

**Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules**

**Administrative Rules Division (ARD)**

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**REGULATORY IMPACT STATEMENT  
and COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS (RIS)**

**Agency Information:**

**Department name:**

Licensing and Regulatory Affairs

**Bureau name:**

Bureau of Professional Licensing

**Name of person filling out RIS:**

Weston MacIntosh

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517-241-9269

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**Rule Set Information:**

**ARD assigned rule set number:**

2023-53 LR

**Title of proposed rule set:**

Physical Therapy – General Rules

**Comparison of Rule(s) to Federal/State/Association Standard**

**1. Compare the proposed rules to parallel federal rules or standards set by a state or national licensing agency or accreditation association, if any exist.**

There are no parallel federal rules or standards set by a state or national licensing agency or accreditation association.

**A. Are these rules required by state law or federal mandate?**

Under MCL 333.17823, the department, in consultation with the board, shall promulgate rules to establish professional development requirements for physical therapists and physical therapist assistants.

No federal mandate demands the rules.

**B. If these rules exceed a federal standard, please identify the federal standard or citation, describe why it is necessary that the proposed rules exceed the federal standard or law, and specify the costs and benefits arising out of the deviation.**

The rules do not exceed a federal standard or law.

**2. Compare the proposed rules to standards in similarly situated states, based on geographic location, topography, natural resources, commonalities, or economic similarities.**

Licensure of physical therapists and physical therapist assistants is necessary in Michigan under PA 368 of 1978. The rules supply the conditions and requirements for education, examinations, training, licenses, and professional development requirements for physical therapists and physical therapist assistants.

When compared to other Great Lakes states (Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin), Michigan's licensure requirements are similar. All seven of the other Great Lakes states have rules regulating the practice of physical therapy.

Illinois licenses physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. Applicants must graduate from a Commission on Accreditation in Physical Therapy Education (CAPTE) accredited program, or a program approved by the Illinois Physical Therapy Licensing Board. Applicants who graduate from a program outside the United States must obtain an

evaluation through the Foreign Credentialing Commission of Physical Therapy (FCCPT). All applicants must take the National Physical Therapy Examination (NPTE) for physical therapists or physical therapist assistants. Applicants do not have a jurisprudence examination. Illinois allows licensure by endorsement and has continuing education requirements for licensees.

Indiana licenses physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. Applicants must graduate from a CAPTE accredited program, or a program approved by the Indiana Physical Therapy Board. Applicants who graduate from a program outside the United States must obtain an evaluation showing the degree is equivalent to an educational program approved by the Indiana Physical Therapy Board. All applicants must take the NPTE for physical therapists or physical therapist assistants. Applicants do not have a jurisprudence examination. Indiana allows licensure by endorsement and has continuing education requirements for licensees.

Minnesota licenses physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. Applicants must graduate from a CAPTE accredited program or a program that meets the accreditation requirements of CAPTE. All applicants who graduate from a program outside the United States must obtain an evaluation through the FCCPT. All applicants must take the NPTE for physical therapists or physical therapist assistants. As of 2019, applicants must take an examination on the practice of physical therapy in the state as part of the requirements for renewal. Minnesota allows licensure by endorsement and has continuing education requirements for licensees.

New York licenses physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. Applicants must graduate from a CAPTE accredited program. Applicants who graduate from a program outside the United States not accredited by CAPTE must obtain an evaluation from FCCPT or the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools. All applicants must take the NPTE for physical therapists or physical therapist assistants. Applicants do not have a jurisprudence examination. New York allows licensure by endorsement and has continuing education requirements for licensees.

Ohio licenses physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. Applicants must graduate from a CAPTE accredited program. Applicants who graduate from a program outside the United States must obtain an evaluation showing the degree is equivalent to an educational program accredited by CAPTE. All applicants must take the NPTE for physical therapists or physical therapist assistants, as well as a jurisprudence examination related to the practice of physical therapy in the state. Ohio allows licensure by endorsement and has continuing education requirements for licensees.

Pennsylvania licenses physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. Applicants must graduate from a CAPTE accredited program, or another national organization recognized by the Pennsylvania State Board of Physical Therapy. Applicants who graduate from a program outside the United States must obtain an evaluation showing the degree is equivalent to an educational program accredited by one of the organizations approved by the board. All applicants must take the NPTE for physical therapists or physical therapist assistants. Applicants do not have a jurisprudence examination. Pennsylvania allows licensure by endorsement and has continuing education requirements for licensees.

Wisconsin licenses physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. Applicants must graduate from a program approved by the Wisconsin Physical Therapy Examining Board. Applicants who graduate from a program outside the United States must obtain an evaluation from a board approved foreign graduate evaluation service. All applicants must take the NPTE for physical therapists or physical therapist assistants, as well as a jurisprudence examination related to the practice of physical therapy in the state. Wisconsin allows licensure by endorsement and has continuing education requirements for licensees.

The proposed rules are consistent with the rules of those states that also regulate the practice of physical therapy.

**A. If the rules exceed standards in those states, please explain why and specify the costs and benefits arising out of the deviation.**

Statute demands promulgation of rules related to licensure. The rules do not exceed the licensing requirements of other states.

**3. Identify any laws, rules, and other legal requirements that may duplicate, overlap, or conflict with the proposed rules.**

There are no federal regulations for licensing of physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. There are no laws, rules, or other legal requirements that duplicate, overlap, or conflict with the proposed rules.

**A. Explain how the rules have been coordinated, to the extent practicable, with other federal, state, and local laws applicable to the same activity or subject matter. This section should include a discussion of the efforts undertaken by the agency to avoid or minimize duplication.**

Review of applicable statutory law avoided unnecessary duplication in the rules. There are no other federal or local laws applicable to this activity.

### **Purpose and Objectives of the Rule(s)**

**4. Identify the behavior and frequency of behavior that the proposed rules are designed to alter.**

The specific topics that the proposed rules address, and the purpose of the proposed rules are set forth below:

R 338.7121, R 338.7122, R 338.7126, R 338.7132, R 338.7135, R 338.7136, R 338.7142, R 338.7147, and R 338.7148 include grammatical or typographical edits to follow current drafting standards and to supply clarification for easier reading.

R 338.7131. This rule pertains to educational program standards. The rule revision adopts the updated educational standards.

R 338.7133. This rule pertains to physical therapist examinations. The rule revision drops the jurisprudence examination as it is an unnecessary barrier to licensure.

R 338.7134. This rule pertains to eligibility to take the NPTE for physical therapists. The rule revision supplies clarifying conditions under which the board will consider a request from an applicant for an appeal of current examination policies.

R 338.7137. This rule pertains to requirements for relicensure of a physical therapist. The rule revision supplies simpler proof requirements related to the examination, licensure in another jurisdiction, and professional development requirements for the purposes of relicensure.

R 338.7141. This rule pertains to educational program standards. The rule revision adopts the updated educational standards.

R 338.7145. This rule pertains to physical therapist assistant examinations. The rule revision drops the jurisprudence examination as it is an unnecessary barrier to licensure.

R 338.7146. This rule pertains to eligibility to take the NPTE for physical therapist assistants. The rule revision supplies clarifying conditions under which the board will consider a request from an applicant for an appeal of current examination policies.

R 338.7149. This rule pertains to requirements for relicensure of a physical therapist assistant. The rule revision supplies simpler proof requirements related to the examination, licensure in another jurisdiction, and professional development requirements for the purposes of relicensure.

R 338.7161. This rule pertains to license renewals. The rule revision changes the amount of professional development requirements a licensee must complete and the period in which a licensee must complete professional development requirements, consistent with the change in the length of the license cycle.

R 338.7163. This rule pertains to acceptable professional development requirement activities. The rule revision changes and clarifies the amount of professional development requirements a licensee must complete consistent with the change in the length of the license cycle, the ways to satisfy professional development requirements, and clarifies that a licensee who completes implicit bias training under R 338.7004 may also use that training toward fulfillment of continuing education requirements.

**A. Estimate the change in the frequency of the targeted behavior expected from the proposed rules.**

Promulgation of rules related to licensure is necessary under statute. This supplies a regulatory framework for the practice of physical therapy. The proposed changes supply greater clarity to licensees and aid in understanding the requirements of the rules.

**B. Describe the difference between current behavior/practice and desired behavior/practice.**

Statute regulates the practice of physical therapy. This mandates licensure for provision of those services. Adding clarifications on points that may have been ambiguous under prior rules will make compliance easier for applicants and licensees.

**C. What is the desired outcome?**

Regulation is necessary for individuals who wish to practice as physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. By improving and clarifying the rules, applicants and licensees should find compliance easier. This should result in fewer questions, fewer regulatory problems, and greater safety and protection of the public.

**5. Identify the harm resulting from the behavior that the proposed rules are designed to alter and the likelihood that the harm will occur in the absence of the rule.**

Outdated rules create conflict and confusion for physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. The proposed rules update previously adopted rules. Changes made specifically address the following:

R 338.7131 pertains to adoption of educational program standards. The rule revision ensures applicants follow the most up-to-date educational standards in educational training.

R 338.7133 pertains to physical therapist examinations. The rule revision removes an unnecessary examination for licensure.

R 338.7134 pertains to eligibility to take the NPTE for physical therapists. The rule revision clarifies the threshold circumstances in which the Board will consider an examination policy appeal request.

R 338.7137 pertains to requirements for relicensure of a physical therapist. The rule revision clarifies the pathways an applicant may follow for relicensure.

R 338.7141 pertains to adoption of educational program standards. The rule revision ensures applicants follow the most up-to-date educational standards in educational training.

R 338.7145 pertains to physical therapist assistant examinations. The rule revision removes an unnecessary examination for licensure.

R 338.7146 pertains to eligibility to take the NPTE for physical therapist assistants. The rule revision clarifies the threshold circumstances in which the Board will consider an examination policy appeal request.

R 338.7149 pertains to requirements for relicensure of a physical therapist assistant. The rule revision clarifies the pathways an applicant may follow for relicensure.

R 338.7161 pertains to license renewals. The rule revision clarifies the number of professional development requirements a licensee must complete and the length of the period to which the requirements apply.

R 338.7163 pertains to acceptable professional development requirement (PDR) activities. The rule revision changes and clarifies the number of professional development requirements a licensee must complete, the ways to satisfy professional development requirements, and clarifies the use of implicit bias training toward continuing education requirements.

**A. What is the rationale for changing the rules instead of leaving them as currently written?**

The proposed rule set supplies clarity to all rules on licensure.

**6. Describe how the proposed rules protect the health, safety, and welfare of Michigan citizens while promoting a regulatory environment in Michigan that is the least burdensome alternative for those required to comply.**

The proposed rules supply a regulatory mechanism for the practice of physical therapy. To protect the health, safety, and welfare of Michigan's citizens, it is important that members of the profession adhere to educational and professional standards. The rules ensure that applicants receive proper education and training prior to licensure and that licensees are competent to practice. There is a no less burdensome way to ensure that applicants and licensees satisfy minimum requirements for practice.

**7. Describe any rules in the affected rule set that are obsolete or unnecessary and can be rescinded.**

There are no rules in this rule set that are obsolete or unnecessary.

## **Fiscal Impact on the Agency**

Fiscal impact is an increase or decrease in expenditures from the current level of expenditures, i.e. hiring additional staff, higher contract costs, programming costs, changes in reimbursements rates, etc. over and above what is currently expended for that function. It does not include more intangible costs for benefits, such as opportunity costs, the value of time saved or lost, etc., unless those issues result in a measurable impact on expenditures.

### **8. Please provide the fiscal impact on the agency (an estimate of the cost of rule imposition or potential savings for the agency promulgating the rule).**

There is no expected fiscal impact on the agency for promulgating the proposed rules.

Elimination of the jurisprudence exam requirement will not result in a reduction of license processing costs for the bureau, as processing time related to the exam is nominal.

### **9. Describe whether or not an agency appropriation has been made or a funding source provided for any expenditures associated with the proposed rules.**

There has been no agency appropriation for the proposed rules because there are no expected agency expenditures associated with the proposed rules.

### **10. Describe how the proposed rules are necessary and suitable to accomplish their purpose, in relationship to the burden(s) the rules place on individuals. Burdens may include fiscal or administrative burdens, or duplicative acts.**

The proposed rules supply a mechanism for the licensing and regulation of individuals in this state, as mandated by statute. Applicants and licensees will continue to have a cost related burden associated with licensing, renewal, or relicensure. The cost of licensure for a Licensed Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant – By Exam is \$220.50. The cost of licensure for a Licensed Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant – By Endorsement is \$220.50. The cost of licensure for a Licensed Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant – Relicensure is \$240.50. The cost of renewal of licensure for a Licensed Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant is \$198.50.

Elimination of the requirement that an applicant for licensure as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant take a jurisprudence exam will result in a cost saving of \$53.00 for the applicant, because the applicant will not have to pay a fee to take an examination that is offered by a third party. The cost is not part of the application fee that an applicant must pay the state. Elimination of the exam requirement will not result in a reduction of license processing costs for the bureau, as processing time related to the exam is nominal.

### **A. Despite the identified burden(s), identify how the requirements in the rules are still needed and reasonable compared to the burdens.**

The rules are necessary to supply a mechanism for licensing and regulation of the profession. The rules are not more restrictive than allowed by statute. Despite the cost related burden of licensing, the rules and regulations are necessary to supply a framework of standards for educational and licensure requirements.

## **Impact on Other State or Local Governmental Units**

### **11. Estimate any increase or decrease in revenues to other state or local governmental units (i.e. cities, counties, school districts) as a result of the rule. Estimate the cost increases or reductions for other state or local governmental units (i.e. cities, counties, school districts) as a result of the rule. Include the cost of equipment, supplies, labor, and increased administrative costs in both the initial imposition of the rule and any ongoing monitoring.**

There is no expected increase or decrease in revenues to other state or local government units, nor are there cost increases or reductions on other state or local government units expected because of the proposed rules.

Elimination of the jurisprudence exam requirement will not result in any increase or decrease in revenues to other state or local governmental units.

**12. Discuss any program, service, duty, or responsibility imposed upon any city, county, town, village, or school district by the rules.**

The proposed rules do not impose any program, service, duty, or responsibility upon any city, county, town, village, or school district.

**A. Describe any actions that governmental units must take to be in compliance with the rules. This section should include items such as record keeping and reporting requirements or changing operational practices.**

No action is necessary for governmental units to follow the rule(s).

**13. Describe whether or not an appropriation to state or local governmental units has been made or a funding source provided for any additional expenditures associated with the proposed rules.**

State and local government units will incur no added expenditures because of implementing the proposed rules.

Therefore, no appropriation or funding source is necessary.

## **Rural Impact**

**14. In general, what impact will the rules have on rural areas?**

There is no expected disparate impact on rural areas because of the proposed rules.

**A. Describe the types of public or private interests in rural areas that will be affected by the rules.**

There is no expected disparate impact on public or private interests in rural areas because of the proposed rules.

## **Environmental Impact**

**15. Do the proposed rules have any impact on the environment? If yes, please explain.**

No, the proposed rules will have no impact on the environment.

## **Small Business Impact Statement**

**16. Describe whether and how the agency considered exempting small businesses from the proposed rules.**

The Michigan Public Health Code authorizes the board and the department to regulate individuals with physical therapy and physical therapist assistant licenses, not small businesses. Even if a licensee's practice qualified as a small business, the department could not exempt the licensee's small business because it would create disparity in the regulation of the profession.

**17. If small businesses are not exempt, describe (a) the manner in which the agency reduced the economic impact of the proposed rules on small businesses, including a detailed recitation of the efforts of the agency to comply with the mandate to reduce the disproportionate impact of the rules upon small businesses as described below (in accordance with MCL 24.240(1)(a-d)), or (b) the reasons such a reduction was not lawful or feasible.**

There is no expected economic impact on small businesses because of the proposed rules. The proposed rules affect individual licensees rather than small businesses.

**A. Identify and estimate the number of small businesses affected by the proposed rules and the probable effect on small businesses.**

The department does not collect or have access to information that would allow it to find and estimate the potentially affected number of small businesses. It is impossible to estimate the number of small businesses affected by the proposed rules. The only small businesses affected by these rules are health practitioners practicing in small business settings. The department does not track or have access to this type of information since it is not a data repository.

There is no expected economic impact on small businesses because of the proposed rules.

**B. Describe how the agency established differing compliance or reporting requirements or timetables for small businesses under the rules after projecting the required reporting, record-keeping, and other administrative costs.**

Because the proposed rules pertain to individuals and not small businesses, they do not have differing compliance or reporting requirements or timetables for small businesses. They are unnecessary for the proposed rules.

**C. Describe how the agency consolidated or simplified the compliance and reporting requirements for small businesses and identify the skills necessary to comply with the reporting requirements.**

The proposed rules do not impose any compliance requirements or reporting requirements for small businesses.

**D. Describe how the agency established performance standards to replace design or operation standards required by the proposed rules.**

The agency did not set up performance standards to replace design or operation standards.

**18. Identify any disproportionate impact the proposed rules may have on small businesses because of their size or geographic location.**

The proposed rules affect individual licensees rather than small businesses. Therefore, there is no expected disproportionate impact on small businesses based on size or geographic location because of the rules.

**19. Identify the nature of any report and the estimated cost of its preparation by small businesses required to comply with the proposed rules.**

The proposed rules do not require any reports. There are no reports that a small business would have to complete.

**20. Analyze the costs of compliance for all small businesses affected by the proposed rules, including costs of equipment, supplies, labor, and increased administrative costs.**

There is no expectation of an effect on small businesses because of the proposed rules, nor are there any added costs, because the proposed rules apply to individuals and not businesses.

**21. Identify the nature and estimated cost of any legal, consulting, or accounting services that small businesses would incur in complying with the proposed rules.**

The proposed rules, which apply to individuals and not businesses, should not create a need for any legal, consulting, or accounting services for small businesses to be able to follow the proposed rules.

**22. Estimate the ability of small businesses to absorb the costs without suffering economic harm and without adversely affecting competition in the marketplace.**

Since the rules affect individual licensees rather than small businesses, there is no expected cause of economic harm or for the rules to adversely affect competition in the marketplace.

**23. Estimate the cost, if any, to the agency of administering or enforcing a rule that exempts or sets lesser standards for compliance by small businesses.**

The proposed rules impose requirements on individual licensees rather than small businesses. Even if a licensee's practice qualifies as a small business, the department could not exempt the licensee's small business because it would create disparity in regulation of the profession. Therefore, exempting or setting lesser standards of competence for small businesses is not in the best interest of the public. It would likely cost the agency more to devote staff time to determining which licensees work for small businesses and then enforce different requirements for those individuals.

**24. Identify the impact on the public interest of exempting or setting lesser standards of compliance for small businesses.**

The department is not able to exempt licensees that own a small business. If the department exempted small businesses, it would create a disparity in the regulation of a profession and have a negative impact on public safety.

**25. Describe whether and how the agency has involved small businesses in the development of the proposed rules.**

The department worked with the Michigan Board of Physical Therapy in the development of the proposed rules. The board is composed of professional and public members. Some members of the board may work in a small business, but the members were not involved in the development of the rules as representatives of small businesses.

**A. If small businesses were involved in the development of the rules, please identify the business(es).**

No small businesses took part in the development of the rules.

**Cost-Benefit Analysis of Rules (independent of statutory impact)**

**26. Estimate the actual statewide compliance costs of the rule amendments on businesses or groups.**

There are no estimated compliance costs with these rule amendments on businesses or groups.

**A. Identify the businesses or groups who will be directly affected by, bear the cost of, or directly benefit from the proposed rules.**

The proposed rules directly affect licensees. Licensees bear the cost of, and directly benefit from the proposed rules.

**B. What additional costs will be imposed on businesses and other groups as a result of these proposed rules (i.e. new equipment, supplies, labor, accounting, or recordkeeping)? Please identify the types and number of businesses and groups. Be sure to quantify how each entity will be affected.**

There will be no expected added costs imposed upon licensees because of compliance with these proposed rules.



**27. Estimate the actual statewide compliance costs of the proposed rules on individuals (regulated individuals or the public). Include the costs of education, training, application fees, examination fees, license fees, new equipment, supplies, labor, accounting, or recordkeeping.**

Applicants and licensees will continue to have a cost related burden associated with licensing, renewal, or relicensure. The cost of licensure for a Licensed Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant – By Exam is \$220.50. The cost of licensure for a Licensed Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant – By Endorsement is \$220.50. The cost of licensure for a Licensed Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant – Relicensure is \$240.50. The cost of renewal of licensure for a Licensed Physical Therapist and Physical Therapist Assistant is \$198.50.

Elimination of the requirement that an applicant for licensure as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant take a jurisprudence exam will result in a cost saving of \$53.00 for the applicant, because the applicant will not have to pay a fee to take an examination that is offered by a third party. The cost is not part of the application fee that an applicant must pay the state.

Currently there are approximately 10,844 licensed Physical Therapists and 4,822 licensed Physical Therapist Assistants. If all 10,844 licensed Physical Therapists and 4,822 licensed Physical Therapist Assistants continue to renew their licenses the estimated actual statewide compliance cost would be  $(10,844 \times \$198.50) + (4,822 \times \$198.50) = \$3,109,701.00$ .

**A. How many and what category of individuals will be affected by the rules?**

There are approximately 10,844 licensed Physical Therapists and 4,822 licensed Physical Therapist Assistants. The rules affect all individuals who seek licensure as physical therapists and physical therapist assistants.

**B. What qualitative and quantitative impact do the proposed changes in rules have on these individuals?**

The qualitative impact of the proposed rules on the citizens of Michigan will be that they will know a licensee who supplies services has achieved the level of education and training necessary to meet the minimum requirements for licensure. There is no expected quantitative impact of the proposed rules on the citizens of Michigan, as the proposed rules do not increase the cost of services.

The qualitative impact on licensees and applicants by the proposed rules will be the knowledge that they and their peers have achieved the minimum requirements for licensure and can appropriately support the needs of the citizens of Michigan. The quantitative impact on licensees and applicants by the proposed rules is that they will have credentials that will meet the minimum requirements of licensure. These credentials will allow them to have access to job opportunities and compensation in line with their education and work experience.

**28. Quantify any cost reductions to businesses, individuals, groups of individuals, or governmental units as a result of the proposed rules.**

There are no expected reductions in costs to businesses, individuals, groups of individuals, or governmental units because of the proposed rules.

Elimination of the jurisprudence exam requirement will not result in a reduction of license processing costs for the bureau, as processing time related to the exam is nominal.

**29. Estimate the primary and direct benefits and any secondary or indirect benefits of the proposed rules. Please provide both quantitative and qualitative information, as well as your assumptions.**

The proposed rules use clear, concise language, and implement the statutory requirements for licensing. The clear, concise language allows the public, licensees, and schools to better understand the requirements for licensure.

**30. Explain how the proposed rules will impact business growth and job creation (or elimination) in Michigan.**

There is no expected significant impact on business growth, job growth, or job elimination because of the rules.

**31. Identify any individuals or businesses who will be disproportionately affected by the rules as a result of their industrial sector, segment of the public, business size, or geographic location.**

The department does not expect any disproportionate effect on any individuals or businesses by their industrial sector, segment of the public, business size, or geographical location.

**32. Identify the sources the agency relied upon in compiling the regulatory impact statement, including the methodology utilized in determining the existence and extent of the impact of the proposed rules and a cost-benefit analysis of the proposed rules.**

Commission on Accreditation in Physical Therapy Education  
<https://www.capteonline.org/>

Foreign Credentialing Commission of Physical Therapy  
<https://www.fccpt.org/>

Federation of State Boards of Physical Therapy  
<https://www.fsbpt.org/>

Illinois  
<https://idfpr.illinois.gov/profs/pt.html>

Indiana  
<https://www.in.gov/pla/professions/physical-therapy-home/>

Minnesota  
<https://mn.gov/boards/physical-therapy/>

New York  
<https://www.op.nysed.gov/professions-index/physical-therapy>

Ohio  
<https://otptat.ohio.gov/physical-therapy>

Pennsylvania  
<https://www.pa.gov/en/agencies/dos/departments-and-offices/bpoa/boards-commissions/physical-therapy.html>

Wisconsin  
<https://dsps.wi.gov/pages/Professions/PT/Default.aspx>

**A. How were estimates made, and what were your assumptions? Include internal and external sources, published reports, information provided by associations or organizations, etc., that demonstrate a need for the proposed rules.**

Since statute mandates the rules, no estimate was necessary.

**Alternative to Regulation**

**33. Identify any reasonable alternatives to the proposed rules that would achieve the same or similar goals.**

Since statute mandates the rules, there are no reasonable alternatives to the proposed rules.

**A. Please include any statutory amendments that may be necessary to achieve such alternatives.**

Since statute mandates the rules, there are no reasonable alternatives to the proposed rules.

**34. Discuss the feasibility of establishing a regulatory program similar to that proposed in the rules that would operate through private market-based mechanisms. Please include a discussion of private market-based systems utilized by other states.**

Since statute mandates the rules, private market-based systems cannot serve as an alternative. The licensing and regulation of physical therapists and physical therapist assistants are state functions, so a regulatory program independent of state intervention cannot be set up. One could consider physical therapy professional associations as regulatory mechanisms that are independent of state intervention; however, these professional organizations would provide the public with significantly less protection because membership in these organizations is voluntary. This means an individual who meets the membership requirements, but does not join, would still be able to practice and there would be no way to ensure the individual's competency or hold the individual accountable for harm done to clients.

No other states in the Great Lakes region use a private, market-based system to regulate licensed physical therapists and physical therapist assistants.

**35. Discuss all significant alternatives the agency considered during rule development and why they were not incorporated into the rules. This section should include ideas considered both during internal discussions and discussions with stakeholders, affected parties, or advisory groups.**

Since statute mandates the rules, there are no reasonable alternatives to the proposed rules. There were no alternatives that the department considered to achieve the intended changes. They are necessary for the administration and enforcement of the licensing process.

**Additional Information**

**36. As required by MCL 24.245b(1)(c), please describe any instructions regarding the method of complying with the rules, if applicable.**

The rules include the instructions for compliance.