SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5046

(As amended September 11, 2007)

A bill to provide for restroom access for persons with certain medical conditions; to provide immunity from liability for permitting restroom access; and to prescribe penalties.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Customer" means an individual who is lawfully on the
- 3 premises of a retail establishment.
- 4 (b) "Doctor" means a licensed doctor of medicine or a licensed
- 5 doctor of osteopathic medicine and surgery.
- 6 (c) "Eligible medical condition" means Crohn's disease,
- 7 ulcerative colitis, any other inflammatory bowel disease, irritable
- 8 bowel syndrome, [pregnancy,] or any other medical condition that requires
- 9 immediate access to a toilet facility.

- 1 (d) "Retail establishment" means a place of business open to
- 2 the general public for the sale of goods or services.
- 3 Sec. 2. A retail establishment that has a toilet facility for
- 4 its employees shall allow a customer to use that facility during
- 5 normal business hours if all of the following are met:
- 6 (a) The customer requesting use of the employee toilet
- 7 facility suffers from an eligible medical condition or utilizes an
- 8 ostomy device.
- 9 (b) Two or more employees of the retail establishment are
- 10 working at the time the customer requests use of the employee
- 11 toilet facility.
- 12 (c) The customer provides the retail establishment with a copy
- 13 of a statement on a prescription form that indicates the customer
- 14 suffers from an eligible medical condition or utilizes an ostomy
- 15 device, signed by a doctor.
- 16 (d) The retail establishment does not normally make a restroom
- 17 available to the public.
- (e) The employee toilet facility is not located in an area
- 19 where providing access would create an obvious health or safety
- 20 risk to the customer or an obvious security risk to the retail
- 21 establishment.
- 22 (f) A public restroom is not immediately accessible to the
- 23 customer.
- Sec. 3. A retail establishment or an employee of a retail
- 25 establishment is not civilly liable for any injury to or death of a
- 26 customer allowed to use an employee toilet facility that is not a
- 27 public restroom, or to an individual other than an employee

- 1 accompanying the customer, unless all of the following are met:
- 2 (a) The retail establishment or the employee of the retail
- 3 establishment knew or should have known of the condition that
- 4 caused the injury or death, should have realized that the condition
- 5 involved an unreasonable risk of harm to a customer or other
- 6 individual, and should have expected that the customer or other
- 7 individual would not discover or realize the danger.
- 8 (b) The retail establishment or the employee of the retail
- 9 establishment failed to exercise reasonable care to make the
- 10 condition safe or to warn the customer or other individual of the
- 11 condition and the risk.
- 12 (c) The customer or other individual did not know or have
- 13 reason to know of the condition and the risk involved.
- 14 (d) The injury or death occurred in an area of the retail
- 15 establishment that is not accessible to the public.
- 16 Sec. 4. A retail establishment or an employee of a retail
- 17 establishment that violates section 2 is responsible for a state
- 18 civil infraction and may be ordered to pay a civil fine of not more
- **19** than \$100.00.
- 20 Sec. 5. A retail establishment is not required to make any
- 21 physical changes to an employee toilet facility under this act.
- 22 Sec. 6. A person who does any of the following is guilty of a
- 23 misdemeanor:
- 24 (a) Falsely makes, publishes, passes, alters, or forges a
- 25 prescription form described in section 2(c).
- 26 (b) Alters or forges a doctor's signature on a prescription
- 27 form described in section 2(c).

- (c) Knowingly possesses a false, forged, or altered 1
- prescription form described in section 2(c). 2