separate fee for each established place of business at which a testing station is to be operated.

(5) A testing station may establish and operate mobile or temporary testing station locations if they meet all of the following conditions:

(a) The instrument used at the mobile or temporary location is capable of meeting the performance specifications for instruments set forth in rules promulgated under this part while operating in the mobile or temporary station environment.

(b) The owner of a motor vehicle inspected at the mobile or temporary location shall be provided with a free reinspection of the motor vehicle, at the established place of business of the testing station or at any mobile or temporary testing station location operated by the testing station.

(c) Personnel at the licensed established place of business location shall, at all times, know the location and hours of operation of the mobile or temporary testing station or stations.

(d) The records required by this part and the rules promulgated under this part relating to inspections performed and the instrument or instruments used at a mobile or temporary testing station shall be maintained at a single established place of business that is licensed as a testing station.

(e) The documents printed as required by the rules promulgated under this part by an instrument used at a mobile or temporary testing station location shall contain the testing station number and the name, address, and telephone number of the testing station's established place of business.

(6) A testing station may use remote sensing devices as a complement to testing otherwise required by this part.

(7) A testing station shall not cause or permit an inspection of a motor vehicle to be performed by a person other than an emission inspector using an instrument of a type that complies with the rules promulgated under this part.

(8) A testing station shall display a valid testing station license issued by the department in a place and manner conspicuous to its customers.

324.6517 Testing station license; application; information; fee; effective date and duration of license; reinstatement of surrendered, revoked, or expired repair facility registration; resumption of operation.

Sec. 6517. (1) An application for a testing station license shall include a description of the business to be licensed. The description shall include, in addition to other information required by this part and the rules promulgated under this part, all of the following:

(a) The repair facility registration number issued to the applicant if the applicant is licensed under the motor vehicle service and repair act, 1974 PA 300, MCL 257.1301 to 257.1340.

(b) The name of the business and the address of the business location for which a testing station license is being sought.

(c) The name and address of each owner of the business in the case of a sole proprietorship or a partnership and, in the case of a corporation, the name and address of each officer and director and of each owner of 25% or more of the corporation.

(d) The name of and identification number issued by the department for each emission inspector employed by the applicant.

(e) A description, including the model and serial number, of each instrument to be used by the applicant to perform inspections or reinspections under this part and the rules promulgated under this part and the date the instrument was purchased by the applicant.

(f) The estimated capacity of the applicant to perform inspections.

(2) The fee for a testing station license is \$50.00 and shall accompany the application for a license submitted to the department.

(3) A testing station license shall take effect on the date it is approved by the department and shall remain in effect until this part expires, the license is surrendered by the station, revoked or suspended by the department, or until the motor vehicle repair facility registration of the business has been revoked or suspended by the department of state, surrendered by the facility, or has expired without timely renewal.

(4) If a testing station license has expired by reason of surrender, revocation, or expiration of repair facility registration, the business shall not resume operation as a testing station until the repair facility registration has been reinstated and a new, original application for a testing station license has been received and approved by the department and a new license fee paid.

(5) When the repair facility registration has been suspended, the testing station may resume operation without a new application when the repair facility registration suspension has ended.

324.6521 Fleet testing station; permit; requirements.

Sec. 6521. (1) A fleet owner or lessee shall not perform inspections under this part or the rules promulgated under this part except as authorized under a permit to operate a fleet testing station issued by the department pursuant to part 13.

(2) A person shall not receive a permit to operate a fleet testing station unless the person has an established location where inspections are to be performed, where records required by this part and the rules promulgated under this part are to be maintained, that is equipped with an instrument or instruments of a type that comply with this part or the rules promulgated under this part, and that is capable of performing inspections of motor vehicles under this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(3) A person with a permit to operate a fleet testing station shall perform inspections under this part and the rules promulgated under this part only at the established location for which the person has the permit. A person shall inform the department immediately of a change in the address of the established location for which the person has a permit to operate a fleet testing station.

(4) A fleet testing station shall not cause or permit an inspection of a motor vehicle to be performed by a person other than an emission inspector using an instrument of a type that complies with the rules promulgated under this part.

(5) An application for a fleet testing station shall include a description of the operation to be licensed. The description shall include, in addition to other information required by this part and the rules promulgated under this part, all of the following:

(a) The name of the business and the address of the location for which a fleet testing station permit is being sought.

(b) The name and address of each owner of the business in the case of a sole proprietorship or a partnership and, in the case of a corporation, the name and address of each officer and director and of each owner of 25% or more of the corporation.

(c) The name of and identification number issued by the department for each emission inspector employed by the applicant.

(d) A description, including the model and serial number of each instrument to be used by the applicant to perform inspections or reinspections under this part and the rules promulgated under this part, and the date the equipment was purchased by the applicant.

(e) A description of the fleet to be inspected, including the number and types of motor vehicles.

(f) A statement signed by the applicant certifying that the applicant maintains and repairs, on a regular basis, the fleet vehicles owned by the applicant.

(6) A fleet testing station permit shall take effect on the date it is approved by the department and shall expire 1 year from that date. A fleet testing station permit shall be renewed automatically, unless the fleet testing station informs the department not to renew it or unless the department has revoked the permit.

(7) A person shall obtain a separate permit for each location at which fleet inspections are performed.

(8) By the fifteenth day of each month, each fleet testing station shall remit \$1.00 for each vehicle inspected during the preceding month to the department of treasury for deposit in the motor vehicle emissions testing program fund.

324.8310 Restricted use pesticide dealer's license; examination; sales records; summary form of information; sale or distribution of restricted use pesticide; denial, suspension, or revocation of license; maintenance of certain records; confidentiality of information.

Sec. 8310. (1) A person shall not engage in distributing, selling, or offering for sale restricted use pesticides to the ultimate user except as authorized under an annual license for each place of business issued by the department pursuant to part 13.

(2) The applicant for a license under subsection (1) shall be the person in charge of each business location. The applicant shall demonstrate by written examination his or her knowledge of laws and rules governing the use and sale of restricted use pesticides.

(3) A restricted use pesticide dealer shall forward to the director a record of all sales of restricted use pesticides on forms provided by the director as required by rule. Restricted use pesticide dealers shall keep copies of the records on file for 2 years. These records are subject to inspection by an authorized agent of the director. The records shall, upon request, be supplied in summary form to other state agencies. The summary shall include the name and address of the restricted use pesticide dealer, the name and address of the purchaser, the name of the pesticide sold, and, in an emergency, the quantity sold. Information may not be made available to the public if, in the discretion of the director, release of that information could have a significant adverse effect on the competitive position of the dealer, distributor, or manufacturer.

(4) A restricted use pesticide dealer shall sell or distribute restricted use pesticides for use only by applicators certified under this part.

(5) The director may deny, suspend, or revoke a restricted use pesticide dealer's license for any violation of this part committed by the dealer or the dealer's officer, agent, or employee.

(6) A restricted use pesticide dealer shall maintain and submit to the department records of all restricted use pesticide sales to private applicators and the intended county of application for those pesticides.

(7) Information collected in subsection (6) is confidential business information and is not subject to the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246.

324.8504 License to manufacture or distribute fertilizer; fee; application; notice of additional distribution points; exception; expiration.

Sec. 8504. (1) A person shall not manufacture or distribute fertilizer in this state, except specialty fertilizer and soil conditioners, until the appropriate groundwater protection fee provided in section 8715 has been submitted, and except as authorized by a license to manufacture or distribute issued by the department pursuant to part 13. An application for a license shall be accompanied by a payment of a fee of \$100.00 for each of the following:

(a) Each fixed location at which fertilizer is manufactured in this state.

(b) Each mobile unit used to manufacture fertilizer in this state.

(c) Each location out of the state that applies labeling showing out-of-state origin of fertilizer distributed in this state to nonlicensees.

(2) An application for a license to manufacture or distribute fertilizer shall include:

(a) The name and address of the applicant.

(b) The name and address of each bulk distribution point in the state not licensed for fertilizer manufacture or distribution. The name and address shown on the license shall be shown on all labels, pertinent invoices, and bulk storage for fertilizers distributed by the licensee in this state.

(3) The licensee shall inform the director in writing of additional distribution points established during the period of the license.

(4) A distributor is not required to obtain a license if the distributor is selling fertilizer of a distributor or a manufacturer licensed under this part.

(5) All licenses to manufacture or distribute fertilizer expire on December 31 of each year.

324.9112 Earth change; permit required; violation; notice; hearing; answer; evidence; stipulation or consent order; final order of determination.

Sec. 9112. (1) A person shall not maintain or undertake an earth change governed by this part, the rules promulgated under this part, or an applicable local ordinance, except in accordance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part or with the applicable local ordinance, and except as authorized by a permit issued by the appropriate county enforcing agency or municipal enforcing agency pursuant to part 13.

(2) If in the opinion of the department a person, including an authorized public agency, violates this part, the rules promulgated under this part, or an applicable local ordinance, or a county enforcing agency or municipal enforcing agency fails to enforce this part, the rules promulgated under this part, or an applicable local ordinance, the department may notify the alleged offender in writing of its determination. If the department places a county on probation under section 9105, a municipality is not approved under section 9106, or a state agency or agency of a local unit of government is not approved under section 9110, or if the department determines that a municipal enforcing agency or authorized public agency is not satisfactorily administering and enforcing this part and rules promulgated under this part, the department shall notify the county, municipality, state agency, or agency of a local unit of government in writing of its determination or action. The notice shall contain, in addition to a statement of the specific violation or failure that the department believes to exist, a proposed order, stipulation for agreement, or other action that the department considers appropriate to assure timely correction of the violation or failure. The notice shall set a date for a hearing not less than 4 nor more than 8 weeks from the date of the notice of determination. Extensions of the date of the hearing may be granted by the department or on request. At the hearing, any interested party may appear, present witnesses, and submit evidence. A person who has been served with a notice of determination may file a written answer to the notice of determination before the date set for hearing or at the hearing may appear and present oral or written testimony and evidence on the charges and proposed requirements of the department to assure correction of the violation or failure. If a person served with the notice of determination agrees with the proposed requirements of the department and notifies the department of that agreement before the date set for the hearing, disposition of the case may be made with the approval of the department by stipulation or consent agreement without further hearing. The final order of determination following the hearing, or the stipulation or consent order as authorized by this section and approved by the department, is conclusive unless reviewed in accordance with the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328, in the circuit court of Ingham county, or of the county in which the violation occurred, upon petition filed within 15 days after the service upon the person of the final order of determination.

324.11509 Construction permit for establishment of disposal area; application; engineering plan; construction permit application fee for landfill; construction permit for solid waste transfer facility, solid waste processing plant, or other disposal area; fees; fee refund; permit denial; resubmission of application with additional information; modification or renewal of permit; multiple permits; disposition of fees.

Sec. 11509. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 11529, a person shall not establish a disposal area except as authorized by a construction permit issued by the department pursuant to part 13. In addition, a person shall not establish a disposal area

contrary to an approved solid waste management plan, or contrary to a permit, license, or final order issued pursuant to this part. A person proposing the establishment of a disposal area shall apply for a construction permit to the department through the health officer. If the disposal area is located in a county or city that does not have a certified health department, the application shall be made directly to the department.

(2) The application for a construction permit shall contain the name and residence of the applicant, the location of the proposed disposal area, the design capacity of the disposal area, and other information specified by rule. A person may apply to construct more than 1 type of disposal area at the same facility under a single permit. The application shall be accompanied by an engineering plan and a construction permit application fee. A construction permit application for a landfill shall be accompanied by a fee in an amount that is the sum of all of the following fees, as applicable:

(a) For a new sanitary landfill, a fee equal to the following amount:

(i) For a municipal solid waste landfill, \$1,500.00.

(ii) For an industrial waste landfill, \$1,000.00.

(iii) For a type III landfill limited to low hazard industrial waste, \$750.00.

(b) For a lateral expansion of a sanitary landfill, a fee equal to the following amount:

(i) For a municipal solid waste landfill, \$1,000.00.

(ii) For an industrial waste landfill, \$750.00.

(iii) For a type III landfill limited to low hazard industrial waste, construction and demolition waste, or other nonindustrial waste, \$500.00.

(c) For a vertical expansion of an existing sanitary landfill, a fee equal to the following amount:

(i) For a municipal solid waste landfill, \$750.00.

(ii) For an industrial waste landfill, \$500.00.

(iii) For an industrial waste landfill limited to low hazard industrial waste, construction and demolition waste, or other nonindustrial waste, \$250.00.

(3) The application for a construction permit for a solid waste transfer facility, a solid waste processing plant, other disposal area, or a combination of these, shall be accompanied by a fee in the following amount:

(a) For a new facility for municipal solid waste, or a combination of municipal solid waste and waste listed in subdivision (b), \$1,000.00.

(b) For a new facility for industrial waste, or construction and demolition waste, \$500.00.

(c) For the expansion of an existing facility for any type of waste, \$250.00.

(4) If an application is returned to the applicant as administratively incomplete, the department shall refund the entire fee. If a permit is denied or an application is withdrawn, the department shall refund 1/2 the amount specified in subsection (3) to the applicant. An applicant for a construction permit, within 12 months after a permit denial or withdrawal, may resubmit the application and the refunded portion of the fee, together with the additional information as needed to address the reasons for denial, without being required to pay an additional application fee.

(5) An application for a modification to a construction permit or for renewal of a construction permit which has expired shall be accompanied by a fee of \$250.00. Increases in final elevations that do not result in an increase in design capacity or a change in the solid waste boundary shall be considered a modification and not a vertical expansion.

(6) A person who applies to permit more than 1 type of disposal area at the same facility shall pay a fee equal to the sum of the applicable fees listed in this section.

(7) The department shall deposit permit application fees collected under this section in the solid waste staff account of the solid waste management fund established in section 11550.

324.11511 Construction permit; approval or denial of issuance; expiration; renewal; fee; additional information; conditions to issuance of construction permit for disposal area.

Sec. 11511. (1) The department shall notify the clerk of the municipality in which the disposal area is proposed to be located and the applicant of its approval or denial of an application for a construction permit within 10 days after the final decision is made.

(2) A construction permit shall expire 1 year after the date of issuance, unless development under the construction permit is initiated within that year. A construction permit that has expired may be renewed upon payment of a permit renewal fee and submission of any additional information the department may require.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the department shall not issue a construction permit for a disposal area within a planning area unless a solid waste management plan for that planning area has been approved pursuant to sections 11536 and 11537 and unless the disposal area complies with and is consistent with the approved solid waste management plan. The department may issue a construction permit for a disposal area designed to receive ashes produced in connection with the combustion of fossil fuels for electrical power generation in the absence of an approved county solid waste management plan, upon receipt of a letter of approval from whichever county or counties, group of municipalities, or regional planning agency has prepared or is preparing the county solid waste management plan for that planning area under section 11533 and from the municipality in which the disposal area is to be located.

324.11512 Disposal of solid waste at licensed disposal area; license required to conduct, manage, maintain, or operate disposal area; application; contents; fee; certification; resubmitting application; additional information or corrections; operation of incinerator without operating license; additional fees.

Sec. 11512. (1) A person shall dispose of solid waste at a disposal area licensed under this part unless a person is permitted by state law or rules promulgated by the department to dispose of the solid waste at the site of generation.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section or in section 11529, a person shall not conduct, manage, maintain, or operate a disposal area within this state except as authorized by an operating license issued by the department pursuant to part 13. In addition, a person shall not conduct, manage, maintain, or operate a disposal area contrary to an approved solid waste management plan, or contrary to a permit, license, or final order issued under this part. A person who intends to conduct, manage, maintain, or operate a disposal area shall submit a license application to the department through a certified health department. If the disposal area is located in a county or city that does not have a certified health department, the application shall be made directly to the department. A person authorized by this part to operate more than 1 type of disposal area at the same facility may apply for a single license.

(3) The application for a license shall contain the name and residence of the applicant, the location of the proposed or existing disposal area, the type or types of disposal area proposed, evidence of bonding, and other information required by rule. In addition, an applicant for a type II landfill shall submit evidence of financial assurance adequate to meet the requirements of section 11523a, the maximum waste slope in the active portion,

an estimate of remaining permitted capacity, and documentation on the amount of waste received at the disposal area during the previous license period or expected to be received, whichever is greater. The application shall be accompanied by a fee as specified in subsections (7), (9), and (10).

(4) At the time of application for a license for a disposal area, the applicant shall submit to a health officer or the department a certification under the seal of a licensed professional engineer verifying that the construction of the disposal area has proceeded according to the approved plans. If construction of the disposal area or a portion of the disposal area is not complete, the department shall require additional construction certification of that portion of the disposal area during intermediate progression of the operation, as specified in section 11516(5).

(5) An applicant for an operating license, within 6 months after a license denial, may resubmit the application, together with additional information or corrections as are necessary to address the reason for denial, without being required to pay an additional application fee.

(6) In order to conduct tests and assess operational capabilities, the owner or operator of a municipal solid waste incinerator that is designed to burn at a temperature in excess of 2500 degrees Fahrenheit may operate the incinerator without an operating license, upon notice to the department, for a period not to exceed 60 days.

(7) The application for a type II landfill operating license shall be accompanied by the following fee for the 5-year term of the operating license, calculated in accordance with subsection (8):

(a) Landfills receiving less than 100 tons per day, \$250.00.

(b) Landfills receiving 100 tons per day or more, but less than 250 tons per day, \$1,000.00.

(c) Landfills receiving 250 tons per day or more, but less than 500 tons per day, \$2,500.00.

(d) Landfills receiving 500 tons per day or more, but less than 1,000 tons per day, \$5,000.00.

(e) Landfills receiving 1,000 tons per day or more, but less than 1,500 tons per day, \$10,000.00.

(f) Landfills receiving 1,500 tons per day or more, but less than 3,000 tons per day, \$20,000.00.

(g) Landfills receiving greater than 3,000 tons per day, \$30,000.00.

(8) Type II landfill application fees shall be based on the average amount of waste projected to be received daily during the license period. Application fees for license renewals shall be based on the average amount of waste received in the previous calendar year. Application fees shall be adjusted in the following circumstances:

(a) If a landfill accepts more waste than projected, a supplemental fee equal to the difference shall be submitted with the next license application.

(b) If a landfill accepts less waste than projected, the department shall credit the applicant an amount equal to the difference with the next license application.

(c) A type II landfill that measures waste by volume rather than weight shall pay a fee based on 3 cubic yards per ton.

(d) A landfill used exclusively for municipal solid waste incinerator ash that measures waste by volume rather than weight shall pay a fee based on 1 cubic yard per ton.

(e) If an application is submitted to renew a license more than 1 year prior to license expiration, the department shall credit the applicant an amount equal to 1/2 the application fee.

(f) If an application is submitted to renew a license more than 6 months but less than 1 year prior to license expiration, the department shall credit the applicant an amount equal to 1/4 the application fee.

(9) The operating license application for a type III landfill shall be accompanied by a fee equal to \$2,500.00.

(10) The operating license application for a solid waste processing plant, solid waste transfer facility, other disposal area, or combination of these entities shall be accompanied by a fee equal to \$500.00.

(11) The department shall deposit operating license application fees collected under this section in the perpetual care account of the solid waste management fund established in section 11550.

(12) A person who applies for an operating license for more than 1 type of disposal area at the same facility shall pay a fee equal to the sum of the applicable application fees listed in this section.

324.11516 Final decision on license application; time; effect of failure to make final decision; expiration and renewal of operating license; fee; entry on private or public property; inspection or investigation; conditions to issuance of operating license for new disposal area; issuance of license as authority to accept waste for disposal.

Sec. 11516. (1) The department shall conduct a consistency review before making a final decision on a license application. The department shall notify the clerk of the municipality in which the disposal area is located and the applicant of its approval or denial of a license application within 10 days after the final decision is made.

(2) An operating license shall expire 5 years after the date of issuance. An operating license may be renewed before expiration upon payment of a renewal application fee specified in section 11512(8) if the licensee is in compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(3) The issuance of the operating license under this part empowers the department or a health officer or an authorized representative of a health officer to enter at any reasonable time, pursuant to law, in or upon private or public property licensed under this part for the purpose of inspecting or investigating conditions relating to the storage, processing, or disposal of any material.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the department shall not issue an operating license for a new disposal area within a planning area unless a solid waste management plan for that planning area has been approved pursuant to sections 11536 and 11537 and unless the disposal area complies with and is consistent with the approved solid waste management plan. The department may issue an operating license for a disposal area designed to receive ashes produced in connection with the combustion of fossil fuels for electrical power generation in the absence of an approved county solid waste management plan, upon receipt of a letter of approval from whichever county or counties, group of municipalities, or regional planning agency has prepared or is preparing the county solid waste management plan for that planning area under section 11533 and from the municipality in which the disposal area is to be located.

(5) Issuance of an operating license by the department authorizes the licensee to accept waste for disposal in certified portions of the disposal area for which a bond was established under section 11523 and, for type II landfills, for which financial assurance was demonstrated under section 11523a. If the construction of a portion of a landfill licensed under this section is not complete at the time of license application, the owner or operator of the landfill shall submit a certification under the seal of a licensed professional engineer verifying that the construction of that portion of the landfill has proceeded according to the approved plans at least 60 days prior to the anticipated date of waste disposal in that portion of the landfill. If the department does not deny the certification within 60 days of receipt, the owner or operator may accept waste for disposal in the certified portion. In the case of a denial, the department shall issue a written statement stating the reasons why the construction or certification is not consistent with this part or rules promulgated under this part or the approved plans.

324.11542 Municipal solid waste incinerator ash; disposal.

Sec. 11542. (1) Except as provided in subsection (5), municipal solid waste incinerator ash shall be disposed of in 1 of the following:

(a) A landfill that meets all of the following requirements:

(i) The landfill is in compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(ii) The landfill is used exclusively for the disposal of municipal solid waste incinerator ash.

(iii) The landfill design includes all of the following in descending order according to their placement in the landfill:

(A) A leachate collection system.

(B) A synthetic liner at least 60 mils thick.

(C) A compacted clay liner of 5 feet or more with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of 1×10^{-7} centimeters per second.

(D) A leak detection and leachate collection system.

(E) A compacted clay liner at least 3 feet thick with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of 1×10^{-7} centimeters per second or a synthetic liner at least 40 mils thick.

(b) A landfill that meets all of the following requirements:

(i) The landfill is in compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(ii) The landfill is used exclusively for the disposal of municipal solid waste incinerator ash.

(iii) The landfill design includes all of the following in descending order according to their placement in the landfill:

(A) A leachate collection system.

(B) A composite liner, as defined in R 299.4102 of the Michigan administrative code.

(C) A leak detection and leachate collection system.

(D) A second composite liner.

(iv) If contaminants that may threaten the public health, safety, or welfare, or the environment are found in the leachate collection system described in subparagraph (iii)(C), the owner or operator of the landfill shall determine the source and nature of the contaminants and make repairs, to the extent practicable, that will prevent the contaminants

from entering the leachate collection system. If the department determines that the source of the contaminants is caused by a design failure of the landfill, the department, notwithstanding an approved construction permit or operating license, may require landfill cells at that landfill that will be used for the disposal of municipal solid waste incinerator ash, which are under construction or will be constructed in the future at the landfill, to be constructed in conformance with improved design standards approved by the department. However, this subparagraph does not require the removal of liners or leak detection and leachate collection systems that are already in place in a landfill cell under construction.

(c) A landfill that is a monitorable unit, as defined in R 299.4104 of the Michigan administrative code, and that meets all of the following requirements:

(i) The landfill is in compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(ii) The landfill is used exclusively for the disposal of municipal solid waste incinerator ash.

(iii) The landfill design includes all of the following in descending order according to their placement in the landfill:

(A) A leachate collection system.

(B) A synthetic liner at least 60 mils thick.

(C) Immediately below the synthetic liner, either 2 feet of compacted clay with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of 1×10^{-7} centimeters per second or a bentonite geocomposite liner, as specified in R 299.4914 of the Michigan administrative code.

(D) At least 10 feet of either natural or compacted clay with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of 1×10^{-7} centimeters per second, or equivalent.

(d) A landfill with a design approved by the department that will prevent the migration of any hazardous constituent into the groundwater or surface water at least as effectively as the design requirements of subdivisions (a) to (c).

(e) A type II landfill, as defined in R 299.4105 of the Michigan administrative code, if both of the following conditions apply:

(i) The ash was generated by a municipal solid waste incinerator that is designed to burn at a temperature in excess of 2500 degrees Fahrenheit.

(ii) The ash from any individual municipal solid waste incinerator is disposed of pursuant to this subdivision for a period not to exceed 60 days.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a landfill that is constructed pursuant to the design described in subsection (1) shall be capped following its closure by all of the following in descending order:

(a) Six inches of top soil with a vegetative cover.

(b) Two feet of soil to protect against animal burrowing, temperature, erosion, and rooted vegetation.

(c) An infiltration collection system.

(d) A synthetic liner at least 30 mils thick.

(e) Two feet of compacted clay with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of 1×10^{-7} centimeters per second.

(3) A landfill that receives municipal solid waste incinerator ash under this section may be capped with a design approved by the department that will prevent the migration of

any hazardous constituent into the groundwater or surface water at least as effectively as the design requirements of subsection (2).

(4) If leachate is collected from a landfill under this section, the leachate shall be monitored and tested in accordance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(5) As an alternative to disposal described in subsection (1), the owner or operator of a municipal solid waste incinerator may process municipal solid waste incinerator ash through mechanical or chemical methods, or both, to substantially diminish the toxicity of the ash or its constituents or limit the leachability of the ash or its constituents to minimize threats to human health and the environment, if processing is performed on the site of the municipal solid waste incinerator or at the site of a landfill described in subsection (1), if the process has been approved by the department as provided by rule, and if the ash is tested after processing in accordance with a protocol approved by the department as provided by rule. The department shall approve the process and testing protocol under this subsection only if the process and testing protocol will protect human health and the environment. In making this determination, the department shall consider all potential pathways of human and environmental exposure, including both short-term and long-term, to constituents of the ash that may be released during the reuse or recycling of the ash. The department shall consider requiring methods to determine the leaching, total chemical analysis, respirability, and toxicity of reused or recycled ash. A leaching procedure shall include testing under both acidic and native conditions. If municipal solid waste incinerator ash is processed in accordance with the requirements of this subsection and the processed ash satisfies the testing protocol approved by the department as provided by rule, the ash may be disposed of in a municipal solid waste landfill, as defined by R 299.4104 of the Michigan administrative code, licensed under this part or may be used in any manner approved by the department. If municipal solid waste incinerator ash is processed as provided in this subsection, but does not satisfy the testing protocol approved by the department as provided by rule, the ash shall be disposed of in accordance with subsection (1).

(6) The disposal of municipal solid waste incinerator ash within a landfill that is in compliance with subsection (1) does not constitute a new proposal for which a new construction permit is required under section 11510, if a construction permit has previously been issued under section 11509 for the landfill and the owner or operator of the landfill submits 6 copies of an operating license amendment application to the department for approval pursuant to part 13. The operating license amendment application shall include revised plans and specifications for all facility modifications including a leachate disposal plan, an erosion control plan, and a dust control plan which shall be part of the operating license amendment. The dust control plan shall contain sufficient detail to ensure that dust emissions are controlled by available control technologies that reduce dust emissions by a reasonably achievable amount to the extent necessary to protect human health and the environment. The dust control plan shall provide for the ash to be wet during all times that the ash is exposed to the atmosphere at the landfill or otherwise to be covered by daily cover material; for dust emissions to be controlled during dumping, grading, loading, and bulk transporting of the ash at the landfill; and for dust emissions from access roads within the landfill to be controlled. With the exception of a landfill that is in existence on June 12, 1989 that the department determines is otherwise in compliance with this section, the owner or operator of the landfill shall obtain the operating license amendment prior to initiating construction. Prior to operation, the owner or operator of a landfill shall submit to the department certification from a licensed professional engineer that the landfill has been constructed in accordance with the approved plan and specifications. At the time the

copies are submitted to the department, the owner or operator of the landfill shall send a copy of the operating license amendment application to the municipality where the landfill is located. At least 30 days prior to making a final decision on the operating license amendment, the department shall hold at least 1 public meeting in the vicinity of the landfill to receive public comments. Prior to a public meeting, the department shall publish notice of the meeting in a newspaper serving the local area.

(7) The owner or operator of a municipal solid waste incinerator or a disposal area that receives municipal solid waste incinerator ash shall allow the department access to the facility for the purpose of supervising the collection of samples or obtaining samples of ash to test or to monitor air quality at the facility.

(8) As used in subsection (1), “landfill” means a landfill or a specific portion of a landfill.

324.11703 Septage waste servicing license; application; records.

Sec. 11703. (1) A person shall not engage in the business of servicing except as authorized by a septage waste servicing license issued by the department pursuant to part 13. The department shall provide an application form that includes all of the following:

- (a) The applicant’s name and mailing address.
- (b) The location or locations where the business is operated.
- (c) Additional information pertinent to this part as required by the department.

(2) A person who submits a completed application form under subsection (1) shall submit to the department with the application all of the following:

(a) An application fee of \$300.00 that will be refunded by the department if a septage waste servicing license is not issued.

(b) A \$100.00 fee to accompany an initial license application to be credited to the septage waste site contingency fund as provided in section 11717.

(c) Written approval from all public septage waste treatment facilities where the applicant plans to dispose of septage waste and the sites where the applicant plans to dispose of septage waste upon receiving the department’s approval, and, for each proposed disposal site, either proof of ownership of the proposed disposal site or written approval from the site owner.

(3) A person who holds a septage waste servicing license shall maintain at all times at his or her place of business a complete record of the amount of septage waste that the person has transported and disposed of and the location at which the disposal of septage waste has occurred. The person shall display these records upon the request of the director, a peace officer, or an official of a certified health department.

324.11704 Septage waste motor vehicle license; application; fee; display; transportation of hazardous waste or liquid industrial waste.

Sec. 11704. (1) A person who is required to be licensed pursuant to section 11703 shall not use a motor vehicle to transport septage waste except as authorized by a septage waste motor vehicle license issued by the department pursuant to part 13 for each vehicle that is used to transport septage waste. A septage waste motor vehicle license application submitted to the department shall be accompanied by a license fee of \$75.00 for each vehicle required to be licensed under this part. A motor vehicle license application shall include all of the following information:

- (a) The model and year of the motor vehicle.

(b) The capacity of any tank used to remove or transport the septage waste.

(c) The name of the motor vehicle's insurance carrier.

(d) Additional information pertinent to this part as required by the department.

(2) A person who is issued a septage waste motor vehicle license shall carry that license at all times in the motor vehicle that is described in that license and display the license upon the request of the department, a peace officer, or an official of a certified health department.

(3) Without the express permission of the department, a person shall not use a vehicle used to transport septage waste to transport hazardous waste regulated under part 111 or liquid industrial waste regulated under part 121.

324.11709 Disposal of septage waste on land; conditions; permit required; additional information; notice; waiver; expiration of permit; renewal; revocation of permit.

Sec. 11709. (1) Subject to the limitations contained in sections 11710 and 11711, septage waste that is picked up at a location that is further than 15 road miles from a public septage waste treatment facility may be disposed of on land if the person holding licenses issued pursuant to sections 11703 and 11704 obtains a permit issued by the department pursuant to part 13 authorizing the disposal of septage waste on land, supplies any additional information pertinent to this part as required by the department, and sends notice to property owners as provided in subsection (2).

(2) An applicant for a permit under subsection (1) shall send a notice to each land owner who owns property located within 800 feet of the proposed disposal location on a form approved by the department. Service of the notice shall be made by first-class mail. The notification shall include the nature of the proposed land use, the location of the proposed disposal area, and whom to contact if there is an objection to the proposed land use. A copy of the notice that is mailed to each property owner shall be sent to the certified health department having jurisdiction. If no substantiated objections as determined by the department are received within 10 business days following the mailing of the notification, the department may issue a permit as provided in this section. If the department finds that the applicant is unable to provide notice as required in this subsection, the department may waive the notice requirement or allow the applicant to use a substitute means of providing notice.

(3) A permit issued under this section shall expire at the same time as a septage waste servicing license issued pursuant to section 11703, but is subject to renewal at that time. A permit issued under this section may be revoked by the department if septage waste disposal or site management is in violation of this part or the rules promulgated under this part.

324.30104 Application for permit; fees.

Sec. 30104. (1) A person shall not undertake a project subject to this part except as authorized by a permit issued by the department pursuant to part 13. An application for a permit shall include any information that may be required by the department. If a project includes activities at multiple locations, 1 application may be filed for the combined activities.

(2) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4), until October 1, 2008, an application for a permit shall be accompanied by a fee based on an administrative cost in accordance with the following schedule:

(a) For a minor project listed in R 281.816 of the Michigan administrative code, or a seasonal drawdown or the associated reflooding, or both, of a dam or impoundment for the

purpose of weed control, a fee of \$50.00. However, for a permit for a seasonal drawdown or associated reflooding, or both, of a dam or impoundment for the purpose of weed control that is issued for the first time after October 9, 1995, an initial fee of \$500.00 with subsequent permits for the same purpose being assessed a \$50.00 fee.

(b) For construction or expansion of a marina, a fee of:

(i) \$50.00 for an expansion of 1-10 slips to an existing permitted marina.

(ii) \$100.00 for a new marina with 1-10 proposed marina slips.

(iii) \$250.00 for an expansion of 11-50 slips to an existing permitted marina, plus \$10.00 for each slip over 50.

(iv) \$500.00 for a new marina with 11-50 proposed marina slips, plus \$10.00 for each slip over 50.

(v) \$1,500.00 if an existing permitted marina proposes maintenance dredging of 10,000 cubic yards or more or the addition of seawalls, bulkheads, or revetments of 500 feet or more.

(c) For renewal of a marina operating permit, a fee of \$50.00.

(d) For major projects other than a project described in subdivision (b)(v), involving any of the following, a fee of \$2,000.00:

(i) Dredging of 10,000 cubic yards or more.

(ii) Filling of 10,000 cubic yards or more.

(iii) Seawalls, bulkheads, or revetments of 500 feet or more.

(iv) Filling or draining of 1 acre or more of wetland contiguous to a lake or stream.

(v) New dredging or upland boat basin excavation in areas of suspected contamination.

(vi) Shore projections, such as groins and underwater stabilizers, that extend 150 feet or more into a lake or stream.

(vii) New commercial docks or wharves of 300 feet or more in length.

(viii) Stream enclosures 100 feet or more in length.

(ix) Stream relocations 500 feet or more in length.

(x) New golf courses.

(xi) Subdivisions.

(xii) Condominiums.

(e) For all other projects not listed in subdivisions (a) through (d), a fee of \$500.00.

(3) A project that requires review and approval under this part and 1 or more of the following acts or parts of acts is subject to only the single highest permit fee required under this part or the following acts or parts of acts:

(a) Part 303.

(b) Part 323.

(c) Part 325.

(d) Section 3104.

(e) Section 117 of the land division act, 1967 PA 288, MCL 560.117.

(4) If work has been done in violation of a permit requirement under this part and restoration is not ordered by the department, the department may accept an application for a permit if the application is accompanied by a fee equal to 2 times the permit fee required under this section.