

# HOUSE BILL NO. 4241

February 11, 2021, Introduced by Reps. Wozniak and Yaroch and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled  
"Michigan vehicle code,"  
by amending section 625n (MCL 257.625n), as amended by 2010 PA 155.

**THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:**

1           Sec. 625n. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section  
2 and section 304 and in addition to any other penalty provided for  
3 in this act, the judgment of sentence for a conviction for a  
4 violation of section 625(1) described in section 625(9) (b) or (c),  
5 a violation of section 625(3) described in section 625(11) (b) or

1 (c), a violation of section 625(4), (5), or (7), or a violation of  
2 section 904(4) or (5), or, beginning October 31, 2010, a violation  
3 of section 626(3) or (4), may require 1 of the following with  
4 regard to the vehicle used in the offense if the defendant owns the  
5 vehicle in whole or in part or leases the vehicle:

6 (a) Forfeiture of the vehicle if the defendant owns the  
7 vehicle in whole or in part.

8 (b) Return of the vehicle to the lessor if the defendant  
9 leases the vehicle.

10 (2) The vehicle may be seized under a seizure order issued by  
11 the court having jurisdiction upon a showing of probable cause that  
12 the vehicle is subject to forfeiture or return to the lessor.

13 (3) The forfeiture of a vehicle is subject to the interest of  
14 the holder of a security interest who did not have prior knowledge  
15 of or consent to the violation.

16 (4) Within 14 days after the defendant's conviction for a  
17 violation described in subsection (1), the prosecuting attorney may  
18 file a petition with the court for the forfeiture of the vehicle or  
19 to have the court order return of a leased vehicle to the lessor.  
20 The prosecuting attorney shall give notice by first-class mail or  
21 other process to the defendant and his or her attorney, to all  
22 owners of the vehicle, and to any person holding a security  
23 interest in the vehicle that the court may require forfeiture or  
24 return of the vehicle.

25 (5) If a vehicle is seized before disposition of the criminal  
26 proceedings, a defendant who is an owner or lessee of the vehicle  
27 may move the court having jurisdiction over the proceedings to  
28 require the seizing agency to file a lien against the vehicle and  
29 to return the vehicle to the owner or lessee pending disposition of

1 the criminal proceedings. The court shall hear the motion within 7  
2 days after the motion is filed. If the defendant establishes at the  
3 hearing that he or she holds the legal title to the vehicle or that  
4 he or she has a leasehold interest and that it is necessary for him  
5 or her or a member of his or her family to use the vehicle pending  
6 the outcome of the forfeiture action, the court may order the  
7 seizing agency to return the vehicle to the owner or lessee. If the  
8 court orders the return of the vehicle to the owner or lessee, the  
9 court shall order the defendant to post a bond in an amount equal  
10 to the retail value of the vehicle, and shall also order the  
11 seizing agency to file a lien against the vehicle.

12 (6) Within 14 days after notice by the prosecuting attorney is  
13 given under subsection (4), the defendant, an owner, lessee, or  
14 holder of a security interest may file a claim of interest in the  
15 vehicle with the court. Within 21 days after the expiration of the  
16 period for filing claims, but before or at sentencing, the court  
17 shall hold a hearing to determine the legitimacy of any claim, the  
18 extent of any co-owner's equity interest, the liability of the  
19 defendant to any co-lessee, and whether to order the vehicle  
20 forfeited or returned to the lessor. In considering whether to  
21 order forfeiture, the court shall review the defendant's driving  
22 record to determine whether the defendant has multiple convictions  
23 under section 625 or a local ordinance substantially corresponding  
24 to section 625, or multiple suspensions, restrictions, or denials  
25 under section 904, or both. If the defendant has multiple  
26 convictions under section 625 or multiple suspensions,  
27 restrictions, or denials under section 904, or both, that factor  
28 shall weigh heavily in favor of forfeiture.

29 (7) If a vehicle is forfeited under this section, the unit of

1 government that seized the vehicle shall sell the vehicle pursuant  
2 to the procedures under section 252g(1) and dispose of the proceeds  
3 in the following order of priority:

4 (a) Pay any outstanding security interest of a secured party  
5 who did not have prior knowledge of or consent to the commission of  
6 the violation.

7 (b) Pay the equity interest of a co-owner who did not have  
8 prior knowledge of or consent to the commission of the violation.

9 (c) Satisfy any order of restitution entered in the  
10 prosecution for the violation.

11 (d) Pay any outstanding accrued towing and storage fees.

12 (e) Pay the claim of each person who shows that he or she is a  
13 victim of the violation to the extent that the claim is not covered  
14 by an order of restitution.

15 (f) Pay any outstanding lien against the property that has  
16 been imposed by a governmental unit.

17 (g) Pay the proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture  
18 and sale, including, but not limited to, expenses incurred during  
19 the seizure process and expenses for maintaining custody of the  
20 property, advertising, and court costs.

21 (h) The balance remaining after the payment of items (a)  
22 through (g) ~~shall~~**must** be distributed by the court having  
23 jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceedings to the **treasurer of**  
24 **the** unit or units of government substantially involved in effecting  
25 the forfeiture. Seventy-five percent of the money received by a  
26 unit of government under this subdivision ~~shall~~**must** be used to  
27 enhance enforcement of the criminal laws **as appropriated by the**  
28 **entity having budgetary authority over the unit or units of**  
29 **government substantially involved in effecting the forfeiture with**

1 not more than 30%, or in the alternative, an amount not exceeding  
2 an hourly rate agreed to by the seizing agency and the appropriate  
3 prosecutor, being directed to the prosecuting attorney for the  
4 county if the county is the unit, or 1 of the units of government  
5 substantially involved in effecting the forfeiture, and 25% of the  
6 money ~~shall~~**must** be used to implement the William Van Regenmorter  
7 crime victim's rights act, 1985 PA 87, MCL 780.751 to 780.834. A  
8 unit of government receiving money under this subdivision shall  
9 report annually to the department of **technology**, management, and  
10 budget the amount of money received under this subdivision that was  
11 used to enhance enforcement of the criminal laws and the amount  
12 that was used to implement the William Van Regenmorter crime  
13 victim's rights act, 1985 PA 87, MCL 780.751 to 780.834.

14 (8) The court may order the defendant to pay to a co-lessee  
15 any liability determined under subsection (6). The order may be  
16 enforced in the same manner as a civil judgment.

17 (9) The return of a vehicle to the lessor under this section  
18 does not affect or impair the lessor's rights or the defendant's  
19 obligations under the lease.

20 (10) A person who knowingly conceals, sells, gives away, or  
21 otherwise transfers or disposes of a vehicle with the intent to  
22 avoid forfeiture or return of the vehicle to the lessor under this  
23 section is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for  
24 not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or both.

25 (11) The failure of the court or prosecutor to comply with any  
26 time limit specified in this section does not preclude the court  
27 from ordering forfeiture of a vehicle or its return to a lessor,  
28 unless the court finds that the owner or claimant suffered  
29 substantial prejudice as a result of that failure.

1           (12) The forfeiture provisions of this section do not preclude  
2 the prosecuting attorney from pursuing a forfeiture proceeding  
3 under any other law of this state or a local ordinance  
4 substantially corresponding to this section.