DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL LICENSING

PUBLIC HEARING

October 4, 2019 9:00 a.m. - 5:03 a.m.

Location: G. Mennen Williams Building Auditorium
525 West Ottawa Street
Lansing, Michigan

REPORTED BY: Claudia M. Weekly, CSR-2963

MS. DITSCHMAN: Hi. My name is Andria Ditschman. I'm a senior policy analyst for the Bureau of Professional Licensing in the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, and I'll be facilitating the hearing today. The department staff on the Bureau of Professional Licensing includes me, Weston MacIntosh, Tina Marks, Kerry Przybylo, Stephanie Wysick(sp), LeeAnn Payne and Kimmie Katlyn(sp).

This is a public hearing on proposed administrative rules entitled architects general rules, counseling general rules, professional engineers general rules, Board of Occupational Therapists general rules, and the Board of Pharmacy general rules and continuing education rules.

The hearing is being conducted under the authority of the Administrative Procedures Act, Public Act 306 of 1969 on behalf of the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, Bureau of Professional Licensing. The hearing is being called to order at 9:00 a.m. on October 4th, 2019 at the G. Mennen Williams Building auditorium located at 525 Ottawa Street in Lansing, Michigan.

The notice of public hearing was published in three newspapers of general circulation, as well as the Michigan Register Issue Number 17 published on

1 October 1st, 2019.

The point of today's hearing is to receive comments on the proposed rules. If you wish to speak please make sure you have signed in. You may use the cards provided in the lobby for this purpose. Please hold your card until it is your turn to speak, at which time you may hand your card to the staff person near the microphone stand. If you would like to testify and have not filled out a card please do so now.

Comments should relate directly to the proposed rules. If you have questions regarding the rules please submit your questions as part of your testimony for the department's review. If you have suggested changes to the proposed rules please include the specific reasons why the changes would be in the public interest.

For the record, when you testify please identify yourself by spelling your name and stating your organization, if any, that you may be speaking for today. This will help the department prepare the hearing record that will go before the joint committee on administrative rules. Comments will be limited to two minutes per person to allow everyone an opportunity to speak. If you submitted a written comment there's no need to orally repeat that comment on the record. Written and oral comment count the same.

Further, a comment received on any issue will be considered. If you are hearing the same comment repeated multiple times we ask that you be mindful of the time and allow others the opportunity to speak on other issues that have not been raised. Please remain silent while other comments are being made so that the Court Reporter can hear them to ensure that the transcript is accurate. We will also take periodic breaks as needed.

This hearing will close no later than 5:00 p.m. today. If the hearing is drawing close to 5:00 p.m. you are encouraged to submit your comments in a written statement. Written statements can be submitted directly to me at the table. The department will also accept written statements e-mailed by 5:00 p.m. today or postmarked no later than October 4th, 2019.

We will handle the rule sets in the following order: Pharmacy general rules, pharmacy CE rules, professional engineers, architects, occupational therapy, and counseling. We are going to do our best to group the comments for each rule set. Please do not get in line to speak until the rule set you are interested in is announced.

The first rule set that we'll be taking comments for is pharmacy general rules. Please get behind the microphone stand if you wish to speak and hand

your card to the staff person. That will be me. I'll be
down there. Be mindful of the time cards that announce
how much time you have left to speak. The time cards
will be over on this table over here and we will show you
when you have so much time left and when your time is
done.

So, we are going to start. One last thing.

Again, because we're doing this a tad bit different than
we usually do, a reminder, please spell your name for the
Court Reporter, speak slowly, and if you have something
that you want to submit in writing and you're going to
read that into the record please just make sure you drop
off a copy of whatever it is that you're saying up here
at the table so we have that as well.

Okay. So, can you hear me back here? Do we have anybody from pharmacy general rules that wants to speak?

SCOTT POPYK: Hi. Good morning. My name is Scott Popyk, P-O-P-Y-K. And I am here on behalf of my company, which is Health Dimensions, but also as a member of MPA, as well as a member of the International Academy of Compound Pharmacists.

I am here to address Rule 338.533, which proposes to adopt by reference the compounding standards of USP Chapter 785, Chapter 787 and 800. And I wanted to

communicate some issues that have arisen since this rule was proposed.

USP has delayed USP 797 and 795. There is some major technical issues that need to be addressed, and so, they have delayed the adoption of these or of the official status of these until further notice, so it wouldn't make sense for the State to adopt these at this time.

Furthermore, USP 800, which is intertwined with 795 and 797 is scheduled to be adopted by the State on December 1st. Because of the challenge, because of the issues with USP right now with 795 and 797 800 does not hold, so it wouldn't make sense for the State of Michigan to adopt 800 right now, either.

So, my recommendation is that until the 795, 797 issues are resolved and clarified with USP that they not be adopted by the State because it's going to change, and 800 by default should not be adopted until such time that the foundation of 795 and 797 are resolved. Thank you.

LARRY WAGENKNECHT: Good morning. My name is

Larry Wagenknecht, W-A-G-E-N-K-N-E-C-H-T. I'm

representing the Michigan Pharmacists Association. I

have a question for Andria. Yesterday I submitted

electronically written comments. I have a couple

comments that I want to strike from that, and how is the
best way for me to do that? Do you want me to identify
the particular sections that should be changed or submit
a new document? What do you suggest?

MS. DITSCHMAN: So, there's two ways you can do that. You can do it on the record, but probably the best way would be to submit an additional writing today before 5:00 o'clock just saying that you want to modify these comments. That way I'll have both in writing to submit to JCAR.

LARRY WAGENKNECHT: It will just take me one second. It's relative to Rule 338.534 Sub 1, and Rule 338.534 Sub 4. There's reference to the word shipping a compound that is sterile. In our document we suggested changing it to distribute, and that is incorrect, it should remain ship. So, thank you.

TOM SULLIVAN: I'm Tom Sullivan,

S-U-L-L-I-V-A-N, representing Michigan Surgical Hospital in Warren, also the Insight Institute for Neurosurgery and Neurological Sciences, which is our parent company. We have concerns of Rule 338.501, which defines compounding. This would be in conflict with the proposed USP 797, which is essentially -- it is in conflict with the old version of 797, which is on hold pending appeal, which as our previous speaker indicated.

Also, USP 800, which is essentially an

occupational health standard, not enforceable by the FDA,

but USP 797 is enforceable by the FDA. So, the current

version includes the hazardous medication compounding

which will be in conflict with USP 800. So, I would urge

the Board to consider holding the adoption of this until

those discrepancies are resolved.

I would also urge the Board to consider having MIOSH consider USP 800 as an occupational health standard, which is a compounding standard, so it can be applied equally to all professions and not just pharmacy.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Okay. Is anybody else here to speak on the pharmacy general rules? No.

Okay. We're going to move to pharmacy continuing education rules. If anybody wants to speak on those rules please come up here at this time. Pharmacy continuing education?

And also, if someone asks they can always come, anybody can speak until 5:00 o'clock. So, if somebody comes in late that still can be fine.

So, I know a lot of you missed the announcement. I'm just going to quickly kind of go over some of the highlights. So, what we're doing is we're taking different professions one at a time. Go ahead and come up here, make sure you can hand the card to me, and

then speak in the microphone. And everyone's limited to
two minutes. The time cards are up here. We'll show you
when you have one minute left and when it's time to stop.

And I think that's -- oh. If you have something in writing that you're submitting and you're going to read from that we ask that you put a copy up here for the Court Reporter so they have that in case there was issues or questions about that. And I think that's it.

We want you to spell your name when you come up here. Say your name and spell your name and then what organization you're from at the beginning. So, I'm just kind of repeating that.

So, once again, pharmacy general rules or pharmacy CE rules, anybody else?

Professional engineers. Anyone here to speak for professional engineers? Come on up here.

STEPHEN NICHOLS: Hi. My name is Stephen Nichols. Steven is spelled S-T-E-P-H-E-N, Nichols, N-I-C-H-O-L-S. I'm here today representing the American Council of Engineering Companies of Michigan often referred to as ACEC/Michigan.

ACEC/Michigan represents more than a hundred engineering companies in Michigan who employ over 6,000 people. The majority of these are licensed

professionals. ACEC/Michigan is also registered for continuing education, a continuing education provider through the registered continuing education program, RCEP.net.

- Through ACEC/Michigan programs, conferences, workshops, seminars there are nearly a hundred hours of continuing education offered each year to licensed professionals under the engineering licensure. Many of the professional engineers have licenses in multiple states and use the ACEC/Michigan programs to satisfy these continuing education requirements.
 - Based on these facts we believe ACEC/Michigan should be listed under Part 4, Part 339.16041, Rule 41, Section 1A as a continuing, is an approved continuing education provider in Michigan, so we would like the regulations changed to add ACEC/Michigan to that chart. Thank you.
- MS. DITSCHMAN: Okay. Anybody else here for professional engineers?
- So, we're going to move on to architects.

 Anyone here to speak on behalf of the architect rules?

 No.
- Occupational therapy?
- SARA CLARK: Hello. My name is Sara Clark,

 S-A-R-A, C-L-A-R-K. I'm a licensed occupational

therapist in the State of Michigan, and I'm here
representing the Michigan Occupational Therapy

Association, MIOTA, and the American Occupational Therapy
Association, AOTA. Both organizations try to ensure that
OT services are provided in the best interest of
consumers.

I'm here today to provide comments on two proposed changes to the Board of Occupational Therapists general rules. The first in regards to Rule 338.1212, which has been rescinded, we understand this has been rescinded because it's going to be, it would have been duplicate language since it's already in the Public Health Code. MIOTA is requesting that we keep a brief reference to prohibited conduct being found in the Public Health Code within our rules. We feel ethical practice is one of the most important pieces of our profession, and we want to make sure we our practice is as structured as much as possible to the definition of prohibited conduct.

The other rule we wanted to comment on is

Number, it's Rule 338.1229, Number 4A. The proposed

language states that an occupational therapist who

delegates limited assessments must initiate and direct

the evaluation of the patient or client before delegating

limited assessments to an occupational therapy assistant,

and we are suggesting to see stronger language that says
that the OT must complete the evaluation before
delegating. We're requesting this because we have
concerns that there's too much room for interpretation in
regards to what the OTA can do in terms of evaluation.
And written comment has been provided by AOTA and MIOTA
on both of these.

NANCY VANDEWIELE MILLIGAN: I'm Nancy

Vandewiele Milligan, V-A-N-D-E-W-I-E-L-E, Milligan,

M-I-L-I-G-A-N. I am here representing the Michigan

Occupational Therapy Association and the American

Occupational Therapy Association regarding Rule R338.1229

regarding the delegation of limited assessments to the

occupational therapy assistant, OTA.

Our concerns are while occupational therapy assistants are trained to assist in the delivery of care to clients and patients, it is under the supervision of an occupational therapist as outlined in the standards established by the American Occupational Therapy association. The proposed change would allow the OTA to assess and implement, to assess and implement treatment prior to the occupational therapist completing the evaluation. This is a concern because the client and patient health status and conditions may have changed since the last treatment or discharge. This could impact

the client's patient or safety, and it is the ethical
duty of both the OT and OTA to provide the best care for
all clients. It is in the best practice of the OT to
conduct that treatment being rendered, and it is both
client-centered and evidence-based on the patient's
current status.

In addition, the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual states that OTAs may not provide evaluative or assessment services. This rule will be grounds of denial of coverage for services. I propose that the wording be changed to initiate and direct the evaluative of the patient or client before delegating the assessment. Thank you.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Okay. Anyone else here to speak on behalf of occupational therapy?

Okay. We're going to start counseling. So, what we want you to do is we're going to start lining up and then speaking. We don't need to have everybody in line here, but let's line up on this side over here.

Start right here in front of me. Everybody doesn't have to get up at once because you're just all going to be in line. So, let's put 30 maybe in line. The rest of you can kind of fill in then as that line shortens. You're going to go to that side. So, come around here in front and go around in back and get in line.

Everybody does not need to get in line right
now. Just have a seat. What we'll do is then as you
speak then you can go out the door on that side and then
other people can get in line and we'll just keep it
moving.

So, I'm going to go over just a few things again to make sure I touch on -- I know everybody wasn't in here at the opening. So, everyone is limited to two minutes to try to get as many people's comments in as we can. There is time cards up here, one for one minute, one for stop. I'd like you to please try when the stop comes up to stop so we get as many people speaking as possible. When you come up to speak you want to say your name, spell your name and state the organization that you're representing. If you're just representing yourself you just don't have to state the organization. That's fine. When you're done you can exit at the back on that side.

If you're going to read something verbatim from a sheet of paper you want to submit the paper up here, the written comment after that so we can have a copy and make sure it's exactly as you stated.

If you hear the same comment over and over, it's up to you, but you may want to not repeat that again, the same comment. Somebody else may have

something that's different than that that we want to make sure we address in the rules.

It does end at 5:00 o'clock today, so if we get close to 5:00 o'clock and you haven't spoken, which I think we'll get to everybody here, then put that in writing and submit that. And I think that's it.

Anything else I missed the first time? Oh.

The comments should pertain to the rules that are before you, something in the rules. Otherwise, we can't address it and take it into consideration. So, you're wasting your time saying it because we can't do anything with it.

KERRY PRZYBYLO: One last thing. If you are reading a comment please be mindful that there is a Court Reporter here that is trying to take down every word that you say, and the faster you talk the harder it is for her to take it down. So, she may reach out to you and tell you to slow down, so just be mindful. She's sitting right over to my left, so please be mindful of her as well. Thank you.

MS. DITSCHMAN: You can hand your card to me, take the microphone, go for it.

ROBYN EMDE: My name is Robyn Emde, first name is spelled R-O-B-Y-N, middle initial J, last name is E-M-D-E. And I am the chair of the Michigan Board of Counseling. However, I am not standing here as in that

1 capacity.

As a private practitioner I was made aware that at the June meeting of the Michigan Board of Counseling a fair compromise to LARA's proposed rules changes was submitted by the rules subcommittee. This can be clearly found in the minutes of the June meeting as an attachment and also attached to this testimony. The endless hours spent by the rules subcommittee is outlined in distinct areas of disagreement to the proposal.

A major inconsistency is the placement of the terminology of counseling techniques. The placement of counseling techniques only in the educational section is completely illegal. I do not state this lightly. Let me explain the rationale behind this great opposition.

Within the law 333.18101 counseling techniques is listed. With counseling techniques being a part of the law it should be within the provisions, not only the education section of the rules.

It is the law that defines the scope of practice. In the Public Health Code that counseling techniques is a developmental approach that systemically assists an individual through the application of any of the following procedures, and counseling techniques is listed.

This results in a grave inconsistency within

the counseling profession. Per the law, counselors are required to administer counseling techniques, but per the provisions it is not listed. The proposed rule changes suggest that counseling techniques be removed from the provisions and placed solely in the educational section.

The proposed change of the provisions within the counseling profession is not logical. For almost 30 years every Attorney General, board analyst and JCAR approved the counseling rules. The proposal of the changes suggests that each one of these individuals were wrong in their approval. Every one of these trusted appointed officials were wrong, but now an attorney is correct? An attorney can testify to the validity of the counseling profession? An attorney determines the training and implementation of what makes a counselor? This is provided to you by the expert witness of the Michigan Board of Counseling rules committee and approved by the entire Board of Counseling as seen on their website.

HAROLD LOVE: Harold Love. I'm a vice-chair of the Michigan Board of Counseling sitting here as an LPC.

My name is spelled Harold, H-A-R-O-L-D, Love, L-O-V-E.

Another point of difference between the LARA advisory staff draft of the rules change and the rules committee recommendations appears to be LARA's position

that the majority of definitions currently in the rules be moved to a new section of the rules that will pertain to education only. Moving the definitions and thereby implying they are only applicable to the educational preparation of counselors loses the important understanding that some of the definitions apply to counseling practice and are not solely applicable to educational preparation; i.e., counseling techniques and diagnoses.

The loss of perspective has the potential to create significant confusion, lack of clarity, and substantial negative consequences for services provided to the public by over 10,000 licensed professional counselors. These 10,000 counselors have provided counseling services to the public consistent with these definitions as currently written and approved. The section of the definition has been in place for over 25 years.

This revision and update to the rules has been vetted through our prior rules revisions and updating processes. This included vetting by LARA prior to meetings of the Board of Counseling, former full Boards of Counseling, the legislature, and the public. The current rules committee and the full Board of Counseling strongly recommends that these definitions remain in

place in the definition section of the rules applicable to the counseling section of the Public Health Code.

Another point of difference pertains is the training of supervisors, higher educational institutions throughout Michigan, training individuals that will be highly effective supervisors and counselors. The training process includes a thorough supervision experience for each potentially fully licensed counselor. The supervision training for LPCs who will be supervising limited LPCs have recently been required by the rules to have three years of counseling experience and training and supervision, serve as an LLP supervisor.

Prior to January 1st, 2013 the rules specified that supervisors were required to have training in the function -- the rest is written down.

MS. DITSCHMAN: I just want to make sure, also, when you are, if you're reading from something and it's verbatim and you submit it make sure your name is on there because we'll also be using that as written comments. Correct? So, yeah, we'll need copies of all those. But please make sure your name is on there. And you may not get the entire thing in the transcript. We want to make sure you have your name on there and your organization, if there is one. Thank you.

DIANE PARFITT: Am I coming through? I'm Diane

1 Parfitt, D-I-A-N-E, P-A-R-F-I-T-T. I've spent two terms

- on the board of counseling. I just finished in June.
- 3 I'm also a professor emeritus from Eastern Michigan
- 4 University, the counselor of education. I'm also a
- 5 private practitioner that does both counseling and
- 6 supervision, and I also do supervision training. So, I
- 7 speak from a number of hats.

The training that most counselors within the State of Michigan receive is in national compliance. The educational component of the training of counselors in Michigan includes courses that train counselors within counselor techniques, counselor techniques and diagnosis. Licensed professional counselors in Michigan have the educational background to implement counseling techniques and diagnosis.

estimated 10,000 professional counselors will be affected and over 10, 100,000 Michigan residents will be without service from licensed professional counselors. And I know this well, speaking personally. My life's work is to serve others. This is an unspoken oath. Every licensed professional counselor accepts as part of his or her journey.

If these rules are implemented our clients will be without a licensed professional counselor. The work

- we have been trained to perform will be null and void.
- The citizens of Michigan will suffer greatly without the
- 3 expertise of licensed professional counselors. Michigan
- 4 has an increasing mental health need.
- 5 These have been recently recognized by the
- 6 educational systems that are to implement funds directed
- 7 towards directing the mental health needs within the
- 8 schools. Suicide is tragically on the rise and the
- 9 second highest death rate among teens in Michigan.
- 10 Michigan needs licensed professional
- 11 counselors. The residents of Michigan need the
- 12 confidence that this proposal will not go into effect.
- 13 For almost 30 years every Attorney General, board
- 14 analyst, and JCAR approved the counseling rules. The
- 15 proposal of the changes --
- MR. MacINTOSH: Time.
- 17 DIANE PARFITT: -- suggest that each one --
- JIM BLUNDO: My name is James Blundo. I'm the
- 19 executive director for the Michigan Mental Health
- 20 Counselors Association. Wes and I know each other
- because we've had several different meetings in which
- we've dealt with things in a different way.
- 23 Thank you for this opportunity to provide
- comment in the 2019-063 LARA proposed counseling general
- 25 rules. As the director of this organization we represent

licensed professional counselors and the state chapter of
the American Mental Health Counselors. And joining me
today are Napoleon Harrington, MMHCA president, and Irene
Ametrano and Sue Schaeffer, co-chairs of our public
health, our public policy licensure committee.

MMHCA would like to start by first questioning the legal authority of the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs to promulgate these rules. Through LARA -- though LARA's staff identify in their draft rules their assumed authority under ERO Number 1991-9, this only provides the transfer of statutory authority, powers, duties, functions and responsibilities from the previous Department of Commerce to the current Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, and it specifically provides that the boards shall retain all of their statutory authority, powers, duties, functions and responsibilities.

Part 161 of the Public Health Code explicitly states that the department shall not promulgate rules that constitute the licensure, registration or examination of health professionals, and that only a board shall promulgate these rules. Furthermore, the rule-making authority granted under Part 181 of the Public Health Code is to the Board Of counseling, itself. Both Board of Counseling rules committee and the full

- board unanimously opposed these proposed rules. Their
 proposed alternative rules were ignored by the LARA
 staff.
- With regard to the proposed rule changes,

 themselves, MMHCA recognizes that some do make necessary

 and appropriate updates. Thank you very much.

NAPOLEON HARRINGTON: Napoleon Harrington, current president of the Michigan Health Counselor's Association. Napoleon, N-A-P-O-L-E-O-N, Harrington, H-A-R-R-I-N-G-T-O-N.

With regard to the proposed rule changes, themselves, MMHCA recognizes that some do make necessary and appropriate updates. However, we strongly oppose the proposed rescission of definitions under Rule 338.1751 and the rescission of Rule 338.1757. The unjustified impact of these rule recessions would significantly limit a licensed professional counselor's scope of practice and would directly violate the counseling profession's ethical standards rendering Michigan's 10,000 licensed mental health counselors from being able to legally practice and do so at a time when the need for professional mental health services in our state could not be greater.

Additionally, insurance companies will likely stop reimbursing for the services of LPCs due to the

significant limits on scope of these rules, these rule changes would impose.

Sure, counselors could still do case management or other such types of work, but they would not be able to provide any counseling services. This inability for LPCs to practice in Michigan will not only cause significant harm to tens of thousands of people across the state who will immediately lose their counseling services when the rule changes take effect, it will also force all Michigan counselors to be in violation of other professional ethical standards regarding neglect and abandonment.

MMHCA objects to the general rationale for these proposed rule changes. As stated in the regulatory impact statement, LARA staff claims that these proposed, these rule changes is to address confusion and misinterpretation about the scope of practice of the counseling profession, especially around a counselor's ability to diagnose.

MMHCA argues there is no confusion or misinterpretation here. The right of counselors to practice their profession and employ counseling techniques, which include diagnosis, consistent with his or her training and code of ethics, has been guaranteed in the Public Health Code for ten years before the

1 passage of the counselor licensure law.

IRENE AMETRANO: I'm Dr. Irene Ametrano. I'm
representing MMHCA, and I'm also the chair of the
counseling program at Eastern Michigan University. I'm
continuing on that same document.

As LARA should be aware, the American

Counseling Association's code of ethics, which counselors

are legally mandated to adhere to, requires the proper

diagnosis of a client's mental disorder before treatment.

Additionally, under the counselor licensing statute, which states that the practice of counseling or counseling means the rendering to individuals, groups, families, organizations, or the general public a service involving the application of clinical counseling principles, methods or procedures.

Section 18101A clarifies that counseling principles, methods, or procedures means a developmental approach that systematically assists an individual through the application of a variety of specific procedures, including counseling techniques. The term counseling techniques, which is explicitly used in the statute for both the scope of practice provisions and educational requirements, is a widely understood professional term that includes a variety of specific procedures, including diagnosis. Because the term

counseling techniques is used in the scope of practice, as well as in the training requirements, it must not be removed from the definition of scope. There simply is no rationale, legal rationale for doing so.

Furthermore, Section 18101 goes on to state that the practice of counseling does not include the practice of psychology, except for those preventive techniques, counseling techniques, or behavior modification techniques for which the licensed professional counselor or limited licensed counselor has been specifically trained. This language was included in the statute because these terms were already part of the psychology licensing statute which permitted counselors to do these activities in that law's exemption section for counselors.

SARA SUE SCHAEFFER: I'm Dr. Sara, S-A-R-A, Sue, S-U-E, Schaeffer, S-C-H-A-E-F-F-E-R, representing MMHCA.

In Section 18105-1 of the counseling statute states that a licensee shall not perform any acts, tasks, or functions within the practice of counseling unless he or she is trained to perform such acts, tasks, or functions. So, the scope of practice for counselors explicitly includes those acts, tasks, or functions that a counselor is trained to perform. Under

Section 18107-1B the program training requirements for counselors are clarified to include counseling techniques and other statutory standards for which the board was required to promulgate rules.

The rule defining counseling techniques and the subsequent training and scope of counselors has been in effect for 30 years. It explicitly states that, quote, counseling techniques is the application of counseling and psychotherapy skills and theories in the counseling process in order to, amongst other things, diagnose and identify the problem.

MMHCA also objects to LARA's proposed rescission of Rule 389.1757, which identifies the requirements for providing counseling supervision and specific training in supervision. This training requirement is a national standard for professional counseling, which again counselors are legally mandated to adhere to. If this rule is rescinded counselors who provide counseling without training would be practicing in violation of the ACA's code of ethics.

Without the availability of qualified, trained supervisors Michigan's limited license professional counselors would also be challenged to meet the ethical and, therefore, legal licensing requirements to practice as a fully licensed professional counselor. And LPCs who

receive their supervision in Michigan would also likely
be ineligible for licensure in other states because their
supervisor would not meet the qualifications in the state
to which the counselor is moving.

On behalf of MMHCA I would also like to provide comment on the regulatory impact statement that has been submitted for the record. We have numerous provisions of this statement woefully lacking in proper disclosure.

DONALD AMIDON: I'm Dr. Donald Amidon, A-M-I-D-O-N, and I'm speaking on behalf of MMHCA.

The Question Number 2 was compare the proposed rule standards in similarity situated states based on geographic location, topography, natural resources, commonalities, or economic similarities. LARA's staff claims that Michigan's proposed rule standards for counselors are like other Great Lake states; in essence, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin. However, Indiana, Minnesota, and Ohio explicitly include the ability to diagnose in their scope of practice for counselors, along with 30 other states in the country, while Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin use such terms such as identify, evaluate, that clearly implies diagnosis.

Number 3 states identify any laws, rules, and other legal requirements that may duplicate, overlap, or

conflict with the proposed rules. LARA's staff claim that there are no laws, rules, or other legal requirements that duplicate, overlap, or conflict with the proposed rules. This is not accurate. As previously stated, Michigan's Public Health Code requires counselors to practice their profession, which includes diagnosis as a component of counseling techniques, consistent with his or her training and code of ethics. The American Counseling Association's code of ethics requires the proper diagnosis of a client's mental disorder before treatment and requires counselors to be trained in supervision methods and techniques.

JESSIKA MARIANO: Jessika, J-E-S-S-I-K-A, Mariano, M-A-R-I-A-N-O, and I'm speaking on behalf of MMHCA.

Number 6, identify the behavior and frequency of behavior that the proposed rules are designed to alter. LARA staff claim, but fail to document, that the current location in the rule set causes confusion and misinterpretation about the scope of practice of the counseling profession. Again, MMHCA argues there there is no confusion or misinterpretation here. The right of counselors to practice their profession, including the ability to use counseling techniques which encompass diagnosis, was first established in the Public Health

Code in 1978 and was maintained with the passage of the counselor licensing law in 1988.

As previously stated, under Part 181 of the Public Health Code, PA421 of 1988, the statute specifically defines the practice of counseling to mean a service involving the application of clinical counseling principles, methods, or procedures, and the statute also defines counseling principles, methods, or procedures to mean, amongst other things, counseling techniques. How then can LARA staff possibly claim that the definition for counseling techniques should not be included in the general rule provisions applying to the scope of practice? We are especially curious about this legal justification, given LARA staff have determined that the reference to counseling techniques in the education requirements for LPCs, MCL 333.18107, and then 1B, does warrant inclusion in the rules related to education.

Finally, these rules have been reviewed and upheld by the Attorney General, the Legislative Service Bureau, and the Michigan legislature repeatedly over the years, including in 1995, 2003 and 2012. Furthermore, in the more 30 years since the passing of PA421 in 1988 there have been no successful legal challenges to the counselors' scope of practice under the law and no successful related complaints filed with the Board of

1 Counseling.

2 ANDREA CASCARILLA: Andrea Cascarilla,

3 A-N-D-R-E-A, C-A-S-C-A-R-I-L-L-A, on behalf of MMHCA.

6C, what is the desired outcome? LARA staff state the desired outcome of the rules rescission is to result in fewer questions, fewer regulatory problems, and greater safety and protection of the public. However, LARA staff have failed to identify any document any questions, regulatory problems, or greater public safety and protection concerns that would warrant these detrimental rule changes.

Number 7, identify the harm resulting from the behavior that the proposed rules are designed to alter and the likelihood that harm will occur in the absence of the rule. LARA staff simply fail to identify any harm that is resulting from Rule 338.1751 or any likelihood that any harm will occur in the absence of the rule's rescission other than avoiding confusion, which is completely unsubstantiated. Further, they identify no harm that is resulting from Rule 338.177 or would occur in the absence of the rule rescission. MMHCA again argues these current rules actually protect against harm by ensuring counselors are practicing to their ethical standards and receiving the appropriate supervisions before practicing independently.

What is the rationale for changing the rules instead of leaving them as currently written? While LARA staff completely claim the rationale is to update outdated standards, correct typographical errors, supply clarity to all rules on licensure and reorganize the rules into a format that is more are user friendly, none of this rationale applies to the recession of Rule 338.1751 and Rule 338.17757, for they contain no outdated standards, typographical errors, lack of clarity, or user unfriendliness.

I know I'm running out of time. I do just want to submit for the record, too, a petition, the results of a petition, over 37,000 signatures opposing these rules.

BRIAN BANKS: Good morning. Before you start my time I just want to make a point that I did submit a written comment, so I'm going to stay on a few points here.

Good morning again. My name is Brian Banks, and I'm a representative from the American Counseling Association. I'm here today in opposition of the proposed rule changes to R338.1751 and R338.1757.

The proposed changes will seriously impede the ability of at least 10,000 of Michigan's LPCs to provide services to the state's families, couples, adults, seniors, veterans, adolescents, and children at crucial

times in their lives. Rather than improve critical and much needed mental health services the proposed regulatory changes will provide obstacles to the delivery of quality mental health counseling by LPCs who are educated, trained, and practice at the highest professional standards. Michigan LPCs help at least 150,000 citizens each year who face life's challenges.

Since the promulgation and adoption of Act 368 of the Public Health Code, creating that LPC credential in 1988, which includes the diagnosis and identification of the problem, has been one of the counseling profession's core principles. The authorization to diagnose is essential to providing necessary and appropriate treatment for clients. Moreover, in Section E5A, proper diagnosis, of the American Counseling Association's code of ethics, which governs and defines ethical behavior and best practices in the profession of counseling in Michigan, requires the proper diagnosis.

It takes us down a dangerous path. With the board's mandate to protect the public it is imperative to have well-trained, experienced, and ethically practicing LPCs. Eliminating the ability to diagnose will adversely affect LPCs' professional ethical duties, which are directly related to the practice of counseling. The proposed counseling supervision provisions will create

insurmountable barriers that bar LPCs from providing
needed services to both urban and rural populations in
Michigan.

I would be remiss if I did not mention the nation's opioid crisis and the vital role LPCs play in providing treatment to those affected in Michigan. In August Governor Whitmer issued executive order 2019-18, creating the Michigan Opioids Task Force.

STEPHEN CRAIG: Good morning. I'm Dr. Stephen Craig, professor and unit director of the counselor education program in the department of counselor education and counseling psychology at Western Michigan University. The name is spelled S-T-E-P-H-E-N, C-R-A-I-G.

Thank you for the opportunity to address this committee. I oppose the proposed rules changes. While some of the changes are seemingly innocuous and perhaps necessary to maintain relevance with evolving accreditation standards, others, including the proposed change and moving the definitions into the educational section, only are particularly troubling and will likely lead to increase confusion and potentially could lead to substantial costs and overall harm to the public and to the small business community where many counselors are employed.

In a report titled The American State of Mental Health in America 2018, Nguyen and colleagues estimated that more than 1.3 million Michigan residents have some form of mental illness. In the same report it was estimated that more than 55 percent of Americans with mental illness never received treatment. More than 20 percent of adults with a mental illness reported they were not able to obtain the care that they needed. The four systemic barriers to assessing care that were cited in the report, it's a lack of insurance, lack of available treatment levels, lack of financial resources, and lastly, I quote, a lack of available treatment providers, end quote.

The report further cites that although the Affordable Care Act may have increased the number of individuals with mental illness who are now able to seek treatment, those same people are faced with limited numbers of available providers. The problem, they say, is that with increasing demand for mental health services coupled with a high turnover rate of providers due, in part, to low compensation, it has created a substantial shortage of mental health professionals. At a time when 1.3 million Michigan residents have some form of mental illness, at a time when 55 percent of Americans with mental illness are not receiving treatment, and at a time

when one of the principle barriers is a lack of available providers, the Department of Licensing and Regulatory

Affairs is proposing a measure that could effectively eliminate 10,000 available providers.

Throughout the regulatory impact statement and cost-benefit analysis LARA has indicated that the proposed rules remove confusion about the scope of practice of the counseling profession. The Bureau of Professional Licensing has a mission statement that includes a goal.

GLINDA RAWLS: Good morning. My name is Dr. Glinda Rawls, G-L-I-N-D-A, R-A-W-L-S. I'm an associate professor at Western Michigan University in the department of counselor education and counseling psychology. I'm here to complete my colleague's statement, particularly talking about the role of LARA and the protection of the public.

In the health professional disciplinary reform fiscal year 2018 report to the legislature the Board of Professional Licensure director Pezon in his 2019 report reported that for the period between 2017 and 2018 identified that there were 5,000 allegations against licensed health professionals in general received by LARA, and the grand total of that was 102 allegations related to licensed professional counselors. And of the

more than 1500 allegations against the licensed health
professionals that were authorized only 47 were
authorized against LPCs. That means that for the same
reporting period for the 10,000 LPCs who practice in
Michigan the LPCs that were only subject to 3 percent of
those allegations.

I think that LARA is trying to tell us that their role is designed to help the public, but really it seems to me that the vast majority of counselors are doing good work and are competent, and including their roles in diagnosis and to inform the treatment, which informed the treatment that they provide.

Many of the proposed rule changes will neither promote efficiency, nor will it protect the public, and they will likely create substantial confusion and potentially cut off Michigan residents to over 10,000 competent mental health professionals.

MS. DITSCHMAN: We're going to take a break in about three minutes. I'm sorry if you've been standing in line for 20 minutes. We thought this was the best way to coordinate it, but we've just been told that everybody has to get out of the aisle.

So, one last speaker and we'll take about a ten-minute break. And so, then we'll start back in at ten after. But the last speaker right now.

CHRISTINA COLLINS: Hi. My same Christina

Collins, C-O-L-L-I-N-S. And I am an alumni of Western

Michigan University and am here to complete the statement

of two of my biggest advocates and best professors in the

counselor education department at Western Michigan

University.

I am deeply concerned that a government agency is actively lobbying against one of the licensed health professions, ignoring the input of counselors, rejecting decades-long precedent, and seemingly responding to pressure from another licensed health profession who actively seeks to suppress the number of available mental health providers to serve the needs of Michigan residents. Rather than showing deference to statutory language and administrative rules, the latter of which have been in place for nearly three decades, this department is attempting to rush through a change that could have a devastating impact on the mental health needs of Michigan residents.

As for the language in the rules associated with supervision training, we are not, quote, imposing requirements on a licensee without statutory authority, end quote. In fact, all licensed professional counselors have the freedom to decide whether or not they wish to provide supervision to limited licensed professional

counselors. We are merely suggesting that for those individuals who voluntary decide to become a supervisor of limited licensed professionals they should have the requisite training to do so.

Suddenly, after years of scrutiny, review, approval, and acceptance, even by this body who seeks to change it, LARA wishes to unilaterally change the rules and reject years of precedent.

For these reasons I stand in opposition to the proposed rules changes. I respectfully request that LARA listens to the legitimate concerns raised by LPCs and the Michigan Board of Counseling and reconsiders their position on the proposed rules. We are not asking for what LARA describes as, quote, expanding the scope of practice, end quote. We're asking for LARA to accept the nearly 30-year precedent of our licensure law and administrative rules and allow us to do the important work that the people of Michigan need us to do. Thank for the opportunity to express my concerns.

MS. DITSCHMAN: We are goings to take a break. This is what needs to happen. If you want to keep your place as far as speaking you shouldn't leave the room. It's for the Court Reporter basically so her hands can rest for a minute. And then when we come back there's two board members that we're going to let speak. And

then, as I said, we're not going to use the lines. If
you have already spoken we would ask that you leave the
room because there's many, many counselors outside
waiting to come in and we're limited in numbers. Okay?

(Short recess had from 10:00 AM to 10:09 AM.)

MS. DITSCHMAN: So, we're going to start. We have a couple board members that are going to go here, and then we're going by row. So, let's go ahead. We'll start and we'll go from there.

CHARLES HUGHES: Hello. All right. My name is Charles Hughes, C-H-A-R-L-E-S, Hughes, H-U-G-H-E-S. I'm a board member and also a member of the Star behavior health providers who are civilians who are trained to treat veterans. I'm a recently appointed member of the Michigan Board of Counseling. I'm not speaking as a board member today but as a representative of my behavioral health clinic, Munson Grayling Behavioral Health, and the people that I work with. I work in Crawford County.

I want to start by telling you of the community needs assessment and county health rankings in Michigan.

I work in county 83 of 83. Crawford County has the worst health outcomes in the state. It's a multifaceted problem, but a large reason why it is ranked so low is the ratio of mental health providers to patients.

Crawford County has a ratio of 730 patients to 1 mental health provider. The state average is 400 to 1 and the national average is 310 to one. This ratio is with the current 8 LPCs working in this county. Without LPCs this county will no longer have any capacity to help the mentally ill as there are only one MSW currently working in the county.

I also work for Oscoda County, who is ranked 81st of 83, and their ratio is 2,070 people to 1 mental health provider. Many of our patients from Oscoda County drive to see us, which is a drive of 30 miles, to come see us at my hospital and my practice.

My practice has a caseload of over 200 patients. We provide for both Oscoda and for Crawford County. And we also provide crisis services for the Grayling emergency room, and without our LPCs there is no crisis services for private insurance in our counties.

Our small practice took six to nine months to hire a single LMSW, and without the change or with the changes we will be unable to serve the people of our counties.

MS. DITSCHMAN: We have somebody from the occupational therapy. We're going to have her speak.

The other thing I would like you to do, before she speaks is if you are in the back row, if you want to move

forward so you're not waiting you may do that at this

time because we will be filling in with a few more people

in a minute and we're going to be doing this by rows.

4 So, if you want to move so that you're not waiting longer

feel free to do that right now.

Okay. Go ahead and have a seat. Just move towards the middle. Come on. Move towards the middle and make space. So, if there is a seat next to you towards the middle please fill it because we are going to have more people come in and they are going to be walking over you in just a minute. So, if you don't want them walking over you move towards the middle.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Okay. OT, go for it.

ELIZABETH BENNANI: I'm Elizabeth Bennani. I'm an occupational therapist. I have submitted my comments through e-mail, so you should have them.

I basically have some questions. The first question is how do the proposed rules and changes coordinate with the existing definitions and functions, including those defined in the State Operations Manual, including Paragraph 484.115, condition of participation, personal qualifications, specialized rehabilitative services, and medical provider manual. I have attached in there the various definitions of these.

I also would like to know, and I'm sure

- everybody else, what is the reasoning for rescinding
 R3338.1212, which is the prohibited conduct. We also
 expect -- okay. Thank you.
- Question 3, will there be a new scope of

 practice for occupational therapists, certified

 occupation therapy assistants, and the new limited

 licensed therapist? How will this new scope of practice

 coordinate with AOTA, the American Occupational Therapy

 Association.
- 10 And Question 4, with reference to the limited
 11 license what will be the scope of practice of the limited
 12 license therapist?
 - I have a lot of other comments, but I guess

 I'm -- the other concerns that we have is with respect to

 the certified occupational therapy assistant. I have

 worked with a lot of very knowledgeable and competent

 COTAs, but there are no definitions within here as to

 what evaluations can be performed and what part of the

 evaluation and the training is required.
- 20 COURT REPORTER: Could you spell your last 21 name, please?
- 22 ELIZABETH BENNANI: B-E-N-N-A-N-I.

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JANET GLAES: Good morning. My name is

Dr. Janet Glaes, and that's spelled G-L-A-E-S, first name

is J-A-N-E-T. I am a member of the Michigan Board of

Counseling, and today I'm here to speak as a counselor educator and private practice counselor.

I'm strongly opposed to the proposed LARA rule changes. I'd like to point out that the educational training that counselors in Michigan receive really more than qualifies them to diagnose and treat their clients. To give you some understanding of that I'd like to talk just a little bit about the program I'm most familiar with, which is Spring Arbor University.

Some examples of classes my students take are counseling techniques, clinical psychopathology, conceptualization and treatment, advanced clinical psychotherapy and abnormal behavior, and evaluation of psychopathology, just to name a few of the 60 credit hours that they take. They go on to complete a 600-hour internship under the supervision of fully licensed and trained practitioners, and this is standard practice.

So, a licensed professional counselor within Michigan do have the experience and the background they need. Our students go on to work in mental health agencies and hospitals, family service programs, medical service, hospice, foster care, and private practice, just to name a few.

This morning on my way in I heard on the radio that counselors and counselor educators should have been

aware of these impending changes. I couldn't disagree
more vehemently. I've been an LPC for almost 30 years
and been a counselor educator for 10. In those 10 years
our students have applied for and been approved for
licensure in the state. I've renewed my license every
three years and paid fees, as we all have.

All of us have submitted professional disclosure statements where we clearly list diagnosis and treatment as part of our scope of practice and we've been approved by LARA. I urge you to reconsider these proposed changes.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Okay. Anybody in the first row, start here, would you give me your card and we'll just kind of move down the rows like this.

JOSEPH GUAJARDO: My name is Joseph,

J-O-S-E-P-H, Guajardo, G-U-A-J-A-R-D-O. I'm here on
behalf of the Michigan Mental Health Providers

Association. I received a Master's of Arts in Counseling
degree from Spring Arbor University. I've been
practicing since 2014. Additionally, I'm a certified
alcohol and drug counselor and certified clinical
supervisor through Michigan Certification Board for
Addiction Professionals. I have worked at two separate
inpatient substance abuse treatment facilities for the
last nine and-a-half years. I've been a clinical

director and supervisor for the last three.

It is important to me to let you all know that I've never diagnosed an individual outside my scope of practice. I've never treated outside of my scope of practice. If I was treating someone for presenting problems that I was not specifically trained to provide treatment or therapy to I would always refer the individual to a more appropriate helping professional. This is my DSM-V, and the binding is broken. And I just wanted to make that very clear.

As you know, Michigan is experiencing an opioid epidemic and other significant mental health crises. Licensed professional counselors are crucial to combat these issues. The proposed rule changes by LARA to restrict the scope of practice for LPCs to eliminate the counselor's ability to diagnose and use counseling techniques will serve as an injustice to the need to provide the public substance use disorder and other mental health treatment populations.

Restricting the LPCs' ability to diagnose within their scope of practice and counsel will leave many clients without a treatment provider. These rule changes will lead to thousands of Michigan residents with less resources for treatment and therapy that at this time is very much needed. The families of the clients

and counselors who work together every day will be
impacted negatively. There's a whole lot of treatment to
be provided and plenty of work to be done. Now is not
the time to limit treatment resources in the State of
Michigan.

I stand with many, many people, families, and helping professionals who oppose the rule changes. I ask the governor to ask LARA not to implement the changes.

MS. DITSCHMAN: I just want a little reminder, because we just had a few people come in in the back, so when you are going line by line, when you get up here what we're doing is make sure you state your name and then spell it, and organization if you're representing an organization.

Once you have spoken we ask that you exit so somebody else, if you want to, so somebody else can come in. Because I understand there's lots of people waiting outside still. If you're hearing the same comment over and over be mindful that goes into the record here, it will be reviewed through the process, so you don't need to, you don't have to make the same comment, just so you know that.

We're having many more of them. We'll already know that they were sent in writing. Anything else that we -- oh. If you are going to read something verbatim

please leave it up here so that we can give it to the Court Reporter. Make sure your name's on there. And if you want to submit written comments but you're not actually reading the whole thing, if you want to submit something in writing you can submit it over here to this table. And I think that's it. Okay. Keep going.

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DAYNA WEBER: I study at Wayne State, so I intend to be not verbally nervous, but I will try to avoid negative language.

I'm very frustrated with a couple of the statements that I've heard. My name is Dayna Weber, D-A-Y-N-A, W-E-B-E-R. One of the statements I'm frustrated with is things that have been going around that we're underqualified. I'm not going to be rude and turn this in, but I have a transcript which consists of 78 credits done in my Master's degree, including abnormal psychology, treatment planning and principles, psychological assessment, differential diagnosis, substance abuse, three series of group dynamic courses, developmental psychology. And I mean I could go on about how qualified we are. After our 600 internship hours I did 3,000 clinical hours under supervision. We are not sitting down watching television during 3,000 clinical hours, we're doing counseling. We're doing the work that LARA's trying to basically say we're not qualified to do

and they're trying to repeal that right. It's ridiculous.

- I'm also frustrated by the statement that has gone on in the news that we are not going to be negatively affected. The bottom line is that 10,000 of us will find ourselves out of work. 10,000 of us are terrified. And there are going to be more suicides. Michigan is already high in suicides. And I'm not going to filtrate it, but if this happens people will die. That's it.
 - PHILIP HIMEBAUGH: Hello. My name is Philip

 Himebaugh, P-H-I-L-I-P, Himebaugh, H-I-M-E-B-A-U-G-H.

 It's pretty appropriate that an opera singer went before

 me. Before I was a counselor I was an actor, and I still

 haven't been offered a modeling contract. I'm not sure

 why.

But one thing I am pretty good at is my DSM.

Pretty good at diagnosing my clients, pretty good at

being a counselor. I opened a business about a month

ago, Northwest Counseling and Wellness in Big Rapids,

Michigan. A professional mentor of mine said Philip,

don't be surprised if after your first month you've only

got one or two clients. Okay. I won't be. I have 18

clients. I'm grateful for that, I'm really grateful for

that. I have an opportunity to be a positive force in

the lives of those in my community. Not a lot of people get that chance.

In this past week I had to watch as one by one my clients came in in tears and said what am I going to do, if you can't see me what am I going to do? If you can find a psychologist or psychiatrist in Mecosta County that's accepting clients and wants to spend more than three minutes and throw a bottle of pills at them I'd love to meet that person. I'd love to have the referrals.

I agree with my colleague before me. People will die. Suicides will happen. People will lose their care. I don't want that. Do you want that? We hear that we won't be negatively affected. Well, tell you what, you can come to work tomorrow, you won't be paid, but don't worry, you can still do your job. Right? That's what we're being asked to do. You know what? As it stands right now I think I'm willing to do that. Because unlike everybody else, the State of Michigan and at LARA, I care about people. I care about people's well-being, and I will not let a rule stand in my way.

NANCY CARBONELL: Hello. My name is Dr. Nancy Carbonell, N-A-N-C-Y, C-A-R-B-O-N-E-L-L. I'm fully licensed psychologist in Michigan and I have been since 1991. That's close to 30 years. I'm speaking on behalf

of Andrews University where I'm a full professor and also coordinate the CACREP, accredited MA in clinical mental health counseling.

I also maintain a private practice in a town where I work with other great counselors who have LPCs and we refer back and forth with each other. I'm involved in all aspects of the MA level of training for those students who are pursuing a licensure as licensed professional counselors. It's a 60 credit program. It's rigorous. It addresses all areas of professional development, including diagnosing and interventions. Our students are trained to provide supervised treatment for clients who are adults, couples, family, group, children and adolescents.

I'm here to support the HB4325 bill and oppose LARA's redefinition of the LPCs' scope of practice. I'm also here to validate the training of these counselors all over Michigan. They are placed in so many communities and are valuable. To suddenly strip these well-trained counselors and supervisors would not only leave thousands of professional counselors without a job, but would also be a travesty to the thousands of clients suddenly abandoned.

It must be noted that many LPCs are actually servicing many clinics and programs where licensed

psychologists aren't available to work in. It's a
win-win situation for all of us. Thank you.

BRAD HINMAN: Good morning. I'm Dr. Brad

Hinman. I'm a licensed professional counselor. I'm also
a licensed marriage and family therapist. I'm also an

AASECT certified sex therapist. I'm here today on behalf
of Andrews University where I serve as a professor in
graduate psychology and counseling. I am here to speak
for my students and my clients and my university.

If LARA changes the rules as proposed the Federal Government will immediately disallow Master's and doctoral level students to enroll in counseling programs from receiving Federal financial aid because they will no longer be pursuing a degree but will resolve in being gainfully employed. If LARA's intention is to have Michigan universities lose millions of dollars in financial aid then you're well on your way.

I also want to go on record to notify you of the absolute agony and despair of my students when I inform them of your intention to make a rule change that would prevent them from practicing the job that they gave us years of their life to pursue. Ten of them are here today with me, including my daughter-in-law who is currently enrolled in our program.

Speaking of losing money, LARA, itself, stands

to move \$1.2 million in renewal fees by licensed professional counselors who will likely not renew a license that will be useless in facilitating them to do the job that they spent thousands of dollars pursuing, hundreds of hours of training and devoted their life to serve. Why would LARA want to lose \$1.2 million?

Finally, I own a private practice where I employ another licensed professional counselor and a Master's level intern. We serve men with out of control sexual behavior in extreme southwestern Michigan, and to my knowledge there is not another therapist specializing in treating out of control sexual behavior within a hundred miles of our location. Where are our clients supposed to go? We have over 80 active clients right now. Thank you for your time.

AKASH KUMAR: I'm Akash Kumar. I'm a psychiatrist and medical doctor. I have no vested personal interest in the outcome of all of this. I really only came out of concern for my caseload of 100 patients. Like every other psychiatrist, I spend eight years training in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness. Like every other psychiatrist, I share hundreds of cases with psychologists, counselors and social workers. Like every other psychiatrist that I've spoken with about this matter, I'm baffled by the idea that

counselors aren't fully qualified to diagnose and treat mental illness. They're already doing it. They are already doing it consistently very, very well.

the scope of their practice. LPCs have no reputation as functioning inadequately. Many of the therapists I trust most with my patients are counselors. I literally share hundreds of patients with counselors. Many of these patients have spent years building a therapeutic alliance. Some of these patients are suicidal. There's already a very severe shortage of therapists in many areas of Michigan. I don't want to imagine what will happen to these patients without our army of counselors. Thank you.

JODI BARNES: Yes. I thank you for letting me speak. My name is Jodi Barnes, J-O-D-I, B-A-R-N-E-S.

I'm here to represent MMHCA. I'm a board member. I'm a licensed special counselor and a national certified counselor. I've been practicing for ten years. I'm an LLPC supervisor as well. I went to Central Michigan University and in the agency counseling track, and I can tell you we have been trained to diagnose and treat clients. It's in our transcript. It's everywhere.

And some reasons why, regarding your rules changes, I oppose them, some reasons why I feel that this

is the wrong choice is because, first and foremost, our clients, number one, they will be affected. The suicide rate will go up. The opioid crisis is a problem. They count on us to counsel them. It's very important.

Another issue is a counselor's livelihood will be affected. I have a passion for counseling. I love this. I wouldn't do anything else. And, you know, I love my job, so I'd like to keep it.

Other things that would be affected, other mental health professionals will be bombarded and burned out and chaotic. Restricting the practice of LPCs and LLPCs in the State of Michigan, there's also a mental health crisis, so there's going to be more of that. And we need our counselors.

Also, supervision will be affected. Insurance companies would stop reimbursing us. And also, lastly, this is going to affect a lot of us, and I really oppose these changes, so I hope that you reconsider and let us practice, let us do our job, let us help people. Okay. And I ask that you wait on implementing your proposed rules changes. The solution is House Bill 4325. Thank you for your time.

MS. DITSCHMAN: The Court Reporter just asked that we not applaud until somebody's done. I would ask you if you want to get as many people in here as possible

please hold your applause to the end because two minutes, this is taking a long time, it's going to take a long

3 time to get you up here.

HEATHER MICHELLE: My name is Heather Michelle.

I'm speaking on behalf of clients, preferably suicidal clients and suicidal parents, parents who deal with suicidal ideations. I am a suicide attempt survivor.

I'm a survivor because an LPC was willing to take on my case when larger mental health institutions were overloaded.

On the outside you see a well-composed professional working mom, but on the inside you don't see over 20 years of abuse that I have experienced, which manifested in my adulthood as PTSD, depression and anxiety took over me. I suicide as my only choice, but I was determined to see alternative choices. I had all my life, so I started to seek for help.

either treated me bad. Becoming a client for an institution did take forever, and I had to spend six months suppressing whatever I was feeling just to stay alive. By the time I got in I was in such bad condition the mental health clinicians dealing with me were notably very overwhelmed. I was just another number on their list. I felt like I had no choices in my life, but

despite my experiences I persevered.

When I began seeing an LPC I got my choices back because when you are checked into a mental health institution everything is taken away from you and everything is decided for you from the moment you wake up until the moment you go to bed. Choosing life over suicide involved choosing things that make life worth living, and I learned how to bring brilliance and gratification into my life through seeing an LPC. I got a hold of my choices back.

If this LARA rule change goes into effect my personal story reflects that the quality of care becomes damaged. I want to know today who's go to be held accountable if someone ends their life when care could have been provided. What if the suicidal parent, someone like me, kills themself and more kids end up in the overcrowded foster care system? LPCs don't need to be restricted, they need to be empowered.

At the end of the day people who want to kill themselves don't want to die, they want the pain to stop.

And LPCs -- sorry. And LPCs right alongside for a healthier life.

I have one more sentence. I have one more sentence. I'm sorry. I'm the only client that's spoken today. Because of my LPC I now live a better life than

- the hell I existed in. I'm not out of the woods. I'm
- 2 not out of the woods with my mental health recovery yet,
- 3 but I'm on the right path. Please don't take that away
- 4 from me. My son and every child in west Michigan,
- 5 Michigan in general deserves a healthy parent.
- 6 MARIN HANN: My name is Marin Hann. First name
- 7 is M-A-R-I-N, last name is H-A-N-N. And it's N, as in
- 8 Nancy.

9 I would like to speak to the harmful impact

10 these proposed rule changes would cause. On a personal

note, I use a power wheelchair and serving as a counselor

is one of the few vocational things I'm physically able

13 to do with the academic training that I have. I went to

14 graduate school for four years so I can do this. I

15 studied psychology in my undergrad program because I knew

I wanted to be a counselor and I wanted the psychological

17 background. I knew that I wanted to practice

18 psychotherapy by the time I was in junior high. In high

19 school I took every single advanced placement psychology

and counseling class that was available to me.

Due to needing to be on income restriction for

22 Medicaid to provide for my personal home care needs I am

23 forever unable to afford going back to school. All my

limited resources for building a profession went into

25 this. I will no longer be able to have a career if I

cannot practice as a licensed professional counselor. I would survive this, but you cannot begin to understand the negative impact that this will make on my life.

But what is more important to me than that is the welfare of the people that I serve. The emotional damages that this will cause my clients are severe. The majority of my clients are long-term who have dissociative identity disorder, PTSD, and borderline personality disorder. Many of my clients also have very low income and transportation challenges, and I provide video access counseling to them and sliding scale fee options.

I have spent years building the therapeutic alliance with my some of my clients so that we could begin to make progress, and for that therapeutic alliance to be abruptly severed it will take years of repair work before they can even start to building an alliance with someone new.

My clients are incredible people and they don't deserve to have this happen. They deserve so much more than this. They need a strong support network that they can trust that is consistent and dependable. They need -- coming to therapy with me has been in integral part of that support. With these rule changes LARA would be responsible for ripping that support away.

These people I'm describing to you right now

are absolutely your concern. I don't even dare to

imagine the emotional damage that this might cause some

of them, and I hope it does not come to that. I pray it

does not come to that.

ELIZABETH REECE: Good morning. My name is

Elizabeth Reece, R-E-E-C-E. I'm a Master's level

clinician counselor, also a CAADC. To graduate from

Oakland University I was required to complete a course on

using the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental

Disorders and be able to correctly diagnose mental health

symptoms to pass the course. I also completed classes on

counseling theory, clinical counseling skills, and

supervised counseling practicum.

The first job of my career was as a therapist at a drug and alcohol inpatient rehabilitation center in Michigan where I was employed for ten years. I currently work as an outpatient therapist.

My biggest fear about the proposed changes by LARA is the detrimental effect this new rule will have on the people I serve. If passed, this rule would immediately disallow 10,000 LPCs from seeing 300,000 or more persons, essentially abandoning them in the middle of their treatment. This is incredibly unethical and damaging.

Let me share a worse case scenario with you. A depressed and suicidal person would no longer have the support they need to have to fight against the urge to end their lives. I would like to share a statistic with you. According to the MDHHS four persons a day commit suicide, complete suicide in Michigan. I know this sounds dramatic, but it's the nature of our work.

I'm sure you've had heard of the opioid crisis our state is currently experiencing. LPCs that work in the field of substance abuse are like soldiers on the front line of a battle. We are standing next to the people that are literally fighting for their lives, desperate to overcome their addiction and get back to living their lives and being members of this society.

I serve a person who came to the realization recently that she was sexually assaulted. This was devastating for her. Do you really expect me to abandon her during this time considering it was our work together that facilitated this realization?

I'm professionally, ethically and morally obligated to continue serving my people until their goals of treatment are reached. Science and research have proven that to overcome mental illness and addiction counseling is the best chance to reach that goal.

Thank for this opportunity.

MS. DITSCHMAN: I just want to make sure we're
on the second row. If you just came in you should wait
until we go through and come back. If you've been
sitting here -- who's next? I need a card.

LISA ROBINSON: My name is Lisa Robinson,

L-I-S-A. I have a pretty easy last name, but I'll still spell it. R-O-B-I-N-S-O-N. I am a proud licensed professional counselor of ten years.

LARA proposed rules. I want to share something very personal. Not only have I saved lives, but many of these people in this room and ones that aren't here have saved lives. An LPC saved my life two and-a-half years ago when I became a widow, single mother because my husband died of cancer. And so, I want you to know that, yes, this will impact every person's livelihood, but I don't want to leave this room without you knowing personal stories of what you do to people, including LPCs. We save lives. I'm going to echo what somebody else has said many times in this room. People will die and that won't be our fault.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Who's next in the row that has not spoken that has been sitting, didn't just come in?

CHRISTOPHER YOO: Hi. My name is Christopher

Yoo, spelled C-H-R-I-S-T-O-P-H-E-R, last name Y-O-O. I'm

a Master's level graduate from Northwestern University's master of counseling program with a limited license in counseling, and I'm allowed to practice in the State of Michigan. I would also note that given the comments made by the MPA representative on the second that my program is and was CACREP accredited.

I was made to pass coursework in diagnosis, theory and treatment, as many others. I continue to ask myself what the purpose could be to move those things into a education section if we're not allowed to practice them. The belief that Master's and counselors are less qualified than our fellow mental health practitioners is unfounded and combated by one of my professors during my time at Northwestern, Dr. Eric Beeson, who also an LPC and a Ph.D. level practitioner as well as the president-elect of the American Mental Health Counselors Association. When interviewed about our ability to practice, and the article I will submit to you, he succinctly says that Master's level of mental health practitioners are not therapy-like.

I have roughly 30 clients. I've only been actively working for about ten months. I can only imagine what that will grow to. And I can only imagine where my clients will go or what they might do should we suddenly not be allowed to continue to work with them.

1 Thank you.

MS. DITSCHMAN: A reminder that if for some reason you have to leave and you want to leave comments you can use a card, write it on the back, or if you're submitting something, another document in writing just make sure your name is on it. You can bring it up here and submit it to us.

CHERYL KALLIO: May name is Cheryl Kallio,
C-H-E-R-Y-L, last name is K-A-L-L-I-O. I am here today
to express my opposition to the proposed general rule
change for counselors.

Specifically I have concerns about repealing our ability to use counseling techniques that we are trained and the ability to diagnose and identify a problem. Of great concern is that these limitations would largely exclude us from reimbursements from insurance companies, which in large part would end our careers. The proposed changes also puts counselors in direct conflict with the American Counseling

Association's code of ethics, which requires a proper diagnosis. This could subject us to permanent expulsion from our profession.

For example, without the ability to bill insurance I would no longer be able to see approximately 80 to 90 percent of my clients. Many of my clients live

in poverty and they cannot afford out-of-pocket to pay for a therapist as they're struggling to keep groceries in the house. I can describe many such scenarios, but there's not enough time. What you are proposing to do is not only heartless, but it is unethical to take away the mental health support for tens of thousands in Michigan.

In addition to my concern for my clients, this is about me and my family, too. In 2012 I was divorced with two young kids to care for. At that time I alone could not support us securely. I went back to school to rebuild myself and did everything the State of Michigan said I had to do to become a licensed counselor.

I finally built my own practice and have what I was going for, a stable career to support me and my kids. And now you are saying nevermind, we're changing the rules and you're about to potentially lose most of your career. To say that I am angry after everything I have done to meet the State's requirements is an understatement. I am furious at how careless you are with my livelihood. Your proposed rule change would all but end my career. This is reckless and unethical.

I am asking you to identify if, how and why specifically LPCs are failing to meet the needs of those that seek our help. And if and where there are failures work with us to create proposed solutions as opposed to

- abruptly ending our careers and mental health support for
- tens of thousands of Michiganders.
- MIA REID: Hello. My name is Mia Reid, M-I-A,

 R-E-I-D, and I am here to speak on behalf of all the
- 5 LPCs, all the LLPCs in Michigan.

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- About eight years ago I lost my child to
 murder. By the grace of God I have been able to cope
 because I saw an LPC. Okay? When I walked in that
 office he said the three words you are -- well, four -you are not alone. Those are the words that helped me be
 able to talk, be able to eat, be able to sleep, be able
 to cope.
 - Because of that it inspired me to go back to school because I already had a degree in psychology, but I wanted to be a clinical mental health counselor because I wanted to do what that counselor did for me. So, now I have a practice and it is called Change Happens Today, and I have clients and I am helping them and I want to continue to help them. I want for them what was done for me, help.
- MELISSA ESTERLING: Good morning. My name is

 Melissa Esterling, that's M-E-L-I-S-S-A,
- E-S-T-E-R-L-I-N-G. And I am here today representing

 Compassionate Christian Counseling. We have offices in

 Spring Lake, Jenison, and Fremont. I am here today to

express my opposition to the proposed general rule change for counselors. Specifically, I have concerns with limiting their ability to practice their therapies in addition to prohibiting them from billing insurance companies. This would, in large part, end the careers and shut down my agency, leaving the thousands of people we help without the therapists they depend on.

At Compassionate Christian Counseling we help people in Muskegon, Ottawa, and Newaygo, and beyond.

According to a 2019 community health needs assessment for Muskegon, Oceana and Newaygo Counties there is not enough access to mental health providers. This should be considered a crisis as in Muskegon County men and women are almost twice as likely to be sexually abused when compared to the national average in addition to 25 percent higher rates of physical abuse. The county rate for suicide also exceeds that of the state rate by nearly 25 percent.

Now is not the time to reduce access to mental health therapists. At Compassionate Christian Counseling we have 28 therapists, 14 of which are either LLPCs or LPCs. These LPCs and LLPCs see over 200 new clients per year, which includes over 5,000 sessions per year with them. Of those seen, approximately 85 percent bill insurance. Our agency and those seeking our help depend,

for the most part, on their ability to bill their health insurance companies.

I am asking you to identify how and why specifically LPCs are failing to meet the needs of those that seek our help. If there are failures work with us to create proposed solutions as opposed to abruptly, for the most part, ending the careers of many of our therapists. Thank you very much.

MS. DITSCHMAN: I ask -- we are going to try to speed this up a little bit, so if are planning on speaking and you're in the next row come down here and like two or three of you so we can keep going really quickly. I want to get as many people as we can.

BARRY BRIGHAM: Thank you for the opportunity to allow me to speak to you today. My name is Barry Brigham, B-A-R-R-Y, B-R-I-G-H-A-M. I am a licensed professional counselor, have been in practice for 29 years, much of that in private practice with a group of folks in the Kalamazoo, Michigan area. I've been sworn into the Family Court as an expert witness, a mental health witness, in five different counties in Michigan. I have my Master's degree from Western Michigan University. As I said, I'm a licensed professional counselor.

25 My primary concern with the amendments that

LARA's proposing is that it would definitely, it would definitely hobble my colleagues', and mine, ability to provide services to our clientele. These are individuals who need counseling so severely, they need ongoing compassionate care and treatment, would be forced to accept alternative services such as the services that would be much more infrequent in their visits, or some of the clients would stop altogether the services, and that would be a tragic thing for them and their families.

So, we already have a mental health crisis, as was stated. The Mental Health in America report states that over 70 percent of youth with major depression are still in need of treatment. More than 10 million adults have an unmet need for mental health treatment. That number has not declined since 2011.

So, the proposed rule changes would further the mental health crisis, and that's not a crisis that we need in Michigan at all for our residents. We've just come through a Flint water crisis not that long ago. We don't need another one.

My colleagues and I provide quality professional counseling. And we want to ask, implore that LARA would hold off on these proposed changes and implementation of the changes. Thank you for the opportunity to speak to you today.

1 MS. DITSCHMAN: After the break if you want to 2 speak keep a seat and we'll come back to you.

TEAH DOYLE: My name is Teah Doyle, T-E-A-H,

D-O-Y-L-E. I've been a counselor for 17 years, 8 of

which has been under my LPC here, and I work in

Kalamazoo, Michigan. I have a Master's in counseling at

a CACREP accredited school in Texas. My training

included diagnosis and treatment, treating mental

disorders.

I work in a group practice where we treat things such as depression, suicide prevention, trauma recovery. I'm here to advocate for myself, all of the other LPCs, the 150,000 clients, and the family members, co-workers and employers of all of those clients across the state.

I'm highly concerned about the welfare of all of the current clients and those on the waiting list waiting to get in for counseling services even before this change. Even if they can find someone with openings, the whole therapeutic relationship will be severed and have to be re-established, which interrupts and often ends treatment. Many clients will not be able to find services or will refuse to take another chance on another provider.

25 Myself, personally, this would send my family

into financial crisis. We would most likely have to relocate outside of the state. It occurs it me that all the other LPCs would be in the same position. addition, I have a 13-year-old daughter who I adopted who has services with an LPC. And, as we all know, teenagers are very finicky, can be at least. It took two years and three therapists to find the right fit for her. She now has someone that she works with that she trusts and opens up to in a way that she doesn't with anyone else. don't take that away from her and please don't -- well, actually, I'll just end with please let us continue caring for the forgotten and the outcast of our community. Thank you.

LAURA KELLICUT: My name is Laura Kellicut,
L-A-U-R-A, K-E-L-L-I-C-U-T. I'm a licensed professional
counselor. I've been practicing for over ten years. I
was first licensed in the State of Tennessee. Part of
the licensing process was a test known as the national
clinical mental health counselor examination. This
specifically tested my ability to accurately diagnose and
make treatment plans for my clients. So, I was trained
and then tested at the state level with a
nationally-recognized exam to diagnose and treat my
clients. My training and special scope of practice
included these things, and I transferred that same

license to Michigan.

I have now been practicing in Michigan for over
five years. I'm currently finishing my Ph.D. in
counselor education. I'm trained to and have supervised
others for full licensure, and I teach both undergraduate
and graduate level counseling classes at multiple
institutions.

I see clients three days a week as well. My entire livelihood depends on my LPC. My family has sacrificed so much for me to pursue my degrees and we cannot make ends meet without me working.

My clients come to me because they are seeking a safe place to unburden themselves and receive treatment for their various struggles. Making the changes that LARA has proposed will take away my ability to provide for my family, as well as causing unnecessary anxiety and stress for my many clients who already struggle with anxiety, depression, trauma, and various other things. This will be detrimental to the progress that these clients have made with many who would struggle if they had to start with someone new. That concept is terrifying to many of my clients.

I ask that LARA not follow through the proposed changes and allow time for ${\tt HB4325}$ to pass. Thank for your time.

TRAVIS ERICKSEN: Hello. My name is Travis Ericksen, T-R-A-V-I-S, E-R-I-C-K-S-E-N. I'm a licensed professional counselor. I have three kids, two of them are adopted, one sees an LPC therapist. I earned my Master's degree in counseling from Spring Arbor University. I've been providing diagnostic and counseling services for over ten years to older adults in nursing homes as a program coordinator.

I'm extremely concerned that LARA does not grasp the full scope of the crisis it would create if the rules were adopted. Being an over-assessor, Federal law requires that I diagnose serious mental illness in nursing home settings and ensure that appropriate specialized mental health services are being provided.

One out of every eight mental health assessors in Michigan are LPCs. If you take away our current ability to diagnose we can't do our jobs or continue to assure the well-being and the safety of nursing home residents or insure that access to needed mental health services.

There's already a shortage of mental health professionals serving the older adult population.

Previously I worked at a rural CMH agency and was literally the only person in the entire county providing in-home counseling services to older adults.

For the sake of our most vulnerable residents

of our state I urge LARA to not swap out a reduced LPC
scope of practice for an exponentially expanded scope of
crisis for mental health services in our state. Thank
you.

KATHRYN ZUVERINK: My name is Kathryn Zuverink,
K-A-T-H-R-Y-N, and then last name is Z-U-V-E-R-I-N-K. I
hold a Master's degree in counseling from one of the top
counseling programs in the nation. I am an LPC. I am an
LLPC supervisor. I'm a small business owner. And I am
on faculty in the counseling program at Aquinas College.

First, I want to thank you for the opportunity to speak. I will be very brief. My small office that I own I supervise very several limited licensed counselors.

55 percent of our staff are LPCs or are LLPCs. They all have full caseloads.

We can all talk about tens thousands of
Michigan citizens who will be impacted, but I'm here
specifically on behalf of the 27 adults and adolescents
my small office serves who are actively fighting suicidal
thoughts or significant self-harm. For the 17
adolescents we see who are bullied mercilessly every day
we are in the trenches with them every week, sometimes
multiple times per week, trying to keep them safe and
healthy. Please do not get in the way of their
treatment. I strongly urge you to hold off on the rule

change and allow time for House Bill 4325 to pass the

House and Senate and become law, which will clarify any

question regarding scope of practice. Thank you.

CHRIS PATTERSON: Chris Patterson. I'm a licensed attorney and I work for Fahey, Schultz, Burzych, Rhodes, PLC in Lansing, Michigan. I'm here to actually address the proposed rules as well. As I reviewed the action and events that led up to today it appears that these rules are actually being promulgated in violation of both the Public Health Code and the Administrative Procedures Act.

Before this morning it was actually unclear to me who was potentially promulgating these rules because under the Public Health Code it is the Board of Counseling who is provided with the authority to actually promulgate rules relating to the licensure re-examination, renewal and passing of examination scores. And we already heard before I testified five board members, themselves, who objected to the rules and also unanimously rejected the proposed rules at their June 12th, 2019 meeting.

Section 16145 of the Public Health Code specifically vests the authority for the promulgation of these rules in the board. Section 16141, likewise, prohibits this department from promulgating these rules.

The proposed rules, and this is conceded in the regulatory impact statement, that it is actually a change in the scope of licensure. And specifically Rules 72 through 78 all relate to licensure, relicensure and renewals. Proposed changes to Rule 74 relate to licensing examination and passing scores.

All of these are areas that are within the realm of what the board promulgates, not the department. In fact, there's significant policy reason for this because the board is vested with this authority because they're the licensed individuals with the expertise and experience to actually determine the appropriate counseling therapies and the principles that provide to their scope of practice.

With respect to the statements that the statutes that underpin the rules do not authorize diagnosis purposes there are multiple terms that can be read broad enough to basically underpin and allow the rules that currently exist. Thank you.

CASSANDRA PATTERSON: Hi. Okay. So, my name is Cassandra Patterson, C-A-S-S-A-N-D-R-A, Patterson, P-A-T-T-E-R-S-O-N. I'm just one of the many LPCs here today that could be negatively impacted by the rules changes. We're licensed professional counselors, so obviously I'm here to express my objection.

So, according to the Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services counselors comprise the largest percentage of the U.S. behavioral health care workforce.

So, LARA's decision to possibly move forward with the proposed rules and deny the largest sector of the behavioral health care workers the ability to diagnose is senseless.

Licensed professional counselors should not be expected to treat a disorder of which they cannot properly diagnose first. This practice is similar to expecting a physician to diagnose and treat a broken bone without allowing the physician to first review an x-ray. This implies that LPCs are qualified to treat mental disorders but not to diagnose them. Laws in 31 states explicitly authorize LPCs to diagnose mental illness.

CACREP standards have aspects of diagnosing process that are all included in all of our coursework. The ACA, the largest organization, states in its 2014 code of ethics that counselors not only have the ability to diagnose but we can refrain from making a diagnosis if it causes harm to the client.

The National Board for Certified Counselors includes test items on diagnostic and assessment services, which appear on the NCE, national counselor exam, an exam which the board has adopted as an exam in

1 Michigan.

Clarity, safety, accuracy are some of the words

I heard from LARA this week. An LPC's clinical training,

educational requirements, and supervised experiences

clearly, safely and accurately provide counselors the

ability to diagnose. The proposed rules changes should

be denied. Thanks for your time.

LISA KLEIN: Good morning, afternoon. I'm not exactly sure what it is right now. It's been quite an amazing time. All of my people.

My name is Lisa Cline, L-I-S-A, K-L-E-I-N, and I'm proud to be a licensed professional counselor. I opened my private practice in Awakenings Christian Counseling nearly two years ago after spending an amazing time at a Christian counseling center, Cornerstone Christian Counseling, in Kalamazoo under the supervision of Barry Brigham. I have also one of the heads of the program that I was in at Western Michigan University here, so I better do a good job with this.

Just to give you a brief background on my education, I have a Bachelor's degree in psychology from Central Michigan University, a Post Baccalaureate in education from Western Michigan University, and in 2006 I earned a Master's degree in counseling from Western Michigan University, which is a CACREP accredited

institution. I am so proud of what I have done there and
everything that I do. I have 600 hours of training under
the supervision of a Ph.D. psychologist in Munson. But I
see I don't have much time, so I want to get to my
personal information, why I did this.

The reason why I got into becoming an LPC was because I have three children, six children together, but three angel babies and three children surviving. I was diagnosed 27 years ago with multiple sclerosis, and by the grace of God I am standing before you and I am healed. I also was actually given less than a year to live due to a skin cancer dynamic in which it was misdiagnosed, and I am still here today.

I'm fighting with you. You are not entry level practitioners. You are licensed professional counselors and you deserve to be there for the people who need you the most. I want you to walk with my MS clients and my medical clients, and I will continue to be on that walk and stand beside you. This is Jericho and I feel like Joshua and we need to move forward.

LYNN BOZA: Hello. My name is Dr. Lynn Boza, L-Y-N-N, B-O-Z-A, and I'm representing LPCs as well as the counselors I work with at Henry Ford College in Dearborn.

LARA is recommending repeal of rules that

define the LPC scope of practice under R338.1751,

2 particularly the practice of counseling techniques and

3 relatability to diagnose and identify the problem.

4 Repeal of these rules is another example of the

5 devolution of professionalism in our society and in our

6 state. Professionally trained counselors have been

7 fighting for recognition of their practice for over 40

8 years. Professional training includes a minimum of 45

9 credits beyond a Bachelor's degree, a supervised

10 practicum or internship, and 2,000 hours of supervised

work.

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When the counselor licensure law was passed in 1988 it defined who was considered a licensed professional counselor. It restricted use of the term counselor and recognized the professional skills that LPCs bring to their practice, including the practice of counseling techniques and ability to diagnose and identify the problem. We finally were recognized for our professional ability to practice. Without these and other definitions the counseling scope of practice is severely limited. Many individuals will lose their ability to work in professional settings, and people, students, who expect to move into the field will face restricted employment opportunities.

I'm opposed to the repeal of the rules that

define an LPC scope of practice under R338.1751. Thank
you.

MS. DITSCHMAN: We're going to take one more speaker person to make comments and then we're going to take a five-minute break. We ask that you not leave. If you do leave you wouldn't be let back in. Is that my understanding? People that are in the room. So, you're going to want to stay in the place that you're at.

Again, if you want to put something in writing and not wait to speak you can do that, use the back of your card, submit it up here and then you don't need to wait. When we take the break don't move around. Okay? Everybody's coming in at a certain time and we're trying to get you based on when you did come in as much as we can, so if you move around we're hoping you'll just not take someone else's seat. I think that's it.

ROSANNE RENAUER: Hello. I'm Rosanne Renauer, R-O-S-A-N-N-E, R-E-N-A-U-E-R. I'm a 36-year career professional with Michigan Rehabilitation Services, the State of Michigan's vocational rehabilitation counseling agency, and I'm currently a doctoral candidate with Michigan State University in the rehabilitation counseling education program.

Today I am speaking as an authorized representative and as a board member of the Michigan

Rehabilitation Association. These comments are also
supported by Michigan State University's rehabilitation
counseling program. The Michigan Rehabilitation
Association and Michigan State University respectfully
oppose a number of the proposed rules for counseling
licensure published by the department recently,
specifically those at Rule 338.1751, definitions.

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The Michigan Rehabilitation Association consists of rehabilitation counselors and other rehabilitation professionals who specialize in the habilitation and rehabilitation of individuals with disabilities, including those with mental health disabilities. There are approximately 1100 rehabilitation counselors in Michigan, many of whom are licensed professional counselors or limited licensed counselors. The professional training and standards for rehabilitation counselors are very similar to those of other professional counselors in Michigan. They work in public and private settings, in special education, in post secondary education, in mental health agencies, and in rehabilitation organizations throughout the state. They work with well over 10,000 individuals who have mental health conditions. Many of these individuals will be negatively opposed by the, would be negatively affected by the proposed rule changes. Thank you.

1 (Short recess had from 11:16 AM to 11:26 AM.)

2 CAROL BERGER: Hi. My name is Carol burger,

3 C-A-R-O-L, B-E-R-G-E-R. I got my license, I became a

4 professional counselor in 1999, went to work on a Native

5 American reservation, and then went back to school to get

6 my school counseling license, which takes extra classes.

7 I then was required to take six graduate level credits

8 every five years or the equivalent. So, I have 70

9 credits. I also have extensive postgraduate training in

10 trauma recovery.

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But I want to tell you about two stories from the alternative high school that I worked at, the school that served our most vulnerable children in Michigan who have been bullied their whole life, moved 15 times by the time they got to us. So, the first one is I'm a calm person usually, and I'm trained in handling other people's strong emotions, but one day, early morning, a boy came straight in my office and he said Carol, I need you to get me out here or I'm going to kill people. And I knew he was telling the truth because I had never had this reaction before. My whole body was trembling. And I asked myself do I feel safe? Am I safe to take him home? And I knew that I was, but I knew that I had to get him out of there.

He had a big knife on him and he handed it over

to me because I had a therapeutic relationship with every kid in that school and most of their parents. I called his mom and I told him I was bringing him home. I went home with him. I took him home. I de-escalated the situation, debriefed, safety plan, and discussed next steps. That boy never came back to school. He was petrified. What had happened to him, he had got cornered and threatened by the two kids, students that had never gone to that school. It was a tragic situation.

The other situation was an 18-year-old girl who was living in a shelter because neither of her parents could house her or wanted to house her.

PAULA DENYES: My name is Paula incident yous, P-A-U-L-A, D-E-N-Y-E-S. I live in Troy and I have been an LPC for nearly 20 years. I practice as a licensed professional counselor at a clinic in Bloomfield Hills, and I am also an LLPC supervisor. I received my degree from Oakland University, a CACREP accredited program.

My education included diagnosis, treatment planning, and counseling techniques. I know how to diagnose. I know how to plan treatment based upon my diagnosis and how to appropriately use counseling techniques. It was part of my professional training. It is part of what I do every day. It is something I've done successfully hundreds and hundreds of times.

My education did not end when I received my

Master's degree and my license. I have sought out and

paid for countless classes and seminars over the course

of my career in an effort to provide the very best care

for my clients, including specialized training in EMDR,

which is used in the treatment of those who suffer from

the effects of trauma.

In the clinic where I practice my schedule is completely full and I have a waiting list. The clients I see are people with whom I've developed a trusting relationship. They're human beings who are hurting. They are people with challenges such as anxiety, depression, grief, loss, trauma, and PTSD. Some come with suicidal ideation.

These are people who depend on me, who trust and want me to help them. What am I supposed to tell them if I'm no longer able to practice? How am I going to explain these are rule changes. How do I rip the rug from underneath these people? How do you think people who are depressed and full of anxiety will respond to the news that I can no longer see them? What are the ramifications for them? What will they do and where will they go?

ALEJANDRA MEDINA: Good morning. My name is

Alejandra Medina, A-L-E-J-A-N-D-R-A, M-E-D-I-N-A. I am a

bilingual counselor in Oakland County and I am an owner of a small counseling business. I speak English and Spanish. I see anybody who wants to come and seek therapy from me in either language. I treat women and men to help them overcome depression and anxiety. I treat families and their children to learn ways to regulate and to connect so aggressive behaviors or unhealthy patterns decrease or disappear.

I treat adoptive families and their children to adjust and to develop new and healthier ways to interact among them so the developmental trauma does not take over. I treat men and women with bipolar disorder and clients with obsessive compulsive disorder who are learning they are more than an illness and who are finding ways to thrive and to be happier.

I treat underserved families and individuals who are falling in the cracks of the system that would not take them because their mental illness is not too severe and whose mental crisis are not a priority to get service at a public health facility.

Diagnosing and applying counseling, which is what allows me and every counselor to help these population. The changes of the proposal will affect all of this and the services we can provide; 40 clients of mine, their 40 families, their environment will be

1 affected once this takes effect.

And I want to finish with a question to LARA

because I don't know if they have spoken to the

Department of Education about all 10,000 or so counselors

that will not be able to repay their student loans as

myself because of a lack of charge.

SUZANNE MEINKE: Good morning. Thank you for the opportunity to speak. My name is Suzanne Meinke, S-U-Z-A-N-N-E, M-E-I-N-K-E. I'm here representing myself and my private practice, Meaningful Connections Counseling from Kalamazoo, Michigan.

As an LPC, a licensed marriage family therapist, a certified advanced alcohol and drug counselor, and a nationally certified counselor I've treated hundreds of individuals, perhaps more. Just thinking about how many of these folks have canceled their day today so that they could be here and stand up for ourselves and our clients, probably hundreds, maybe thousands of sessions canceled just today, sessions that wooer rescheduling for tonight into the late hours, for this weekend, into next week, and taxing ourselves to be there for our client.

We are well-trained. We are well-educated. I personally train many LLPCs, I have many on staff, students as well at the end of their Master's degree. I

know that these individuals are prepared and they are doing amazing work. We single-handily at times keep people out of the hospital. We save lives every minute of every day. The risk of us not being able to do what we do by these proposed changes is detrimental to the health and safety of Michigan without question.

Some of the populations that we serve that are most at risk are first responders, police, fire, EMS. We help folks with bipolar, people struggling with the pain and despair of infertility, severe trauma survivors, and at least one-third of our practice is adolescents and children. The students that we train go into the schools, and some of our LPCs as well, and meet children at the school because their parents would be unable to provide them transportation to services. We help, we make a huge difference, and we need to be able to do what we do to continue to do this work. Thank you for your time.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Just a reminder, if you came in at 10:10 do not come up here yet. I'm moving all way to the back. We'll come back and pick you up if your line is called. But if you came in after the first break do not get up to speak yet, please.

MONICA MICHAEL: Hello. I am Monica Michael.

My name is spelled M-O-N-I-C-A, M-I-C-H-A-E-L. I'm a

professional counselor for ten years in private practice and a sole wage earner for my family. But I want to talk about something different. I want to say this is already been a e-mail submitted, so just a couple excerpts.

It's incomprehensible to me why my state's licensing body would entertain a policy change that would leave so many in the dual-sided relationship of counselor-counselee stranded. I see LARA's proposed changes as an aggressive act against a whole category of mental health provider. Neither research nor practice supports this kind of sweeping change that are being proposed. The residents of Michigan have been receiving quality care by LPCs for over 30 years under the current regulations.

One second. When LPCs were granted their license to practice they legally crossed over from the category of layperson to professional. As such, they will spend the rest of their lives liable to the professional standards and responsibilities of their ethics boards. To strip them of the ability to earn a professional wage is a onerous thing. I urge you to postpone the proposed LARA rules changes and let HB4325 take care of the needed updating of language.

ANTHONY MULLER: My name is Anthony Muller,

A-N-T-H-O-N-Y, M-U-L-L-E-R, and I have worked in the

behavioral health field for 23 years. I'm the director
of clinical and business development for a large
nonprofit organization called Wedgwood Christian
Services. I also have a document here.

I'm a well-respected member of the behavioral health field. I sit on State subcommittees with the Office of Recovery Oriented Systems of Care. Within the past five years I have lead the creation and development of substance abuse treatment programs in ten different counties; Kent, Allegan, Muskegon, Ottawa, Newaygo, Osceola, Mecosta, Montcalm, Ionia, and soon to be starting Eaton.

In the last year, in response to the public health crisis of the opioid epidemic I have created and opened Suboxone clinics, one in Ottawa and one in Ionia. There's five other programs I've started up in the last five years and I'll skip those.

Programs I designed have won awards. In 2002 the program I designed won innovative of the year for intensive outpatient program for adolescent substance abuse. In 2019 in February we were also recognized as a national program of the year at a conference in Colorado. In the past, I'm a state-wide and national and international trainer. In the past year I've led trainings for Detroit Wayne Mental Health Authority, CMH

Partnership for Southeast Michigan, for Southwest

Michigan Behavior Health and the Lakeshore Regional

Entity, also for Michigan State University, I keynoted

the juvenile justice 2020 conference and many others.

At those trainings I trained LPCs, MSWs, LLPs and LPs. People do not attend because of book knowledge because the knowledge is learned through my ability to assess and diagnose clients and implement counseling techniques.

At Wedgwood I lead a team of 60; 16 of them are LPCs and I am an LPC. My competency and value to the field is not questioned by my peers. It is not questioned by the Office of Recovery Oriented Systems of Care, by directors of PHIPs, by directors of insurance companies or CMHs, Judges or Court administration. This is the only place in my state where my competence is questioned.

I am one of 10,000 LPCs. I represent a fraction of 1 percent of the valuable work being done. LPCs matter. I humbly ask LARA to hold on the implementation of its proposed new rules that would impact these greatly needed services.

MICHAEL DALEY: My name is Michael Daley,

M-I-C-H-A-E-L, D-A-L-E-Y. I'm a licensed professional

counselor. I'm here today about great concerns about the

proposed rule changes which will impact the profession of counseling in Michigan. I appeal to the LARA board not to move forward with the rule changes without the current House Bill 4325 in effect. Without careful consideration an entire profession will literally be destroyed.

The Michigan Board of Counseling has voted against the proposed LARA changes. The LARA changes will repeal virtually all the rules that define the counselor's scope of work under 338.1751. These rules are, have been recognized as part of my scope of practice since the passage of the licensed professional counselor statute in 1989. Over 10,000 LPCs will be without a profession if these rules will be adopted. And as a conservative estimate, 150,000 current clients of licensed professions will be abandoned.

I am in private practice with my wife for over 28 years in Rochester, Michigan who -- she's not able to be here today because she is seeing clients in our office. I'm also credentialed with Military One Source as a mental health provider who can diagnose, treat, plan, and crisis planning for service personnel and their families, and I'm honored and privileged to serve not only those members of the Armed Forces, but the Michigan National Guard active and reservists, and the U.S. Border Patrol officers and their families.

I am closing with this comment from my wife in quotation. The proposed rule changes without the House Bill 4325 signed into law will place the population at risk and prevent counselors from doing their work. Thank you.

MATTHEW PIERSON: Thank you, LARA, for giving me the opportunity to speak in front of you on behalf of licensed professional counselors. My name is Matthew Pierson, first name M-A-T-T-H-E-W, last name P-I-E-R-S-O-N.

I would like to start off with the basics. I oppose LARA's regulations that limit our scope of practice to take away our rights to diagnose and perform psychotherapy, and I strongly support House Bill 4325. It is my wish that LARA rescinds these proposals that affect our careers and the livelihoods of our clients and wait for House Bill 4325 to be law of the land.

I am a proud LPC, a proud graduate from Wayne State University, as well as a certified alcohol, certified advanced alcohol and drug counselor. As you know, with that being said, I passed numerous exams that cover diagnostics and psychotherapy.

It is my request that I ask LARA to do their job to protect us and to protect our clients. There's nothing redundant that can be said about the opioid

crisis and the suicide rates around here. The proposed changes are unethical and will just put us at risk of a mental health crisis. There's probably no point of return if these proposed changes pass through.

So, I do ask LARA to please do the right thing, do the ethical thing. Please do not affect our scope of practice, and please do not affect the livelihoods of our clients because I am here for them. Thank you again.

MARK PHELPS: My name is Mark Phelps, M-A-R-K, P-H-E-L-P-S. My life was saved by an LPC. I won't get into the details. His name was David Thomas, God rest his soul. And I can feel his spirit here today.

I am not an LPC. I'm a marriage and family therapist. And I stand with these colleagues, these allies, these brothers and sisters of mine as we face the challenges of addressing mental health in Michigan because there is no health without mental health. There is no health without mental health.

I wish that the board members were here because what they'd be seeing is not just people commenting on a rule, they would be seeing a bunch of people standing up and saying wait a minute, if this goes into effect you're going to have not just a mental health problem, not just an employment problem, not just a financial problem.

You're looking at a cascading mental health, no, excuse

me, a cascading health crisis if this happens because there is no health without mental health.

At Samaritan Marriage Counseling Center, of which I am the executive director, 27 percent of our clients are seen by LPCs. Imagine if 27 percent of, I don't know, say the fresh water in Michigan were suddenly unavailable because of some rule would that cascade into the rest of life? It would. We are going to cut off -- and if 27 percent is any indication of what would happen outside of my practice then we're talking about a lot of people who would be cut off from something they desperately need.

This is a tremendous mistake. There is no health without mental health. And I would implore the LARA board to pause this, to hit the pause button until HB4325 is passed. Thank you.

KAYLA THRUSHMAN: Hi. Thank you for allowing me to speak. My name is Kayla Thrushman, K-A-Y-L-A, T-H-R-U-S-H-M-A-N. I'm an LPC and work at a private practice called Willows Edge. I wanted to offer a different perspective and tell you why I received my degree in counseling in the first place.

I'm from Lake Orion, a small Metro Detroit town, I've always had a passion for helping others in my community. Beginning in 2006 in the span of a less than

10 years I lost 13 friends and classmates to suicide with little to no warning. These were people I grew up with, went to school with, worked with, even participated in Girl Scouts with. I've been to more funerals than I can count, and I witnessed firsthand what devastation, loss, mental illness and tragedy look like.

This horrible loss is really what motivated and inspired me to want to become a counselor, to help young people like my friends, who were obviously struggling but probably thought that they had nowhere to turn to. I wanted to positively impact my community and be a person young people with anxiety and depression could turn to for support, which is why I went to college for eight years in a row, never taking a break, and graduated with my Master's degree at Wayne State at the age of 25 so that I could get right to work helping people and hopefully saving lives.

For the last five years I've been working at a private practice called Willows Edge consisting of eight LLPCs and LPCs. They are expected to have 5,000 sessions this year and have over 300 active clients spread over two locations. Our outreach covers approximately six other townships. And I personally treat 48 active clients. And I have counseled 74 clients and their families in the past five years. Many of my clients are

adolescents who showed up with symptoms of depression and anxiety, including trauma, suicidal ideation, and the history of self-harm behavior and suicide attempts, and they rely on me for support.

I ask that you reconsider allowing LARA's proposed rules changes to take place that affect LPCs' practice, or at least take more time to offer alternative options for LPCs. I'm asking that you look at the situation from our perspective. It is our job as counselors to see and understand the perspective of others, and we are damn good at what we do. It would be irresponsible, careless and dangerous if the new scope of practice were to go into effect, rendering our degrees and licenses worthless if --

MR. MacINTOSH: Time.

THE WITNESS: Someone must be held accountable for the damage to hundreds of thousands of people.

SYDNEY TREMONT: Hi. My name is Sydney,
S-Y-D-N-E-Y, Tremont, T-R-E-M-O-N-T. I am here today to
advocate for the passing of HB4325 and to immediately
reject the proposed rule change by LARA R338.1751. I am
a graduate of the Master's program at Wayne State
University in counseling and art therapy, and currently
I'm a licensed professional counselor and registered art
therapist in the State of Michigan.

It is upsetting and appalling that such a gross violation of mental health needs is being proposed by LARA. The number of lives, both as clients as professionals, that would be devastated to this proposed rule change is incomprehensible. How does the community plan to handle the displacement of 150,000 clients seen by 10,000 LPCs?

Part of my job is to sit with a person and listen, to quietly observe their movements, dress manners of speaking, thought processes, emotional responses, and affect. I build a safe, non-biased atmosphere so that when a child tells me that physical or sexual harm is occurring I can report it and provide care. How will LARA's proposed change impact the number of children who will go without care? The number of people seeking rehabilitation for drugs and alcohol who will go without care? People struggling with psychosis, grief, anxiety and depression can go without care? Who will provide these spaces for people? And how will the lack of these spaces impact our communities?

Not only will this proposed rule change impact my clients, it will impact me. I have spent upwards of \$100,000 on my graduate education, NCE testing, LLPC and LPC licensing. I spent hours away from my children, my husband and friends in pursuant of an education and

career to provide for people that I love. I made these sacrifices intentionally to secure a future for myself and family. If my profession is exterminated how will I pay for housing and food for my family? How will I continue to contribute fiscally to my community? What will this proposed rule change do to our economic climate?

JACQUELINE PARADISE: My name is Jacqueline,
J-A-C-Q-U-E-L-I-N-E, C. Paradise, P-A-R-A-D-I-S-E. At
the age of nine my son was diagnosed with anxiety and
panic disorder. He was immediately given drugs, which
only created more issues and did nothing to help him cope
with everyday life. For the next ten years of his short
life it was prescription after prescription and diagnosis
after diagnosis in an effort to hide the problems with
the right drugs.

We need more counselors who have the time and ability to diagnose and identify the problem and help the individual create coping skills to deal with their issues. Prescription drugs are fine as a last resort, not as the first course of action.

At a time we need mental health professionals the most please don't jeopardize the careers of thousands of counselors and leave thousands more without the help they desperately need. I urge you to support House Bill

4325, which would strengthen the mental health counseling profession and negate the need for LARA's rule changes under R338.1751. Thank you.

LINDI JOHNSTON: Hi. My name is Lyndi

Johnston, L-Y-N-D-I, J-O-H-N-S-T-O-N. I'm a licensed

professional counselor living and working in the City of

Detroit. I have a private practice where I specialize in

working in the field of sexual health. I work with

individuals and couples. Many of my clients identify as

lesbian, gay, bisexual, trans or queer, and most live in

the City of Detroit, which, like the rest of the state,

suffers from a shortage of mental health professionals.

I currently have a waiting list of clients who want to

see me for therapy.

I graduated with my Master's degree in counseling psychology from Lewis & Clark College in Portland, Oregon in 2005. I was trained extensively in diagnosis and treatment of mental health disorders. I did an internship where I trained as a mental health clinician. My entire education was focused on diagnosis and treatment of mental health concerns. I've worked in the field since then in different settings; in healthy violent shelters, hospitals, hospital ERs, and most recently in my private practice.

I've been a licensed professional counselor

since 2011, first in Oregon and now in Michigan. I have additional training in sexual health through a year-long sexual health certificate program at the University of Michigan.

Overwhelmingly, the feedback I get from clients is we are so glad we found you. While there are other LGBTQ-affirming therapists who specialize in sexual health in Detroit, they are also full and have waiting lists themselves. This rule change that LARA is considering will only make the shortage of therapists a larger problem, and it's especially troubling for my clients who are part of a very large population.

While I am very concerned about my clients' with-being I'm also concerned about myself as a small business owner. I'm the main income producer in my family and I'm not sure how I will sustain my career and business without the ability to diagnose and treat mental health conditions. Again, this is what I'm trained to do.

I'm here to encourage the LARA board to wait on implementing the proposed rule changes. The solution that meets both LARA's need and LPCs' need is the House Bill 4325. Thank you.

24 HOLLY RHODE: Hello. My name is Holly Rhode, 25 H-O-L-L-Y, R-H-O-D-E. I'm here representing the National Alliance of Mental Illness, NAMI Michigan. I'm the president of the Board of Directors. NAMI happens to be an organization that's the nation's largest grassroots organization working to improve the lives of those living with mental illness. And I'm here today representing a large footprint in Michigan that opposes LARA's changes in the scope of practice for licensed professional counselors. It's our belief that we want to see access to care widened and care improved for those living with mental illness, and that this bill does quite the opposite, so we oppose the changes.

My brother has schizophrenia, and my family would gladly tell you that we've been through some very dark times. NAMI understands and is made up of many people that have experienced the same thing. And we understand this gentle delicate balance that takes, focuses mental illness to a place of recovery. We respect that. And we do not want to see relationships with therapists terminated over regulation.

Additionally, our pulse of the mental health network here in Michigan tells us this would be detrimental to a lot of agencies, and so, we urge LARA to pump the brakes on their regulatory changes. Thank you.

KODA HAYNES: Hello. My name is Koda Haynes,
K-O-D-A, H-A-Y-N-E-S. And I'm here to talk to you today

because I'm not talking as an LPC. I'm talking as a parent of a 13-year-old autistic son who just spent almost three hours yesterday crying and having a complete meltdown, finding out he might lose his therapist of six years, the therapist who has helped him not only be able to take all general ed classes for the first time and be prepared for high school, who I can go out in public now and he's not having a meltdown because there's too many people.

He understands his triggers. He is learning how to communicate. And you're wanting to take away something that ultimately will not only destroy him, it will destroy the relationship I have with him. It will destroy his school education because he will not be able to learn how to continue to function. And he will regress.

So, I am hoping that you will think about this and remember that it's not just a staffing. There are people that will be detrimental to their health, their lives. Thank you.

JENNIFER BLOUGH: Hi. My name is Jennifer

Blough, J-E-N-N-I-F-E-R, B, as in boy, L-O-U-G-H. I am

the owner of Deep Water Counseling and I am an LPC. I

employ nine counselors. We have a waiting list of at

least 30 people. I cannot bring on counselors fast

- enough. And I think I speak for every person in this
 room, every person outside, what an honor it is to sit
 across from a client who's about to graduate and hear
 them say to you you saved my life.
- 5 And I want to tell you really briefly why I am 6 qualified, why all these people are qualified to save 7 lives. I went to school in California. I got my 8 Master's degree, with distinction I might add. I have a specialization in marriage and family therapy, as well as 9 10 professional clinical counseling. Besides my graduate 11 program I had a thousand hours of practicum in internships, seeing clients. Then I came back to 12 13 Michigan and had 3,000 additional hours seeing clients. 14 I have postgraduate certifications in supervision, grief 15 and loss, compassion fatigue, and trauma.

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- I can't fathom what I will say to my clients if I can no longer see them. When my client says I'm currently suicidal, I'm depressed, you are the one thing that's keeping me going I don't know how I'm to tell them that I will no longer be able to see them.
- So, like look my colleagues, I just ask you to please, please support HB4325. Thank you.
- 23 ROBIN PADILLA: Hi. My name is Robin Padilla.

 24 R-O-B-I-N, P-A-D-I-L-L-A. And I am a licensed

 25 professional counselor.

I'd like to add to my comments in support of the colleagues that have spoke today in the form of our ethical duty. Based on the ACA code of ethics I'd like to speak to a few specific ACA codes. A.4A, avoiding harm. Counselors act to avoid harming their clients.

LARA's proposed changes will, in fact, cause us to violate this code, as it is evidently clear that by, in effect, prohibiting ourselves from being able to continue to counsel our clients would affect counselors into a position of causing harm to our clients, in some cases creating such harm as to create the further trauma in a client's live.

Which leads to Code AllC, appropriate termination. Due to the speed and narrow time constraint that LARA's proposed changes are to be made, appropriate termination is not something that we will be able to ethically do without most clients feeling abandoned.

This then also leads to Code A12, abandonment and neglect. Counselors do not abandon or neglect clients in counseling. Not only will we be violating this code by forced to abandon clients, but as a result of the shortage that already exists in the State of Michigan our clients will truly have nowhere to go.

Finally, Code C2E, consultations on ethical obligations. Counselors take reasonable steps to consult

with other counselors, the ACA ethics and professional standard departments, or related provisions when they have questions regarding their ethical obligations or professional practice.

Following my code of ethics, as I have been thoroughly trained to do, I am here today and I have questions. How is it possible then that the very code of ethics that, if we were in any way to violate, would mean the loss of our professional license, that is now the proposed changes by LARA would, in fact, cause us to violate these same code of ethics.

How is conscionable that neither 150,000 patients be suddenly left without treatment and no clear way of receiving or affording treatment elsewhere? And how is it that the State of Michigan claims that it's trying to attract and build more jobs is in a position to actually wipe out tens of thousands of jobs in one field that has already got a shortage?

AMY SZARAZ: Good morning. Thank you for allowing me to speak. My name is Amy Szaraz, S-Z-A-R-A-Z. I graduated in 1995 with my professional counselor degree from Central Michigan University.

It was the regulatory impact statement that allowed LARA to advance on this path of changing the scope of practice for 10,000 plus licensed professional

counselors in Michigan, LARA's proposed rules change of LPC's scope of practice so severely that immediately upon implementation of the proposed rules any LPC whose job depends on the ability to diagnose and provide psychotherapy services will be immediately unable legally to do their job. This includes any LPC working in a prison, an emergency room, or substance abuse recovery center.

The regulatory impact statement states at least nine times that small businesses will not be affected by the rules changes economically or otherwise, and that it's only licensees that be affected by the proposed rule changes, there is no expected significant impact on job elimination because of the rules, Mr. MacIntosh wrote.

I would like to inform you that hundreds, if not thousands, of small businesses will be severely damaged or forced to close entirely if LARA's rules changes are implemented before House Bill 4325 is signed by the governor.

LARA also states that the department has no way of knowing how many small businesses will be affected because they do not have access to that kind of data. How can that possibly be true when LARA has an e-mail address and professional disclosure statement for every licensee. And if LARA had even e-mailed a thousand

- licensees and asked how the licensees' place of
- employment would be affected by LARA's proposed rules you
- 3 would have access to the kind of data that nearly
- 4 100 percent of business where LPCs are employed would be
- debilitated or have to close. Hospitals, prisons,
- 6 Community Mental Health, and more would be severely
- 7 debilitated. Lastly --
- MR. MacINTOSH: Time.
- 9 MS. DITSCHMAN: We're going to -- thank you.
- 10 You want to submit your --
- 11 AMY SZARAZ: Yes, I will submit it with the
- 12 report and I would like to request that you --
- MS. DITSCHMAN: We're going to take a break.
- 14 The good news is that you can leave the room. You can go
- 15 use the restroom. We're going to take a quick 20-minute
- break for lunch, and you can't leave the building,
- 17 though, because if you do there are other people waiting
- 18 to get in, you won't be allowed back in, so you're at the
- 19 end of the line.
- 20 Just a second. When you do come back in please
- 21 take the same seat so you're not getting in front of
- 22 someone else to speak. And you had a question about
- 23 taking cards? No, you don't need the card as proof. Is
- that correct, Kerry?
- MS. PRZYBYLO: Right.

MS. DITSCHMAN: And if you want to submit the

card of comments again you can do that. Let's do it

right up here. But if you leave your card I can't say it

will be there when come back, so you may just want to

keep it on you. Any other questions, any other comment,

Kerry? Okay. Twenty minutes.

(Short recess had from 12:06 PM to 12:32 PM.)

ANGIE LANDRUM: I am Angie Landrum. I am representing myself and my business, a Brighter Tomorrow Counseling. I am an LPC. I am also a Board certified telemental health and I'm also clinical military counselor certified. I have my own practice in Coldwater, and I've had it for about seven years.

I work with -- I am contracted with Child

Protective Services and foster care. I work with

children, children and adults. I work with kids who have

been traumatized. I work with kids who have been removed

from their parents. Some of them have been in multiple

foster homes and residential homes. They suffer from

abandonment, rejection, trust. They have behavioral

problems, PTSD, low self-esteem.

I am recognized by the Branch County Court as an expert for neglect and abuse. I also extensively work with child sexual abuse. Children, the child sexual abuse stats is one in three girls and one in six boys

will be abused by their 18th birthday.

I also work with the general public. with suicide. I work with depression, anxiety. concerned for these children. I'm concerned for my clientele. These kids, you have to build a trusting relationship with them. And if you -- they don't want somebody else. It takes a while to even build that relationship to where they'll even talk to you. And now we're going to abandon them, which is against our code of ethics.

So, I'm asking that you put this on hold and that you wait for Bill 4325 to pass. There are like 13,000 children in foster care, and I don't even think that's counting the ones in the CPS system. I do not work outside of my scope. I don't do testing.

ERIKA ALEXANDER: Hello. My name is Erika

Alexander, E-R-I-K-A, A-L-E-X-A-N-D-E-R. And I'm a

licensed professional counselor, having earned my

Master's degree from Oakland University 20 years ago. In

addition to my Master's degree I hold postgraduate

certification in advanced alcohol and drug counseling and

I'm a certified clinical supervisor.

The proposed LARA rules changes specific to techniques and diagnosis seek to eliminate my ability to practice what I have been trained to do. Moving

diagnosis and counseling techniques to the education section alone will prevent Michigan LPCs and LLPCs from operating a business. I am terrified for the individuals and families currently being seen by LPCs and LLPCs who will find themselves suddenly without counselors should the LARA rules go in effect.

I have worked for the past 19 years at a private nonprofit agency which provided counseling services to more than 2,000 children and adults in the last year alone. If the proposed rules are adopted more than 1,000 individuals will go without treatment as LPCs make up half of our clinical staff.

Our agency, like many across the state, treats vulnerable individuals, trauma survivors, foster children, parolees and probationers, veterans, domestic violence victims, people suffering from addiction and mental health disorders. We do so in a state-wide market that is void of an adequate workforce to begin with, including LPCs and LLPs. But my agency is only one organization.

All clients being seen by an LPC or LLPC across the state will be impacted greatly by the loss of their therapist should these rules be adopted. There is no reason to prohibit the working men and women in the counseling profession from doing the work they've been

1 trained to do. Thank you.

THOMAS KLEIN: Hello, and thank you for allowing me the opportunity to speak today. My name is Thomas Klein, T-H-O-M-A-S, K-L-E-I-N. And I'm a licensed professional counselor and a nationally certified counselor.

In my time as a counselor I've worked with people suffering in the grip of the opioid crisis, people who have wanted to complete suicide, couples on the brink of divorce, and children who have been bullied so badly they are thinking about bringing a gun to school. I have also worked with parolees and probationers integrating into society who have been convicted of domestic violence and criminal sexual conduct. In many of these cases I see myself as one of a select few people who is qualified and willing to do this work. The schooling I received at Oakland University gave me the skills I need to be able to accurately diagnose these clients and to take steps I need to build rapport.

I'd like to focus on the treatment of sexual abusers. The Department of Corrections made sure that I am qualified to do this work with additional training in diagnosis and assessment. At one point there were only 88 of us working in this program, and I was solely responsible for St. Clair, Huron, Sanilac, Tuscola,

- 1 Saginaw, Genesee, Shiawassee, and Livingston Counties.
- This work has given me purpose I have not known in
- 3 previous jobs. And I know there are less victims of gun
- 4 violence, domestic violence and sexual assault because
- 5 I'm able to do what to do.

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I'm here today to ask you to help me work to

7 make Michigan safe for all of us. I'm not here to ask

for an expansion or even a change to our scope of

9 practice. I have no interest in that at all. I'm here

asking for preservation of the scope of practice that has

been implied and implemented precedent for 30 years.

I'm asking that I be able to continue to provide for my family and to continue allowing me to help the 62 clients I currently serve and, thereby, their families, friends and countless others. Please consider,

16 reconsider your changes and allow House Bill 4325 the

opportunity to pass. Thank you.

and postpartum period.

ANNA KLEIN: Hello. Am I loud enough? Thanks.

My name is Anna Klein. Thomas is my husband. My name is

spelled A-N-N-A, K-L-E-I-N. I am a registered nurse here

in support of LPCs. I'm a labor and delivery nurse. I

work with women and mothers in some of the happiest and

saddest times of their life. One in seven women

experience perinatal mood disorders during the pregnance

If this bill change passes, if LARA's proposed
changes take effect mother and infant morbidity and
mortality will see a huge increase in the State of
Michigan. Please reconsider. Thank you.

SCOTT ADAMS: Hello. My name is Scott Adams,
S-C-O-T-T, A-D-A-M-S. I'm an LPC and I'm also an Air
Force veteran. I have a Master's in counseling from
Eastern Michigan University, which is a CACREP accredited
program. I am also a nationally Board certified
counselor.

As a veteran I have an insight into what veterans experience that differs from many in the population. I am well-aware of the amount of men and women who have served our country in these counseling services. When the response to a veteran is they can go to the VA there's a part of them that don't understand the shame dealing with the need veterans. I have had many veterans that I've worked with tell me that because I am a veteran and that I work outside of the VA they feel more comfortable talking with me.

We are all aware of the high number of veteran suicides and how crucial not just access to mental health therapy is but therapeutic rapport. Therapeutic rapport is something that would be greatly damaged if LARA's proposals go through. As we have heard, we have many

mental health crises in the state, from suicide, opioid addiction, to veteran suicide.

Along with veterans I work with refugees from around the world, along with clients from many different backgrounds. My goal and hope is to continue to provide my brothers and sisters who have served our country the counseling services that they need and require, along with all my other clients.

I want to end asking one simple question.

Where is LARA? Where are other people who are intent on destroying our ability to practice, and are they willing to accept the responsibility for the mental health, trauma and abandonment that their decision will cause?

I'd like them to speak up if they'd like to talk. Thank you very much.

ADAM HAMILTON: Hello. My name is Adam

Hamilton, A-D-A-M, H-A-M-I-L-T-O-N. I'm here

representing Oakland Community Health Network, which is

the prepaid inpatient health plan, and CMH in Oakland

County, Michigan. Oakland Community Health Network and

its staff provide a network, touches the lives of

approximately 27,000 people annually. It's estimated

that 25 to 30 percent of the public mental health system

workforce is comprised of LPCs. LPCs working across our

system work in harmony every day with practitioners of

- other disciplines. OCHN opposes the implementation of
- this rule, supports the passage of House Bill 4352.
- Thank you.
- 4 LAURIE RUDOLPH: Hi. Thanks for letting me
- 5 speak. My name is Laurie Rudolph, L-A-U-R-I-E,
- 6 R-U-D-O-L-P-H. I am a licensed professional counselor, a
- 7 certified advanced alcohol and drug counselor, and a
- 8 national certified counselor, and a certified trauma
- 9 specialist.
- 10 I'm a veteran, I'm a private practice owner,
- and I'm a widow of a 100 percent disabled veteran who had
- 12 100 percent PTSD. I've worked for 14 years as a
- therapist. I started in a victory clinic, a Methadone
- facility, and then I started my private practice, which
- 15 I've had since 2013.
- I now work six days per week from 9:00 a.m. to
- 9:00 p.m. to handle my caseload. I see veterans. I see
- people who have addiction, people in Drug Court, Sobriety
- 19 Court, trauma victims, including children, people with
- 20 suicide ideation and PTSD. I want to know who, what
- licensed psychologist, psychiatrist, who is going to work
- 22 the way that I do to provide for my clients. I am there
- when they need to call me. I'm there when they need to
- meet with me. I don't know who. Maybe 10:00 a.m. to
- 4:00 p.m. isn't going to work. Irregardless, my clients

- 1 will be abandoned if you implement these LARA
- 2 regulations. Thank you.

- MR. MacINTOSH: We're going to pause the

 counseling rules for a second. We have two folks who are

 going to speak to the engineer's rules.
- JAMES McLAUGHLIN: Thank you, Madam Chairman.

 I'm thoroughly chilled, but my voice is still working. I

 do have some written comments.

I'm James McLaughlin. I am associate counsel for Kettering University. I'm also a PE. I'm also a patent attorney. And I'm speaking about the, as we see it, deficiency in the continuing education requirements for people who are particularly in academia who did research and are not civil engineers necessarily. I have submitted to the good lady here some written suggestions on augmenting the rules, particularly in continuing education.

What we do is research. What we do is high end things. And the rules as proposed and is as existing make it very difficult for us to appear to satisfy the rules. But, of course, we're continually doing that kind of thing. Again, I warmly encourage the passing of the written materials on down the chain.

And I note that we had no inkling that we should be here at 9:00 o'clock, no inkling at all. And

1 I'm sorry to have interrupted the flow of things. These

good people out here have been so civil. This is the way

3 the constitution intended petitioning the government.

There's no flattery in that. Thank you kindly.

And next is our dean of engineering who wants to tell you some more of the things that are not covered by the present rules.

CRAIG HOFF: Hi. I'm Dr. Craig Hoff, the Dean of engineering at Kettering University, and I'm representing 12 faculty members who are mechanical and electrical engineers, and the issue is the requirements for continuing education.

While this is a really important thing and that we need to have this done, the rules as they are written right now doesn't really cover our particular circumstance. So, as an automotive engineer I would want to take classes through the Society of Automotive Engineers. As the rule is written I couldn't do that for continuing education credit. Instead, the offerings are through professional engineering organizations which are geared toward civil engineers. And I would just like to broaden what those options are.

The other thought is as an engineering researcher we are actually developing the knowledge that's going to be passed down through future continuing

education courses. Right now I'm working in the area of connected and autonomous vehicles. So, cars are going to be different. And you can't go take a class on this stuff. But I'm working on writing the rules and writing the education. And there ought to be a way to better get recognized for that as staying current in the discipline. So, with that, that's my comments. Thank you very much.

MS. DITSCHMAN: So, we're going back to counseling rules.

KEITH MATTHEWS: My name is Keith Matthews.

K-E-I-T-H, M-A-T-T-H-E-W-S. I'm a licensed professional counselor in Michigan. I have my own practice. I work primarily with single parents and their families. And with any war those in the military know you have to have BOG, boots on ground, and that's what LPCs are. We're the front line. Without intelligence you can't win a war.

I have a student/client that I was informed that threatened to kill a teacher. When I went to the school and asked about it the teacher told me she was told not to make waves. Now, I'm obligated to report it. Once I reported it we had a school hearing. At that school hearing seven different teachers had statements that this young man threatened to shoot and kill them. It was not reported. I had to report it to the board. I

- had to report it to the office. Without front line soldiers, LPCs, the mental health war is lost.
- ANTOINETTE MALLETT: Hello. My name is

 Antoinette Mallett, A-N-T-O-I-N-E-T-T-E, Mallett,

 M-A-L-L-E-T-T.

In looking at the regulatory impact statement and cost benefit analysis form that was approved for us to even get to this proposition hearing today there are a few discrepancies that shouldn't have passed, that should have been more closely reviewed. These include Question Number 8, describe how the proposed rules protect the health, safety and welfare of Michigan citizens while promoting a regulatory environment in Michigan that is the least burdensome alternative for those required to comply. LARA's answer that the proposed rules supply a regulatory mechanism for the practice of counseling. So, to protect the health, safety and welfare of Michigan citizens.

And they also said that this is important to the members of the profession to adhere to the education and professional standards. However, all counselors in the State of Michigan programs have a requirement of classes that are already now listed and clarified in the educational section of the new LARA changes. Therefore, counselors are practicing within our scope of practice,

including diagnosis, which is in all counseling programs

in the State of Michigan, as well as psychotherapy

3 techniques in which LARA is saying has been misread.

Also, the changes will negatively affect over 150,000, if not more, citizens who are directly receiving these services through LPCs and which is within our scope of practice, verbatim, our education. Our scope of practice is based on what we are trained to do based on our education.

There has been already small business being addressed, but I also want to address mainly Question 32 and 33, which is how the proposed rule will impact business growth and job creation in Michigan, as well as disproportionately affect the rules of the industrial sector, segment of the public, business size, or geographic location.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Time. Thank you.

JAMES HANSEN: Hi. My name is Dr. James

Hansen, H-A-N-S-E-N. I have a specialized perspective on
this issue that is informed by my relatively unique
professional. I'm a counselor and a psychologist.

Specifically, I'm a licensed professional counselor, a
fully licensed psychologist, have a Ph.D. in clinical
psychology, and have been working as a professor in the
department of counseling for nearly 25 years.

My consistent observation throughout my career has been that there is no difference between the ability of counselors and psychologists to diagnose and implement counseling techniques. In fact, in many cases I have observed that counselors have superior abilities in these areas. My observation should not be surprising given that counselors receive extensive training in counseling techniques and diagnosis.

Furthermore, research has consistently demonstrated that there are no significant differences in client outcomes as a function of professional discipline. Therefore, there's no rational basis to change the longstanding scope of practice for counselors.

Counselors diagnose and implement counseling techniques at least as well as their colleagues in related fields who have these privileges.

Like many others, I'm also concerned about the devastating impact these changes would have on consumers of mental health services. Counselors serve a large portion of mental health clients in the State of Michigan. Suicide rates are on the rise. Gun violence, depression, anxiety, the opioid crisis, and substance abuse are just a beginning list of the problems that professional counselors work to alleviate on a daily basis.

Furthermore, counselors tend to help people from lower socioeconomic groups who may not have the means to access help from other professionals. If the proposed changes were implemented counselors would be forced to stop providing the services and abandon their existing clients. It is difficult to overstate the harm this would cause the consumers of mental health services and the State of Michigan as a whole. Thank you.

SEBI FISHTA: Hello. My name is Sebi Fishta. I am a licensed provisional counselor and a national certified counselor. I work as a counselor in a community mental health setting assisting people with severe and persistent mental illness. Additionally, I work in private practice. I supervise LPCs. I am a special lecturer at Oakland University as well as Ph.D. candidate.

I thank you for this opportunity to speak here with you in regard to the misguided new proposal to change the rules for LPCs. The disappointing proposal takes away the LPCs' and ultimately my abilities to diagnose and provide psychotherapy techniques necessary to serve the clients, essentially disabling me from practice.

I work daily shoulder to shoulder with psychiatrists, psychologists and social workers. At the

community mental health where I work 38.5 percent of clients are served by LPCs and LLPCs. This agency actively serves about 6,000 clients.

My clients suffer from schizophrenia, major depressive disorder, bipolar disorders, anxiety, eating disorders, et cetera. A good portion of clients on my caseload started services due to thoughts of suicide.

I will go to the end. Dear honorable members of this important licensing board, finally, I would like to share with you my biggest dilemma. I don't even know where and how to discharge all of my current clients. I do not know how to explain to them what has happened.

And I can promise you this will be a total devastation to their emotional and mental health recovery.

My recommendation to you is that we can keep what is successfully in place. This is definitely -- there is definitely no room for all of us mental health professionals to co-exist because the demand of such services is so great.

MS. DITSCHMAN: So, I just want to remind everybody. Sorry. I have a new job here. I'm working the timer. I just wanted to remind everybody that just came in that when come up you need to state your name and then spell it for her so that she can get it right in the record. We are keeping a record of today.

If you have written comments that you've already submitted you don't need to submit them again. If you want to submit written comments today and you don't want to sit and wait to speak you can do that. can either do it on the card by putting your information on the front and writing it on the back and dropping that off up here, or you can just submit a letter with your name on it, or you can wait to speak.

How we're -- once the comment goes into the record we have that comment. If someone doesn't want to wait to make the same comment again you don't have to do that because once one comment is seen on that that comment brings up that issue.

Just so that you know, we do work for LARA.

I've been asked multiple times. The director is not here today. We are basically putting this into the record.

That's what we're here for today. So, if you see us busy doing something else or doing the timer or not looking up it's not that we're not paying attention. We don't have to -- this is all going into the record. That's what we review later. So, if you see us looking away it's not that we're ignoring you for a few minutes. We're keeping track of all the other stuff we need to do here.

You've been brought in, so that if you have been in here since, before 10:10 you should be going

- first. After that we're going to direct you as to how we
- go through the, how you get to get up and make a comment.
- If you have a card you'll be able to give the card over
- 4 there to staff and then you can come over to make a
- 5 statement. Make sure you have all the details.
- If you try to leave the room I believe that you
- 7 won't get back in. I think they're still doing that.
- 8 Stephanie? They can't leave the room, right, at this
- 9 point?
- 10 STEPHANIE: I think it's fine. I think it's
- 11 fine. Keep track of your seat because we don't have more
- 12 people out there that we're letting in.
- MS. DITSCHMAN: Okay. So, I can only answer
- about logistics, not about the subject matter.
- 15 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So, when do the two
- minutes start, when we say our names or after you type
- 17 that?
- MS. DITSCHMAN: When you say your name is when
- 19 it begins. Yeah. And I'll let you know one minute and
- 20 I'll let you know please stop. So, we're trying to get
- as many people. This does end at 5:00 o'clock today.
- 22 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So, this information
- gets put on the record by you, and how is that
- 24 distributed? Do you get portions of it or do the rest of
- 25 the LARA read through all of these things?

1 MS. DITSCHMAN: So, there's a procedure, there's a rule-making procedure. I'm not going to go 2 3 through all that right now, but the record does include everything that is spoken here today and all of the 4 written comments are a part of our records. 5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Who sees it? 6 7 MS. DITSCHMAN: I'm not going to go through 8 that today because you want to be able to speak. I don't want to waste any more time. Some people have been here 9 since 8:00 o'clock. So, I'm going to keep going. 10 11 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you. MS. DITSCHMAN: So, on with the information. 12 13 CHELSEA RUMOHR: Okay. Good afternoon. 14 name is Chelsea Rumohr. It's C-H-E-L-S-E-A, R-U-M-O-H-R. 15 I want to thank you for the opportunity to speak today. I am currently pursuing a Master's in mental 16 17 health counseling at a CACREP accredited institution. My journey into the field of counseling started in 2015 when 18 19 I was diagnosed with postpartum depression after the birth of my daughter and diagnosed with postpartum 20 anxiety after the birth of my son in 2016. I struggled 21 22 with fear, isolation and suicidal thoughts because I didn't believe I was good enough for my husband or my 23 24 three children. My counselor saw through the fog of my

postpartum depression and anxiety and helped save my

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life. I was the one in five moms who suffer from

postpartum depression, and I was one of the 90 percent of

moms that suffer from postpartum anxiety.

Suicide is the number one cause of death for moms in the first year after their baby is born, and I almost joined that statistic. Because of my counselor my husband has a happy and healthy wife, and my three beautiful children, Gavin, Emory and Clair, have a happy healthy mom. Because of my counselor I'm able to stand in front of you today.

Because of the impact my counselor had on me

I'm dedicating my life to help other moms struggling with

perinatal mood and anxiety disorder. We need our

licensed professional counselors.

These changes will not only have devastating consequences for every licensed professional counselor, but it will be catastrophic for every single individual who is currently receiving support from a counselor. These changes will have a horrific impact on our state in ways I don't want to imagine. We need our licensed professional counselors. Counselors save lives and I'm living proof of that. Thank you.

CHERYL MERCHANT: Good afternoon. My name is Dr. Cheryl Merchant, C-H-E-R-Y-L, M-E-R-C-H-A-N-T. I've been practicing as an LPC approaching 20 years in the

Southfield Lathrup communities in Oakland County, and I

am the originator of the wildly spread and signed

petition titled protect licensed mental, I'm sorry,

licensed professional counselors licensure, where as of

9:13 a.m. today, 45,700 supporters.

I'm also a member of the Michigan Mental Health Counselors Association. I have a Master's in counseling and a Ph.D. in psychology. I supervise LPCs and I am a full-time psychology professor at one of our Michigan colleges.

I'm speaking on behalf, first, of our clients, of LLPCs and LPCs and all Michigan families. One of the first ethical principles of health care in general and mental health specifically is do no harm. So, my first question for LARA's record is how do the clients of our Michigan communities benefit from the expulsion and unemployment of nearly 10,000 LPC mental health providers? There is currently a deficit in mental health providers and client waiting periods as long as three months in many cases.

My second question for LARA's record is is there a realization that the current unemployment rate in Michigan as of August, 2019, BLS.gov, of 4.3 percent will increase due to unemployment of LPCs. My final comment, do no harm, LARA, to our clients.

- 1 MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.
- 2 CHERYL MERCHANT: Thank you.

3 MICHELLE ZUKOWSKI-SERLIN: Okay. Good morning.

4 My name is Michelle Zukowski-Serlin, M-I-C-H-E-L-L-E,

5 z-U-K-O-W-S-K-I, S-E-R-L-I-N. And I am your first LMSW

6 to speak today. I'm the owner and co-founder of Choices

for Change Counseling Agency, which is 28 years old. And

I have ten therapists that work for my agency of all

levels, all professions, five being LPCs, and I train

10 LPCs. I'm also the president of the Psychotherapy

11 Consortium of Southwest Michigan.

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And I am here as a social worker, and I have been one of the lead organizers in this because I am here for my brothers and my sisters who are out there every day working hard to help clients with trauma, to help people have better and healthier lives. It is for 30 years the scope of practice has included diagnosis and psychoanalytic techniques that, in fact, the scope is, of practice for LPCs, is to do diagnosis.

More importantly, as LARA administrators you have been charged with protecting our community. It is never in the best interest of the community to force 10,000 people out of work. It is never in the best interest of the community to have 150,000 plus clients be left without their therapist.

For my agency we specialize in trauma. The
sexual assault survivor who has entrusted her therapist
will wake up one day to know she's abandoned. The foster
care child who's been beaten and is alone reaches out to
their therapist who is no longer there.

To go forward and change the LPC scope of practice is to do harm. There is a solution. House Bill 4325 addresses everyone's concerns with CEUs, accreditation, and continues the status quo scope of practice. Why not wait? Why not reach into your hearts and do the right thing? This is just plain wrong. Thank you.

TROY ZUKOWSKI-SERLIN: It's always tough to follow her. She's my wife. My name is Troy Zukowski-Serlin, T-R-O-Y, Z-U-K-O-W-S-K-I, hyphen, Serlin, S-E-R-L-I-N. I'm also an LMSW with over 30 years of post Master's experience. And I work with a variety of professionals, psychiatrists, psychologists, social workers, paraprofessionals, parents, school teachers.

We're all in the same boat together here. We all play crucial roles in the delivery of mental health. Take them out of the equation and we'll have a huge behavioral health crisis which will snowball into major problems for individuals, families, communities, law enforcement, and other first responders.

Public safety would be at risk if an unelected regulatory body decides to make such sweeping changes on its own in a very short period of time. I'm telling you that's not what you want. All the stakeholders here have legitimate concerns. But we don't want a situation where we end up with winners and losers and the legacy of bitterness among professionals, because that could very well be the result of this.

Therefore, I highly recommend allowing House and Senate to complete legislation that incorporates all these concerns. And I think the House bill has. The State legislature is the branch of government closest to the people and best able to see the big picture in Michigan. The House has a very strong bill which clarifies explicitly the language spelling out what the different branches of the behavior health community can do and cannot do. I highly recommend House Bill 4325 be passed, sent to the Senate, reconciled, and then sent to the governor for signature. And then LARA will assume its roll as an enforcement body. Thank you.

CAROL TILLOTSON: I'm Carol Tillotson and I'm an LPC. Tillotson, T-I-L-L-O-T-S-O-N, Carol, C-A-R-O-L. I graduated at 61 years old with a Master's in counseling degree, a 72-hour credit program. I've been educated level and trained for the scope of practice. The

- equivalent level of coursework as a Master's degree

 psychologist. And for 30 years you licensed us under the
- 3 current scope of practice.

Currently I provide for a nonprofit organization, substance abuse counseling, for approximately 300 male and female parolees annually in a 18-session, closed session program in a residential re-entry program, and too many of them are opioid users.

The proposed changes will limit my ability as an LPC to gain work, to bill government and private insurance providers, affect my ability to obtain liability insurance, and the risk of violating APA codes. It will also cause me hardship to pay back my student loan, 28,000, doubled because of the 6.9 percent FAFSA interest rate, and \$250 LARA licensure fees, 3,650 supervision costs, 1,040 professional liability insurance. That's a total of 60,000, 61,000 financial investment, with 10,000, 11,000 hours of time investment, supervision, practicum internships.

And so, what I'm asking you today is to reconsider restricting our scope of practice and wait for the House Bill 4325 to pass, at minimum have a grandfather clause.

TAMERA LAGALO: Good afternoon. My name is

Tamera Lagalo, T-A-M-E-R-A, L-A-G-A-L-O. I'm pleading

with you as a resident of Michigan, a small business owner, a survivor of domestic and sexual assault, and a mental health advocate for the State of Michigan.

I'm the founder of The Support Group, a mental health billing company that serves providers locally and nationally, along with being the owner of Spring Forest Counseling in Okemos. My private practice is comprised of both LPCs, LMSWs, and a Ph.D. In just two years we've grown from a one-room suite to a brand new 12-room space and a satellite office in Holt, Michigan.

This growth was fueled by the dedication of all our clinicians. However, our licensed professional counselors treat approximately 51.9 percent of the clients served and contribute over 56.9 percent of the practice operating income. We currently serve 493 clients in our practice.

Without the financial contribution of the LPCs at our practice I would be forced to default on a seven-year lease, putting myself \$279,000 in debt overnight. The impact would not only be destructive to 10,000 LPCs whose careers would end, leaving 200,000 plus clients without a provider. Many of these LPCs are small businesses. The small businesses pay taxes. The State of Michigan stands to lose \$38 million in revenue from LPCs. LARA, you stand to lose \$1.2 million a year if

LPCs don't renew their licenses. Billing agencies like mine will lose thousands of dollars a year if LPCs are no longer able to bill insurance.

If we lose our licensed professional counselors ability to treat and diagnose, their ability to bill insurance, where will you turn in a time of need? How easily will you find care for your spouse, your child, or your loved one. If we take 10,000 clinicians out of a game that is already in triple overtime there's no chance our state or future will win.

SARAH BRABBS: Hi. My maim is Sarah Brabbs,

S-A-R-A-H, B-R-A-B-B-S. I'm not a mental health worker,

but I am a professional speaker and I'm an author, and I

am directly connected all the time to mental health

workers in what I do. I wrote a book about assholes.

So, I didn't know if I swear, but that's okay. Anyway, I

don't think anybody here blames any of you specifically

for this, so we appreciate you listening to all of our

concerns.

I mostly am concerned -- I live in a rural community in southeast Michigan. I see a lot of people that are impacted all the time by LPCs. When I first heard about this I thought that it couldn't be true. I also teach at a college, and I have always told my students if something this early makes you angry, raging

or scared it's likely not true. But that was not the case with this. And I think it's extremely short-sighted. I.

Think LARA will end up with egg on their face at the least, and a huge amount of money and potentially lawsuits at the most, including the deaths of many people, as many people have said. So, I think you've heard lots of stories. You would probably not disagree with that at this point, if I had to guess. But it would be really, really appreciated if you would slow things down and give this a lot more thought, have a lot more communication around it. It's not a simple issue.

I think, LARA, you are part of the problem, and so, you fixing it in this way to me is like putting a criminal in charge of a crime scene. I know that's not what you mean to do, but that's how it comes across. And your legacy is going to change if you do this. Thank you.

COTRENA CHAMBLISS: Hi. My name is Cootrana Chambliss. I'll spell it. C-O-T-R-E-N-A, and the last name is Chambliss, C-H-A-M-B-L-I-S-S. And I am here today to speak on behalf of counselors like myself. I support the HB4325 bill passing.

As counselors we serve the clients of the community and we need to continue practicing and

providing mental health therapy to clients. Counselors 1 in mental health have been providing services to women, 2 3 men, children and families for many years. Clients are 4 in treatment right now as we speak and will be affected 5 with treatment and many clients are at critical, critical 6 stages of change in their lives. Counselors are in the 7 middle of diagnosing and providing treatment with 8 clients, and they need the support, the clients need the support of the therapist. This change would put 9 10 counselors in a situation of not being able to provide 11 clinical and ethical services to the mental health field. 12 Thank you.

HENRY D. WILLIAMS, JR.: My name is -- well, first of all, I want to thank you for the invitation to be here. Can you hear me? Now you can. It's an honor to be here today. And I want to thank this audience and you, too, for being here and allowing us to have our voices.

COURT REPORTER: Name?

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HENRY D. WILLIAMS, JR.: I'm sorry. Some call me Rev, but you can call me anything you like, but don't call me late for dinner.

Henry D. Williams, Jr. is my name. But I also want to thank two individuals, Napolean Harrington and Dr. Katherine James for always being in the forefront to

face the challenges that can impact the livelihood of counselors past and present.

There's three points I wanted to share with you. First, included in this repeal is a practice of counseling techniques and the related ability to diagnose and identify the problem. Without these and numerous other definitions the counseling scope of practice is several limited.

Secondly, these changes in scope will put
Michigan's LPCs and LLPCs and our supervisors in
violation of the American Counselor Association Code of
Ethics; E5, a proper diagnosis. Additionally, insurance
companies will likely stop reimbursing for the services
of LPCs due to the significant limits, the scopes those
rule changes would impose.

Thirdly, the deeper impact is the clients who have entrusted in me over time as a counselor. I have been prepared for this journey to walk with them. I earned two similar degrees, a Master's degree in pastoral counseling, a Master in theological seminary, and a Master's of divinity from Garrett Evangelical Theological Seminary in theology and ethics.

Finally, my colleagues are clinically trained and spiritually adept --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time's up.

- HENRY D. WILLIAMS, JR.: -- which them as LPCs
 and LLPCs to give diagnoses for treatment in a
 spiritual --
- JON RITZ: Good afternoon. My name is Dr. Jon
 Ritz, J-O-N, R-I-T-Z. I am currently a student in the
 Master's of Arts in counseling program at Spring Arbor
 University. I am also on the faculty at Michigan State
 in a different field and serve as an advisor to
 undergraduate students.

I've been teaching at the college level for 20 years, and in that time I worked closely with college students and have seen firsthand the impacts of mental health issues on this population. A few years ago I decided to pursue training as a therapist so I might have some positive impact outside of the classroom.

I researched both the MSW and MAC degrees thoroughly and came to the conclusion that earning a Master's of Arts in mental health counseling en route to become an LPC was the best fit for me primarily due to the number of courses on counseling theory, psychopathology, diagnosis, case conceptualization and treatment I would have an opportunity to take.

This is actually my third graduate degree, including a Ph.D., and many ways it has been the most rigorous. I'm now doing my clinical intern year at

Michigan State's counseling center. There I'm working with real clients doing diagnosis and treatment under the supervision of experienced clinicians from our full-time staff, which includes five LPCs and LLPCs. At the end of our internships my classmates and I will have 700 hours of clinical experience. We will complete another 3,000 hours and pass a national exam to earn full licensure as LPCs.

If LARA's proposed changes go through my classmates and I will not be able to practice or use our degrees in Michigan for all intents and purposes. I respectfully ask LARA to delay their proposed changes until a legislative remedy has been achieved, an outcome I truly believe is in the best interest of everyone in our state. Thank you.

BRAD PRZYSTAS: Hi. Thank you for allowing me to speak today. My name is Brad Przystas, B-R-A-D, P-R-Z-Y-S-T-A-S. I am not here today as a LPC but has a husband and father. I'm here to advocate for my wife Christine Zouaoui who is an LPC, our family, and the tens, the 10,000 other LPCs, their families and their clients whose careers, way of life and mental health well-being are in jeopardy. I'm here to express my strong opposition to LARA's rule changes for their scope of practice and that you give House Bill 4325 a chance to

pass.

The proposed changes from LARA would repeal nearly the entire scope of practice for LPCs in the State of Michigan which has been operating under the current scope of practice for the last 30 years. If these changes go through it will completely eliminate my wife's career here in the State of Michigan. My wife has worked in private practice as a LPC and as a mental health specialist with Lansing School District for over 17 years and is specialized in trauma.

I am a stay-at-home dad who takes care of the kids in the house and dealing with a child who has an autoimmune disorder. If these proposed changes are adopted my wife and other LPCs will not be able to diagnose or administer therapy to help other people, such as myself, who use LPCs for their own mental health.

These changes will also make it so LPCs will not be reimbursed by insurance companies, which is how my wife provides for our family. If these proposed rule changes are enacted thousands of LPCs in the state, including my wife, will be at risk of losing their jobs. By allowing these changes you are essentially evicting 10,000 residents from the State of Michigan so they can go do their jobs that they have been doing, been trained to do, have been educated to do, are licensed to do, and

have a code of ethics they follow to provide essential mental health to residents of the State of Michigan but will now have to practice in different states. Thank you. Please support House Bill 4325.

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MICHELE FIGUEREO: Hi. My name is Michele Figuereo. M-I-C-H-E-L-E, F-I-G-U-E-R-E-O. I'm an LPC from Grand Rapids, Michigan. I have clients who have histories of trauma, and I'm trained in EMDR, eye movement desensitization and reprocessing therapy. Over one-third of EMDR therapists in Grand Rapids hold LPC licensure. I work with veterans, first responders, and women with past sexual abuse as they attempt to heal. These are individuals who have experienced traumatic events through service to our country, the general public, or as a child, and are struggling to function and live normal lives. Several individuals travel over 40 miles to see me as they either do not have a provider who specializes in trauma in their area or because other practitioners are unable to accept new clients. population as an elevated risk for self-harm and suicide attempts due to the horrific traumas they have endured.

I shutter to think what will happen to my clients and hundreds of thousands of others should their counselors be forced to abandon them. For many this will be a continuation of longstanding pattern of abandonment

and will compound their trauma. I can say with

completely honesty that I will fear for the safety of

several of my clients' lives. We know that

discontinuation of mental health services on this

astronomical scale will lead to increased suicides

throughout the state. The statistics speak for

themselves. And yet, these are just figures.

You don't know the faces, the stories and the true picture of what this will look like the same way we do. To briefly illustrate with a true story, a small school district in Kent County reduced the number of counselors to address students' mental health needs. Within a couple years of this removal their district saw a increase in suicide attempts and completed suicides amongst the middle and high school students. It was not until a seventh-grader, Kyle, hung himself from a tree behind the middle school that they admit that their decision had led to the devastating effects for their community due to lack of access to mental health care.

I use this to illustrate on a very small scale the reality of what removing these life-saving services will look like. But the good news is you can prevent these needless tragedies. You can allow House Bill 4325 to pass.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

ALEX BALENGER: Hello. My name is Alex

Balenger. That's A-L-E-X, B-E-L-A-N-G-E-R. And I'm a

counseling student at the University of Detroit Mercy,

and I have received extensive training in assessment,

diagnosis and treatment as part of my coursework.

These rule changes would render counselors unable to do the very things they're trained to do, and it would make me unable to legally utilize my thorough, lengthy and expensive education. Coursework in my program include mental health diagnosis and treatment, testing and evaluation, advanced issues and assessment, and treatment, as well as counseling skills.

So, I am urging you not to pass the proposed rule changes on counselors, instead HB4325 as it addresses the scope of practice without the negative ramifications.

Additionally, I question why the Michigan

Psychological Association is opposed to HB4325. Are they
not ostensibly dedicated to helping others? Ostensibly
dedicated to helping why would they want something, why
would they support something that's going to hurt people
by decreasing the availability of mental health services.

So, actually, the most famous psychologist in history probably best describes this as Narcissism of small differences, and that is the tendency for

communities with adjoining territories to engage in feuds and ridicule because of hypersensitivity to details of differentiation.

So, you know, the negative impact of these rule changes has already been eloquently expressed by many people, so I'm not going to rehash that. I'm just going to end it there and I'll say thank you for your time.

SHELLY WIGGINS: Good afternoon. My name is Shelly Wiggins. Thank you to LARA for allowing us to share the facts of our stories for this is at the heart of our work. The skill of reflective listening is happening here today in this room. This is allowing all the LPCs here to decompress from the fear of being deemed incompetent to diagnose and treat in our specialty areas.

Many of us here today have diagnosed and implemented mental health treatment throughout the State of Michigan for 25 years. Myself and other LPCs have had the pleasure of serving children's residential treatment programs, counseling agencies, private practices, all in the capacity of a licensed professional counselor.

I currently serve in the educational system and have had a private practice for ten years. There is a huge gap between education and mental health, but that gap is being bridged by LPCs that work within the schools. The suicide stats have already been stated. If

LARA makes changes in the rules and the House Bill 4325

bill does not pass I ask who will reach the children and

the teenagers who are either suicidal or have lost a

loved one in this manner? I implore the governor please

sign Bill 4325. And I stand to celebrate all the lives

that have been saved because of the professional caring

hearts of those who are LPCs.

I also pause reverently remembering those who are no longer with us because they had no one to talk to at the critical moment. Semicolon. An old proverb says there is wisdom and a multitude of counselors. And the turnout today speaks for itself.

My name is Shelly Wiggins, S-H-E-L-L-Y, W-I-G-G-I-N-S.

AMBER JAMES: My name is Amber James,

A-M-B-E-R, J-A-M-E-S. I'm the president-elect and

legislative chair for Michigan Association of Art

Therapy. We have opposed the proposed rule changes from

LARA and we support House Bill 4325.

I'm not an LPC. I hold a Master of Science degree in art therapy and am a Board certified art therapist. I'm here today to urge you to reconsider the regulatory impact statement before making a decision on the proposed rule changes affecting the scope of practice for LPCs. The RAS does not reflect the impact, the true

impact that these rule changes will have. It doesn't reflect the impact the rules change will have on the art therapists and the services we provide.

Art therapy is a unique mental health profession that uses the processes in art-making to reach individuals who do not have yet have the words to express what they are feeling. Our therapists work with kids in the foster care system, those battling substance abuse, veterans experiencing PTSD, and those who are mentally ill, just to name a few.

Art therapy is not yet a licensed profession in Michigan. For this reason many art therapists have taken on the significant in burden of completing a second Master's degree to become an LPC, despite a significant overlap in coursework and requirements and a ridiculous amount of student loans.

It is worth noting that I literally sat next to both clinical psychology students and mental health counseling students in my classes for my art therapy degree, specifically on the classes for diagnosis, psychopathology and assessments. We are all in the exact same classes.

Many of my colleagues chose to repeat classes in counseling theories and techniques to meet CACREP standards in order to obtain a license. And now you're

proposing to take the credibility of that license away.

The art therapists who are not licensed in another field are already in the position you are proposing to put 10,000 more professionals in. Many of us work multiple jobs, are in a grant-funded positions, or take positions for which we are overqualified while we watch in agony as clients who would benefit from our services go without.

NANCY CURTIS: Good afternoon. Thanks for this will opportunity to speak today. My name is Nancy Curtis, and I'm a licensed professional counselor, a licensed marriage and family therapist, and a certified advanced alcohol and drug counselor. I live in Hastings, Michigan, which is the county seat of Barry County. We have 7500 residents in Hastings.

And I work for Pinerest Christian Mental Health Services as a marriage and family therapist. I also provide substance use disorder treatment in my clinic. Hastings is one of Pinerest's several outpatient clinics, and we currently have six therapists in our clinic. It's a small clinic. We've grown from three therapists three years ago, when I started working at Hastings, to six therapists, and that's due to the increasing demand for mental health and substance use services in our area.

This is a small rural community and we serve

people who are Court ordered. Many of my clients are

Court ordered to do substance abuse treatment. And if

this bill, if these proposed changes are passed we're

going to have a huge impact in our community. Three of

the therapists in my office are LPCs, so our staff will

be cut in half immediately, which will reduce the amount

of services that we can provide in our community.

Our community has recently seen an increase in methamphetamine and opioid use, so they need substance use services. I'm the only person in my office who can provide those services. And those services will be greatly minimized if we're eliminated from the profession.

MS. DITSCHMAN: You're time's up.

NANCY CURTIS: Thank you.

MICHAEL JOY: Good afternoon to members of

LARA. Thank for having us speak today. My name is

Michael Joy, M-I-C-H-A-E-L, last name is spelled J-O-Y.

I am the president of the Michigan Counseling

Association, but more importantly, I'm a licensed

professional counselor. And we are here today basically

to not have a fight, but just to have a discussion how

much common ground we all really have in this room.

Because the common ground that we all have is that we

know that licensed professional counselors do great work.

And why we do great work is in the proof. It's in the proof because we all know that we take rigorous courses accredited, ultimately, by CACREP, that we get trained in the various areas of the scope of practice that you guys are potentially going to eliminate such as diagnosing and counseling techniques.

I'm not going to bore you with the details that have already been discussed today, but just to highlight a few facts. Up to 10,000 professional counselors may loose their jobs and also harm 50,000, and millions and millions of economic impact will be filled. And it all comes at a time when suicide rates are going up.

And I just want to let you guys know that it's been great to work for the last 30 years as licensed professional counselors. It's been quite a journey. I mean think of all the things we've been able to do because of this rule being in place. We've been able to save millions of lives. We've been able to help a bunch of people who have come to treatment that maybe considered it for years but never took that step.

We all play for the same team, we all care about the care of our clients, and we want to keep this going moving forward. We respect the need for you guys to update the rules and do your jobs. We just ask that you respect the ability to do our jobs as well.

And what I want to say is this. Think about the human impact that this is going to make. And when I say human impact I'm not just talking about statistics, but I'm also talking about the abandonment and the emotional devastation people will experience. So, all I ask is that you hold off on doing any sort of, you know, these sort of rules that could really affect our ability to do what we do and that you support HB4325 in the process. Thank you.

ALANA NICOLAZZO: Hello. Thank you so much for having us this morning, especially you, Miss Court Reporter, who's been tirelessly working away. My name is Alana Nicolazzo, A-L-A-N-A, last N-I-C-O-L-A-Z-Z-O.

I would first like to take a minute to thank all of the LPCs, LLPCs, psychologists, social workers who have come out not only support on this day but how we've come together as a profession. Every single one of you should be proud of yourselves.

We are at the very front line in the trenches with the EMTs, with the doctors, with the hospitals, with the psychologists and psychiatrists. Our degrees, our licensures, our profession should not be taken lightly. And I don't think anybody in this room or anybody who's waiting outside to get in to testify will disagree with that.

I have been trained in multiple areas, like everybody else in this room. I graduated from Oakland University under some phenomenal professors, some of which you have heard today speak. It is important to note that Michigan is second from the bottom in this country of services for mental health. It is really important that LARA take their time to not have premature and disruptive changes in this pending legislation that would render such rules obsolete for us to practice.

We are qualified, as you heard, and I just want to say how proud I am of everybody for standing up to a potential law change that was clearly written by somebody who does not understand our education practices and our ethics that we follow on a day-to-day basis. So, thank you, LARA, for your time, thank you everybody in this room. You all should be proud of yourself no matter how this ends.

CHRISTINA POLK: Good afternoon. My name is Christina Polk, C-H-R-I-S-T-I-N-A, P-O-L-K. I'm a licensed professional counselor here in Michigan. I'm an Oakland County University alumnus, a CACREP accredited program for counselors. I'm the clinical director of resources for an organization called New Oakland Family Centers. I currently supervise close to 50 LPC and LLPC interns. I have nine years of experience in this field

with specific emphasis and training in crisis and trauma.

Professional counselors make up a solid 50 percent of our

staff and 30 percent of our leadership.

I'm here to vehemently oppose the licensing board's proposed rules changes for counselors' scope of practice. I understand the statute and rules for counselors in Michigan are outdated and the language needs adjusting. However, the answer is not to limit the services we've been providing to consumers for 30 years. It is not us, as counselors, who need updating. Our rigorous training in theories, multicultural issues, testing and assessment, the diagnostic manual, group and individual therapy, research and statistics, and our experience in practicum, internship, and 3,000 additional hours post grad meet 2019's needs for the mental health crisis in the State of Michigan.

The waitlist and needs for these consumers are already overwhelming us. Cutting resources and clinicians from an overburdened system is not a good idea. LARA's responsibility is to protect the people of this state, and this is not the answer.

The immeasurable impact this would have on our state colleges universities congress running counseling programs would be absolutely devastating. It would be calamitous to small businesses. And the list of loss

goes on and on.

Again, the effects of this rash decision go far
beyond the language in the statute. The job loss and
financial effects on our state would be astronomical.

The psychologists who support these changes,
respectfully, have very little understanding of our
curriculum and scope as evidenced by comments made in
recent hearings and in their newsletter.

I urge everyone in this room with any legislative power to turn your attention to the passing of House Bill 4325. I urge you to look at me and the many other counselors in this room. I certainly hope that we never have to meet any of you under the circumstance that you or your loved one is dealing with a mental health crisis, but the statistics tell us that this is likely.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

ELIZABETH TEKLINSKI: My name is Dr. Elizabeth Teklinski. I'm a Ph.D., an LPC. T-E-K-L-I-N-S-K-I. I am a spiritual care advisor and I'm a professional counselor working in palliative medicine in hospice in northern Michigan based out of Traverse City.

Every day the very best medical specialists, physicians, psychologists, nurses, social workers, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and others refer

patients to my services. I often hear that my services for people losing hope are, quote, better than any other kind of medicine there is.

I'm here to share a personal story that informs my professional mission and work as an LPC. Twenty years ago when my daughter was born in rural northern Michigan with a life-threatening congenital disorder she was removed from my arms, given platelet transfusions, air-lifted to University of Michigan Mott Children's Hospital. There she was admitted to the most serious neonatal intensive unit. I was told by a rather cold and dismissive neonatologist that she would die. Quote, sometimes babies just don't come home.

She was fed formula through a feeding tube while I saved breast milk. She was intubated and placed on a respirator. I was not allowed to touch her too much. I was utterly alone, I believed, without hope. My grandmother recommended that I pray.

A miracle happened. She survived and lived well beyond the 25 percent chance of a one-year life expectancy. She just celebrated her 20th birthday.

Today I'm fortunate to work as part of a highly skilled and trained interdisciplinary team who is led by the only two Board certified, fellowship trained palliative medicine physicians north of Grand Rapids.

1	Our medical director, Dr. Roman Barraza, M.D. and Mayo
2	Clinic trained Ph.D., created my position to integrate
3	spiritual, existential-filled life support care to all,
4	to patients in northern Michigan facing life-limiting
5	terminal illnesses. I am brought bedside to patients in
6	the hospital as soon as the medical treatment is deemed
7	limited in cure. We treat when hospice founder, Dr.
8	Cicely Saunders

Cicely Saunders --

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MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

CYNTHIA GRIMMER: Greetings. My name is Cynthia Grimmer. That's spelled G-R-I-M-M-E-R. I'm here representing abused children, the most vulnerable underneath these proposed changes.

I have a message for the governor. We know how the Flint water crisis went. Please don't let it be the mental health crisis on your watch. I have a message for LARA. Please don't bar treatment for even one child, not even one abused child.

I am an LPC. I'm a survivor of severe sexual, physical and emotional child abuse. And I also have clients who are severely abused. The turmoil and the train wreck that happens as a result of abuse is huge. The anguish that comes back and comes back and comes back cannot be explained. Please don't bar help for them.

Abuse looks like this. My father pushed me

into the ground to kick my knee that just had surgery 24
hours earlier when I was 16 years old. Why? Because I
didn't put the paper away. What was the real reason?
Because he was mentally ill and did not have access to
the LPCs that I have access to. These LPCs gave me new
hope and future.

I am an occupational therapist. I also am a founder of an institution that serves 138 families with academic services per week. Why? Because of the help I received from LPCs that stopped the mental illness from going any further. I'm also a mom with three successful children.

A child I'm working with currently was punctured by -- this is HIPAA compliant --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Time's up.

STEPHEN BARDZILOWSKI: Hi. My name is Stephen Bardzilowski, and I'll spell that. It is S-T-E-P-H-E-N, B-A-R-D-Z-I-L-O-W-S-K-I. I'm employed -- yeah, that's right. I'm employed by Rainbow Rehabilitation Center that treats traumatic brain injury. I'm a Master level counsel for the past 30 years.

And he just want to get to the point I oppose the changes made by LARA, it must not be adopted, and I support House Bill 4325. And I just want to say, I mean this respectfully, I found this out, the changes of

losing license, a couple of days ago just by a co-worker, and I just wanted to say that it would be like -- I'm a first responder, along with my other comrades here, but first responders for major issues, mental health crisis. And the analogy would be if I'm an EMT driver and they said you don't have a license, so we can't practice. So, I mean that respectfully, but I look at that as a need to help people in need and in crisis, and it's also a public health safety issue, and to those also impacted directly by mental health issues within the families.

So, I strongly support the Bill 4325 and the needs to help with people with mental illness. Thank you very much for your time and I appreciate it.

ANGELA HALLISY: Hello. My name is Angela
Hallisey, A-N-G-E-L-A, H-A-L-L-I-S-Y. I am a graduate of
Central Michigan University. We have been trained and
supervised in application of all of our therapy skills as
well as our diagnostic skills before we are ever allowed
to receive our license.

I am representing River Trail Counseling
Associates where we see adoptive and foster care kids and
families deal with trauma, mood disorders and other
issues. Our clients come from the areas of Monroe
through Flint to our office in Auburn Hills due to the
level of need and our level of expertise. With this

population there are a few options for care. They have been left by life family and peers.

Removing our LPC therapists will compound their abandonment and trauma. The work we do with these families, reducing violence in the home and preventing violence in the schools. We address the underlying trauma while supporting the family to improve their skills as well.

I ask that LARA stop the implementation of the rule change to allow time for HB4325 to pass. If the rule change goes into effect the children that we see in treatment will be once again abandoned and traumatized, this time at the hands of our own government.

I also work for a company called Wright
Behavioral Consultants. We work with traumatic brain
injury clients. These clients have already been put in a
place of stress because of the changes to auto no-fault.
They are facing removal of essential services in the next
year. We had hope that we could help them through this
transition. Our entire company is employed by LPCs and
LLPCs. Our employer is Dr. White. She has a Ph.D. in
counseling and an LLP. She employed LPCs because every
time what she's looking for for these brain injured
clients she sees more often than what we receive in our
training in therapy. We already are fighting, all the

language insurance --

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- MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.
- THE WITNESS: Thank you.

4 Laneisha Murphy, L-A, capital N-E-I-S-H-A, M-U-R-P-H-Y. Thank for your time. Licensed 5 6 professional counselors are uniquely trained and 7 qualified to accurately perform what their title 8 exemplifies, the work of counseling. By passing these new rules LARA will be violating the Public Health Code 9 10 of Michigan, specifically Act 368 of 1978, Sections 333.18101, and 333.18214, Section 5, by prohibiting the 11 use of counseling principles, methods or procedures and 12 13 counseling techniques, the former of which is a clinical 14 term that includes both diagnosis and counseling 15 techniques/psychotherapy.

In my graduate program from Capella University, which is CACREP accredited, I took two courses that specifically focused on diagnosis of mental illness, one course on assessments, and five separate courses on counseling techniques.

Today I oversee 60 to 75 home-based children and adolescent family cases as a supervisor at one of the largest non-CMH mental health providers in Oakland County. In this position I carry a caseload of three to ten cases because there's a dearth of mental health

clinicians in my county, in addition to my supervisory
duties. I oversee the supervision of counselors, social
workers, and psychologists. I'm in private practice
carrying a caseload of 15. I'm an approved clinical
supervisor, earning a national credential, which means I
can supervise LPCs.

What you are doing today will devastate this state. I am just one person. Over my short tenure of seven years I have had the privilege to serve over 100 different families using psychopathological therapy and family therapy.

Hundreds of Michigan children and adolescents will be put directly at risk. Think of the child that will be not served by a licensed professional counselor whose training helped them divulge the abuse and neglect that was going on in their home. Think of the young adult that no longer --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

Laneisha Murphy: -- has their licensed professional counselor when the urges to cut resurface. Think of the young adolescent who did not have his licensed professional counselor to talk to and decided to take matters into his own hands against a school full of bullies. Think of what you're doing to this state.

25 ANNE PARPAS: My name is Anne Parpas, A-N-N-E,

P-A-R-P-A-S. I have been an RN for over 20 years, as
well as an LPC for six years which I integrated into my
practice. I'm also a LLPC supervisor with the State of
Michigan. I'm the owner and one of the therapists of
Integrated Health Consultants in Wyoming, Michigan, a
multidisciplinary private practice that I started six
years ago.

I have a team of clinicians ranging from LLPC, LPC, LMFT, LLP, PsyD and psychologists for the purpose of collaboration, consultation, and integrative care to bridge the gap between medical and behavioral health. We treat couples, veterans, all presenting mental health issues, infants, parents, adolescents. We get weekly referrals from Metro Health, Spectrum Health, Mercy Health providers, psychiatrists, as well as throughout our local schools, organizations, businesses and community members.

We currently have 22 clinicians, 10 of them being LPCs. We see 350 to 400 clients a day. We currently have 848 active clients and average 106 new clients per month.

I'm an independently credentialed licensed professional counselor with 18 insurance company and EAPs, which is important to me so that they can have access for care for the community. In order to

- participate with insurance companies an LPC must have and maintain and meet qualification standards. A provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing evaluating,
- I would be in breach if the LARA changes are

 put into place. If these changes are made by LARA half

 of our practice would not be able to treat clients,

 forcing us to abandoned hundreds of clients, which is

 unethical, illegal and criminal.

diagnosing and treating symptoms.

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It would create a devastating loss of a team of half of our team of practitioners, loss of wages, loss of clinicians that provide quality evidenced-based treatment, significantly decrease the support and collaboration that we have with our referral sources, leaving them to deal with the ramifications of patients' loss of their amental health provider, which would further increase the gaps and barriers to mental health treatment --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

21 ANNE PARPAS: -- and substance abuse treatment.
22 Please, I strongly oppose LARA changes and House
23 Bill 4325 to move forward. Thank you.

24 PETER CAPPON: Thank you for the platform for 25 my peers and for me to voice our concerns today. I'm here because I have some unfortunate news and I have some good news.

My name is Peter Cappon, and I have been an LLPC in Michigan for about 16 months. Before that time I spent a little under three years of full-time graduate level counseling education pursuing not just one, but actually my second entire Master's degree in the field of counseling. You see, in Michigan, Michigan does not make it particularly easy to become a professional licensed counselor. In fact, it is quite the opposite.

I received my first Master's degree in counseling in another state, and upon moving back to my home state it was made clear that my first degree would not get me the licensure I was pursuing. There are many people who have graduated from that first program who currently work in that very state, as well as countless other states across the country. However, I, along with -- I'm going to have to jump forward here.

I think my point is basically this. We have high standards. You can do the research. You can look for yourselves. But we actually make it quite difficult, and compared to the rest of the country even. We are competent, highly trained counselors and we are held to high standards. I ask that you please push back at least the rule changes you're talking about. Give us a chance

to move House Bill 4325 with no amendments as quickly as

possible so that we can continue to take care of people

in this state. Thank you.

(Short recess had from 1:59 PM to 2:11 PM.)

KIMBERLY STAGG: Hi. My name is Kimberly

Stagg, K-I-M-B-E-R-L-Y, S-T-A-G-G. And I'm not an LPC.

I'm an advocate, a friend and a client. If LARA's

proposed rule changes go into effect I will be one of the hundreds of thousands in Michigan who will lose a therapist.

Let me tell you about my therapist. She's the first person I've been completely real with. I have no secrets from her, and her treatment of me has never wavered. This level of trust is not common in my life. She accurately and effectively diagnosed and worked with me when, due to a change in medication by my psychiatrist, I became suicidal. She gave me the language I needed to explain what I was feeling. She did not placate me, nor did she blow off my concerns and fears.

She was all in during my sessions and encouraged specific behaviors and homework to work through the overwhelming mental battles I was experiencing. She followed up weekly and even had me come in for an extra session a couple times. She didn't

let it go until she trusted I was all right. It was the first time I had felt safe and supported in such an honest way free of judgment.

Months later, back to work and successfully living my life, I still use the tools she taught me. I remember the conversations we had. I've rebuilt myself based on what I learned from her. Yeah, my therapist is amazing, but that's actually not my point.

So many people in Michigan have a counselor that has changed or saved their life. So many don't. The LPCs opposing the proposed definition changes are passionate about helping their clients. They are the ones that provide the tools, acceptance and support to help us walk through life successfully.

Throughout this hearing you've heard many arguments against LARA's suggested rule changes; the cost to Michigan, the unemployment of thousands of therapists, and more. Don't forget, though, your decision affects the lives of clients like me every day. Save a life. Keep Michigan's LPCs in practice and stop the proposed rule changes. Thank you.

MICHELLE BRENNAN: Hello. My name is Michelle Brennan, M-I-C-H-E-L-L-E, B-R-E-N-N-A-N. I'm a registered nurse and an advocate for increased access to mental health services in Michigan. In my line of work

with the elderly population I witness firsthand the direct natural mental impact on patient outcomes when mental health is not addressed as part of a holistic treatment plan. Untreated mental health issues have the tendency to develop into physical health issues.

Significant mental health issues are on the rise, and as a health care provider I can confidently state that a lack of access to mental health services greatly increases the risk that patients will revert to self-harming behaviors, including self-medicating, suicide attempts, and engaging in abusive acts towards themselves and others. Our community, at large, is already in a disparity of the mental health services, and with a population of people over the age of 65 anticipated to be a majority by 2030 any changes to LARA's regulations to reduce the number of qualified LPCs is sure to have not only immediate but also long-term effects on positive patient outcomes.

As access to affordable health care declines more seniors revert to suicide as they can see no other option at a future. With appropriate intervention these narratives have a potential for positive outcomes. We cannot afford insurmountable costs associated with ongoing and repetitive hospitalizations that occur as a result of these self-harming and addictive behaviors.

- The cost of conquering the opioid crisis is devastating, lacking the resources to manage the overwhelming crisis
- 3 sweeping our nation.
- 4 As a nurse I rely heavily on an
- 5 interdisciplinary approach to health care for our
- 6 patients. LPCs are an integral component to ensure an
- 7 appropriate care plan and development, effective
- 8 treatment plans that our need to meet our patient's needs
- 9 and promote healing.
- 10 MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.
- 11 MICHELLE BRENNAN: Thank you. I oppose the
- changes.
- BRYAN NIXON: Good afternoon. My name is Bryan
- 14 Nixon, and I'm an LPC in Grand Rapids. I've been
- 15 practicing for about 12 years and seen hundreds of
- 16 clients during that time. One thing that I've become
- 17 abundantly clear on is the reality that as humans we are
- 18 formed in relationship, we are harmed in relationship,
- and we are healed in relationship.
- 20 Research clearly shows that the quality of
- 21 relationship between client and their counselor is
- 22 primarily what determines the outcome of treatment. LPCs
- 23 know this both explicitly and implicitly. In addition to
- our extensive training in diagnosis, we are trained in
- 25 psychotherapy techniques that address the relational

trauma that exists within the fabric of most mental health conditions. It is the relationship that heals.

The rule change that you are proposing will change our scope of practice which has been the precedent for the past 30 years and will cause a massive shock-wave to tear through the state that you are sworn to protect. It will instantly sever the relationships of 10,000 LPCs with their clients. The relationship trauma of ripping clients away from their counselors will be devastating on its own, but it won't stop there. It will exacerbate current mental health struggles that clients are having. It will resurrect past mental health struggles that clients and their counselors have worked hard to overcome, and it will create an irreparable rupture in the trust of Michigan citizens in the mental health care system in the state. It will affect not only LPCs, but therapists of every stripe.

I beg you, on behalf of LPCs and our many clients and the future of mental health care in Michigan wait just a little longer, allow House Bill 4325 to continue making its way through the legislative process as it will eliminate the need for the rule change. Do not pull this trigger unless you're prepared to have this blood on your hands.

BENJAMIN REISTERER: My name is Benjamin

Reisterer, B-E-N-J-A-M-I-N, R-E-I-S-T-E-R-E-R, and I'm a proud licensed professional counselor. I'm also a supervisor to limited license professional counselor.

I'm an Afghanistan veteran. And I stand before you in opposition to these proposed changes for LPCs.

I used my post 9-11 GI bill to become an LPC. He went to war to be able to help people heal. I left my wife, my two-year-old daughter, my friends and my family to go to the other side of the world to qualify for this benefit so I could get the training, the supervision and experience that you all asked of me to become an LPC.

If you make this change it will essentially mean that you have stolen my GI bill from me, that the time spent away from loved ones and the hardships that I endured will have been for naught simply to satisfy arbitrary words on paper.

According to an article in the Lansing State Journal last month, which also happened to be suicide awareness month, the suicide rate in Michigan is 16.9 people per hundred thousand. For veterans, though, that's much higher at 26.2 people per hundred thousand.

The VA has established vet centers all over the country and Michigan is lucky to be home to eight of then. Yesterday I took the time to call all eight centers and found out that the LPCs represent over

20 percent of their staffs combined. When you ponder whether or not to implement this change please think about the stats I cited and recognize that this could essentially strip many Michigan veterans of the therapeutic relationship they are relying on, while also creating longer lines. How much worse would these veteran suicide stats get if the proposed changes were a new reality in the coming weeks?

I ask you to hold all those affected in your mind before act. For you this is as simple as a stroke of a pen or a keystroke that could be forgotten, but for us, for us it is literally lives and livelihoods. And I urge you to scrap these changes and allow the legislature to pass House Bill 4325. House Bill 4325 is the humane and just solution to this issue. Thank you for your time.

JENNY ERMIGER: Hi. My name is Dr. Jenny
Ermiger, J-E-N-N-Y, E-R-M-I-G-E-R. I am blessed to be
the director of counselor education at Siena Heights
University. Personally I've been a practicing counselor
for 23 years. I am representing Siena Heights University
and the students we serve.

Changing the scope of practice directly impacts both current and former students. Many are here today. In good faith a student enters into a contract with the

university and completes a rigorous plan of academic work and training that leads to counseling licensure. Imagine just graduating and hearing this recent news and learning your profession could essentially be dismantled. Imagine just learning there is no longer a solid career plan to pay back thousands of student loans and your ability to practice has been significantly changed. Just imagine.

Part of the Siena Heights' mission is to advocate for social justice. I am here because this just doesn't feel just. I urge you to reconsider these proposed changes. They will interfere with our students and the thousands of counselors that serve the underserved. Let's continue to honor the sacredness of the client and therapist relationship. Thank you.

DIANA BELYEA: Hi. I'm Dr. Diana Belyea.

That's D-I-A-N-N-A, B, as in boy, E-L-Y-E-A. And I have been a high school counselor for 21 years and a clinical counselor for 21 years. So, I have both perspectives, and I don't think you've heard enough from the school counselors.

People think that school counselors don't need to diagnose and treat. However, we're the mental health professionals that are working with families. Where else would a family meet a mental health professional? I will be the person that it's a mother, that her daughter's

depressed, suicidal, and she needs to take her to Arbor
Oaks immediately or she cannot come back to school. I
have to threaten the parents because the parents are so
scared, they don't want to believe for a second that
their child could be that ill.

So, I do diagnose as a high school counselor and I have for 20 years. Who else is going to recognize what children are going through? When their parents come to my office I have to be able to give them information. I'm the person that tells them where to go from here. Many, many parents, not because they don't love their children, it's hard for them to understand that their child actually needs to see a mental health professional.

You will not have mental health professionals in the school, you won't. Just like the teachers, where are they now? We used to have a thousand teachers for every job, but now we have a shortage. I wonder why. I think we've had a lot changes to the teaching profession and now we're doing it to the counseling provision. I don't think we really care about children here, we just say we do. Thank you.

CHERI LaLONE: Hi. My name is Cheri,
C-H-E-R-I-E, LaLone, L-A-L-O-N-E. I am a licensed
professional counselor, one of the few in the room that
represents the Community Mental Health system. I work

for a six-county agency, Community Mental Health for
Central Michigan. My first three years I spent in
Isabella County, and then I transferred in January of
County to Clare County.

Of the six counties that we serve five are in the top eleven most impoverished counties in the State of Michigan. Clare County is the third. There are literally no resources, no pediatricians, very few primary health care physicians, it's about 3,000 to 1 for primary health care. And average caseloads in my agency for an outpatient therapist are 70 to 85 each.

I transferred, like I said, in January of 2018. Three weeks ago we finally got fully staffed in our outpatient and our home-based programs. That is unconscionable that now LARA, to avoid or to push the legislature into acting, is put my clients, my patients and my livelihood in the middle of this juxtaposition. LARA doesn't have the ability to make law. That's what the legislature is for. Let 4325 do it is job.

The senators and representatives are listening to us for the first time because we're coming together as a unified voice with social workers and with licensed professional psychologists. We have to be able to do this job.

25 I can't look at the 80 clients that I have on

- 1 Monday and say I didn't come here and fight for you.
- They're hearing the news. They're devastated. They've
- 3 spent their entire lives in situations that we wouldn't
- want to spend five minutes in; and yet, they trust me. I
- 5 provide that therapeutic rapport in my office. I share
- 6 with them I understand your anxiety and your depression
- 7 because I was there 20 years ago after my first, my
- 8 second child was born.
- 9 MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.
- 10 CHERI LaLONE: Thank you.
- 11 JULIE ARTINIAN CALLAWAY: Thank you for
- 12 allowing me to speak today. My name is Julie Artinian
- 13 Callaway, J-U-L-I-E, A-R-T-I-N-I-A-N, Callaway,
- 14 C-A-L-L-A-W-A-Y. I'm an LPC, NCC and LLMSW. I graduated
- from Eastern Michigan University in 1999. I also
- graduated from my MSW -- that was my LPC. I graduated
- 17 with my MSW from EMU in 2015. I have 20 years of
- 18 experience as a counselor and two as a social worker.
- 19 As a NNC I've kept up on CEUs since graduation.
- 20 Having worked in a variety of settings from nonprofit to
- 21 the LLC private practice that I own now, I worked with
- 22 various types of clients who have experienced trauma and,
- of course, been trained in trauma. I've also been
- 24 qualified as an expert in court.
- In counseling I was supervised for 700 hours of

counseling during my program and 3,000 hours postgraduate while working with clients. To be clear, in order to move from LLPC to LPC we have to obtain 3,000 hours of supervised training in a work setting after we graduate.

Over the years I've attended hundreds of hours of training in trauma, play therapy and supervision, just to name a few. In my current practice I work with two other LPCs and two LMSWs. We have four years left on our office lease agreement. We don't know how we will pay this.

Since working in the same downtown of Adrian for the last 16 years of my career I've come to know many families in our community. In my practice families may begin counseling, learn to cope, and reach their treatment goals, then refer others to me. Some of the folks with trauma are children from foster care, kids and adults who have been abused sexually and/or physically, and, of course, veterans and their families, just to name a few types.

With this rule LARA is changing the scope of our practice for LPCs. We've already been diagnosing, as you already know.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

24 THE WITNESS: Please wait for the HB4325 to avoid all this damage. Thank you.

SHAWN ARCHER: I'm Shawn, S-H-A-W-N, last name is Archer, A-R-C-H-E-R. I am also LPC and a nationally certified counselor. I have a Master's degree in leadership and counseling, as well as a Master's degree in gender study. I have been doing this work for about 20 years ago.

And I brought my visual aid. This is one binder that I have of trainings I have attended above and beyond my counseling license, not required by LARA, something I believe in, but it's important to do to stay within my scope and to give the best to my clients.

Because of those 20 years, I work in a nonprofit, huge turnover, I'm able to share this information with new people coming in the door. They don't have to start from scratch. I can help get them settled so they're not burned out within six months. This is important.

These rule changes will take this, my degree, all of these degrees off the table, and that's just not acceptable. So, I ask you just to pause and let us get through HB4325. Thank you.

RAIZEL WEISS HEITZER: Hello. My name is
Raizel Weiss Heitzer, R-A-I-Z-E-L, W-E-I-S-S, no hyphen,
H-E-I-T-Z-E-R. I'm an NNC and an LPC. I'm here to add
my support to House Bill 4325 as a positive solution to
this issue.

Rather than a comment I have a few questions for LARA. LARA's mission statement states to provide outstanding service to our customers, both internal and external, by assisting with the reduction of rules and regulations, advancing good public policy and best practices as relates to consumer, economic activity and workforce improvement through policies or statutes. it is your intent to provide outstanding service why are you not offering a positive solution by supporting House Bill 4325?

I will not repeat the exact coursework in diagnosis and training methodology or the hours of vigorous training that LPCs go through, although it bears repeating. It has been documented. We are highly educated and experienced mental health providers who help over 100,000 people in Michigan every year. Clearly these changes will hurt LPCs and all the adjacent staff and agencies, our vulnerable clients, the unemployment rate, our university programs, overburdening the systems in place who work in mental health, and overall health of the State of Michigan.

So, I ask you who is pushing for these changes? Who would benefit from these changes?

AMANDA SANDLES: Hello. My name is Amanda Sandles, A-M-A-N-D-A, S-A-N-D-L-E-S. My sister is an

LPC. I've been a grateful patient of an LPC. I am a survivor of sexual assault. And I am coming from the medical school where our dean was sentenced to jail for misconduct in office regarding the Larry Nassar abuse, and was tried for his own criminal sexual assault against students.

I am currently applying to an emergency medicine residency here and across the country. I began working in medicine in the ER registration ten years ago. Now that I'm back in the ER full-time I can tell you that the length of stay for psyche patients in the emergency room has increased drastically, and I have seen multiple patients who have been waiting for over a month to get placement.

And ER is a stressful if place for someone seeking physical health care, let alone an acute psychiatric event, and the simulation in an ER can actually precipitate further progression and severity of their symptoms. Just recently we had a patient who was on hold for psyche placement who was near a loud patient and he was triggered by loud noise. The patient who was on psyche hold choked the other patient. A staff member had to get involved. The staff member got assaulted, the other patient got assaulted, and then the psyche patient had to end up in restraints. And it never had to happen

in the first place because an ER isn't equipped to deal
with mental health care.

Lack of billing code leveling for psyche medical care makes it so that there's no financial incentive for hospital systems to provide extra mental health support staff in the ER. ERs and other health care systems are being overburdened due to the lack of systemic support for mental health care and mental health professionals in this country and in this state.

In the closing of the State's Caro inpatient hospital has further increased the burden where now the waiting list for inpatient treatment is over 250 people. These patients are left looking for outpatient treatment and left relying on health care options that aren't built to provide proper care for them like emergency rooms. Taking away 10,000 LPC providers from a community that is already suffering from --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Time.

THE WITNESS: -- of total providers will cause harm to the people we have all collectively committed to serve. Please pause until HB4325 is passed.

KATHRYN WATSON: Hello. My name is Kathryn Watson, K-A-T-H-R-Y-N, W-A-T-S-O-N. I am an LPC and NCC. I've been counseling for several years, and I graduated from Eastern Michigan University in the mental health

- care program. I am a mom of two boys, two and three.
- 2 They are well-fed, loved, nurtured, have a home,
- 3 clothing. But every day I work with many children that
- 4 do not have this experience.

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5 I work at Beatty Early Learning Center

6 Community in Ypsilanti, Michigan with three and

7 four-year-old children. This is a preschool for low

8 income families. Many of our students have faced

9 homelessness, trauma, gun violence in their communities,

10 neglect, difficult life transitions such as having a

11 parent incarcerated or a family member die in their home.

For the 127 students in our school I am the only consistent mental health care provider that is there each and every day. I work one-on-one with these children to establish trust, build relationships and teach coping stills for the anxiety and behavioral changes. Many of these preschoolers have learned from their early life experiences not to trust adults and fear change. I know through the work we do together I have

What will happen to these preschoolers, these three and four-year-olds, who many have attachment disorders and fear of abandonment if I can no longer provide services? You only hear me speaking right now,

become a constant in their lives, someone they can trust

and count on even if it's just a few hours a week.

but when you look at me think of 127 children that will
be affected by this. Look at this room filled with
people that represent clients they serve. Can you
imagine if we brought them all here today how we'd fill
the room and the streets with our clients?

Thank you for your time.

SHEILA HIBBS: Hello. My name is Sheila Hibbs, S-H-E-I-L-A, H-I-B-B-S. And I am a licensed professional counselor. I have been fully licensed since 2007 and have held many clinical positions throughout that time. I also serve as the director of quality and management at Integrated Services of Kalamazoo, which is the community mental health and support program for Kalamazoo County. Integrated Services of Kalamazoo services close to 7,000 individuals annually, and we employ 30 other limited license or fully licensed professional counselors.

Each of these counselors and therapists are educated, trained, qualified and appropriately licensed to diagnose and provide therapy. It is also a requirement of the community mental health services program, per our contract with the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services to achieve network adequacy, capacity and standards that are necessary to meet the needs of our community. Without licensed professional counselors we would not be able to meet those

1 requirements.

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I am humbled on a weekly basis to have the 2 3 privilege to listen to, support and provide therapy to youth, adults and families. I work with youth 4 experiencing suicidal ideation, bullying, insecurities, 5 6 anxiety and depression. I work with young adults who 7 have recently lost a parent who was their whole world. 8 They have been working through the grieving process, including the feeling of guilt to once again experience 9 10 happiness and joy that they didn't think was ever 11 possible. I have sat with individuals in emergency departments who have overdosed as a suicide attempt and 12 13 had the true belief that there was no other reason to 14 live.

The impact statement by LARA for Number 32 says explain how the rule, proposed rule changes impact the business growth --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

SHEILA HIBBS: Thank you.

ANNA RICHARDS: Hello. My name is Anna
Richards. That's A-N-N-A, R-I-C-H-A-R-DS. And I'm here
to oppose LARA's proposed rules and in support of HB4325.

I am a licensed professional counselor as well as a nationally certified counselor. I graduated from an accredited program. It has been my life's mission to

become a mental health clinician. For me it started with an inspirational Alan Thicke from watching Growing Pains, a psychiatrist Mike Seaver, when I was a child.

and carefully chose a program that would not only allow me to work as fully licensed practitioner and allow me to open my own private practice, but one with moral values and code of ethics resonated with me in a way in which I am unable to describe with words. I found a home, a tribe if you will, with my program, my colleagues and our scope of practice, something that has been in place 30 years, as you have heard, and specifically 16 years prior to my choosing a profession.

Let me discuss my background a bit, if I may.

I specialize in grief and loss and trauma and anxiety.

One of the specialties is adults with foster children. I also discuss that my resume includes working at Beaumont Hospice also in Ann Arbor, Schoolcraft College. I'm very well-rounded in medical nonprofit career educational as well as clinical type settings. My accredited degree and licensure has afforded me the ability to gain experience in these areas.

I now have my own private practice in

Ann Arbor. One of the areas I specialize in for my

educational setting is identifying perfectionism and its

often crippling effects. It brings significant amounts of anxiety with it. In the educational setting you might meet someone who has straight 4.0s, and that's an area of conversation. I work with highly successful people, including employees from U of M, St. Joe's. I work with high level competent professionals; nurses, dentists, occupational and art and music therapists, social workers, pharmacists, graduate fellows, Ph.D.s, research coordinators. Many of these are navigating --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

JENNIFER BURGER: Hello. My name is Jennifer Burger, J-E-N-N-I-F-E-R, B-U-R-G-E-R. I represent Hegira Health, Incorporated and also the LPCs in the State of Michigan. I'm a licensed professional counselor and a nationally certified counselor. I earned my Master's degree from Vanderbilt University, which is a CACREP accredited program. I've been in practice for 15 years and have dedicated my career to the treatment of severe mental illness, including bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, and those with severe trauma resulting in post-traumatic stress disorder.

I've been able to do this difficult, but rewarding, work because I am qualified. I've received training in the assessment, diagnosis and treatment of those with mental health and substance use problems. I

completed a practicum and internship in both the community mental health and hospice settings. I've taken and passed past two national counseling exams, the national counselor exam, and the national clinical mental health counseling exam. I provided 2700 hours of clinical experience under supervision prior to being able to work independently. I'm definitely qualified.

For the past eight years I've worked for Hegira Health, Incorporated, a nonprofit agency in Wayne County. I'm the administrator of our adult outpatient services department. The individuals we are honored to serve not only struggle with the symptoms of mental health and substance abuse disorders, but struggle with these symptoms under the threat of funding cuts regularly in the mental health arena.

With the proposed changes to LPC rules are we now have to tell them that they will lose their counselor altogether? At Hegira alone LPCs have served over 6,790 individuals during the last fiscal year that just ended. Think of the magnitude of that and how that echos throughout the State of Michigan.

With the proposed rule changes LARA is changing the scope of practice for LPCs who have practiced for 30 plus years. Please pause on implementing these changes and allow HB4325 to work its way through the legislative

- 1 process. Thank you.
- 2 BETH PETERSON: Whoever handed a Poptart over
- 3 cell door of the bathroom thank you. That's a
- 4 hypoglycemic therapist.
- 5 My name is Beth Peterson, B-E-T-H,
- 6 P-E-T-E-R-S-O-N. I am a licensed professional counselor.
- 7 I'm trained in EMDR. I'm also a doctoral student in
- 8 counselor education and supervision at a CACREP
- 9 accredited school, university. And I have given up a
- 10 whole day of studying for my competency exams. I'm in my
- third year and I'm facing those this fall. So, thank you
- 12 for hearing me.
- 13 I am also the owner of Milan Christian
- 14 Counseling. In the school year of 2010 and 2011 there
- 15 were a number of students at Milan High School who had
- taken their lives to suicide. There were countless other
- 17 students who had attempted suicide or who struggled with
- 18 suicidal thoughts, and the increase of non-suicidal
- 19 self-injury was on the rise. So, my former business
- 20 partner and I opened up Milan Christian Counseling at
- 21 that time. And since then we have received numerous
- 22 voices of gratitude from former clients for saying their
- 23 lives or for improving the quality of the lives that they
- lead.
- I just want to speak briefly to the way we

coordinate with medical professionals, psychiatrists, primary care physicians, and nurse practitioners who prescribe medication for our clients. Every time I meet with a client I ask them how compliant they are with taking their medication. I look for new symptoms and I speak frequently with their medical providers. We have psychiatrists and primary care physicians who often look to us for our expertise and they want to know what we are seeing in the counseling room.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

OLIVIA DORGAN: I want to first thank for the opportunity to speak with you. My name is Olivia Dorgan, O-L-I-V-I-A, D-O-R-G-A-N. I am an office manager at a private practice, Pawsitive Counseling Center located in the small town of Fremont. Pawsitive Counseling Center is an LPC-owned practice specializing in the counseling of young children under the age of 12 through play therapy and canine assistive therapy.

The changes proposed will affect me directly as I will lose my job of two and-a-half years, a job I love coming to each day. LARA's proposed repeal of definitions under the LPC rules will change the scope of practice for counselors, including their ability to diagnose. This will have a devastating effect on thousands of patients in the state. At Pawsitive

Counseling Center alone this will affect over 60 patients, at least 80 percent of those patients being under the age of eight.

There is already a mental health crisis and a shortage of mental health professionals. As an office manager I handle the scheduling of patients we see. Due to the already existing shortage of available therapists in the area I have a waiting list exceeding 50 people.

Most of these are children under the age of eight. It's hard enough to tell people that they have to wait because there's no one else able to see them, but taking away the one person in our area that can see them would be absolutely devastating.

I ask you to please wait on implementing the proposed rule changes. The solutions that meet -- the solution that meets both LARA's needs and the LPCs' needs is HB4325. Give us time to pass it into law. Continue to protect the public and allow LPCs to continue to practice as they have been. Thank you for listening.

MARY ROTTIER: My name is Dr. Mary Rottier tear, M-A-R-Y, R-O-T-T-I-E-R. And I am a counselor at Positive Counseling Center. I actually own the practice. I'm currently licensed as an LPC in both the states of Georgia and Michigan. I'm also a registered play therapist supervisor with the Association for Play

therapy. I have a Master's degree in clinical psychology
from Georgia Southern University and a doctorate in
counseling psychology from the American School of
Professional Psychology.

I have 20 years of counseling experience, including two internships and three years under the supervision of both a psychologist and an LPC supervisor. I currently own two practices, one in Georgia and one in Michigan, that specialize in seeing children and their families.

Six years ago I was excited about the opportunity to move to Michigan to continue furthering my career. However, now I'm disheartened that after 20 years of practic I may no longer be able to provide counseling services to the clients I serve. It is also extremely confusing to me why I would be able to continue to serve clients in Georgia but not in Michigan, especially with the same credentials and at the highest degree possible in my field of counseling. I've had plenty of extensive training in diagnosis, as well as counseling techniques.

I currently serve about 68 clients in my private practice. In fact, I have just recently extended my hours to accommodate the needs of children in my community. I'm the only provider that specializes in

working with youngs kids as young as three in the fields of anxiety, trauma, and attachment.

The rules that LARA proposes would be catastrophic for my clients. We have very few providers, the majority which are LPCs. Where would all these clients go? Who would help the young sexual abuse victims I see, the children whose parents are divorcing, the children who have lost a parent, the suicidal teenagers, or the kids who are engaging in self-harm behaviors.

I was trained as a therapist to do no harm.

The current rule changes would force me to do that, to abandoned clients that are in desperate need of services.

Please pass 4325. It meets the needs of both LARA and the clients in our community. Protect the mental health crisis. Thank you.

FELICIA MOSES: My name is Felicia Moses,

F-E-L-I-C-I-A, last name spelled M-O-S-E-S. I want you

to remember that name today when you go to sleep. I am a

Central Michigan University grad student with a GPA of

3.98. Every class that's on this list on Page 6 I have

taken except of practicums and internship, which is next

year.

I stand tall with the LPCs. I stand tall with the LLPCs. I stand tall with the doctors. I stand tall

- with all the classmates. I stand tall for myself.
- 2 Because you know why? I'm spending thousands of dollars
- 3 in a program. When I left Federal Court working there
- 4 for 22 years God put it upon my heart to work with people
- 5 that are lot of people that are addicted, people who have
- 6 controlled substance, people who are abused, people who
- 7 are addicts. I am that person to stand tall for them.
- 8 Do not strip me of my dream to become an LPC.
- 9 Do not strip me of my chance to be able to leave this
- 10 world, to leave CMU and stand and say come on, my name in
- 11 Felicia Moses, may help you today. Do not strip that
- 12 chance for me to be able to graduate from a program
- because LARA decides that they want to repeal some
- language.
- 15 As I leave this place today, sitting in this
- chair since 8:00 a.m., I have to say to Dr. Morgan, to
- 17 all the doctors and the ministers and all the
- 18 psychologists and the psychiatrists and the social
- 19 workers whether you're with us or not I stand tall today.
- I am with you. I will pray for you.
- 21 And as I have learned humanistic approach,
- 22 cognitive behavior I'm going to leave here with you by
- 23 saying I will pray for you. I will forgive you.
- 24 TANYA BANKSTON: My name is Tanya Bankston.
- 25 I'm a Central Michigan student. My graduation date is

- December 12, 2019. I just finished my 600 hours of internship. I don't have the initials to go behind my name, but what I do have is the real life case study from
- 4 a real client.

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My client I met in December. He was suicidal.

I spent the first two months gaining his trust,

developing suicide safety plans, talking to his family

members, making sure that those words that he spoke were

not idle threats. Okay? Months two and three I gained

more trust. I convinced him to go to a doctor to get

some medication. His doctor called me to ask me what

were my thoughts, what should I do for the client. This

is a medical doctor asking me for my opinion.

Seven months later my client is still with me. Now he's asking me Tanya, is there real hope? He's still with me, and I saw him just two days ago. And I finished my 600 hours in July. I'm still seeing him today to let him know that somebody cares. I support HB4325.

T-A-N-Y-A, B-A-N-K-S-T-O-N, Tanya Bankston.

RICHARD POWELL: Hello. My name is Richard

Powell, R-I-C-H-A-R-D, P-O-W-E-L-L. I'm an attorney.

I'm a counselor. I'm a Ph.D. candidate at Oakland

University. And I'm happy to be here. I'm also here to represent the Rochester Center for Behavioral Medicine.

25 Administrative rules must be a reasonable

interpretation of the law. The current regulatory definition of counseling techniques is a reasonable interpretation of the law. Since 1978, starting with an exemption written into the scope of practice of psychology, the words counseling techniques in the Michigan Public Health Code have been understood to allow counselors to practice various approaches to psychotherapy and diagnosis consistent with counselor training and a code of ethics.

In 1993, in response to a request from the Board of Counseling, the Attorney General agreed with inclusion of diagnosis and psychotherapy and counseling techniques in the scope of practice definitions. And since that time the rule has largely been challenged from a statutory construction point of view.

In 1995, 2003, 2012 the Board of Counseling, the Legislative Service Bureau, LARA, and the Attorney General's Office reapproved the wording in our scope of practice. Our statute includes the practice of psychology through our training and counseling techniques. Counseling techniques are nationally, regionally and locally, academically, professionally and scientifically understood to include diagnosis and psychotherapy.

Has everyone been wrong? What makes more sense

is that the original rules definitions reflect the believable rational understanding of the words counseling techniques. To assume otherwise is to adopt a pre-1970s understanding of mental health and the law. Thank you.

REBECCA VANNEST: Hello. I'm Dr. Rebecca

Vannest, R-E-B-E-C-C-A, V-A-N-N-E-S-T, LPC, nationally

Board certified, licensed school counselor, small

business owner, adjunct professor, supervisor, pending

registered play therapist.

School counselors in Michigan have the second worst caseloads in Michigan. I personally have had anywhere between 350 and 950 students on my caseload at any one time. In my first year in counseling I called Child Protective Services 60 times to protect children. I also conducted 200 suicide assessments. This means sick students were in danger. The students were between the ages of four and ten.

In approximately 15 years I have conducted around 200 suicide assessments in schools. School counseling offices have essentially become ERs due to the suicide and mental health crisis.

Some say we are a danger to the public. I have reviewed data from LARA's website for 2019. The State Board of Counseling did discipline some counselors, a quarter of 1 percent of the profession. I'll say that

- again. A quarter of 1 percent of the profession. Yet,
 we could lose 30 percent of our providers.
- Michigan is bottom of the nation for mental
 health, school counseling ratios, child abuse, human
 trafficking, and water. Let's get on the right side of
 this issue.
- As I have listened to my brothers and sisters
 today for six hours I have realized we need a
 multidisciplinary committee of mental health providers to
 advise the governor on the mental health crisis in the
 State of Michigan, which I believe is important to her.
 I will be first in line to serve.
 - JASON VANNEST: Good afternoon. Thank you for having us to speak before you today. My name is Dr. Jason Vannest. That's my hot wife that just got done speaking.

- I'm a licensed professional counselor, a licensed school counselor, a nationally certified counselor, and in the final stages of certification as a registered play therapist. It's in the mail. I'm a trained clinical supervisor, university professor, therapist, and perhaps most importantly, school counselor for children ages four to ten years old.
- Most people when they hear that they say oh,

 how cute, little teeny babies, four-year-old, and it is

cute, and it is a lot of fun. What some may not realize is that some of these kids are born drug addicted, these kids have genetically predisposed towards severe mental health disorders. They come from homes where they are beaten, starved, raped by siblings and/or parents. They bring debilitating pathological struggles to school with them each and every day, and they need help.

I service nearly 1,000 children each school year, that's three zeros, and cannot begin to meet their needs on my own. This is why I rely on these good people out here to refer to to get them the necessary help and support.

Children are dying for help, literally dying. Suicide is the second leading cause of death for people 10 to 34 years of age. LPCs provide 30 to 35 percent of that care. I'd like to know which board members, politicians or legislators want to add their name to a movement to rob mental health services and care from 30 to 35 percent of our children, teens, sisters, brothers, and parents whose lives depend on it.

Nothing against you folks, but I am literally disgusted by the bureaucracy and red tape bull crap --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

JASON VANNEST: -- that is preventing these mental health mental health services from the people who

depend on it.

ALEXANDRIA PHELPS: Hello. I should say good evening. It feels like the evening because I've been here since 8:00 in the morning. My name is Alexandria Phelps, A-L-E-X-A-N-D-R-I-A, P-H-E-L-P-S. I'm an MA, SCL, LLPC and NCC. I currently work as a school counselor in the number two school in Michigan, and I hope to speak for those today in the education system that may not even be aware of this or how this day will affect them should LARA rules go into effect.

Michigan is the 49th worst state for school counselor to student ratios in the country. One to 250 is recommended. Michigan average is 1 to 732. Anxiety, depression, and suicidal ideation are at the forefront of mys conversations in the school system with 14 to 18-year-olds every single day.

LARA's proposed rule changes would cause significant loss of referrals for school counselors in Michigan and even longer wait times for students to receive mental health services. These laws would directly affect my ability to follow my American School Counseling Association code of ethics to refer out when students require additional mental health care.

School counselors should not be long-term mental health service providers. I already face symptoms

of burnout at just 25 years old. It is pivotal that LARA stop or delay the implementation of these rules changes in order to allow House Bill 4325 to become law so overworked school counselors and overworked and untrained teachers do not become students' only available mental health providers. Thank you.

DEANNA KEMPKE: Hi there. My name is Deanna

Kempke, D-E-A-N-N-A, Kempke, K-E-M-P-K-E. I'm a licensed

professional counselor and a nationally certified

counselor. I have a small business, a full-time

counseling practice in Ann Arbor. The proposed rule

changes will put me out of business, affecting not only

my two high school age kids but the women I counsel in my

practice and the community I serve.

My practice is within walking distance of the University of Michigan, as well as two high schools and one middle school. I work primarily with young women, many of whom have experienced emotional abuse and sexual trauma. Many of my referrals come from the university's counseling center. For those of you who may not be familiar with university counseling centers, you need to know that the waitlist is often long and the sessions are limited to six. This simply is not enough time to meet the needs of someone who has been sexually assaulted, self-harmed, and has persistent suicidal ideation.

The university relies on me and other

professional therapists in my community to help these

women. I also receive referrals from the psychiatric

emergency room, as well as Ann Arbor public school

counselors who, again, do not have time to counsel

students presenting with mental health issues.

My practice is robust. I typically fill 145 sessions a month. Since Me Too I've had to create a waitlist. I am repeatedly told by my patients that it's hard to find a therapist. It takes a lot of courage to ask for help and, unfortunately, when people muster up the wherewithal to do so they often encounter roadblocks. Practices are full. There simply are not enough therapists to meet the growing demand for mental health services.

If the proposed rule changes go into effect I'll have to close my business. I am then ethically bound to refer my patients to another clinician. I have no idea where I will find help for the 45 women on my caseload.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

DEANNA KEMPKE: Gee whiz.

MICHELLE SIEV: Hello. Thank for allowing me
to speak. My name is Michelle Siev, M-I-C-H-E-L-L-E, S,

like Sam, I-E-V, Victor. I am a licensed professional

counselor, a nationally certified counselor. And I have been helping clients since 2012. I work in traumatic rehabilitation, traumatic brain injury rehabilitation programs and community agencies from 2012 to 2016.

I'm now the owner of a private practice which will essentially go out of business if this rule goes into effect. I am well-educated as you have heard already from all the other LPCs in the room. And because of my code of ethics I took time to learn my skills and to learn my profession before I went into private practice. I wanted to make sure that I had the things that I needed in order to serve my clients.

I became a counselor because I wanted to make a positive difference in people's lives. I was a teacher prior to becoming a counselor, and I was making a positive difference there, but I felt that the need was so great to be able to work individually with people.

I imagine many of you in LARA have the same motivation, and that is to, you know, help other people, but this change is not going to be helpful. This change is going to be devastating. And, you know, there's an expression that doing the right thing is often the harder thing, but in this case the right thing is actually the easy thing. Just hold on, let HB4325 pass, and thank you for your consideration because if you do what you're

- saying you're going to do this will be a devastating thank you.
- 3 CAROL ANN HINES: Hi. I'm amazed as at what
 4 you guys are doing. I'm back there crying. I'm not an
 5 LPC. I'm a recipient.
- MS. DITSCHMAN: Can you state your name?

 CAROL ANN HINES: Oh. My name is Carol Ann

 Hines, H-I-N-E-S. No Es on either first part.

Anyway, yeah, I graduated in '70. I've been getting help almost all my life. And it's a good thing, too. I'm still alive. That counts. I know people who haven't been alive. These are grief bracelets. Okay? People die from suicide or depression. I don't want to die, thank God.

I've got the support of my God, my church.

I've got the support of 12 step programs, but that's not enough. And I got a counseling session on Tuesday and I took my meds this morning. Seeing someone to talk to regularly has helped me work. Not a glamorous job, but I've worked. I've even got an Associate's degree. I've been hospitalized fewer times and I'm alive. Those are three big things that help save money.

I'm representing a group that is a mental health peer support group on FaceBook. We're called Broken People, and we're over 500. We vote, too. And

yeah, my dad used to say well, this is a funny part, I
was in Pinerest, they said that my caseworker suggested I
get testing from the psychologist. I wanted testing. I
wanted the real diagnosis to stand up. They gave me
memory testing. Oh, yeah, my memory's fine. I wondered
where theirs was. Oh, well, that's supposed to be funny.
I wish you would just slow down. Maybe you're moving too
fast. Thank you.

KIMBERLY MATEUS: You have a good personality. My name is Kimberly Mateus, K-I-M-B-E-R-L-Y, M-A-T-E-U-S. Thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak with you today and hopefully holding a second hearing to allow the hundreds of people waiting outside those doors to speak as well.

I obtained a Master's degree in counseling from Michigan State University in 2008. Over the past ten years I have worked with individuals who suffer from traumatic brain injury and spinal cord injury. Due to the unexpected acute trauma suffered by my clients and their families there is also a need for family therapy as well. I have also been asked to provide testimony at courts for concerns related to guardianship for my clients.

Due to the nature of my client's injuries, which are typically the result of motor vehicle

- accidents, many suffer from PTSD as well as face 1 difficulties with obtaining transportation to sessions. 2 3 Therefore, this necessitates that most therapy sessions 4 are held at their residences. Many of these residences are in rural settings with few therapists in their 5 6 community. If you change the scope a practice for 7 counselors, including our ability to diagnose, you would 8 deprive my clients from having access to essential counseling services. 9
 - It is the State's responsibility to shepherd and protect the public. Taking the therapists of many clients is not productive, and there is currently a mental health crisis and a shortage of therapists.
- I'm not sure how much time I have, so -
 MS. DITSCHMAN: 30 seconds.

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- KIMBERLY MATEUS: Great. As a small business owner and the head of a single income family I would have no way of paying for basic necessities such as food and shelter, much less pay back my student loans to get my Master's degree in counseling.
 - I strongly urge you to wait, slow the process down so that the legislative system can work and HB4325 has time to pass. Thank you.
- 24 KATE SELLERS: My name is Kate Sellers,
 25 K-A-T-E, S-E-L-L-E-R-S. I am your patient. The only

reason I am alive and standing here as a productive member of society is because of the dedicated and consistent work of trained counselors like y'all. I am your daughter, I am your wife, I am your mother.

My parents, my husband and my son have been spared the pain of attending my funeral due to the compassion and availability of licensed professionals that have been able to diagnose and treat me. By working with multiple LPCs through the years I have discovered different types of psychotherapy and the combination that keeps me functional in my job and in my life. Through many group therapy sessions I have attended I have met over 500 people in this same situation. Without people like you, their counselors, they would be dead, in a hospital, homeless or jobless. Because of LPCs they are able to live, to work, to pay your taxes, to vote, and to get fulfillment out of life.

Since I had been admitted in the St. Lawrence psychiatric ward after a suicide side attempt in May of 2017 counselors have held my hand, sometimes literally. Along the path of recovery, from the initial diagnosis to awareness of available medication, to finding the combination of therapy techniques that work best for each and every individual patient it is education, training and professionalism of how these LPCs that have kept me

and hundreds of people like me above ground, out of the ER, and on the road to their best life.

LARA, I beseech you, do not put through the proposed changes. Please wait until HB4325 is approved. I ask this for myself, on behalf of all the other people that have benefited from the training of LPCs. And I am terrified of what may happen to me, my family, and my friends if the guidance of these counselors is taken away.

This is a life and death issue. If the proposal goes through LARA has issued a death sentence. Yes, it is that serious and it is that simple. LARA's arbitrary proposal is not more important than my life.

LAURIE ORLANDO: Good afternoon. I'm Laurie Orlando, L-A-U-R-I-E, O-R-L-A-N-D-O. I'm an attorney practicing in Michigan for 33 years. I am also a very proud LPC. I've been licensed in this state since, it's been a little over 14 years now. I'm also trained in supervision and I supervise many people. I have two private practices, one in Macomb County, one in Oakland County, so I'm representing both of those practices today, Treeside Psychological Clinic in Lake Orion and Orlando Counseling Services in Macomb.

I am at a loss to understand why LARA feels the need to push through on these proposed rules. The

regulatory impact statement that I have heard and based on all the testimony today is insufficient. There's not been enough consideration given to the impact that those rule changes would make. To say that LARA wants to clear things up that they've done wrong in the rules before just makes absolutely no sense.

We have an entire state, an entire industry where LPCs are embedded in our institutional settings, in all of our hospital and health care systems, in private practices. And every single one of those businesses will be detrimentally affected for no reason. To wipe out an entire profession does, yes, it hurts our clients most, but it also hurts us.

I drove up here today with my son, who just incurred \$50,000 in student loan debt to get his Master's in counseling, who now is licensed and just starting out in his career that's going to be wiped away. I also drove up here with another LLPC I supervised who just gave up her 25-year career somewhere else to go full-time into the practice of counseling. She's also fighting, suffering from, or recovering from breast cancer --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

LAURIE ORLANDO: -- and sitting outside. This is wrong, just wrong.

DEBRA LOVING: My name is Minister Debra,

D-E-B-R-A, Loving, L-O-V-I-N-G. I have owned a private practice for seven years, and during that time I employ 8 employees, 35 contractual clinicians comprising of social workers and LPCs and LLPCs. We are Joint Commission accredited. We are substance abuse certified. We work with children as young as three. Our eldest client is 91 years old.

We have accomplished many things. We see about 20 new clients per week coming through our door. We service over 300 people a week. That's just at the one agency. We had three agencies open up by year three, and all that was done by an LLPC or an LPC.

Today I am standing in awe, and everybody, all my brothers and sisters that are all here, all the social workers and psychologists. I have a team that's comprised of two psychiatrists and a psychologist. What we accomplished we have accomplished together.

There are a few that are opposing. There's always going to be somebody opposing. When you're trying to do something good something bad is not far behind.

But this is what I say today is I can't sit here and believe that everybody sitting inside LARA is these horrible and terrible people, so I'm speaking to the individuals that have the power to make change. I'm speaking to your character. You're going to have to go

against some adversaries and you're going to have to go against some people that would otherwise want something different.

But you have heard too many testimonies today to understand that if HB4325 does not go through you've heard the travesty. So, please, today I'm asking that any member of LARA make a conscious decision. And please don't forget everybody that everybody that is sitting in this room, is standing in this room, and will be standing in this room, you have already preapproved our license. You said it was okay to practice. And now that we're doing amazingly great things people are feeling a little vulnerable and a little worried. But it's going to take a whole village. The village needs to come back, it doesn't need to dissipate. So, I speak to your character today and speak to your reputation. Thank you for letting me speak.

ROLISIA SIEBERT: Hello. My name is Rolisia
Siebert, that's R-O-L-I-S-I-A, S-I-E-B-E-R-T. I'm an LPC
in private practice. I'm a supervisor and I'm a
qualified intellectual disability professional. My
clients need me, and that's who I'm speaking for today.

I started in field because I wanted to speak for the ones whose voices are hidden due to trauma or abuse. I'm here representing the children and adults who

struggle with abandonment and inconsistency. Yes, this
is my livelihood, but that's not why I'm here today. My
clients struggle with suicidal thoughts, self-harming
behaviors, anxiety, depression. They trust me with their
deepest and their darkest secrets.

- I followed the requirements. I completed my training. I was supervised for the required amount of time. I invested in myself because I wanted to be an investment for my clients. If I cannot practice in the scope that I have been doing for the last 15 years it will be detrimental to my clients and to the State of Michigan. It will impact our environment. It will impact our community.
 - LPCs are part of the team. We all know our parts. We know our scope. And we play the part. So, then they don't take that part. We work together. And before LARA makes a decision we're all playing our part.
 - Thank for our time today. I want to say thank you. I get up every single day ready to save the world one client at a time. Please do not take that from me. Thank you very much.
- 22 SCOTT BANGHART: My name is Scott Banghart,
 23 B-A-N-G-H-A-R-T. I'm a licensed school counselor, an
 24 LPC, and a national certified counselor.
- I am here today to speak on behalf of my

transgender son. After his attempted suicide my wife and
I had to wait nearly two months to find a therapist who

could treat him. He has developed a healthy relationship

with his counselor, who is an LPC. When he and I are

discussing last night the potential fallout of LARA's

decision he looked at me and his eyes were the look of

fear, saying dad, I'm not telling my story again.

So, as a father I'm asking you to please let House Bill 4325 run its course and allow my son to continue to see his therapist. Thank you.

CHRISTINE LYON: Thank you for sharing that.

My name is Christine Lyon, C-H-R-I-S-T-I-N-E, L-Y-O-N.

I'm an LPC. I'm nationally certified. I graduated with an MA. I have the credentials.

I scratched out my entire speech while I was sitting here because I've been sitting in the room with you guys, you guys, and it's led me to some insights and I'd like to share them. I get that you're frustrated by having to wait for State statute to be fixed, and I'd even go so far as to guess that you wish you weren't forced to be in this position. I believe that you feel that you need to do this. And as every counselor knows, accountability is important.

Our previous bill didn't make it through the State Senate. We didn't get it done. We didn't show up

like we're showing up now. But you guys got us moving and, as you may have noticed, we're mobilized. We will work tirelessly until this bill passes. We need you to believe in us.

Every counselor also knows that a first pass at an intervention can be a vital building block toward healthy and last change. The previous bill was that building block. Please notice the difference in the climate, in the advocacy, and the support for this bill. Please consider pausing, delaying your actions and letting State statute catch up to where we already are. Thank you.

MARCY SZNEWAJS: Hi. My name is Marcy Sznewajs, M-A-R-C-Y, last name is S-Z-N-E-W-A-J-S. I'm an LPC, a NCC, and a certified clinical trauma therapist.

And I'd like to address LARA's stance, kind of similar to what Christine was just saying, that they must move forward because we didn't take action on the last bill, and the last bill failed and they don't want to wait for this one. Well, it's my understanding that the prior similar bill failed because of late hour unnecessary and harmful changes that were made by the Senate. And that was in part caused by a disproportionate influence that was given by the people that aren't in our profession. And we weren't aware,

and, you know, that's on us. But now we are aware.

And I would like to please ask that LARA listen to the people who know our profession rather than the people who don't know our profession and don't know our board and don't know our ethics. We're here. We're ready to educate. And going from this point forward we are passionately advocating and educating both the Senate, the House and our governor about what it is that we do, our ethics, our credentials, our training.

We can get this done, but we need time. So, please give us the time we need. We're here. We're ready to advocate. We're ready to educate. We just need time. So, please stop, pull back, withdraw, give us the time that we need. Thank you so much.

JEANINE MADSEN: It's been a really long day.

And I have rewritten -- my name is Jeanine Madsen,

J-E-A-N-I-N-E, M-A-D, as in dog, S, as in Sam, E-N. I'm

an LPC, NCC, CAA, EC, EMDR trained therapist.

I'm giving my personal testimony as an LPC who will be directly impacted if LARA changes our implemented and, in fact, our scope of practice. By now you are aware of the disbelief and shock that licensed professional counselors are living. The idea that via a, quote, small change by LARA we could all lose our livelihoods is incredible. I understand the need of the

State to have consistent and clear standards, and that is filled at a Master's level. Psychologists, social workers and licensed professional counselors should all be able to practice what they've been educated and trained to do.

We all have a little different approach and we are all needed in the face of the growing opioid and mental health crisis that is currently present in Michigan. My clients will be greatly impacted if I am unable to see them. I work with vulnerable populations, people who have substance abuse problems, teenagers with self-harming behaviors, high suicidal anxiety.

My normal conversations with clients include talking extensively about self-harm, suicide, access to guns, casual drug use, shooting up, probation, physical and sexual abuse. Can you imagine discussing whether or not a client has access to means to take their own life? Now imagine if you or one of your loved ones is one my clients.

By holding off on changes to LPCs' scope of practice and waiting for HB4325 to go through the approval process you will ensure that thousands of licensed professional counselors can continue to do what we love, maintain access for the citizens of Michigan who need prompt and professional care for mental health, drug

and alcohol abuse, and other issues. Thank you. 1

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LAURA MAMMEN: Hi. My name is Laura Mammen, 2 3 L-A-U-R-A, M-A-M-M-E-N. I'd like to first start by 4 saying that it's been a privilege to be in this room the last few hours and listen to everybody and their moving 6 stories. It's been very moving to sit in this room and a 7 privilege to hear from all my colleagues and clients and 8 other professionals that are supporting us.

> I am a licensed professional counselor, a licensed marriage and family therapist, a nationally certified counselor, and approved clinical supervisor. am also chair of the Board of Marriage and Family Therapy, although today I'm not representing the board, I'm representing my interest as an LPC.

> I graduated from a CACREP accredited program that focused on techniques. I have been practicing for 18 years now, and am a clinical program manager at a nonprofit in Grand Rapids, Michigan. We primarily serve children and families, mostly the Medicaid population. We like to refer to it as mission-driven work because we all know that we require such a high level of education compared to the compensation that we get in our profession.

> I oversee six programs of different, serving different children and their needs, and in five of six of

those programs we employ counselors. And I am terrified of losing those counselors because they would be unable to practice. I speak with other nonprofits in Grand Rapids and we are all having great difficulty finding a therapist that we need to serve the clients in our community. There's not enough therapists in our community to meet all the mental health needs.

I am asking that LARA not move forward on putting the counseling techniques and diagnosis in the education section. We need that in our scope of practice. We need to identify a problem so that we can treat it. Thank you.

SARAH KOON: My name is Sarah Koon, S-A-R-A-H, K-O-O-N. I attend today with grave concern related to the proposed LARA rule change that will directly impact LPCs in the State of Michigan. I practice as an LPC in Kent County as a contractor for the local CMHC. And without a doubt, the children, family and adults I, as well as my colleagues, serve will be greatly impacted by this rule change. Ethically I will be abandoning my clients and morally I would be -- I can't read that word -- oh, restricted from participating for the greater good, which only puts the community in which I live and serve, only hurts the community in which I live and serve.

The rule proposed by LARA is contradicted by the over three decades of service LPCs have contributed to the mental health communities in Michigan. And what a shame it would be for Michigan to abandon not only 10,000 plus licensed professionals, but also leave 150,000 plus patients without proper care or concern. I urge LARA to slow down and allow for House Bill 4325 to pass. Thank you.

(Short recess had from 3:32 PM to 3:42 PM.)

LEA DICKSON: Hello. My name is Lea Dickenson, D-I-C-K-E-N-S-O-N. I am a student in the clinical mental health counseling program. I'm almost halfway through the program. Currently I understand that the language in the rules and how it's understood is being challenged/changed, that our profession is at stake of losing our ability to diagnose and to use the term psychotherapy. I find it slightly amusing that the class that I am taking this semester is diagnosis and conceptualization. So -- and here's the DSM-V to prove it.

So, in this class we are trained extensively on how to diagnose from a treatment plan, to conceptualize cases, give a presentation, and conduct an intake session. I'm actually working right now on a presentation with a classmate, so I find this very

baffling. Not to mention we will be thoroughly studying every section of the DSM-V, which is same tool used by other mental health professions.

If we are being trained in diagnosis it would make sense that we use it. Diagnosis class is required to be taken by any student in the clinical mental health counseling program, so why are you treating us like we aren't qualified?

Our American Counseling Association code of ethics also addresses diagnosis. It states that counselors take special care to provide proper diagnosis of mental disorders, techniques, including personal interviews used to determine client care, locus of treatment, type of treatment, recommended follow-up are or carefully used. If we are not allowed to diagnose then we're not able to ethically do the job we are trained to do.

LARA's rule change will put us in direct violation an of our code of ethics. If these changes are made they will have drastic effects on the hundreds of thousands of patients that seek care from counselors.

10,000 counselors will not be able to get insurance reimbursement if we are not allowed to diagnose, leaving us with no jobs and the need to move out of state. It is wrong to leave hundreds of thousands of people without

affordable care with suicide and the opioid crisis on the rise.

I plead that you rethink this change. And I also want to be able to counsel in the state in the future, if these changes happen I will be forced to move.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time as up.

HANNAH BONENFANT: Hello. My name is Hannah Bonenfant, spelled H-A-N-N-A-H, B, as in boy, O-N-E-N-F, as in Frank, A-N-T. I am a second year student in the clinical mental health counseling Master's program at Oakland University. I am speaking before you today to express my deep concerns about LARA's proposed rule changes regarding counselor's scope of practice.

The majority of our work as counselors involves diagnosis and treatment, or counseling techniques as LARA puts it. And if we aren't allowed to provide those services to our clients then we can't help them at all.

I understand that there is a substantial amount of confusion about whether counselors are trained in diagnosis and counseling techniques, but the truth is that at our program at Oakland University all clinical mental health counselors in that track are trained in diagnosis and case conceptualization. And all counselors, including school counselors, are trained in the same theories of psychotherapy techniques that all

other mental health counselors are trained in.

effect counselors in the State of Michigan would be in direct violation of the ACA code of ethics, E5, a proper diagnosis, which requires counselors to give each client a proper, carefully constructed diagnosis so that the counselor can provide proper treatment and services to that client. This would be akin to expecting a doctor to treat a patient without knowing what is wrong with them. It is an unethical, dangerous and impossible task to ask of any mental health professional.

This will leave over 150,000 people without mental health services mainly due to an inability to pay for their services of a psychologist or a psychiatrist, who both charge exponentially more for their services than counselors. Limiting mental health services to only those who are wealthy enough to pay for them is simply not a step in the right direction. Therefore, I urge LARA to rethink their rule changes. Thank you.

AMENA KHAN: Good afternoon. My name is Amena Khan, that's A-M-E-N-A, K-H-A-N. I'm currently a student in the Master's program for counseling at Oakland University. As a counselor in training and a resident of Michigan my concern regarding these proposed changes is linked not only to all the client but specifically the

immigrant community of the state.

I have a personal connection to this community as my immediate and extended family immigrated from Bangladesh in the early 1990s. Legal entry into the United States is a complex and extensive process. For this reason my relatives immigrated at different points in time. This disjointed travel with stressful, and those who arrived first had the additional pressure of being alone in a new country with an unfamiliar language. At that time the Bangladesh community was still growing and resources were limited.

If LPCs from diverse backgrounds had been available to this population of new immigrants they may have eased the transition into American life. The presence of LPCs in Michigan has been needed for decades and continues to be a necessary means to address the diverse mental health concerns of Michigan residents.

I was drawn to this profession due to the need of mental health professionals in my community as well as Michigan as a whole. The City of Hamtramck, which is my hometown, contains Yemen, Polish, Bangladeshi, Albanian, and Bosnian families, as well as a large Muslim population. It is important to note that a cultural and ethnic center, such as Hamtramck, demands culturally competent counselors who have the ability to diagnose and

1 treat as needed. How much time do I have left?

other options for mental health care.

MS. DITSCHMAN: 30 seconds.

AMENA KHAN: Another consequence of this

proposed change would be the inevitable loss of clients.

If clients cannot be diagnosed and treated at their

counselor's office they will reasonably look for other

professionals. However, many counselor serve clients

with insurance companies which may not be wildly

accepted. Leaving LPCs without the ability to diagnose

I strongly encourage LARA to wait for HB4325 to pass, as this bill would negate the need for any of the proposed rule changes to LPC practice. Thank you for your time and consideration.

and treat would likely result in clients who may not have

LORI GOLDEN: Hi. I'm Lori, L-O-R-I, Goldin, G-O-L-D-I-N. I'm an LLP and an LPC and I practice in a rural Community Mental Health Agency in northern Michigan.

Fifteen years ago I had something life-changing happen to me. I made the decision to leave my high-paying career in which I traveled around on a private jet as a personal assistant to a very wealthy family. I made the decision to go back to school. But I'm not here to talk to you about my education because

everybody in this room is educated. I'm not here to discuss my two hour and twenty minute round trip. I'm not here to discuss my student loan debt because everybody here in the room has that. I'm not here to discuss my financial concerns should I lose my job if LARA made these changes. I'm not here to discuss my highly trained and educational forte because everybody here in the room is highly educated and trained as an LPC.

But what I am here to discuss is I am trauma trained. I am the DBT consultation leader at my agency, and I am EMDR trained. But I'm also here to assist my clients. I have a caseload of 46 in my rural community that I practice in. And if LARA makes these changes who is going to take the calls of suicidal clients? Who's going to answer the phone when they're calling me because they have a knife in their hand and they want to cut or they have a knife in their hand and they want to slit their throat? Who is going to take the phone calls when they want to overdose? Who is going to take the phone calls when they want to put the gun in their hand and pull the trigger? Who?

It won't be me because you will have changed the rules and I'll be out of a job. So, I'd like your phone number because you're going to have to take the

- calls of my clients because all of the LPCs in my agency 1 and all the LPCs in our state will be out of a job. 2
- 3
- So, thank you for allowing me to speak and I 4 hope you reconsider. Thank you.

ISAAC WATTS: I am Isaac Watts, I-S-A-A-C, 6 W-A-T-T-S. I have been an LPC for 15 years. I am a 7 private practitioner doing community work with the adult

8 and children's legal system. I am a member of the

community critical response team. I'm the only 9

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10 African-American male Master's level clinician in the

11 Kent County Community Mental Health system.

psychologists, psychiatrists, MSWs, LPCs. I am it. 12

> With Kent county I work as a crisis intervention therapist treating persons who are suicidal and/or homicidal. In order to work with this population I had to prove to the CMH that I could, that I had a Master's degree in counseling, counseling psychology, social work or psychology, that I was certified, licensed to practice in the State of Michigan, that I was credentialed through the Michigan Certificate Board for Addictions Professionals, a thorough working knowledge of the practices and principles of psychological, emotional, sociological, assessment and diagnosis, thorough working

knowledge of professional ethics, standards and 25 practices, lived experience with mental illness, and the list goes on and on and on.

Leaving the Grand Rapids Theological Seminary I was told that you wouldn't have the credentials and you wouldn't have the education to be able to serve the community. And when I went into Network 180 I proved all those people wrong. I am able to assess and diagnose and create treatment plans to help the most severe of the people that we work with in our community.

And I would urge -- and I would urge LARA -- I would urge LARA to slow their roll and know that we are more than capable in our education. If I, from lowly --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.

ISAAC WATTS: -- Grand Rapids Theological

Seminary, is capable of doing this work I know the rest

of us are capable to do it as well.

CLARISSA SANTANA: Hello. My name is Clarissa Santana, C-L-A-R-I-S-S-A, S-A-N-T-A-N-A. I'm a counselor training at Wayne State University.

Prior to joining Wayne State's counseling

program I was an advocate for a nonprofit organization,

and one of the clients assigned to my case was a

16-year-old that was suicidal. This teenager attempted

so many times to take their life, and the only thing that

was holding them back was the four point restraints that

they were in. One day as I sat with them, brushing their

hair and talking to them they looked at me and said thank you for caring, but you know I'm going to do this and I'm going to be successful one day.

I went home knowing that I wasn't trained enough to help them, that I didn't know the skills, the techniques, any theories to apply to be able to help this client. So, I researched and carefully selected a program that was CACREP accredited, a program that is one that is training me to become the licensed practicing counselor that I aspire to be one day, one that is training me successfully to become confident in my skills and to be able to help clients these.

I didn't do this for the money. I didn't do this to get a title. I did this because I'm passionate for mental health. I care about clients. And I hope that one day I will be able to see what happened to that client and to work with others just like them. I ask that you support us so we can support our community. Thank you.

DEQUINDRE JERNIGAN: Good afternoon. My name is Dequindre D-E-Q-U-I-N-D-R-E, J-E-R-N-I-G-A-N. And in 2015 I began my journey to pursue a career as a licensed professional counselor. The journey wasn't an easy one, but I accepted the call to be challenged as a student at Wayne State University. Now I'm at the finish line,

currently completing my requirements for internship.

not only terrifies me, but breaks my heart that thousands, if not more, people will be without adequate mental health care. For me this is not just about not having a career that I worked for four plus years after I graduated, this is about the future of mental health for my community, the State of Michigan, and for my two future children, which is why I wear these two ribbons on my chest today.

Don't take away the ability of LPCs to diagnose patients and bill insurance companies. In doing so you not only affect people currently in need of mental health professionals but the generation of individuals yet to come.

So, in closing, I just have one question. For House Bill 4325 doesn't pass who's going to pay these student loans?

CAITLIN FLEMING: Hello. My name is Caitlyn Fleming, C-A-I-T-L-I-N, F-L-E-M-I-N-G. I'm a Master's student at Wayne State University as well, in my last semester, graduating, hopefully, in December.

My very first experience with mental health in general was Court ordered counseling at the age of seven for the effects that emotional and physical abuse had on

my family, as well as addiction. I have seen many mental health professionals over the course of my lifetime, even through a suicide attempt at the age of 16.

Eventually I met a counselor, an LPC specifically, who was able to help me as if nobody else had, who demystified the process of therapy, who gave me the skills and techniques in order to completely change my self-esteem. As a child I was told that I was a burden to everyone caring for me. It took me years to gain the confidence you see before you today. I'm a product of successful therapy of LPCs who diagnosed me with major depressive disorder. I have the confidence to call a public forum and invite House Representatives, which two of them came, this week to show their support for House Bill 4325.

I'm dedicated to helping people in Detroit and their mental health. I've heard that our response is a little late. A little late is better than never. I also wonder why we continue to struggle with climate change, why there still is not clean water in Flint. There are many things that we know are unjust, and yet, we have not taken the action that we need to.

It's true that our profession has not united before like we have today, but again, better late than never. And just because these changes are not coming in

November does not mean that urgency is not needed. Also, there's been 40 years of precedent where diagnosis has been a part of our scope of practice, and precedent is formally recognized in the rule of court.

Thank you very much. I ask that you please do not pass these changes. They are detrimental to clients, to mental health professionals, and everyone involved.

Please support House Bill 4325. Thank you.

ERIKA MAGERS: My name is Erika Magers. It's spelled E-R-I-K-A, M-A-G-E-R-S. I'm a licensed professional counselor in addition to being a Board certified art therapist. I am primarily an art therapist and also licensed as a counselor because that's how we're able to practice in Michigan. I have two degrees, over a hundred credit hours in graduate studies. Everything I had to do for counseling I also had to do the art therapy version, so I have double the education in diagnosis and counseling and therapy treatments.

Since I became licensed I've continuously worked with underserved and high risk populations. I've worked as a therapist for adjudicated youth, for teens, and for years doing in-home therapy for children with a serious emotional disturbance diagnosis. I have worked in private practice treating anxiety, depression and PTSD.

Currently I work for a Tribal Behavioral Health Department. I am the only provider that does trauma I serve in a six-county area. It is essential that I'm able to continue to practice because there will be no one else there to do my job. We currently are down a number of clinicians in our department because there is such a shortage of therapists in northern Michigan that there are people without services.

LPCs are essential for keeping people from committing suicide, preventing additional deaths from the opioid crisis. I'm particularly concerned about my clients and other people of color who will be disproportionately affected by these rules because counselors do serve the underserved population.

So, I just want to encourage LARA to hold off with the rule changes and be mindful of how this will affect the Native American community and other people of color.

GREGORY HAYES: My name is Gregory,

G-R-E-G-O-R-Y, Hayes, H-A-Y-E-S. I am a licensed

professional counselor. I received my education from

Western Michigan University, a CACREP program, which

means that I am educated in diagnosing.

I'd like to take you back to a very warm

July 20th, 1969. My neighborhood was crowded around a TV

set and we were watching men walk on the moon. And why were we doing this? Because my father was one of the lead engineers that designed the guidance system that got us to the moon and back. And everybody congratulated him on the work that he did. And he said you know what, it's about the people that we serve. And that's what counseling is about. It's about the people that we serve. Don't rob us of that opportunity to serve.

Now I'll move forward to 2012, December. I graduate with my Master's. And my father said to me remember, it's about the people that we serve.

MR. MacINTOSH: Just another reminder. We're at the top of the hour, 4:00 o'clock. Again, the hearing closes at 5:00. So, we have a couple more rows to go. So, if you don't feel like you're going to get a chance to speak you should certainly get your comments in via e-mail or you can write them on your comment card. We can set them up here right on the stage. So we're coming on 4:00 o'clock, one hour.

DAWN WISEMAN: My name is Dawn Wiseman,
D-A-W-N, W-I-S-E-M-A-N. And this is a very emotional subject for me, so please bear with me. I'm here to represent adoptive parents and foster parents and children out of the foster program.

25 And I would like to recognize my 12-year-old

daughter who left the house with me at 6:30 today and has the stamina to survive with all of us adults. She wanted to come today because she thought, when she heard I was coming, that it was important to hear, to be here and be present. So, I am so proud of her for that.

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It is very hard to find services for our children that we adopt through the foster program. an educated adult adopting children, and I am struggling to find the services for my children. What I ask of LARA today is I understand -- I'm a very literal person, and I understand lining things up so they make sense and they're across the board, but what I would like you to do is look outside of the norm and join us in giving us the support to our government elected officials to pass this legislation that we so desperately need so that we are aligned and we have the literal same verbiage. would be the way to send our energy in the way that would best serve the laws and the people of our community so that we continue to be served, we continue to be able to work, and we continue to love and have long effective lives for our children. Thank you.

RONALD FLEMING: My first name is Ronald, my last name is Fleming, F-L-E-M-I-N-G. I am an African-American clinician. I'm going to say it one more time. I am an African-American male clinician. There

are not a lot of me. Okay? And you're going to take what is LPCs African-American male and sideline this.

Okay? African-Americans are not in the system to help make decisions like they should be.

And so, when we start hollering words like institutional racism that's what these kinds of things that are coming up now that we're talking about today, we would include that in institutional racism because you're going to take 10,000 people and remove them from the system and the people that need them the most will not have access.

And there is a theory that's being tossed around in the African-American community about trauma, and they're stating that 80 percent of us are traumatized from the Jim Crow era back. Okay? And so, in order for that trauma to be evaded you're going to need people like us, especially people like me and the African-American clinicians that are in this room. Amen. All right.

KRISTEN DeLANGE: Hello. My name is Kristen

DeLange, K-R-I-S-T-E-N, D-E, capital L-A-N-G-E. I have a

Master's of Science in mental health counseling. I'm a

licensed professional counselor, a national certified

counselor, a certified advanced alcohol and drug

counselor. I've been a counselor for almost 11 years,

and before that I did several years of crisis work using

my Bachelor's degree, a double major in psychology and
Spanish.

Thank you for taking the time to listen to my testimony. I am really so grateful for everyone who came to support us and our opposition of LARA's proposed changes for counselors. This is changing our profession identify. And I don't want to repeat all the coursework that we have taken to give us the ability to diagnose and utilize counseling techniques to service our clients and our communities.

One thing I have not heard in the hours that
I've sat here is since I speak Spanish I serve and work
with the Latino-Hispanic population, and they're a
grossly underserved population despite their enormous
presence in our state. And last night I was taking
pictures off my phone and I got an error message on a
computer that read catastrophic failure. And that is how
I see these proposed changes for our system, a
catastrophic failure, because our system cannot support
the amputation of 30 percent of our helping
professionals.

We need to be on the ground to help. Help us work together. Work with us. We want to continue to do our jobs and do it to the best of our ability to serve our communities because it affects not only us, not only

- our clients, but their families, their communities, their
- 2 schools, their employers, and the criminal justice
- 3 system, and beyond. Help us to make Michigan better and
- 4 be part of the solution. Thank you very much.
- 5 RUTH SPALDING: Hi. I have a time here. Help
- 6 me out. My name is Ruth Spalding, R-U-T-H,
- 7 S-P-A-L-D-I-N-G. I'm a licensed Master of social work
- 8 and a certified advanced alcohol and drug counselor. I
- 9 work in private practice that serves LBGTQ plus other
- 10 folks. We have a waiting list that's much longer than
- 11 three months, so the three-month figure has been put in a
- 12 lot.
- 13 But I'm here as a colleague. And LPCs have
- been operating in our system for three decades. They're
- fully integrated into every aspect and layer of mental
- health and infrastructure. I rely on my colleagues for
- 17 consultation, for support, for clinical coverage.
- I know folks have talked about wait times for
- 19 clients, about abandonment, about suicide rates, the
- 20 opioid epidemic, but imagine forcing all of that on the
- 21 remaining providers who cannot possibly absorb clients.
- 22 Imagine not being able to find any clinical coverage or
- being able to get any time off. Imagine the amount of
- 24 burnout that would increase. There's already burnout.
- 25 Let's get real about that. But the burnout, it's just

not sustainable. Imagine the loss of depth and breadth
of knowledge from colleagues that would no longer be able
to give input on diagnosis or therapeutic techniques.

I've been blown away, by the way, for everyone sharing their stories. All of that would be lost. So, please delay and allow passage of House Bill 4325. Thank you.

TAMARA EPSON: Good afternoon and thank you.

Excuse me. I'm very nervous. My name is Tamara

Epson(sp). I've been a fully licensed LPC for 12 years.

I was licensed in Georgia. I attended Georgia Southern

University and earned a Master of Science in clinical

psychology. I took courses in neuropsychology,

psychopathology, personality assessment, intellectual

assessment, developmental psychology, and psychotherapy

skills. These were the titles of my courses. That, in

itself, indicates that I am qualified to do what I do,

just as all of the people that have spoke before me have.

I moved back to Michigan with my family about six years ago and I transferred my license from Georgia to Michigan, and you told me that it was okay. I've been doing this for six years. I've been an LPC. I've been a supervisor.

Currently I'm working in private practice.

Half of us are LPCs. Our practice will fall apart if we

cannot continue doing what we are doing. This practice is at risk of going out of business, and we have currently a two to three-week waiting list. Psychiatry in Calhoun County where I work has a three to four-month waiting list. Other offices that do not accept Medicaid, Medicare clients as we do, do not have the capability to support what we do, to pick up our slack if we cannot continue what we are doing.

We are not seeking to expand our scope of practice. We are seeking to maintain the standard of care that we have all been trained and overly qualified to do for over 30 years. Please support HB4325. Thank you.

FREDERICK HOGAN, II: My name is Frederick Hogan. F-R-E-D-E-R-I-C-K, H-O-G-A-N, II. I am here on behalf of 43 people on my caseload to give them a voice since they're not even aware of what's going on in this state. And if pausing or slowing down isn't an issue I would just ask LARA to simply desist in harming the residents of this state. Thank you.

ANTHONY SOLITRO: Anthony Solitro,

A-N-T-H-O-N-Y, S-O-L-I-T-R-O. The opportunity to speak,
thank you. The opportunity to have a voice, to be
listened to, that's what we do. Right? That's what
we're all about. Right? For Michiganders, for the

1 people of our state. The power to listen.

As a licensed professional counselor using knowledge and education, skills and training, Diagnostic and Statistical Manual, of course, trauma training, I'm daily struck by the opportunity and the continued need for what we do. I've heard numbers, numbers this week, like 150,000 human lives, clients, would be affected in mental health crisis if this tragic ruling goes through.

The debate over what I've now determined comes down to the nomenclature, the title of our license mode of practice, not our education or skill set. And selfishly, I was driven to think of my own clients, the people I've come to know, to see grow, to be healed, to achieve lasting progress and freedom from the effects of trauma through my and my colleagues' skill and empirically-based techniques.

And most importantly, for those whose journey is far from over, and imagine telling them that in the midst of their crisis, in the midst of an era of epidemics like the opioid crisis and teen suicide epidemic. And the courage of such victims to speak out, that their skilled mental health clinician must turn them away because they simply chose the wrong mental health professional to go to.

I heard this presiding body, and our decency

and our objectivity, please, if not for the thought of
us, let your conscious rule be on behalf of the client,
on behalf of the people, on behalf of Michigan. Thank
you.

URSULA BROWN: Hello. My name is Ursula Brown. I am an LPC in Detroit, Michigan, and I am in private practice, so this will directly affect me. My whole business will be gone, and the 70 people that I serve will be without a therapist.

I'm also unique. I'm a woman of color, and there's not that many of us. Nationally African-Americans are 20 percent more likely to be diagnosed with mental health issues. And the biggest barrier is because they don't find people who look like them. It is a cultural barrier. The majority of my clients are women of color like me, and that's why they came to me, because they felt comfortable that I would understand what they were going through. I want to be able to continue my work.

I went to a CACREP accredited college. I did everything in good faith. And now you're telling me that it's not good enough. What more do I have to do? I'm looking at this impact statement, and all the things, you're actually increasing the requirements of what we have to do in order for us to prove that we are able to

- basically do clinical work. And yet, and still, you're
 taking away diagnosis. That doesn't make sense.
- I would like for you guys to really look at

 what you're doing. Look at how this is going to affect

 the people. And please look at what you're actually

 asking of us, because if you want us to do more then you

 also need to do more as well.
- Just allow us to do the job that we have been asked to do, that we've did, that we did in good faith.

 We did everything that was asked of us. I don't want to leave the women of color without another woman of color to basically serve them.
 - MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time's up.

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NASREEN PAYTAS: Hi. My name is Nasreen

Paytas, N-A-S-R-E-E-N, P-A-Y-T-A-S. I'm an LPC from

Midland, Michigan with Stillwater Professional

Counseling. We're all LPCs. I love what we do, as we all do. But it's not about me.

You know, we all submitted paperwork to LARA to get licensed and there was never an issue. In our disclosure statement we kind of have to say what we do, how we do it, and if there's any problems where to send a complaint to. And LARA, with that disclosure statement, issued our license. Beyond that it's almost like a bait and switch. You go through the education, you go through

- everything that is required, you submit the paperwork,
- 2 and then sorry. I understand.

for our clients.

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- I was in child welfare program manager for

 foster care licensing. I understand the legislative

 rules and statutes. There's the precedent that we have

 diagnosed. We have done treatment plans. We do

 interventions. We are good at what we do. But how can't

 LARA bring the precedent and work with the legislature to

 make this right, not just for us. I mean, yeah, it's our

 livelihood, it's our vocation, but also, mostly, greatly
 - That yes, there's the hardest, the most worst cases, but there's also people just like you and I who just need a little bit of help for a little bit of time.

 And we do that for them, too.
- MS. DITSCHMAN: Time's up.
- 17 NASREEN PAYTAS: Thank you.
- MOLLY SOWELS: Good afternoon. Thank you for
 having us all here. My name is Molly Sowels. I am an

 MMA, LPC, licensed in the State of Michigan. I'm also
 licensed as a trauma focus cognitive behavior therapist,
 also certified by the State of Michigan to do this
 therapy with children who have been traumatized ages 7 to
 18.
- So, two minutes is what we're allowed to talk,

1 120 seconds, the time allotted for me to speak today. By
2 the time I'm done speaking in that two minutes research
3 tells us that three people will have suicided. Current
4 statistics show that every 40 seconds someone suicides.
5 It is also a fact that suicide is the second cause of
6 death for our young people age 15 to 24 in the State of
7 Michigan.

Recent research from America's health rankings, the annual report in 2018, tells us, quote, suicide may be prevented through strategies that empower individuals, families, and communities, including, number one, improving clinical and community preventative services; number two, enhancing treatment and support services.

And I question today what the hell's going on when we're actually decreasing. The proposed changes that LARA's making are actually, they will decrease preventative services, including all of the LPCs.

You've heard the numbers, 10,000, 150,000 people affected. And we will be doing the opposite, we will not be enhancing treatment and support services.

And I would speak to -- I don't care at all to talk about myself or my education, my profession. I can find something else to say. But all of the people that would be affected, it's tragedy. It's tragedy that's going to happen.

1 HANNAH FADIL: My name is Hannah Fadil,

2 H-A-N-N-A-H, F-A-D-I-L. And I'm currently a graduate

3 level mental health counseling student at Grace College.

4 And after I graduate I plan to pursue licensure as a

group counseling.

5 licensed professional counselor in the State of Michigan.

First off, I'd like to extend my greetings and gratitude to LARA for allowing myself and others to testify on behalf of LPCs and LPC students as myself.

The program I am currently attending is a CACREP accredited program, meaning that in order to graduate from the program I am required to be proficient in identifying mental health disorders as identified by the DSM, creating treatment plans, and using psychotherapy to treat those disorders. I must also be able to provide

These required proficiencies for all counselors, regardless of specialization, are stated clearly in the CACREP standards, which I provided for you. I have also taken the liberty of underlining where in the CACREP standards it is written that all CACREP approved counseling programs, whether Master's level or doctoral level, and regardless of specialization, are required to teach their students how to properly diagnose and treat mental health disorders, as well as use proper assessments and psychotherapy techniques when treating

- 1 clients. This means career counselors can diagnose.
- 2 The information that I have mentioned can be
- found in the CACREP standards on Pages 10 to 14. The
- 4 original document can be found on the CACREP website
- 5 under resources.
- 6 My question to you, if CACREP and LARA, in the
- 7 education section of the rules, as a counseling student
- 8 to learn how to properly diagnose mental health
- 9 disorders, is required, and as well as learning to use
- 10 the prior psychotherapy techniques, if all that's
- 11 required why are you limiting my ability as a counselor
- 12 to practice what I've learned and am qualified to do,
- then what is the point of my education? Is not the point
- of education to impact the world?
- 15 I will be fully educated and qualified to
- 16 assess and diagnose mental health disorders. I will be
- 17 fully educated and qualified to treat clients who are
- 18 suicidal, fighting addiction, struggling with PTSD,
- 19 suffering from anxiety, et cetera, et cetera.
- MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.
- 21 HANNAH FADIL: Thank you so much.
- 22 KERRIE CLARK: My name is Kerrie Clark. I'm a
- 23 licensed professional counselor with a private practice
- in Grand Rapids. I currently have 60 clients.
- 25 93 percent of my clients use insurance. I see people of

all ages for a lot of issues, but I specialize in working with people with trauma, especially children and transgender individuals, people that are underserved and the most vulnerable.

Cutting my clients off from services would not only be a difficulty for many of them but could also be dangerous, as has been discussed because many of them will become suicidal when one of the only people that they trust in their life abandons them. As proof of this, of how some people don't have the support network that they need, I have a message from a client of mine earlier this week that said thank you for being more than all I have some days.

Everyone has been very selfless in their clients today. I'm going to be a little selfish for a second. Because losing the ability to charge insurance would be personally devastating as well. I've been in private practice for over six years. I'm very proud of the business that I have created. I am proud that I got my Master's degree. I had all the right training. I did what I was supposed to do. And now through no fault of my own I could lose everything I worked for.

I just moved into a new building with three other LPCs. We signed a seven-year lease with a 30,000-dollar build-out, amortizing that lease. So, not

only would I have to close my shop, but I would have no
way to pay a bill that I would still be charged with. I

am also the main breadwinner for my family of three. I

have a four-year-old son. We lead a modest but

comfortable life. If this goes through we will be

completely dependent on the State and would probably lose

our home and have to move in my with my mother at age 36.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Time's up.

KERRIE CLARK: So, please pause on these changes. Thank you.

BRYAN FUNK: Good afternoon. Thank you for your time and opportunity. My name is Bryan Funk, B-R-Y-A-N, F-U-N-K like the music. I am an MA licensed professional counselor and have been in Michigan for 15 years. And I'm a licensed mental health counselor in the State of Indiana, which I have been for the last 20 years.

I am highly educated. I have a Master's degree in applied behavioral science, a Master's degree in counseling, a dissertation short of a Ph.D. in counseling education supervision. I've worked for 26 years in the field of juvenile justice and child abuse and neglect. I'm currently in my position for the last 18 years, providing therapy to juveniles who have sexually offended, in addition to being abused and hurt and

1 traumatized and locked in bird cages in their lives.

In that years of experience there is very few in Michigan who treat juveniles who have sexually offended. It's not a population most people raise their hand and go yup, that's the one I want to work with. It seems very difficult, and it is every day.

I have three therapists I supervise in my practice and office. Two of them are also LPCs in addition to that. So, our entire facility pretty much would be shut down and no treatment. These young men will have to go somewhere, likely back to the community, again, not served by LPCs, which literally places the community at risk. Thank you very much.

LAURA MAES: My name is Laura Maes, L-A-U-R-A, M-A-E-S. And I'm a licensed professional counselor and a nationally certified counselor. I've been in the mental health field since 2008. During this time my job as a home-based counselor also allowed me to spend so much time advocating for my clients in court that I was deemed an expert witness by the Courts in my county due to my ability to diagnose and counsel.

I'm able to use the trauma focus cognitive behavioral therapy modifier as I've been recognized by the State of Michigan as having completed my training in TFCBT. I've also completed training to supervise limited

licensed professional counselors. I've previously been an outpatient therapist for six years. In January of 2019 went into private practice.

Before I knew what was going on with this I bought a building because I'm expanding rapidly, that I needed more space and was planning on hiring more staff to help with the waitlist we currently have in Jackson County of people needing mental health services. I currently have a caseload of approximately 50 people and have added an extra day to my practice to see clients.

I believe that the number of 100,000 clients being affected is low, as I'm not sure how many of the 10,000 LPCs only have 10 people on their caseload. The repercussions of losing 10,000 clinicians is astronomical to me, along with being neglect. I should also ad that our local CMH is made up of 56 percent of LPCs of their clinical staff.

If we lose our ability to diagnose and practice within our current scope this would mean that we no longer be able to do what we have been doing and we would have to cease seeing our clients or face the possibility of being sued by the department. It we stop seeing our clients we could be accused of abandonment. We are in a terrible situation in either of those scenarios.

I could not only lose my business but my home

due to the loan I've taken out to get the building, on
top of having to pay back student loans for a degree that
I will not be able to use. I'm sure that I'm not the
only one that is in this type of situation, as one of my
colleagues has recently bought a house.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time's up.

7 LAURA MAES: Thank for your opportunity to 8 speak.

MESHIA SCHULTZ: Thank you for giving me an opportunity to talk. My name is Meshia Schultz,

M-E-S-H-I-A, S-C-H-U-L-T-Z. I'm an LPC. I also have my NCC. I actually practice right here right in Old Town right down the road. So, this place I frequent.

I just wanted today say a couple things. I feel like a lot of things have already been said. I have 80 clients on my caseload. I have a private practice. I see an average of 35 clients per week. 60 percent of my caseload are children. And that increases -- I mean ever every time an adult leaves my caseload a child comes on my caseload. Like many of us, I work five to six days a week. I work late nights. The children that I see I can't just terminate. They are Court-appointed to me. A Judge signs a piece of paper, sends them to me. They are required to see me. They can't just get a new counselor.

And I am so worried about what's going to

- 1 happen to them. They're experiencing abuse and divorce
- and neglect. These are the kids that break my heart.
- But we celebrate every single day. And I get messages
- 4 and they do well in school and they finish full days at
- 5 school.
- 6 I just want LARA to just step back and pause,
- 7 but really reflect on we all have the education here. We
- 8 all have great educations. I graduated from MSU, dual
- 9 specialization in community counseling and school
- 10 counseling. We have the skills. We just want to keep
- doing what we're doing. Thank you.
- 12 MELISSA SATTI: Good evening. My name is
- 13 Melissa Satti, M-E-L-I-S-S-A, S-A-T-T-I. I thank LARA
- for allowing me to speak today. I'm a licensed
- 15 professional counselor, certified clinical trauma
- therapist, and EMDR therapist, as well as a trained
- 17 clinical supervisor and small business owner. I
- graduated from Eastern Michigan University.
- 19 I speak to you today in reference to the small
- 20 business section, specifically Items 19 and, 24 which
- both indicate no harm to small businesses. And that the
- 22 proposed rule changes are for individuals, not
- 23 businesses. To clarify, our license is our business. My
- license has offered me the ability to build a fairly
- 25 large group practice in Ann Arbor, Michigan. You can't

throw a rock in Ann Arbor without hitting a therapist.

We're actually, we have more clinical

3 therapists per capita than any other county in Michigan.

4 But despite that, my practice, which employs 24 staff

members, 20 of which are clinicians, are full. And we

6 are constantly getting referrals from outside agencies.

7 We see 825 active patients right now, 75 of which are

8 women and children. But the economic impact that this

9 could potentially have impacts businesses like mine,

10 which would not be able to survive without 60 percent of

11 the clinical staff that I employ since they are

12 counselors.

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It won't just impact them, it will impact the social workers, administrative staff, the medical biller, psychiatric nurse practitioner, and medical assistant that work for me as well. We have mortgages to pay. We have rents that we lease out. We have bills to pay, educations to fund for our children. It will impact our livelihood.

I urge you not to pass any changes to the LPC licensure as what you are doing is actually limiting our scope of practice which we've been doing for 30 years --

MS. DITSCHMAN: Time is up.

MELISSA SATTI: -- and allow HB4325 to pass.

25 Thank you.

MELANIE POPIOLEK: My name is Melanie Popiolek,

M-E-L-A-N-I-E, P-O-P-I-O-L-E-K. I'm an LPC, a NNC, a

Ph.D. candidate writing my dissertation, an adjunct

instructor at Oakland University teaching in person

addictions, and a supervisor. I also work at Grace

Counseling in Chesterfield. My whole life is counseling.

I had the great honor of serving my profession as past president of the Michigan Counseling Association and as a past chair of the midwest region of the American Counseling Association. My whole life is counseling.

As a dedicated practitioner who works primarily through the lens of feminist theory I am here to talk to you specifically today about the disparate impact the rule changes would have on Michigan women, specifically women business owners.

ACA reports that 74 percent of their members are women. Think about that as a snapshot of our profession. It indicates clearly that our field is comprised largely of women. The success of women is important. When women do better their families and communities do better. Multiple studies show the intergenerational impact of class, mobility and families. This means that the proposed changes that LARA's considering today will have an impact for generations. This is why LARA needs to consider everything they're

hearing today very carefully. A large number of our current and future citizens of our state depend on it.

Personally eliminating my ability to practice will bankrupt my family. My husband needs a kidney transplant. My son has a condition called PKU that requires medications that cost \$7,500 a month paid for by insurance that I won't be able to afford if I can't work.

I'd also like to address something I recently heard in the news I believe through NPR. I don't have the quote, but it read something like a LARA representative said that these rule changes have been proposed for years, but LPCs hadn't responded adequately, so it's too late now, it's our fault, we shouldn't be complaining. I'd like to say there's a difference between making information available and making it accessible. A lot of us didn't know about this until recently.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time's up.

MELANIE POPIOLEK: So, I would say that indicates that maybe LARA needs a little more transparency.

HEATHER O'FARRELL: Hi. My name is Heather O'Farrell, O, apostrophe, F-A-R-E-L-L. I'm currently in my Master's program at Central Michigan University where I'm doing my internship. I think it goes without

saying the amount of training that I've had to get to get to this point where I'm able to see clients, diagnosis, counseling techniques, everything that's already been stated.

I can't tell you how many nights I have missed putting my four-year-old son to bed because I've had a crisis call with a client at the women's center that I work at where they have suffered domestic violence or sexual assault and had to be for with them and miss out on my own child. I can only imagine what other LLPCs or LPCs have had to sacrifice to be there for the client and to be the voice that they need.

I just wanted to say that these proposed rule changes would be a slap in the face not only to the hard work that I have put in so far as a student, but to all the hard work that is put in by other LPCs and LLPCs, and also to the clients who depend on us for services and to be the voice for them. Healing is not linear and I feel that neither should our rules. Thank you.

ALYSSA MONTAGUE: Hello. My name is Alyssa

Montague, A-L-Y-S-S-A, M-O-N-T-A-G-U-E. And I am a

licensed professional counselor and a certified advanced

alcohol and drug counselor. I graduated from Spring

Arbor University in 2012, where I was fully trained in

diagnostics and counseling techniques. I'm the first

person in my family to have a Master's degree. I am the primary provider for my family, and I have two small children.

I am here to support HB4325 with no amendments and ask that LARA make no changes at this time to our rules because doing so LARA will be changing our scope of practice. The change will impact LPCs personally and professionally. It will be devastating to our clients.

LARA will cause unnecessary harm to our clients.

I have been working in the front lines of our current drug crisis. I have worked as the primary clinician in an adult community corrections program that focused on opiate addiction, and was one of the first of its kind in the state, and in multiple juvenile residential centers across the state.

I currently provide substance use treatment through the Michigan Department of Corrections and work as an outpatient clinician for a nonprofit substance use center where I provide services primarily through Medicaid and Midstate Health Network.

According to NIDA, in 2017 there were 2,033 overdose deaths involving opiates in Michigan. That's over 263 deaths per day. That is roughly 11 people per hour since we started today. Consider what these numbers will be if we remove a third of our mental health

- 1 practitioners.
- 2 I recently received a card from a
- 3 seven-year-old daughter of one of my clients saying thank
- 4 you for giving me my mother back. Her mother was a
- 5 long-term IV opiate user and she recently lost her father
- 6 to an opiate overdose.
- 7 This is more than a profession. This is not a
- job. This is passion. This is love. We love what we
- 9 do. People need us. LPCs are -- like --
- 10 MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time is up.
- 11 ALYSSA MONTAGUE: -- we are irreplaceable and
- we save lives. We're not going anywhere.
- 13 RENISHA SIMPKINS: Greetings. I am Renisha
- 14 Simpkins, R-E-N-I-S-H-A, Simpkins, S-I-M-P-K-I-N-S.
- 15 Eighteen years experience in mental health. Female
- 16 African-American minority. I own practice in Clinton
- 17 Township, Michigan called Out of Mind Counseling Center.
- 18 I earned my education from a CACREP accredited
- 19 university, as some other people here. And I'm duly
- 20 licensed in the States of Arizona and Michigan.
- Listen. Any mental health provider, whether
- they're a psychologist, psychiatrist, LPCs, MSWs, know a
- few things about our ethical code, which you've heard
- today, which is do no harm. Okay? If you was to change,
- 25 LARA was to change the actual way it's written right now,

it's a semantic thing to me. What I mean by semantic is literally about just simple language in it, accurate, initial inaccurate interpretation of a view of what LPCs'

scope of practice is and the education that we have.

If a rule of LARA is changed now before legislation approved House Bill 4325, before that to take effect, you got over, all you heard today, over 160,000 people will be impacted. As a matter of fact, the truth is I think we need more LPCs. Okay? We need to update that record. We need unity now, not division, with all mental health providers.

And now even more with LARA, I ask you, LARA, the State, we pay every year, we get bills when it's time to pay. Have our back in this. We need more people on the front line because Michigan is in a crisis of mental health providers. And the truth is these LPCs today are educated, qualified, know how to diagnose, and we're on the ground doing the work. So, we just ask for your support. Support HB4325. And thank you for you time today.

- 21 HAROLD SEARCY: My name Harold Searcy. I am
 22 not an LPC.
- COURT REPORTER: Excuse me. Can you spell your last name?
- 25 HAROLD SEARCY: S-E-A-R-C-Y. I'm aware of

something that I heard no one else mentioned. First of all, with the amount of power that lawmakers possess comes immeasurable responsibility. But the truth is, whether you are merely a layman such as myself or a legislator in the position of great power, you, like me, are either good or evil, for the people or against the people, you care or you don't care. Unfortunately, if you choose not to care then you made the choice to be a mass murderer because hundreds of people who would die, commit suicide, kill, scenarios that are preventable when they have LPC counselors leading them back in the right direction.

I can't say that someone in the top 1 percent slipped you a check to make the decision to aide in the genocide of the mentally ill, but that's what your decision will amount to. It's amazing to me that some humans are more sympathetic to animals than their fellow man. If you, for whatever reason, decide to not empathize with the LPCs community because of your personal payola or whatever was more important to you, or your bottom line, good luck trying to sleep at night because you choose to still kill and destroy just like Adolf Hitler. That's exactly what you'll be doing. Thank you.

HEATHER LAFOLLETTE: Good evening. My name is

1 Heather Lafollette. Last name is spelled

2 L-A-F-O-L-L-E-T-T-E. I am an LPC, and I've been working

in the field for the past 11 years. I graduated from

4 Oakland University in 2008, which is a CACREP accredited

5 program. I have primarily been working in a Community

6 Mental Health agency. I provide training to new

7 therapists, to interns, and I provide services for our

8 clients. I've worked both as a supervisor as well as a

9 therapist. I've also done contractual work, and I've

also just recently in the last five months opened my own

11 private practice.

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These rules that are proposed that would change our scope of practice are going to affect everything, everything that I do, everything that all LPCs do. And yeah, it's about us, but it's more importantly about the clients, and I think that's what the focus is, is that all of the clients, 150,000 or more, are going to be affected by these changes in taking away our ability to provide the services that we do. This is why we need HB4325 to pass and we need it to go through before these rules. Thank you.

DONNA WIDMAN: Hello. Thank you so much for the opportunity to speak with you. My name is Donna Widman, and that's D-O-N-N-A, last name W-I-D-M-A-N. And I am a licensed professional counselor and nationally

certified counselor. I've been in private practice for 11 years and recently opened my own private practice, small business, in May of this year. Currently I serve about 45 clients myself. So, I think that number of 150,000 affected is grossly underrated. I think there's going to be a lot more.

Approximately 90 percent of my clients can only afford counseling by using their medical insurance. I serve clients from lower socioeconomic backgrounds, first generation immigrants who put their trust in us as mental health professionals, to see them in crisis, suicide prevention, grief, chronic mental illness, anxiety, depression, and more. If the proposed rules changes from LARA are to occur these clients would suddenly be left to seek out mental health services in other places that are already overflooded, and many of them would not get care, which would put them in a crisis situation.

LARA and licensed professional counselors share a common goal of keeping our clients in Michigan, keeping people in Michigan safe. Our clients have placed their trust in LPCs. Now, we, as LPCs, place our trust in LARA, that with a better understanding of the impact that your decision will have that you will vote against these proposed changes and let us do our job. Thank you.

GINA HARDY: Hello. My name is Gina Hardy,

G-I-N-A, H-A-R-D-Y, and I'm a licensed professional counselor. I live in Macomb and I'm a partner in a private practice in Madison Heights, where I've been practicing for the past seven years.

In my private practice, with my nine other clinicians, we see approximately 200 clients per week. Everyday we are fielding phone calls from perspective clients who we are routinely trying to find referrals for or are placing them on a waitlist, as we are consistently to capacity on our caseloads. Among the clients we see weekly are individuals who are dealing with trauma, suicidal ideation, depression, anxiety, and a list of other mental and emotional disorders.

I have great concern for these clients if the proposed rule changes were to go into effect and I am unable to provide services as I have in the past seven years to them. Currently we're struggling to find counselors and psychologists for the volume of clients that our office has. Taking away 10,000 licensed professional counselors would only increase the deficit of mental health practitioners that our state already has as we face increased suicide rates and addictions.

In addition to the detriment this would cause to my clients, whom would overnight lose their access to their counselor, it would force my small business to shut

down. Counselors' inability to work and losing our
livelihood has far-reaching impact that expands beyond
mental health, but to all of the other businesses that
support my small business, such as my landlord and
biller, to name a few.

I respectfully request to stop or delay the implementation of the proposed rules to allow the HB4325 to make its way through legislation, which would bring the statute in line with the administrative rules. Thank you so much for your time.

CHRISTIN McFADYEN: Hello. Thank you for the opportunity to speak. I'm trying to go to go quickly so as many of us can speak before the 5:00 o'clock hour. My name is Christin McFadyen, C-H-R-I-S-T-I-N, McFadyen, M-C, capital F, as in Frank, A-D-Y-E-N. I'm a licensed school counselor, I am a national certified counselor, and I am an LPC. I received my Master's in the counseling CACREP program at Northeastern Illinois University. And I have been a counselor in Michigan going on seven years.

I have rewritten this, I don't know, maybe 20 times as I've been sitting in here today, as I'm hearing story after story after story that is exactly the same as my own. And so, while I'm still going to repeat some things that you heard, I'm going to change it a little

1 bit, anyway.

I could tell you about my experience working with youth as a high school and middle school counselor for six years, but, instead, I have some questions for LARA. For decades before I even joined the counseling field it's been interpreted that counselors can diagnose and treat. I'm trained to diagnose and treat. LARA says that we should have known that this was coming, but I received no notification from LARA. I found out through FaceBook that this was going on, not through my licensing agency.

And you say LARA says that they are not taking away anything that we do, that we never should have been able to do this. Then why have we been practicing for so long, and why have hundreds of people been her telling you how we treat and diagnose patients who need help? That shouldn't be an issue then.

Whole universities have brought training around this interpretation of the rule. And so, you're ignoring 30 years of precedence and saying that maybe we shouldn't have been able to do this, but we have been and we are doing it and we're killing it. We are making a difference. And so, you can't say that you're not stopping us because you are stripping away our right to help people.

Please stop with the proposed changes and support HB4325. Thank you.

BRAD MESSENGER: Good afternoon. My name is
Brad Messenger. That's M-E-S-S-E-N-G-E-R. I'm the CEO
of Clinton County Medical Center Psychological Services,
Gratiot Psychological Services, Midland Psychological
Services, and Carson City Psychological Services. I have
an MSW from MSU. I've been working for 11 years in the
field, and I have 10 years of small business experience.

My position is unique because I employ and supervise licensed psychologists, MSWs, and LPCs alike.

I currently have 43 providers working for me, and I oversee 100,000 individual psychotherapy sessions a year.

I am personally million dollars in debt to provide mental health care to underserved populations.

These changes would remove a third of my valued staff and one-third of my gross receipts, or \$2.3 million in insurance reimbursement this year alone. I want to know who does it benefit to remove 2.3 million in insurance payments from a small business that's just trying to provide treatment? What will I tell the families that we treat? How will I keep track of my families? How will I help my work families be supported? How will I pay them their hard-earned money? How will I sit them down and tell them that they're fired? In a

world where money talks, with this kind of money being saved by insurance companies who is really benefiting from denying services to the needy? Insurance companies are for-profit organizations who stand to make millions of dollars from these changes, and this is not a coincidence. Thank you.

CASEY SLAGER: Okay. My name is Casey Slager, C-A-S-E-Y, S-L-A-G-E-R. Thank for letting us speak today. I am an LLPC. I left my work as a teacher to spend three long years completing over 60 credit hours as a student in the counselor education program at Western Michigan University, a CACREP accredited program.

Standing here today I have the training required by CACREP that is recognized by the ACA and was made official by LARA. In fact, I was granted my LLPC so recently, September 16th to be exact, that I just received an e-mail from LARA asking about my satisfaction with the licensing process.

I will be honest. I was nervous about the process. I made a small typo at the bottom my professional disclosure statement. I said complaints could be sent to Landing, Michigan instead of Lansing. What wasn't a typo was when I made clear my intention to assess and diagnose clients and use psychotherapy techniques to address mental health concerns.

1 Incidentally, neither of these things prevented me from 2 getting my LLPC.

I'm a life-long citizen of Michigan. I'm also a life-long client. I owe my life to the LPCs who have been there for me. I have, after years of work and dedication, finally reached the point where I can give back to my home state. I want to contribute to the mental health of the 150,000 or more clients receiving counseling. I want to keep seeing my own counselor.

Please do not pass these rule changes. This change will render my training, my license, my massive student loan debt all useless. The ramifications will ripple far beyond counselors and their clients alone.

MS. DITSCHMAN: Your time's up.

CASEY SLAGER: Thank you.

HEIDI ZABIK: Hello. My name is Heidi Zabik, H-E-I-D-I, Z-A-B-I-K. I am the proud mama bear of Kathryn Zabik, K-A-T-H-R-Y-N, who I am speaking for her today. She has asked me to read this message.

My name is Kathryn Zabik. I received my

Master's of arts in counseling from Oakland University in

2011. I am an LPC and nationally certified counselor. I

have been certified in trauma-focused cognitive

behavioral therapy in Michigan since 2014.

The stigma of mental health is already too much

of a barrier and a deterrent for people in need of treatment. It takes our client a significant amount of courage just to take that first step when they initiate psychotherapy. As skilled practitioners we seek to empower them as they develop trust.

When clients face their trauma it is not uncommon for them to experience an increase in symptoms for a period of time during their healing process, and they are counting on our alliance to guide them as they work through all of that pain. The commitment to healing can be an ongoing challenge for them. If clients are cut off from the LPC at any point in their healing process as a result of these rules changes it will be an entirely new trauma for them directly associated with their experience of the therapeutic process. Even a temporary suspension of the services triggered by your rule changes will cause devastating and irreparable damage.

This impending tragedy is entirely preventable if you would please just delay the filing of the rule changes so that HB4325 has the time it needs to pass into law. Please protect our mental health warriors.

Hundreds of thousands of people in Michigan are counting on you. Please don't let us down. Thank you.

RYAN ZABIK: Hello. My name is Ryan Zabik, last name Z-A-B-I-K. And while I'm an engineer, I'm

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actually not here to talk about the civil engineering
rule changes. I am here to support my wife and to talk
about the proposed rules changes that will affect her and
the thousands of other LPCs throughout the State of
Michigan, as well as the thousands of clients that they
serve.

I urge LARA not to implement this rule change or, at the bare minimum, delay it until the house bill has gone and been passed fully into law. As I'm sure many have said already, the impact upon these counselors in this community, in Michigan would be absolutely catastrophic. There are many Michigan citizens dealing with complex emotional issues, thoughts of suicide. These counselors are often the only people holding these citizens back from the edge. Do not tie their hands even for a moment behind their backs or else we will all lose.

If even me, as an ordinary citizen and as a husband, if I can see how clearly and desperately we need these LPCs in this state, then surely LARA can see this as well and stop this rule change from going into effect. I urge you to stop this and just stop this nonsense. Thank you.

MS. DITSCHMAN: It's now 5:00 o'clock. The hearing is closed.

25 (Hearing concluded at 5:03 PM.)

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     STATE OF MICHIGAN)
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     COUNTY OF INGHAM )
                    I, Claudia M. Weekly, Certified Shorthand
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          Reporter, do hereby certify that I reported
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          stenographically the proceedings had in the above
          entitled matter, at 525 West Ottawa Street, Lansing,
          Michigan, on October 4, 2019; and do further certify that
          the foregoing transcript constitutes a true and correct
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          record of my stenotype notes.
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                               Claudia M. Weekly (CSR-2963)
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                               Notary Public, Genesee County, MI
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                               My commission expires: March 6, 2025
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