

**SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 4187**

A bill to require certain entities to provide notice to certain persons in the event of a breach of security that results in the unauthorized acquisition of sensitive personally identifying information; to provide for the powers and duties of certain state governmental officers and entities; and to prescribe penalties and provide remedies.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "data
2 breach notification act".

3 Sec. 3. As used in this act:

4 (a) "Breach of security" or "breach" means the unauthorized
5 acquisition of sensitive personally identifying information in
6 electronic form, if that acquisition is reasonably likely to cause



1 substantial risk of identity theft or fraud to the state residents
2 to whom the information relates. Acquisition that occurs over a
3 period of time that is committed by the same entity constitutes 1
4 breach. The term does not include any of the following:

5 (i) A good-faith acquisition of sensitive personally
6 identifying information by an employee or agent of a covered
7 entity, unless the information is used for a purpose unrelated to
8 the business of the covered entity or is subject to further
9 unauthorized use.

10 (ii) A release of a public record that is not otherwise subject
11 to confidentiality or nondisclosure requirements.

12 (iii) An acquisition or release of data in connection with a
13 lawful investigative, protective, or intelligence activity of a law
14 enforcement or intelligence agency of this state or a political
15 subdivision of this state.

16 (b) "Covered entity" means an individual or a sole
17 proprietorship, partnership, government entity, corporation,
18 limited liability company, nonprofit, trust, estate, cooperative
19 association, or other business entity, that has more than 50
20 employees and owns or licenses sensitive personally identifying
21 information, or a franchisee of any of the foregoing. The term also
22 includes a state agency.

23 (c) "Data in electronic form" means any data that is stored
24 electronically on a computer system, database, or other technology,
25 including, but not limited to, recordable tapes and other mass
26 storage devices. As used in this subdivision, "electronically"
27 means a method using electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless,
28 optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.

29 (d) Except as provided in subdivision (e), "sensitive



1 personally identifying information" means either of the following:

2 (i) A state resident's first name or first initial, and last
3 name, in combination with 1 or more of the following data elements
4 that relate to that state resident:

5 (A) A nontruncated Social Security number.

6 (B) A nontruncated driver license number, enhanced driver
7 license number, state personal identification card number, enhanced
8 state personal identification card number, passport number,
9 military identification number, or other unique identification
10 number issued on a government document that is used to verify the
11 identity of a specific individual.

12 (C) A financial account number, including, but not limited to,
13 a bank account number, credit union account number, credit card
14 number, or debit card number, in combination with any security
15 code, access code, password, expiration date, PIN, or similar
16 security information, that is necessary to access the financial
17 account or to conduct a transaction that will result in a credit or
18 debit to the financial account.

19 (D) A state resident's medical or mental history, treatment,
20 or diagnosis issued by a health care professional.

21 (E) A state resident's health insurance policy number or
22 subscriber identification number and any unique identifier used by
23 a health insurer to identify the state resident.

24 (ii) A username or electronic mail address, in combination with
25 a password, security question and answer, or similar information,
26 that would permit access to an online account affiliated with the
27 covered entity that is reasonably likely to contain or is used to
28 obtain sensitive personally identifying information.

29 (e) "Sensitive personally identifying information" does not



1 include any of the following:

2 (i) Information about a state resident that has been lawfully
3 made public by a federal, state, or local government record or a
4 widely distributed media.

5 (ii) Information that is truncated, encrypted, secured, or
6 modified by any other method or technology that removes elements
7 that personally identify a state resident or that otherwise renders
8 the information unusable, including encryption of the data or
9 device containing the sensitive personally identifying information,
10 unless the covered entity knows or reasonably believes that the
11 encryption key or security credential that could render the
12 personally identifying information readable or usable has been
13 breached together with the information.

14 (f) "State agency" means an agency, board, bureau, commission,
15 department, division, or office of this state that owns, acquires,
16 maintains, stores, or uses data in electronic form that contains
17 sensitive personally identifiable information.

18 (g) "State resident" means an individual who is a resident of
19 this state.

20 (h) "Third-party agent" means an entity that maintains,
21 processes, or is otherwise permitted to access, sensitive
22 personally identifying information in connection with providing
23 services to a covered entity under an agreement with the covered
24 entity.

25 Sec. 5. (1) Each covered entity and third-party agent shall
26 implement and maintain reasonable security measures designed to
27 protect sensitive personally identifying information against a
28 breach of security.

29 (2) For purposes of subsection (1), a covered entity shall



1 consider all of the following in developing its reasonable security
2 measures:

3 (a) The size of the covered entity.

4 (b) The amount of sensitive personally identifying information
5 that is owned or licensed by the covered entity and the type of
6 activities for which the sensitive personally identifying
7 information is accessed, acquired, or maintained by or on behalf of
8 the covered entity.

9 (c) The covered entity's cost to implement and maintain the
10 security measures to protect against a breach of security relative
11 to its resources.

12 (3) As used in this section, "reasonable security measures"
13 means security measures that are reasonable for a covered entity to
14 implement and maintain, including consideration of all of the
15 following:

16 (a) Designation of an employee or employees to coordinate the
17 covered entity's security measures to protect against a breach of
18 security. An owner or manager may designate himself or herself for
19 purposes of this subdivision.

20 (b) Identification of internal and external risks of a breach
21 of security.

22 (c) Adoption of appropriate information safeguards that are
23 designed to address identified risks of a breach of security and
24 assess the effectiveness of those safeguards.

25 (d) Retention of service providers, if any, that are
26 contractually required to maintain appropriate safeguards for
27 sensitive personally identifying information.

28 (e) Evaluation and adjustment of security measures to account
29 for changes in circumstances affecting the security of sensitive



1 personally identifying information.

2 Sec. 7. (1) If a covered entity determines that a breach of
3 security has or may have occurred, the covered entity shall conduct
4 a good-faith and prompt investigation that includes all of the
5 following:

6 (a) An assessment of the nature and scope of the breach.

7 (b) Identification of any sensitive personally identifying
8 information that was involved in the breach and the identity of any
9 state residents to whom that information relates.

10 (c) A determination of whether the sensitive personally
11 identifying information has been acquired or is reasonably believed
12 to have been acquired by an unauthorized person.

13 (d) Identification and implementation of measures to restore
14 the security and confidentiality of the systems, if any,
15 compromised in the breach.

16 (2) In determining whether sensitive personally identifying
17 information has been acquired by an unauthorized person without
18 valid authorization, the following factors may be considered:

19 (a) Indications that the information is in the physical
20 possession and control of an unauthorized person, such as a lost or
21 stolen computer or other device containing information.

22 (b) Indications that the information has been downloaded,
23 copied, or otherwise acquired or transferred by an unauthorized
24 person.

25 (c) Indications that the information was used in an unlawful
26 manner by an unauthorized person, such as fraudulent accounts
27 opened or instances of identity theft reported.

28 (d) Whether the information was publicly displayed.

29 Sec. 9. (1) If a covered entity that owns or licenses



1 sensitive personally identifiable information determines under
2 section 7 that a breach has occurred, the covered entity must
3 provide notice of the breach to each state resident whose sensitive
4 personally identifiable information was acquired in the breach.

5 (2) A covered entity shall provide notice under subsection (1)
6 to state residents described in subsection (1) as expeditiously as
7 possible and without unreasonable delay. Except as provided in
8 subsection (3), the covered entity shall provide any notice
9 required under this section no later than 45 days after the covered
10 entity completes the measures necessary to determine the scope of
11 the security breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the
12 database.

13 (3) If a federal or state law enforcement agency determines
14 that notice to state residents required under this section would
15 interfere with a criminal investigation or national security, and
16 delivers a written or electronic request to the covered entity for
17 a delay, a covered entity shall delay providing the notice for a
18 period that the law enforcement agency determines is necessary. If
19 the law enforcement agency determines that an additional delay is
20 necessary, the law enforcement agency shall deliver a written or
21 electronic request to the covered entity for an additional delay,
22 and the covered entity shall delay providing the notice to the date
23 specified in the law enforcement agency's request for additional
24 delay, or extend the delay set forth in the original request for
25 the additional period set forth in the request for additional
26 delay.

27 (4) Except as provided in subsection (5), a covered entity
28 shall provide notice to a state resident under this section in
29 compliance with 1 of the following, as applicable:



1 (a) In the case of a breach of security that involves a
2 username or password, in combination with any password or security
3 question and answer that would permit access to an online account,
4 and no other sensitive personally identifying information is
5 involved, the covered entity may comply with this section by
6 providing the notification in electronic or other form that directs
7 the state resident whose sensitive personally identifying
8 information has been breached to promptly change his or her
9 password and security question or answer, as applicable, or to take
10 other appropriate steps to protect the online account with the
11 covered entity and all other accounts for which the state resident
12 whose sensitive personally identifying information has been
13 breached uses the same username or electronic mail address and
14 password or security question or answer.

15 (b) In the case of a breach that involves sensitive personally
16 identifying information for login credentials of an electronic mail
17 account furnished by the covered entity, the covered entity shall
18 not comply with this section by providing the notification to that
19 electronic mail address, but may, instead, comply with this section
20 by providing notice by another method described in subdivision (a)
21 or (c), or by providing clear and conspicuous notice delivered to
22 the state resident online if the resident is connected to the
23 online account from an internet protocol address or online location
24 from which the covered entity knows the state resident customarily
25 accesses the account.

26 (c) Except as provided in subdivision (a) or (b), the covered
27 entity shall comply with this section by providing a notice, in
28 writing, sent to the mailing address of the state resident in the
29 records of the covered entity, or by electronic mail notice sent to



1 the electronic mail address of the state resident in the records of
2 the covered entity. The notice shall include, at a minimum, all of
3 the following:

4 (i) The date, estimated date, or estimated date range of the
5 breach.

6 (ii) A description of the sensitive personally identifying
7 information that was acquired by an unauthorized person as part of
8 the breach.

9 (iii) A general description of the actions taken by the covered
10 entity to restore the security and confidentiality of the personal
11 information involved in the breach.

12 (iv) A general description of steps a state resident can take
13 to protect himself or herself from identity theft, if the breach
14 creates a risk of identity theft.

15 (v) Contact information that the state resident can use to
16 contact the covered entity to inquire about the breach.

17 (5) A covered entity that is required to provide notice to any
18 state resident under this section may provide substitute notice in
19 lieu of direct notice, if direct notice is not feasible because of
20 any of the following:

21 (a) Excessive cost to the covered entity of providing direct
22 notification relative to the resources of the covered entity. For
23 purposes of this subdivision, the cost of direct notification to
24 state residents is considered excessive if it exceeds \$250,000.00
25 or if notice must be provided to more than 500,000 state residents.

26 (b) Lack of sufficient contact information for the state
27 resident who the covered entity is required to notify.

28 (6) For purposes of subsection (5), substitute notice must
29 include both of the following:



1 (a) If the covered entity maintains an internet website, a
2 conspicuous notice posted on the website for a period of at least
3 30 days.

4 (b) Notice in print and in broadcast media, including major
5 media in urban and rural areas where the state residents who the
6 covered entity is required to notify reside.

7 (7) If a covered entity determines that notice is not required
8 under this section, the entity shall document the determination in
9 writing and maintain records concerning the determination for at
10 least 5 years.

11 Sec. 13. If a covered entity discovers circumstances that
12 require that it provide notice under section 9 to more than 1,000
13 state residents at a single time, the entity shall also notify,
14 without unreasonable delay, each consumer reporting agency that
15 compiles and maintains files on consumers on a nationwide basis, as
16 defined in 15 USC 1681a(p), of the timing, distribution, and
17 content of the notices.

18 Sec. 15. (1) If a third-party agent experiences a breach of
19 security in the system maintained by the agent, the agent shall
20 notify the covered entity of the breach of security as quickly as
21 practicable.

22 (2) After receiving notice from a third-party agent under
23 subsection (1), a covered entity shall provide the notice required
24 under section 9. A third-party agent, in cooperation with a covered
25 entity, shall provide information in the possession of the third-
26 party agent so that the covered entity can comply with its notice
27 requirements.

28 (3) A covered entity may enter into a contractual agreement
29 with a third-party agent under which the third-party agent and



1 covered entity agree as to which party will be responsible for
2 notifications to state residents required under this act, and the
3 cost thereof, when the third-party agent experiences a breach of
4 security.

5 (4) If a covered entity has not entered into a contractual
6 agreement described in subsection (3) with a third-party agent and
7 the third-party agent has not fulfilled its data security or
8 privacy obligations under its customer or service agreement with
9 the covered entity, the covered entity may seek reimbursement from
10 the third-party agent, informally or through a civil action, for
11 actual costs, including labor, associated with providing notices
12 related to the breach of security experienced by the third-party
13 agent.

14 Sec. 17. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a person that
15 knowingly violates or has violated a notification requirement under
16 this act may be ordered to pay a civil fine of not more than
17 \$2,000.00 for each violation, or not more than \$5,000.00 per day
18 for each consecutive day that the covered entity fails to take
19 reasonable action to comply with the notice requirements of this
20 act.

21 (2) A person's aggregate liability for civil fines under
22 subsection (1) for multiple violations related to the same security
23 breach shall not exceed \$750,000.00.

24 (3) The attorney general has exclusive authority to bring an
25 action to recover a civil fine under this section.

26 (4) It is not a violation of this act to refrain from
27 providing any notice required under this act if a court of
28 competent jurisdiction has directed otherwise.

29 (5) To the extent that notification is required under this act



1 as the result of a breach experienced by a third-party agent, a
2 failure to inform the covered entity of the breach is a violation
3 of this act by the third-party agent and the agent is subject to
4 the remedies and penalties described in this section.

5 (6) The remedies under this section are independent and
6 cumulative. The availability of a remedy under this section does
7 not affect any right or cause of action a person may have at common
8 law, by statute, or otherwise.

9 (7) This act shall not be construed to provide a basis for a
10 private right of action.

11 Sec. 19. (1) State agencies are subject to the notice
12 requirements of this act. A state agency that acquires and
13 maintains sensitive personally identifying information from a state
14 government employer, and that is required to provide notice to any
15 state resident under this act, must also notify the employing state
16 agency of any state residents to whom the information relates.

17 (2) A claim or civil action for a violation of this act by a
18 state agency is subject to 1964 PA 170, MCL 691.1401 to 691.1419.

19 (3) By February 1 of each year, the department of technology,
20 management, and budget shall submit a report to the governor, the
21 senate majority leader, and the speaker of the house of
22 representatives that describes the nature of any reported breaches
23 of security by state agencies or third-party agents of state
24 agencies in the preceding calendar year along with recommendations
25 for security improvements. The report shall identify any state
26 agency that has violated any of the applicable requirements in this
27 act in the preceding calendar year.

28 Sec. 21. A covered entity or third-party agent shall take
29 reasonable measures to dispose, or arrange for the disposal, of



1 records that contain sensitive personally identifying information
2 within its custody or control when retention of the records is no
3 longer required under applicable law, regulations, or business
4 needs. Disposal shall include shredding, erasing, or otherwise
5 modifying the sensitive personally identifying information in the
6 records to make it unreadable or undecipherable through any
7 reasonable means consistent with industry standards.

8 Sec. 23. (1) An entity that is subject to or regulated under
9 federal laws, rules, regulations, procedures, or guidance on data
10 breach notification established or enforced by the federal
11 government is exempt from this act as long as the entity does all
12 of the following:

13 (a) Maintains procedures under those federal laws, rules,
14 regulations, procedures, or guidance.

15 (b) Provides notice to consumers under those federal laws,
16 rules, regulations, procedures, or guidance.

17 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), an entity that is
18 not subject to or regulated under federal laws, rules, regulations,
19 procedures, or guidance described in subsection (1), but is subject
20 to or regulated under state laws, rules, regulations, procedures,
21 or guidance on data breach notification that are established or
22 enforced by state government, and are at least as thorough as the
23 notice requirements provided by this act, is exempt from this act
24 as long as the entity does all of the following:

25 (a) Maintains procedures under those state laws, rules,
26 regulations, procedures, or guidance.

27 (b) Provides notice to customers under the notice requirements
28 of those state laws, rules, regulations, procedures, or guidance.

29 (3) An entity that is subject to or regulated under the



1 insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302, is
2 exempt from this act.

3 (4) An entity that owns, is owned by, or is under common
4 ownership with an entity described in subsection (1), (2), or (3)
5 and that maintains the same cybersecurity procedures as that other
6 entity is exempt from this act.

7 Sec. 25. This act deals with subject matter that is of
8 statewide concern and any charter, ordinance, resolution,
9 regulation, rule, or other action by a municipal corporation or
10 other political subdivision of this state to regulate, directly or
11 indirectly, any matter expressly set forth in this act is
12 preempted.

13 Enacting section 1. This act takes effect June 20, 2021.

14 Enacting section 2. This act does not take effect unless House
15 Bill No. 4186 of the 100th Legislature is enacted into law.

