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SFA



BILL ANALYSIS

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Sponsor: Representative Penny Crissman
House Committee: Insurance

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CONTENT

end Part 210 of the Public Health Code, which governs health maintenance or (HMOs), to define “emergency health services”, and to forbid an HMO from

Currently, Part 210 requires a contract between an HMO and a subscriber or group of subscribers provide, at a minimum, primary health maintenance services. Primary health maintenance services, y health services; however, emergency health services are not defined.

bill provides that “emergency health services” would mean medically necessary service provided to and symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain), such that in the absence of immediate jeopardy to the individual’s health (or ncy in the case of a pregnant women); serious impairment to bodily functions; or

An HMO co ” provided n enrollee because of the final diagnosis or because the HMO had not given prior rovided. “Stabilization” would mean the point at which no material deterioration result from or occur during transfer of the patient.

MCL 333.21004

FISCAL IMPACT

This guage appears to be substantively similar to that included in Section 4704 (Increased eral Balanced Budget Act of 1997. Section 4704 is applicable to managed I impact.

, House Bill 4080 (H-3) would apply to all other enrollees of health maintenance organizations (HMOs), including Medicaid enrollees, and appears to be cost neutral.

Note: As used in the case, “cost neutral” refers to t that such payment practices exist, the impact of this bill would be to shift costs from the enrollee to

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This analysis was prepared by nonpartisan Senate staff for use by the Senate in its deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.