SENATE BILL NO. 854

April 16, 2020, Introduced by Senator LASATA and referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

A bill to amend 1939 PA 288, entitled "Probate code of 1939,"

by amending sections 18 and 30 of chapter XIIA (MCL 712A.18 and 712A.30), section 18 of chapter XIIA as amended by 2019 PA 102 and section 30 of chapter XIIA as amended by 1996 PA 561, and by adding section 31a to chapter XIIA.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

CHAPTER XIIA

Sec. 18. (1) If the court finds that a juvenile concerning

whom a petition is filed is not within this chapter, the court

- 1 shall enter an order dismissing the petition. Except as otherwise
- 2 provided in subsection (10), if the court finds that a juvenile is
- 3 within this chapter, the court shall order the juvenile returned to
- 4 his or her parent if the return of the juvenile to his or her
- 5 parent would not cause a substantial risk of harm to the juvenile
- 6 or society. The court may also enter any of the following orders of
- 7 disposition that are appropriate for the welfare of the juvenile
- 8 and society in view of the facts proven and ascertained:
- 9 (a) Warn the juvenile or the juvenile's parents, guardian, or
- 10 custodian and, except as provided in subsection (7), dismiss the
- 11 petition.
- 12 (b) Place the juvenile on probation, or under supervision in
- 13 the juvenile's own home or in the home of an adult who is related
- 14 to the juvenile. As used in this subdivision, "related" means an
- 15 individual who is not less than 18 years of age and related to the
- 16 child by blood, marriage, or adoption, as grandparent, great-
- 17 grandparent, great-grandparent, aunt or uncle, great-aunt or
- 18 great-uncle, great-great-aunt or great-great-uncle, sibling,
- 19 stepsibling, nephew or niece, first cousin or first cousin once
- 20 removed, and the spouse of any of the above, even after the
- 21 marriage has ended by death or divorce. A child may be placed with
- 22 the parent of a man whom the court has found probable cause to
- 23 believe is the putative father if there is no man with legally
- 24 established rights to the child. This placement of the child with
- 25 the parent of a man whom the court has found probable cause to
- 26 believe is the putative father is for the purpose of placement
- 27 only, is not a finding of paternity, and does not confer legal
- 28 standing. The court shall order the terms and conditions of
- 29 probation or supervision, including reasonable rules for the

- 1 conduct of the parents, quardian, or custodian, if any, as the
- 2 court determines necessary for the physical, mental, or moral well-
- 3 being and behavior of the juvenile. The court may order that the
- 4 juvenile participate in a juvenile drug treatment court under
- 5 chapter 10A of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL
- 6 600.1060 to 600.1088. The court also shall order, as a condition of
- 7 probation or supervision, that the juvenile shall pay the minimum
- 8 state cost prescribed by section 18m of this chapter.
- 9 (c) If a juvenile is within the court's jurisdiction under
- 10 section 2(a) of this chapter, or under section 2(h) of this chapter
- 11 for a supplemental petition, place the juvenile in a suitable
- 12 foster care home subject to the court's supervision. If a juvenile
- 13 is within the court's jurisdiction under section 2(b) of this
- 14 chapter, the court shall not place a juvenile in a foster care home
- 15 subject to the court's supervision.
- 16 (d) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, place
- 17 the juvenile in or commit the juvenile to a private institution or
- 18 agency approved or licensed by the department's division of child
- 19 welfare licensing for the care of juveniles of similar age, sex,
- 20 and characteristics. If the juvenile is not a ward of the court,
- 21 the court shall commit the juvenile to the department or, if the
- 22 county is a county juvenile agency, to that county juvenile agency
- 23 for placement in or commitment to an institution or agency as the
- 24 department or county juvenile agency determines is most
- 25 appropriate, subject to any initial level of placement the court
- 26 designates.
- 27 (e) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, commit
- 28 the juvenile to a public institution, county facility, institution
- 29 operated as an agency of the court or county, or agency authorized

- 1 by law to receive juveniles of similar age, sex, and
- 2 characteristics. If the juvenile is not a ward of the court, the
- 3 court shall commit the juvenile to the department or, if the county
- 4 is a county juvenile agency, to that county juvenile agency for
- 5 placement in or commitment to an institution or facility as the
- 6 department or county juvenile agency determines is most
- 7 appropriate, subject to any initial level of placement the court
- 8 designates. In a placement under subdivision (d) or a commitment
- 9 under this subdivision, except to a state institution or a county
- 10 juvenile agency institution, the juvenile's religious affiliation
- 11 shall must be protected by placement or commitment to a private
- 12 child placing or child caring agency or institution, if available.
- 13 Except for commitment to the department or a county juvenile
- 14 agency, an order of commitment under this subdivision to a state
- 15 institution or agency described in the youth rehabilitation
- 16 services act, 1974 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to 803.309, or in 1935 PA
- 17 220, MCL 400.201 to 400.214, the court shall name the
- 18 superintendent of the institution to which where the juvenile is
- 19 committed as a special quardian to receive benefits due the
- 20 juvenile from the government of the United States. An order of
- 21 commitment under this subdivision to the department or a county
- 22 juvenile agency shall must name that agency as a special quardian
- 23 to receive those benefits. The benefits received by the special
- 24 quardian shall must be used to the extent necessary to pay for the
- 25 portions of the cost of care in the institution or facility that
- 26 the parent or parents are found unable to pay.
- 27 (f) Provide the juvenile with medical, dental, surgical, or
- 28 other health care, in a local hospital if available, or elsewhere,
- 29 maintaining as much as possible a local physician-patient

- relationship, and with clothing and other incidental items the
 court determines are necessary.
- 3 (g) Order the parents, guardian, custodian, or any other
 4 person to refrain from continuing conduct that the court determines
 5 has caused or tended to cause the juvenile to come within or to
 6 remain under this chapter or that obstructs placement or commitment
 7 of the juvenile by an order under this section.
- 8 (h) Appoint a guardian under section 5204 of the estates and 9 protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5204, in response 10 to a petition filed with the court by a person interested in the juvenile's welfare. If the court appoints a guardian as authorized by this subdivision, it may dismiss the petition under this chapter.
 - (i) Order the juvenile to engage in community service.

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- (j) If the court finds that a juvenile has violated a municipal ordinance or a state or federal law, order the juvenile to pay a civil fine in the amount of the civil or penal fine provided by the ordinance or law. Money collected from fines levied under this subsection shall must be distributed as provided in section 29 of this chapter.
- (k) If a juvenile is within the court's jurisdiction under section 2(a)(1) of this chapter, order the juvenile's parent or guardian to personally participate in treatment reasonably available in the parent's or guardian's location.
- 26 section 2(a)(1) of this chapter, place the juvenile in and order 27 the juvenile to complete satisfactorily a program of training in a 28 juvenile boot camp established by the department under the juvenile 29 boot camp act, 1996 PA 263, MCL 400.1301 to 400.1309, as provided

- 1 in that act. If the county is a county juvenile agency, the court
- 2 shall commit the juvenile to that county juvenile agency for
- 3 placement in the program under that act. Upon receiving a report of
- 4 satisfactory completion of the program from the department, the
- 5 court shall authorize the juvenile's release from placement in the
- 6 juvenile boot camp. Following satisfactory completion of the
- 7 juvenile boot camp program, the juvenile shall complete an
- 8 additional period of not less than 120 days or more than 180 days
- 9 of intensive supervised community reintegration in the juvenile's
- 10 local community. To place or commit a juvenile under this
- 11 subdivision, the court shall determine all of the following:
- (i) Placement in a juvenile boot camp will benefit the
- 13 juvenile.
- 14 (ii) The juvenile is physically able to participate in the
- 15 program.
- 16 (iii) The juvenile does not appear to have any mental handicap
- 17 that would prevent participation in the program.
- 18 (iv) The juvenile will not be a danger to other juveniles in
- 19 the boot camp.
- 20 (v) There is an opening in a juvenile boot camp program.
- 21 (vi) If the court must commit the juvenile to a county juvenile
- 22 agency, the county juvenile agency is able to place the juvenile in
- 23 a juvenile boot camp program.
- 24 (m) If the court entered a judgment of conviction under
- 25 section 2d of this chapter, enter any disposition under this
- 26 section or, if the court determines that the best interests of the
- 27 public would be served, impose any sentence upon the juvenile that
- 28 could be imposed upon an adult convicted of the offense for which
- 29 the juvenile was convicted. If the juvenile is convicted of a

- 1 violation or conspiracy to commit a violation of section
- 2 7403(2)(a)(i) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7403,
- 3 the court may impose the alternative sentence permitted under that
- 4 section if the court determines that the best interests of the
- 5 public would be served. The court may delay imposing a sentence of
- 6 imprisonment under this subdivision for a period not longer than
- 7 the period during which the court has jurisdiction over the
- 8 juvenile under this chapter by entering an order of disposition
- 9 delaying imposition of sentence and placing the juvenile on
- 10 probation upon the terms and conditions it considers appropriate,
- 11 including any disposition under this section. If the court delays
- 12 imposing sentence under this section, section 18i of this chapter
- 13 applies. If the court imposes sentence, it shall enter a judgment
- 14 of sentence. If the court imposes a sentence of imprisonment, the
- 15 juvenile shall receive credit against the sentence for time served
- 16 before sentencing. In determining whether to enter an order of
- 17 disposition or impose a sentence under this subdivision, the court
- 18 shall consider all of the following factors, giving greater weight
- 19 to the seriousness of the offense and the juvenile's prior record:
- 20 (i) The seriousness of the offense in terms of community
- 21 protection, including, but not limited to, the existence of any
- 22 aggravating factors recognized by the sentencing guidelines, the
- 23 use of a firearm or other dangerous weapon, and the impact on any
- 24 victim.
- 25 (ii) The juvenile's culpability in committing the offense,
- 26 including, but not limited to, the level of the juvenile's
- 27 participation in planning and carrying out the offense and the
- 28 existence of any aggravating or mitigating factors recognized by
- 29 the sentencing guidelines.

- (iii) The juvenile's prior record of delinquency including, but
 not limited to, any record of detention, any police record, any
- 3 school record, or any other evidence indicating prior delinquent
- 4 behavior.
- 5 (iv) The juvenile's programming history, including, but not
- 6 limited to, the juvenile's past willingness to participate
- 7 meaningfully in available programming.
- 8 (ν) The adequacy of the punishment or programming available in
- 9 the juvenile justice system.
- 10 (vi) The dispositional options available for the juvenile.
- (n) In a proceeding under section 2(b) or (c) of this chapter,
- 12 if a juvenile is removed from the parent's custody at any time, the
- 13 court shall permit the juvenile's parent to have regular and
- 14 frequent parenting time with the juvenile. Parenting time between
- 15 the juvenile and his or her parent shall not be less than 1 time
- 16 every 7 days unless the court determines either that exigent
- 17 circumstances require less frequent parenting time or that
- 18 parenting time, even if supervised, may be harmful to the
- 19 juvenile's life, physical health, or mental well-being. If the
- 20 court determines that parenting time, even if supervised, may be
- 21 harmful to the juvenile's life, physical health, or mental well-
- 22 being, the court may suspend parenting time until the risk of harm
- 23 no longer exists. The court may order the juvenile to have a
- 24 psychological evaluation or counseling, or both, to determine the
- 25 appropriateness and the conditions of parenting time.
- 26 (2) An order of disposition placing a juvenile in or
- 27 committing a juvenile to care outside of the juvenile's own home
- 28 and under state, county juvenile agency, or court supervision shall
- 29 must contain a provision for reimbursement by the juvenile, parent,

- 1 guardian, or custodian to the court for the cost of care or
- 2 service. The order shall must be reasonable, taking into account
- 3 both the income and resources of the juvenile, parent, guardian, or
- 4 custodian. The amount may be based upon the quidelines and model
- 5 schedule created under subsection (6). If the juvenile is receiving
- 6 an adoption assistance under sections 115f to 115m or 115t of the
- 7 social welfare act, 1939 PA 280, MCL 400.115f to 400.115m and
- 8 400.115t, the amount shall must not exceed the amount of the
- 9 support subsidy. The reimbursement provision applies during the
- 10 entire period the juvenile remains in care outside of the
- 11 juvenile's own home and under state, county juvenile agency, or
- 12 court supervision, unless the juvenile is in the permanent custody
- 13 of the court. The court shall provide for the collection of all
- 14 amounts ordered to be reimbursed and the money collected shall must
- 15 be accounted for and reported to the county board of commissioners.
- 16 Collections to cover delinquent accounts or to pay the balance due
- 17 on reimbursement orders may be made after a juvenile is released or
- 18 discharged from care outside the juvenile's own home and under
- 19 state, county juvenile agency, or court supervision. Twenty-five
- 20 percent of all amounts collected under an order entered under this
- 21 subsection shall must be credited to the appropriate fund of the
- 22 county to offset the administrative cost of collections. The
- 23 balance of all amounts collected under an order entered under this
- 24 subsection shall must be divided in the same ratio in which the
- 25 county, state, and federal government participate in the cost of
- 26 care outside the juvenile's own home and under state, county
- 27 juvenile agency, or court supervision. The court may also collect
- 28 from the government of the United States benefits paid for the cost
- 29 of care of a court ward. Money collected for juveniles placed by

- 1 the court with or committed to the department or a county juvenile
- 2 agency shall must be accounted for and reported on an individual
- 3 juvenile basis. In cases of delinquent accounts, the court may also
- 4 enter an order to intercept state or federal tax refunds of a
- 5 juvenile, parent, guardian, or custodian and initiate the necessary
- 6 offset proceedings in order to recover the cost of care or service.
- 7 The court shall send to the person who is the subject of the
- 8 intercept order advance written notice of the proposed offset. The
- 9 notice shall must include notice of the opportunity to contest the
- 10 offset on the grounds that the intercept is not proper because of a
- 11 mistake of fact concerning the amount of the delinquency or the
- 12 identity of the person subject to the order. The court shall
- 13 provide for the prompt reimbursement of an amount withheld in error
- 14 or an amount found to exceed the delinquent amount.
- 15 (3) An order of disposition placing a juvenile in the
- 16 juvenile's own home under subsection (1) (b) may contain a provision
- 17 for reimbursement by the juvenile, parent, quardian, or custodian
- 18 to the court for the cost of service. If an order is entered under
- 19 this subsection, an amount due shall must be determined and treated
- 20 in the same manner provided for an order entered under subsection
- **21** (2).
- (4) An order directed to a parent or a person other than the
- 23 juvenile is not effective and binding on the parent or other person
- 24 unless opportunity for hearing is given by issuance of summons or
- 25 notice as provided in sections 12 and 13 of this chapter and until
- 26 a copy of the order, bearing the seal of the court, is served on
- 27 the parent or other person as provided in section 13 of this
- 28 chapter.
- (5) If the court appoints an attorney to represent a juvenile,

- parent, guardian, or custodian, the court may require in an order
 entered under this section that the juvenile, parent, guardian, or
- 3 custodian reimburse the court for attorney fees.
- 4 (6) The office of the state court administrator, under the
- 5 supervision and direction of the supreme court, shall create
- 6 guidelines that the court may use in determining the ability of the
- 7 juvenile, parent, guardian, or custodian to pay for care and any
- 8 costs of service ordered under subsection (2) or (3). The
- 9 guidelines shall must take into account both the income and
- 10 resources of the juvenile, parent, guardian, or custodian.
- 11 (7) If the court finds that a juvenile comes under section 30
- 12 of this chapter, the court shall order the juvenile or the
- 13 juvenile's parent to pay restitution as provided in sections 30,
- 14 and 31a of this chapter and in sections 44 and 45 of the
- 15 William Van Regenmorter crime victim's rights act, 1985 PA 87, MCL
- **16** 780.794 and 780.795.
- 17 (8) If the court imposes restitution as a condition of
- 18 probation, the court shall require the juvenile to do either 1 of
- 19 the following as an additional condition of probation:
- 20 (a) Engage in community service or, with the victim's consent,
- 21 perform services for the victim.
- 22 (b) Seek and maintain paid employment and pay restitution to
- 23 the victim from the earnings of that employment.
- 24 (c) Participate, if applicable, in the juvenile restitution
- 25 for community service program created under section 31a of this
- 26 chapter.
- 27 (9) If the court finds that the juvenile is in intentional
- 28 default of the payment of restitution, a court may, as provided in
- 29 section 30 of this chapter, revoke or alter the terms and

- 1 conditions of probation for nonpayment of restitution. If a
- 2 juvenile who is ordered to engage in community service
- 3 intentionally refuses to perform the required community service,
- 4 the court may revoke or alter the terms and conditions of
- 5 probation.
- **6** (10) The court shall not enter an order of disposition for a
- 7 juvenile offense as that term is defined in section 1a of 1925 PA
- 8 289, MCL 28.241a, or a judgment of sentence for a conviction until
- 9 the court has examined the court file and has determined that the
- 10 juvenile's biometric data have been collected and forwarded as
- 11 required by section 3 of 1925 PA 289, MCL 28.243, and the
- 12 juvenile's fingerprints have been taken and forwarded as required
- 13 by the sex offenders registration act, 1994 PA 295, MCL 28.721 to
- 14 28.736. If a juvenile's biometric data have not been collected or a
- 15 juvenile has not had his or her fingerprints taken, the court shall
- 16 do either of the following:
- 17 (a) Order the juvenile to submit himself or herself to the
- 18 police agency that arrested or obtained the warrant for the
- 19 juvenile's arrest so the juvenile's biometric data can be collected
- 20 and forwarded and his or her fingerprints can be taken and
- 21 forwarded.
- 22 (b) Order the juvenile committed to the sheriff's custody for
- 23 collecting and forwarding the juvenile's biometric data and taking
- 24 and forwarding the juvenile's fingerprints.
- 25 (11) Upon final disposition, conviction, acquittal, or
- 26 dismissal of an offense within the court's jurisdiction under
- 27 section 2(a)(1) of this chapter, using forms approved by the state
- 28 court administrator, the clerk of the court entering the final
- 29 disposition, conviction, acquittal, or dismissal shall immediately

- 1 advise the department of state police of that final disposition,
- 2 conviction, acquittal, or dismissal as required by section 3 of
- 3 1925 PA 289, MCL 28.243. The report to the department of state
- 4 police shall must include information as to the finding of the
- 5 judge or jury and a summary of the disposition or sentence imposed.
- 6 (12) If the court enters an order of disposition based on an
- 7 act that is a juvenile offense as that term is defined in section 1
- 8 of 1989 PA 196, MCL 780.901, the court shall order the juvenile to
- 9 pay the assessment as provided in that act. If the court enters a
- 10 judgment of conviction under section 2d of this chapter for an
- 11 offense that is a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation, the
- 12 court shall order the juvenile to pay the assessment as provided in
- 13 that act.
- 14 (13) If the court has entered an order of disposition or a
- 15 judgment of conviction for a listed offense as that term is defined
- 16 in section 2 of the sex offenders registration act, 1994 PA 295,
- 17 MCL 28.722, the court, the department, or the county juvenile
- 18 agency shall register the juvenile or accept the juvenile's
- 19 registration as provided in the sex offenders registration act,
- 20 1994 PA 295, MCL 28.721 to 28.736.
- 21 (14) If the court enters an order of disposition placing a
- 22 juvenile in a juvenile boot camp program, or committing a juvenile
- 23 to a county juvenile agency for placement in a juvenile boot camp
- 24 program, and the court receives from the department a report that
- 25 the juvenile has failed to perform satisfactorily in the program,
- 26 that the juvenile does not meet the program's requirements or is
- 27 medically unable to participate in the program for more than 25
- 28 days, that there is no opening in a juvenile boot camp program, or
- 29 that the county juvenile agency is unable to place the juvenile in

- 1 a juvenile boot camp program, the court shall release the juvenile
- 2 from placement or commitment and enter an alternative order of
- 3 disposition. A juvenile shall must not be placed in a juvenile boot
- 4 camp under an order of disposition more than once, except that a
- 5 juvenile returned to the court for a medical condition, because
- 6 there was no opening in a juvenile boot camp program, or because
- 7 the county juvenile agency was unable to place the juvenile in a
- 8 juvenile boot camp program may be placed again in the juvenile boot
- 9 camp program after the medical condition is corrected, an opening
- 10 becomes available, or the county juvenile agency is able to place
- 11 the juvenile.
- 12 (15) If the juvenile is within the court's jurisdiction under
- 13 section 2(a)(1) of this chapter for an offense other than a listed
- 14 offense as that term is defined in section 2 of the sex offenders
- 15 registration act, 1994 PA 295, MCL 28.722, the court shall
- 16 determine if the offense is a violation of a law of this state or a
- 17 local ordinance of a municipality of this state that by its nature
- 18 constitutes a sexual offense against an individual who is less than
- 19 18 years of age. If so, the order of disposition is for a listed
- 20 offense as that term is defined in section 2 of the sex offenders
- 21 registration act, 1994 PA 295, MCL 28.722, and the court shall
- 22 include the basis for that determination on the record and include
- 23 the determination in the order of disposition.
- 24 (16) The court shall not impose a sentence of imprisonment in
- 25 the county jail under subsection (1) (m) unless the present county
- 26 jail facility for the juvenile's imprisonment would meet all
- 27 requirements under federal law and regulations for housing
- 28 juveniles. The court shall not impose the sentence until it
- 29 consults with the sheriff to determine when the sentence will begin

- 1 to ensure that space will be available for the juvenile.
- 2 (17) In a proceeding under section 2(h) of this chapter, this
 3 section only applies to a disposition for a violation of a personal
 4 protection order and subsequent proceedings.
- (18) If a juvenile is within the court's jurisdiction under
 section 2(a)(1) of this chapter, the court shall order the juvenile
 to pay costs as provided in section 18m of this chapter.
- 8 (19) A juvenile who has been ordered to pay the minimum state 9 cost as provided in section 18m of this chapter as a condition of 10 probation or supervision and who is not in willful default of the payment of the minimum state cost may petition the court at any 11 12 time for a remission of the payment of any unpaid portion of the minimum state cost. If the court determines that payment of the 13 14 amount due will impose a manifest hardship on the juvenile or his 15 or her immediate family, the court may remit all or part of the 16 amount of the minimum state cost due or modify the method of 17 payment.
- 18 Sec. 30. (1) For purposes of As used in this section and 19 section sections 31 and 31a of this chapter only:

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- 20 (a) "Juvenile offense" means a violation by a juvenile of a
 21 penal law of this state or a violation by a juvenile of an
 22 ordinance of a local unit of government of this state punishable by
 23 imprisonment or by a fine that is not a civil fine.
 - (b) "Victim" means an individual who suffers direct or threatened physical, financial, or emotional harm as a result of the commission of a juvenile offense. For purposes of As used in subsections (2), (3), (6), (8), (9), and (13) only, victim includes a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, governmental entity, or other legal entity that suffers direct

- physical or financial harm as a result of the commission of a
 juvenile offense.
- 3 (2) Except as provided in subsection (8), at the dispositional
- 4 hearing for a juvenile offense, the court shall order, in addition
- 5 to or in lieu instead of any other disposition authorized by law,
- 6 that the juvenile make full restitution to any victim of the
- 7 juvenile's course of conduct that gives rise to caused the
- 8 disposition or to the victim's estate.
- **9** (3) If a juvenile offense results in damage to or loss or
- 10 destruction of property of a victim of the juvenile offense, or
- 11 results in the seizure or impoundment of property of a victim of
- 12 the juvenile offense, the order of restitution may require that the
- 13 juvenile do 1 or more of the following: , as applicable:
- 14 (a) Return the property to the owner of the property or to a
- 15 person designated by the owner.
- 16 (b) If return of the property under subdivision (a) is
- 17 impossible, impractical, or inadequate, pay an amount equal to the
- 18 greater of subparagraph (i) or (ii), less the value, determined as of
- 19 the date the property is returned, of that property or any part of
- 20 the property that is returned:
- (i) The value of the property on the date of the damage, loss,
- 22 or destruction.
- (ii) The value of the property on the date of disposition.
- (c) Pay the costs of the seizure or impoundment, or both.
- 25 (4) If a juvenile offense results in physical or psychological
- 26 injury to a victim, the order of restitution may require that the
- 27 juvenile do 1 or more of the following, as applicable:
- 28 (a) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual medical and
- 29 related professional services and devices relating to physical and

1 psychological care.

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- 2 (b) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual physical and3 occupational therapy and rehabilitation.
- 4 (c) Reimburse the victim or the victim's estate for after-tax
 5 income loss suffered by the victim as a result of the juvenile
 6 offense.
- 7 (d) Pay an amount equal to the cost of psychological and
 8 medical treatment for members of the victim's family that has been
 9 incurred as a result of the juvenile offense.
- (e) Pay an amount equal to the costs of actual homemaking andchild care expenses incurred as a result of the juvenile offense.
- 12 (5) If a juvenile offense resulting in bodily injury also
 13 results in the death of a victim, the order of restitution may
 14 require that the juvenile pay an amount equal to the cost of actual
 15 funeral and related services.
- 16 (6) If the victim or victim's estate consents, the order of
 17 restitution may require that the juvenile make restitution in
 18 services in lieu instead of money.
- (7) If the victim is deceased, the court shall order that therestitution be made to the victim's estate.
- 21 (8) The court shall order restitution to the crime victims
 22 compensation board or to any individuals, partnerships,
 23 corporations, associations, governmental entities, or any other
 24 legal entities that have compensated the victim or the victim's
 25 estate for a loss incurred by the victim to the extent of the
 26 compensation paid for that loss. The court shall also order
 27 restitution for the costs of services provided to persons or

29 the juvenile offense. Services that are subject to restitution

entities that have provided services to the victim as a result of

- 1 under this subsection include, but are not limited to, shelter,
- 2 food, clothing, and transportation. However, an order of
- 3 restitution shall must require that all restitution to a victim or
- 4 victim's estate under the order be made before any restitution to
- 5 any other person or entity under that order is made. The court
- 6 shall not order restitution to be paid to a victim or victim's
- 7 estate if the victim or victim's estate has received or is to
- 8 receive compensation for that loss, and the court shall state on
- 9 the record with specificity the reasons for its actions. If an
- 10 entity entitled to restitution under this subsection for
- 11 compensating the victim or the victim's estate cannot or refuses to
- 12 be reimbursed for that compensation, the restitution paid for that
- 13 entity shall must be deposited by the state treasurer in the crime
- 14 victim's rights fund created under section 4 of Act No. 196 of the
- 15 Public Acts of 1989, being section 780.904 of the Michigan Compiled
- 16 Laws, 1989 PA 196, MCL 780.904, or its successor fund.
- 17 (9) Any amount paid to a victim or a victim's estate under an
- 18 order of restitution shall must be set off against any amount later
- 19 recovered as compensatory damages by the victim or the victim's
- 20 estate in any federal or state civil proceeding and shall must
- 21 reduce the amount payable to a victim or a victim's estate by an
- 22 award from the crime victims compensation board made after an order
- 23 of restitution under this section.
- 24 (10) If not otherwise provided by the court under this
- 25 subsection, restitution shall must be made immediately. However,
- 26 the court may require that the juvenile make restitution under this
- 27 section within a specified period or in specified installments.
- 28 (11) If the juvenile is placed on probation, any restitution
- 29 ordered under this section shall must be a condition of that

- 1 probation. The court may revoke probation if the juvenile fails to
- 2 comply with the order and if the juvenile has not made a good faith
- 3 good-faith effort to comply with the order. In determining whether
- 4 to revoke probation, the court shall consider the juvenile's
- 5 employment status, earning ability, and financial resources, the
- 6 willfulness of the juvenile's failure to pay, and any other special
- 7 circumstances that may have a bearing on the juvenile's ability to
- **8** pay.
- 9 (12) A juvenile who is required to pay restitution and who is
- 10 not in willful default of the payment of the restitution may at any
- 11 time petition the court to modify the method of payment. If the
- 12 court determines that payment under the order will impose a
- 13 manifest hardship on the juvenile or his or her immediate family,
- 14 the court may modify the method of payment.
- 15 (13) An order of restitution entered under this section
- 16 remains effective until it is satisfied in full. An order of
- 17 restitution is a judgment and lien against all property of the
- 18 individual ordered to pay restitution for the amount specified in
- 19 the order of restitution. The lien may be recorded as provided by
- 20 law. An order of restitution may be enforced by the prosecuting
- 21 attorney, a victim, a victim's estate, or any other person or
- 22 entity named in the order to receive the restitution in the same
- 23 manner as a judgment in a civil action or a lien.
- 24 (14) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a
- 25 juvenile shall must not be detained for a violation of probation,
- 26 or otherwise, for failure to pay restitution as ordered under this
- 27 section unless the court determines that the juvenile has the
- 28 resources to pay the ordered restitution and has not made a good
- 29 faith effort to do so.

- (15) If the court determines that the juvenile is or will be unable to pay all of the restitution ordered, after notice to the juvenile's parent or parents and an opportunity for the parent or parents to be heard, the court may order the parent or parents having supervisory responsibility for the juvenile at the time of the acts upon which an order of restitution is based to pay any portion of the restitution ordered that is outstanding. An order under this subsection does not relieve the juvenile of his or her obligation to pay restitution as ordered, but the amount owed by the juvenile shall be is offset by any amount paid by his or her parent. As used in this subsection, "parent" does not include a foster parent.
 - (16) If the court orders a parent to pay restitution under subsection (15), the court shall take into account the **parent's** financial resources of the parent and the burden that the payment of restitution will impose, with due regard to any other moral or legal financial obligations that of the parent. may have. If a parent is required to pay restitution under subsection (15), the court shall provide for payment to be made in specified installments and within a specified period of time.

- (17) A parent who has been ordered to pay restitution under subsection (15) may petition the court for a modification of the amount of restitution owed by the parent or for a cancellation of any unpaid portion of the parent's obligation. The court shall cancel all or part of the parent's obligation due if the court determines that payment of the amount due will impose a manifest hardship on the parent.
- 28 (18) At any time, if the court finds that the juvenile or the 29 juvenile's parent is or will be unable to pay the restitution

ordered, the court may order the juvenile to participate in the juvenile restitution for community service program under section 3 la of this chapter, if applicable.

- (19) (18) In each case in which payment of restitution is 4 5 ordered as a condition of probation, the juvenile caseworker or 6 probation officer assigned to the case shall review the case not 7 less than twice yearly to ensure that restitution is being paid as 8 ordered. The final review shall must be conducted not less than 60 days before the expiration of the probationary period expires. If 9 10 the juvenile caseworker or probation officer determines the 11 restitution is not being paid as ordered, the juvenile caseworker or probation officer shall file a written report of the violation 12 13 with the court on a form prescribed by the state court 14 administrative office. The report shall must include a statement of 15 the amount of the arrearage and any reasons for the arrearage that are known by the juvenile caseworker or probation officer. The 16 juvenile caseworker or probation officer shall immediately provide 17 18 a copy of the report to the prosecuting attorney. If a motion is 19 filed or other proceedings are initiated to enforce payment of 20 restitution and the court determines that restitution is not being 21 paid or has not been paid as ordered by the court, the court shall 22 promptly take action necessary to compel compliance.
 - (20) (19)—If the court determines that an individual who is ordered to pay restitution under this section is remanded to the jurisdiction of the department of corrections, the court shall provide a copy of the order of restitution to the department of corrections when the court determines that the individual is remanded to the department's jurisdiction.

29 Sec. 31a. (1) The state court administrative office shall

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- 1 establish a pilot program in 4 counties in this state to administer
- 2 the juvenile restitution for community service program. The state
- 3 court administrative office shall establish and operate the
- 4 juvenile restitution for community service program beginning
- 5 October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2023. This program shall only
- 6 provide restitution to victims and shall not provide funds for
- 7 fines or court costs.
- 8 (2) Subject to subsection (3), the juvenile restitution for
- 9 community service program must do all of the following:
- 10 (a) Provide a juvenile ordered to pay restitution the
- 11 opportunity to pay up to \$1,000.00 or 50% of the restitution owed,
- 12 whichever is less, through hours of community service completed.
- (b) Attach a dollar value equal to this state's current hourly
- 14 minimum wage to each hour of community service completed.
- 15 (c) Track the hours of community service completed by the
- 16 juvenile.
- 17 (d) Distribute the funds credited to the juvenile through
- 18 community service each month directly to the victim or victims.
- 19 (e) Notify the court of the number of community service hours
- 20 completed by the juvenile to be credited to the amount of ordered
- 21 restitution.
- 22 (3) The court shall make the initial determination of
- 23 eligibility for and referral to the juvenile restitution for
- 24 community service program. To be eligible for this program, a
- 25 juvenile must meet all of the following:
- 26 (a) Be involved in juvenile court through formal probation,
- 27 consent calendar, or another court approved diversion program.
- 28 (b) Be between the ages of 10 and 17. Juveniles under the age
- 29 of 15 must be given referral priority over older juveniles.

- 1 (c) Be ordered by the court to pay restitution to a victim or victims.
- 3 (d) Be unable to pay restitution through other means under 4 section 30 of this chapter.
- 5 (e) Be unable to pay restitution from any source of funds and,
- 6 if applicable, have family that is determined to be indigent,
- 7 including, but not limited to, a demonstrated inability to provide
- 8 funds through receipt of public assistance or income less than 125%
- 9 of the federal poverty level as that term is defined in section 2
- 10 of the individual or family development account program act, 2006
- 11 PA 513, MCL 206.902.
- 12 (4) Community service hours completed by a juvenile as part of
- 13 the juvenile restitution for community service program are separate
- 14 from and additional to any other court ordered community service
- 15 hours required as part of probation or a diversion agreement.
- 16 (5) Not more than 90 days after the conclusion of the pilot
- 17 program established under this section, the state court
- 18 administrative office shall submit a report to the legislative
- 19 committees of the senate and house of representatives with the
- 20 primary responsibility for juvenile issues. The report must include
- 21 all of the following:
- 22 (a) How pilot program participant counties were selected.
- 23 (b) Relevant statistical data, including, but not limited to,
- 24 all of the following:
- 25 (i) The number of juveniles participating in each county.
- 26 (ii) The number of victims receiving restitution.
- 27 (iii) The amount of funding provided to each county by community
- 28 sources.
- 29 (iv) The amount of funding provided to each county by this

1 state.

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- 2 (ν) The amount and percentage of restitution paid each year 3 during the program.
- 4 (vi) The number of community service hours performed.
- 5 (c) Recommendations to assist in implementing this program in 6 additional counties.
- 7 (6) To be eligible for funding under this section, the 8 counties selected to participate in this program must be able to 9 provide not less than 20% of the total funding from community 10 sources.
 - (7) The juvenile restitution for community service fund is created within the state treasury. The state treasurer may receive money or other assets from any source for deposit into the fund. The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the fund. The state treasurer shall credit to the fund interest and earnings from fund investments. Money in the fund at the close of the fiscal year must remain in the fund and must not lapse to the general fund. The state court administrative office shall be the administrator of the fund for auditing purposes. The state court administrative office shall expend money from the fund, upon appropriation, only for the purposes provided in this section.
- Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days after the date it is enacted into law.