HOUSE BILL No. 6526

September 14, 2006, Introduced by Reps. Moore, Nitz, Baxter, Ball, Proos, Meyer and Stahl and referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

A bill to amend 2002 PA 593, entitled

"Michigan next energy authority act,"

by amending section 2 (MCL 207.822).

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 2. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Advanced battery cell" means a rechargeable battery cell
- 3 with a specific energy of not less than 80 watt hours per kilogram.
- 4 (b) "Alternative energy marine propulsion system" means an
- 5 onboard propulsion system or detachable outboard propulsion system
- 6 for a watercraft that is powered by a fuel cell energy system,
- 7 photovoltaic energy system, or advanced battery cell energy system
- 8 and that is the singular propulsion system for the watercraft.
 - Alternative energy marine propulsion system does not include

- 1 battery powered motors designed to assist in the propulsion of the
- 2 watercraft during fishing or other recreational use.
- 3 (c) "Alternative energy system" means the small-scale
- 4 generation or release of energy from 1 or any combination of the
- 5 following types of energy systems:
- 6 (i) A fuel cell energy system.
- 7 (ii) A photovoltaic energy system.
- 8 (iii) A solar-thermal energy system.
- 9 (iv) A wind energy system.
- 10 (v) A CHP energy system.
- 11 (vi) A microturbine energy system.
- 12 (vii) A miniturbine energy system.
- 13 (viii) A Stirling cycle energy system.
- 14 (ix) A battery cell energy system.
- 15 (x) A clean fuel energy system.
- 16 (xi) An electricity storage system.
- 17 (xii) A BIOMASS STOVE SYSTEM.
- 18 (d) "Alternative energy technology" means equipment, component
- 19 parts, materials, electronic devices, testing equipment, and
- 20 related systems that are solely related to the following:
- (i) The storage or generation of hydrogen for use in an
- 22 alternative energy system.
- 23 (ii) The process of generating and putting into a usable form
- 24 the energy generated by an alternative energy system. Alternative
- 25 energy technology does not include those component parts of an
- 26 alternative energy system that are required regardless of the
- 27 energy source.

- 1 (iii) A microgrid. As used in this subparagraph, "microgrid"
- 2 means the lines, wires, and controls to connect 2 or more
- 3 alternative energy systems.
- 4 (e) "Alternative energy technology business" means a business
- 5 engaged solely in the research, development, or manufacturing of
- 6 alternative energy technology.
- 7 (f) "Alternative energy vehicle" means a motor vehicle
- 8 manufactured by an original equipment manufacturer that fully
- 9 warrants and certifies that the motor vehicle meets federal motor
- 10 vehicle safety standards for its class of vehicles as defined by
- 11 the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 to 257.923, and
- 12 certifies that the motor vehicle meets local emissions standards,
- 13 that is propelled by an alternative energy system. Alternative
- 14 energy vehicle includes the following:
- 15 (i) An alternative fueled vehicle. As used in this
- 16 subparagraph, "alternative fueled vehicle" means a motor vehicle
- 17 that can only be powered by a clean fuel energy system and can only
- 18 be fueled by a clean fuel.
- 19 (ii) A fuel cell vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "fuel
- 20 cell vehicle means a motor vehicle powered solely by a fuel cell
- 21 energy system.
- 22 (iii) An electric vehicle. As used in this subparagraph,
- 23 "electric vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered solely by a
- 24 battery cell energy system.
- 25 (iv) A hybrid vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "hybrid
- 26 vehicle means a motor vehicle that can only be powered by 2 or
- 27 more alternative energy systems.

- 1 (v) A solar vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "solar
- 2 vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered solely by a photovoltaic
- 3 energy system.
- $\mathbf{4}$ (vi) A hybrid electric vehicle. As used in this subparagraph,
- 5 "hybrid electric vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered by an
- 6 integrated propulsion system consisting of an electric motor and
- 7 combustion engine. Hybrid electric vehicle does not include a
- 8 retrofitted conventional diesel or gasoline engine. A hybrid
- 9 electric vehicle obtains the power necessary to propel the motor
- 10 vehicle from a combustion engine and 1 of the following:
- 11 (A) A battery cell energy system.
- 12 (B) A fuel cell energy system.
- 13 (C) A photovoltaic energy system.
- 14 (g) "Alternative energy zone" means a renaissance zone
- 15 designated as an alternative energy zone by the board of the
- 16 Michigan strategic fund under section 8a of the Michigan
- 17 renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2688a.
- 18 (h) "Authority" means the Michigan next energy authority
- 19 created under section 3.
- 20 (i) "Battery cell" means a closed electrochemical system that
- 21 converts chemical energy from oxidation and reduction reactions
- 22 directly into electric energy without combustion and without
- 23 external fuel and consists of an anode, a cathode, and an
- 24 electrolyte.
- 25 (j) "Battery cell energy system" means 1 or more battery cells
- 26 and an inverter or other power conditioning unit used to perform 1
- 27 or more of the following functions:

- 1 (i) Propel a motor vehicle or an alternative energy marine
- 2 propulsion system.
- 3 (ii) Provide electricity that is distributed within a dwelling
- 4 or other structure.
- 5 (iii) Provide electricity to operate a portable electronic
- 6 device including, but not limited to, a laptop computer, a personal
- 7 digital assistant, or a cell phone. For purposes of this
- 8 subparagraph only, a battery cell energy system shall only use
- 9 advanced battery cells.
- 10 (k) "Board" means the governing body of an authority under
- 11 section 4.
- 12 (l) "CHP energy system" means an integrated unit that generates
- 13 power and either cools, heats, or controls humidity in a building
- 14 or provides heating, drying, or chilling for an industrial process
- 15 that includes and is limited to both of the following:
- 16 (i) An absorption chiller, a desiccant dehumidifier, or heat
- 17 recovery equipment.
- 18 (ii) One of the following:
- 19 (A) An internal combustion engine, an external combustion
- 20 engine, a microturbine, or a miniturbine, fueled solely by a clean
- **21** fuel.
- 22 (B) A fuel cell energy system.
- (m) "Clean fuel" means 1 or more of the following:
- **24** (*i*) Methane.
- (ii) Natural gas.
- 26 (iii) Methanol neat or methanol blends containing at least 85%
- 27 methanol.

- $\mathbf{1}$ (iv) Denatured ethanol neat or ethanol blends containing at
- 2 least 85% ethanol.
- **3** (v) Compressed natural gas.
- 4 (vi) Liquefied natural gas.
- 5 (vii) Liquefied petroleum gas.
- 6 (viii) Hydrogen.
- 7 (n) "Clean fuel energy system" means a device that is designed
- 8 and used solely for the purpose of generating power from a clean
- 9 fuel. Clean fuel energy system does not include a conventional
- 10 gasoline or diesel fuel engine or a retrofitted conventional diesel
- 11 or gasoline engine.
- 12 (o) "Department" means the department of management and
- 13 budget.
- 14 (p) "Electricity storage device" means a device, including a
- 15 capacitor, that directly stores electrical energy without
- 16 conversion to an intermediary medium.
- 17 (q) "Electricity storage system" means 1 or more electricity
- 18 storage devices and inverters or other power conditioning
- 19 equipment.
- 20 (r) "Fuel cell energy system" means 1 or more fuel cells or
- 21 fuel cell stacks and an inverter or other power conditioning unit.
- 22 A fuel cell energy system may also include a fuel processor. As
- 23 used in this subdivision:
- 24 (i) "Fuel cell" means an electrochemical device that uses an
- 25 external fuel and continuously converts the energy released from
- 26 the oxidation of fuel by oxygen directly into electricity without
- 27 combustion and consists of an anode, a cathode, and an electrolyte.

- $\mathbf{1}$ (ii) "Fuel cell stack" means an assembly of fuel cells.
- 2 (iii) "Fuel processor" means a device that converts a fuel,
- 3 including, but not limited to, methanol, natural gas, or gasoline,
- 4 into a hydrogen rich gas, without combustion for use in a fuel
- 5 cell.
- 6 (s) "Microturbine energy system" means a system that generates
- 7 electricity, composed of a compressor, combustor, turbine, and
- 8 generator, fueled solely by a clean fuel with a capacity of not
- 9 more than 250 kilowatts. A microturbine energy system may include
- 10 an alternator and shall include a recuperator if the use of the
- 11 recuperator increases the efficiency of the energy system.
- 12 (t) "Miniturbine energy system" means a system that generates
- 13 electricity, composed of a compressor, combustor, turbine, and
- 14 generator, fueled solely by a clean fuel with a capacity of not
- 15 more than 2 megawatts. A miniturbine energy system may also include
- 16 an alternator and a recuperator.
- 17 (u) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
- 18 limited liability company, association, governmental entity, or
- 19 other legal entity.
- 20 (v) "Photovoltaic energy system" means a solar energy device
- 21 composed of 1 or more photovoltaic cells or photovoltaic modules
- 22 and an inverter or other power conditioning unit. A photovoltaic
- 23 system may also include batteries for power storage or an
- 24 electricity storage device. As used in this subdivision:
- 25 (i) "Photovoltaic cell" means an integrated device consisting
- 26 of layers of semiconductor materials and electrical contacts
- 27 capable of converting incident light directly into electricity.

- $oldsymbol{1}$ (ii) "Photovoltaic module" means an assembly of photovoltaic
- 2 cells.
- 3 (w) "Small-scale" means a single energy system with a
- 4 generating capacity of not more than 2 megawatts or an integrated
- 5 energy system with a generating capacity of not more than 10
- 6 megawatts.
- 7 (x) "Solar thermal energy system" means an integrated unit
- 8 consisting of a sunlight collection device, a system containing a
- 9 heat transfer fluid to receive the collected sunlight, and heat
- 10 exchangers to transfer the solar energy to a thermal storage tank
- 11 to heat or cool spaces or water or to generate electricity.
- 12 (y) "Stirling cycle energy system" means a closed-cycle,
- 13 regenerative heat engine that is fueled solely by a clean fuel and
- 14 uses an external combustion process, heat exchangers, pistons, a
- 15 regenerator, and a confined working gas, such as hydrogen or
- 16 helium, to convert heat into mechanical energy. A Stirling cycle
- 17 energy system may also include a generator to generate electricity.
- 18 (z) "Wind energy system" means an integrated unit consisting
- 19 of a wind turbine composed of a rotor, an electrical generator, a
- 20 control system, an inverter or other power conditioning unit, and a
- 21 tower, which uses moving air to produce power.