SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5939

A bill to amend 1956 PA 218, entitled "The insurance code of 1956,"

(MCL 500.100 to 500.8302) by adding section 3406w.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 3406w. (1) An insurer that delivers, issues for delivery, or renews in this state a qualified health plan that provides prescription drug coverage shall not do either of the following:
- 4 (a) Subject to subsection (2), remove a covered prescription
 5 drug from its list of prescription drugs or add utilization
 6 management restrictions to a formulary unless any of the following
 7 apply:
- 8 (i) The United States Food and Drug Administration has done any 9 of the following:





- 1 (A) Issued a statement that calls into question the clinical 2 safety of the drug.
- 3 (B) Required the manufacturers to conduct postmarket safety 4 studies and clinical trials after the approval of the drug.
 - (C) Issued any drug safety-related labeling changes.
- 6 (D) Required the manufacturers to implement special risk 7 management programs.
- 8 (ii) The manufacturer of the drug has notified the Secretary of 9 the United States Department of Health and Human Services of a 10 manufacturing discontinuance or potential discontinuance of the 11 drug under 21 USC 356c.
- 12 (iii) The drug has changed from prescription to over-the-13 counter.
- 14 (*iv*) The change is intended to reduce preventable drug harm
 15 caused by inappropriate use, such as unintentional overdose or
 16 inappropriate prescribing.
- 17 (v) The change is based on clinically accepted medical best 18 practices.
- 19 (vi) The change is a result of a newly approved drug with 20 clinical advantage over existing drugs.
- (vii) The price of the drug has increased by at least 10% over the price of the drug in the immediately preceding plan year.
- (viii) The price of the drug has increased by at least 20% over the price of the drug in the plan year 3 years before the current plan year.
- 26 (ix) The drug is being added to the formulary.
- 27 (x) The drug receives a new United States Food and Drug 28 Administration approval and has become available.



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- 1 (xi) A generic equivalent or biosimilar alternative of the drug 2 has received United States Food and Drug Administration approval.
- 3 (xii) The insurer notifies the insured affected by the change
- 4 in writing 90 days before the drug is removed from the formulary.
- 5 For purposes of this subparagraph, the notice may be by electronic
- 6 communication. The notice must include the telephone number of the
- 7 insurer or the appropriate contractor or subcontractor for the
- 8 insured to call for information regarding alternative
- 9 therapeutically equivalent medication options.
- 10 (xiii) The insurer uses a pharmacy and therapeutics committee 11 and the committee approves the change.
- (xiv) The insurer grandfathers insureds on the affected drug to maintain coverage with current cost-sharing, deductible, copayment, or coinsurance for the remainder of the plan year.
- 15 (b) Subject to subsection (3), reclassify a drug to a more
 16 restrictive drug tier or move a drug to a higher cost-sharing tier
 17 or a tier with a larger deductible, copayment, or coinsurance,
 18 unless any of the following apply:
- 19 (i) The United States Food and Drug Administration has done any 20 of the following:
- 21 (A) Issued a statement that calls into question the clinical 22 safety of the drug.
- 23 (B) Required the manufacturers to conduct postmarket safety 24 studies and clinical trials after the approval of the drug.
 - (C) Issued any drug safety-related labeling changes.
- 26 (D) Required the manufacturers to implement special risk 27 management programs.
- 28 (ii) The change is based on clinically accepted medical best 29 practices.

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- (iii) The change is a result of a newly approved drug with 1 2 clinical advantage over existing drugs.
- 3 (iv) A generic equivalent or biosimilar alternative of the drug
- 4 has received United States Food and Drug Administration approval
- 5 and has become available.
- 6 (v) The change is intended to reduce preventable drug harm
- 7 caused by inappropriate use, such as unintentional overdose or
- 8 inappropriate prescribing.
- 9 (vi) The drug has changed from prescription to over-the-
- 10 counter.
- 11 (vii) The drug receives a new United States Food and Drug
- 12 Administration indication.
- 13 (viii) The insurer uses a pharmacy and therapeutics committee
- 14 and the committee approves the change.
- 15 (ix) The insurer grandfathers insureds on the affected drug to
- maintain coverage with current cost-sharing, deductible, copayment, 16
- 17 or coinsurance for the remainder of the plan year.
- 18 (x) The insured affected by the change is notified in writing
- 19 90 days before the drug is removed from the formulary. For purposes
- 20 of this subparagraph, the notice may be by electronic
- 21 communication.
- 22 (xi) The price of the drug has increased by at least 10% over
- 23 the price of the drug in the immediately preceding plan year.
- (xii) The price of the drug has increased by at least 20% over 24
- 25 the price of the drug in the plan year 3 years before the current
- 26 plan year.
- 27 (2) During a qualified health plan year, if an insurer
- described in subsection (1) removes a covered prescription drug 28



- 1 from its list of prescription drugs or adds utilization management
- 2 restrictions to a formulary as allowed under subsection (1)(a), and
- 3 if an insured or enrollee's health care prescriber determines that
- 4 the drug is medically necessary, for that insured or enrollee, the
- 5 insurer shall treat the drug that is removed or for which
- 6 restrictions are added under subsection (1)(a) as if the drug was
- 7 not removed or the restrictions were not added.
- 8 (3) During a qualified health plan year, if an insurer
- 9 described in subsection (1) reclassifies a drug to a more
- 10 restrictive drug tier or moves a drug to a higher cost-sharing tier
- 11 or a tier with a larger deductible, copayment, or coinsurance as
- 12 allowed under subsection (1)(b), and if an insured or enrollee's
- 13 health care prescriber determines that the drug is medically
- 14 necessary, for that insured or enrollee, the insurer shall treat
- 15 the drug that is reclassified or moved under subsection (1) (b) as
- 16 if the drug was not reclassified or moved.
- 17 (4) This section does not prohibit the addition of
- 18 prescription drugs to a qualified health plan's list of covered
- 19 drugs during the plan year. This section does not impact or limit a
- 20 generic or biosimilar substitution.
- 21 (5) This section does not prohibit an insurer described in
- 22 subsection (1), by contract, written policy or procedure, or any
- 23 other agreement or course of conduct, from requiring a pharmacist
- 24 to effect generic substitutions of prescription drugs consistent
- 25 with part 177 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17701
- 26 to 333.17780, under which a pharmacist may do either of the
- 27 following:
- 28 (a) Substitute an interchangeable biological drug product for
- 29 a prescribed biological drug product.

- 1 (b) Select a generic drug determined to be therapeutically 2 equivalent by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- 3 (6) This section applies throughout the benefit period, from 4 the beginning of the qualified health plan's deductible year until 5 the end of the deductible year.
- 6 (7) If a provision of this section conflicts with a federal 7 law, the federal law prevails.
 - (8) As used in this section:

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- 9 (a) "Biological drug product" means that term as defined in 10 section 17702 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 11 333.17702.
- 12 (b) "Interchangeable biological drug product" means that term
 13 as defined in section 17704 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368,
 14 MCL 333.17704.
- 15 (c) "Qualified health plan" means that term as defined in 16 section 1261.

