HOUSE RESOLUTION NO.293

Reps. Tate, Pagan, Koleszar, Cherry, Hood, Stone, Sowerby, Cynthia Neeley, Anthony, Pohutsky and Love offered the following resolution:

A resolution to express support for a bi-partisan discussion
on renaming military installations currently named after
Confederate generals.

Whereas, The United States Civil War pitted northern states against southern states over a range of issues, but the primary division arose due to differences in ideologies regarding state's rights and slavery. The Confederate Army was created to fight the

United States government and preserve southern states rights to own

9 human beings as property. Several military officers resigned their

10 U.S. Army commissions to join the Confederacy; and

11 Whereas, Michigan had a strong presence in the Civil War and





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- 1 significantly contributed to the success of the Union Army. More
- 2 than 90,000 Michigan men and 30 regiments of infantry served in the
- 3 Union Army, engaging Confederate soldiers on more than 800
- 4 occasions; and
- 5 Whereas, Ten federal military installations in the U.S. are
- 6 named after Confederate generals, men who led the rebellion against
- 7 the United States government. The choice of these generals does not
- 8 reflect military prowess, principles, or inspiration. Several of
- 9 these men were not only ineffective military leaders but were the
- 10 living embodiment of the Confederacy; and
- 11 Whereas, These installations are home to our service members
- 12 who have pledged their lives to support and defend the U.S.
- 13 Constitution. Men and women who live and work at bases named for
- 14 those who took up arms against the very United States the soldiers
- 15 pledge to protect; and
- 16 Whereas, While the installations are named after individuals,
- 17 it is impossible to disentangle the racist ideology embedded in
- 18 Confederate symbols. Similar to the way Confederate flags continue
- 19 to be touted by white supremacists to incite racial tensions, using
- 20 names of Confederate soldiers acts as a symbol of the Confederate
- 21 cause. Continuing to use these names amounts to the same expression
- 22 of allegiance to the Confederacy as the use of any other
- 23 Confederate symbol; and
- 24 Whereas, Active duty enlistment draws more heavily from the
- 25 African American population in the U.S. than their makeup in the
- 26 general population. African American soldiers are assigned to
- 27 military installations named after men who not only rebelled
- 28 against the United States government but did so to preserve a
- 29 tradition of slavery. It is horrific that we ask brave men and



women who protect this country to do so under the names of 1 2 individuals who fought to oppress and enslave them because of their race; and 3 4 Whereas, Allowing the names of Confederate generals to remain 5 on federal military installations suggests that the United States 6 supports the Confederacy and all that it stood for: racism, 7 bigotry, and hatred. The names of military installations should not 8 honor a legacy of treason and slavery that embodies the Civil War; 9 and 10 Whereas, The Army's current naming policy provides that 11 memorializations will honor deceased heroes and distinguished 12 individuals of all races who serve as inspirations to their fellow 13 soldiers. The Chief of Staff of the U.S. Army is open to talking 14 about renaming of military installations; now, therefore, be it 15 Resolved by the House of Representatives, That we support a 16 bi-partisan discussion on renaming military installations currently 17 named after Confederate generals; and be it further Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the 18 19 President of the United States, the United States Secretary of

Defense, the Chief of Staff of the U.S. Army, the President of the

Representatives, and the members of the Michigan congressionaldelegation.

United States Senate, the Speaker of the Michigan House of



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